

CS 168: Blockchain and Cryptocurrencies



Bitcoin Mining and UTXOs

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Lab Review

Digital Currency – Ledger

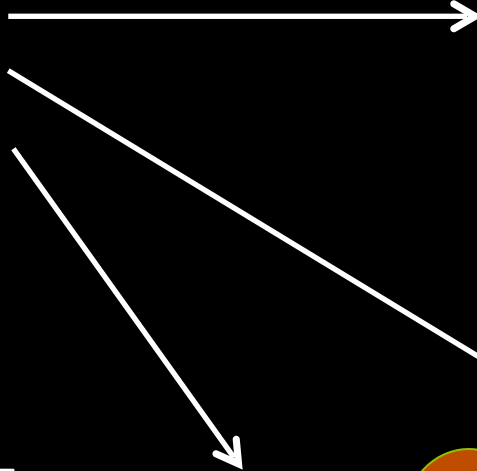
Alice: 20
Bob: 11
Charlie: 5
David: 34



Alice

"I am giving 10
cryptocoins
to Bob"

Alice



Bob

Alice: 20
Bob: 11
Charlie: 5
David: 34



David

Alice: 20
Bob: 11
Charlie: 5
David: 34



Charlie

Alice: 20
Bob: 11
Charlie: 5
David: 34

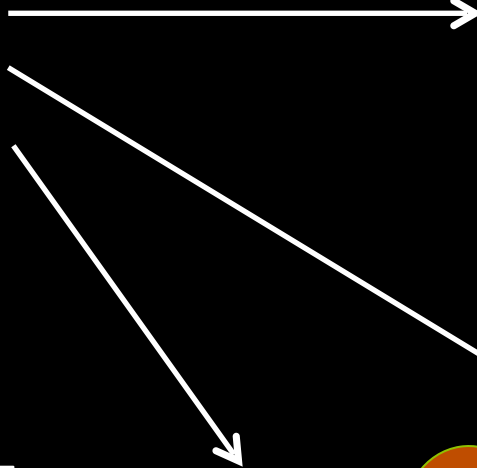
Digital Currency – Ledger

Alice: 5
Bob: 11
Charlie: 20
David: 34



Alice

"I am giving 15
cryptocoins
to Charlie"



Bob

Alice: 5
Bob: 11
Charlie: 20
David: 34



David

Alice: 5
Bob: 11
Charlie: 20
David: 34



Charlie

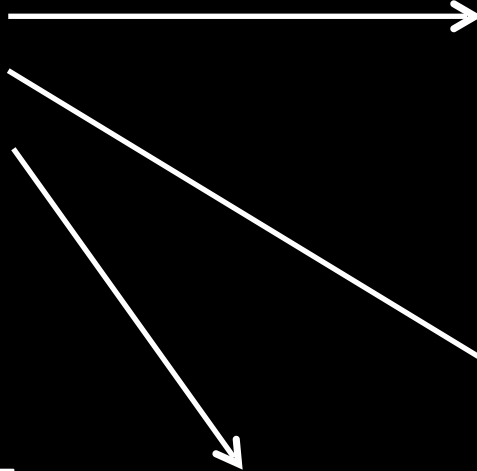
Alice: 5
Bob: 11
Charlie: 20
David: 34

Digital Currency – Ledger



Alice

"I am giving 8
cryptocoins
to David"



Bob

Invalid
transaction!



David

Invalid
transaction!



Charlie

Invalid
transaction!

Sybil attack



VALID!

Alice



VALID!

Alice 3



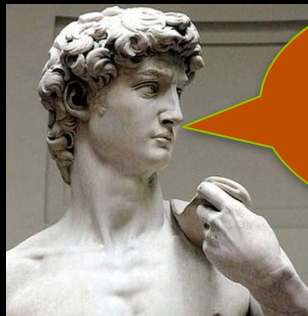
Invalid transaction!

Bob



VALID!

Alice 2



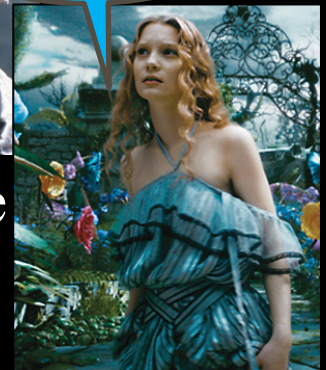
Invalid transaction!

David



VALID!

Charlie



Invalid transaction!

Alice 4

How can we defend against Sybils?

- Know your clients, OR
- Force them to commit some resource
 - Proof-of-work
 - Proof-of-stake
 - Proof-of-storage
 - Others?

How can we defend against Sybils?

- Know your clients, OR
- Force them to commit some resource
 - *Proof-of-work*
 - Proof-of-stake
 - Proof-of-storage
 - Others?



Bitcoin Miners

Nakamoto Consensus

- *Probabilistic*
- One CPU, one vote (Hah!)
- Open membership
- Solving PoW puzzle determines "leader"
 - i.e., who gets to make a block.
- More profitable to mine than to cheat

5	3			7				
6			1	9	5			
	9	8					6	
8				6				3
4			8		3			1
7				2				6
	6					2	8	
			4	1	9			5
				8			7	9

5		3		2	9	4				1		6	8			9				6	9	5		3		8	
	2				1	7		5			7					2				7		3	2			9	
1					5			2			8	5		4		6	7			8		3				5	
				8								7	8		4	9						7					
8			9		2		5				5	1	9		3	8		6			6		1	8		9	
2	4	6		5	3			8												9			4	2		6	
9	7								1				1	2				2								8	
				3									5	6									1				
	5	8			6																	8			7	1	
								7	3	9						6	9	8									
				2				6	5								6	4			8						
								9		1		6	3			9	5		1	7							
3		5		1						1				6		1				1				1	3		9
	6										5			2		9			2							1	
		9	2	3							6				5				8					3	9	6	
8			1	6		3	4					4	5				6	8				3	5		8	2	4
		6											2		9										1		
4			9	8		5	2					8	6				5	7				6	8		7	4	5
		1	3	7						7				2					2						9	5	7
	2									9				5	6				5							9	
9		4		2					2					1	3					1				2		4	3
								7		6		5	1				1	3		7		6					
				7				8	4											3	4			7			
									2	3	4							9	8	1							
	6	8				9																	6			3	7
				7										2		8							1				
7	1									3				3		9			9							5	1
6	2	5		3	4			8														1		2	7		9
4			8		1		5					4		6	7		3	1		8			3		9	3	5
				5										3	6		1	2							8	4	
8					2			3				3	5		7		4		9			3		4			2
	9				3	6		5				4					3					2		5	7		4
2		6		9	5	8						1		5	4			6					9	8	3		5

Bitcoin's Proof-of-Work

- Hashcash protocol
 - Uses cryptographic hashes
 - Designed for reducing email spam
- Target: number of (binary) leading zeroes required for hash value
- Nonce: random "number used once"

Proof-of-Work Mining

- Process:
 - "Miners" choose a nonce
 - If `hash(block)` meets target, share block
 - Otherwise, continue searching
- N = number of leading zeroes required for target
- Work to find valid proof:
 - 2^N hashes
- Work to verify proof:
 - 1 hash

Sample Block

Sponsored Content

Explorer > Bitcoin Explorer ▾ > Block

 Search your transaction, an address or a block

USD ▼

Block 689933

USD BTC

This block was mined on July 06, 2021 at 12:18 PM PDT by [AntPool](#). It currently has 1 confirmations on the Bitcoin blockchain.

The miner(s) of this block earned a total reward of 6.25000000 BTC (\$211,708.31). The reward consisted of a base reward of 6.25000000 BTC (\$211,708.31) with an additional 0.48555617 BTC (\$16,447.40) reward paid as fees of the 2065 transactions which were included in the block. The Block rewards, also known as the Coinbase reward, were sent to this [address](#).

A total of 16,558.94772863 BTC (\$560,906,700.86) were sent in the block with the average transaction being 8.01886089 BTC (\$271,625.52). Learn more about [how blocks work](#).

Hash	000000000000000000000000063b7a1703e5b2e373f503895774d7ec90881ab9793d1f 
Confirmations	1
Timestamp	2021-07-06 12:18
Height	689933
Miner	AntPool
Number of Transactions	2,065
Difficulty	14,363,025,673.659,97

Mining

- Miners hash transaction details plus a "proof"
 - Reward: newly generated bitcoins
(*coinbase transaction*)
- Cost to discover proof
 - 2^N hashes
- Cost to verify proof
 - 1 hash

Digital Currency – Proof of Work

Alice: 5
Bob: 11
Charlie: 20
David: 34



Alice

"I am giving 2
cryptocoins
to Charlie"



Bob

Alice: 5
Bob: 11
Charlie: 20
David: 34



David

Alice: 5
Bob: 11
Charlie: 20
David: 34



Charlie

Alice: 5
Bob: 11
Charlie: 20
David: 34

Digital Currency – Proof of Work

Alice: 3+1
Bob: 11
Charlie: 22
David: 34



Alice

"I am giving 2
cryptocoins
to Charlie"



Searching
for proof of
work...

Alice: 3
Bob: 11
Charlie: 22
David: 34 +1



David



Bob

Alice: 3
Bob: 11+1
Charlie: 22
David: 34

Searching
for proof of
work...

Searching
for proof
of work...

Alice: 3
Bob: 11
Charlie: 22+1
David: 34



Charlie

Searching
for proof
of work...

Digital Currency – Proof of Work



Alice

"I am giving 2
cryptocoins
to Charlie"



Bob

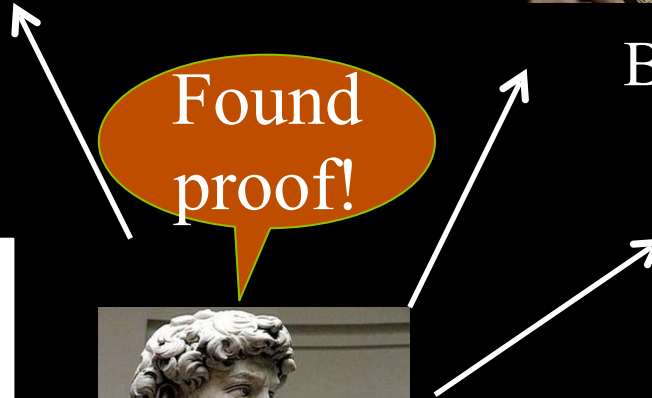


Charlie



David

Found
proof!



Digital Currency – Proof of Work

Alice: 3
Bob: 11
Charlie: 22
David: 35



Alice

"I am giving 2
cryptocoins
to Charlie"



Alice: 3
Bob: 11
Charlie: 22
David: 35



David



Bob

Alice: 3
Bob: 11
Charlie: 22
David: 35



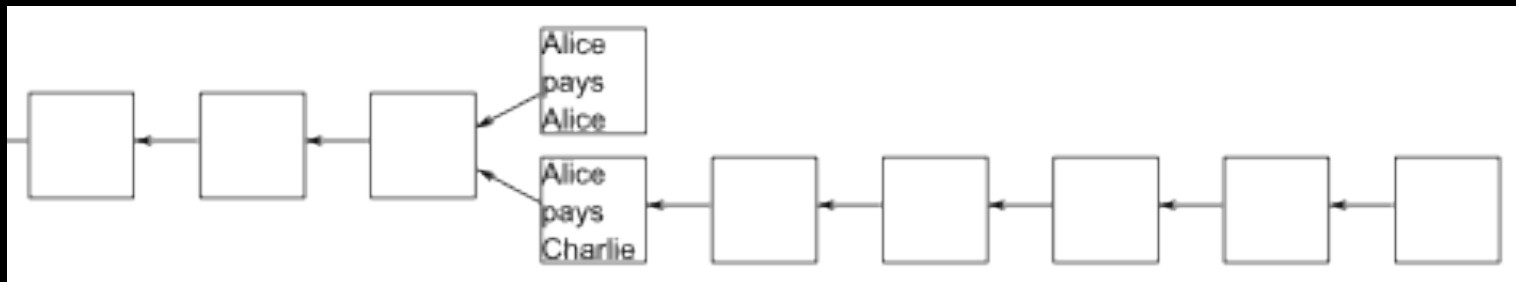
Charlie

Alice: 3
Bob: 11
Charlie: 22
David: 35

Handling Discrepancies

Chains **weighted by work** used in their creation.

Generally, this means the longest blockchain.



Review BlockExplorer (in class)

Available at <https://btc.com/>

How many leading zeroes?

000000000000000000000000004cf5d4bcee3bec
16c40cc823fb1aeb75c5d9384797c82

Lab: Proof-of-work

In today's lab, we will review the hash-cash algorithm used for proof-of-work (PoW) in Bitcoin.

```
utils.hash(s+proof)
```

See Canvas for details.

UTXO Model

Two Models of Tracking Balances

- Account-based model
 - Track balances for each account
 - Simpler
 - Used by SpartanGold
- UTXO-based model
 - Track unspent coins
 - More complex, but (slightly?) better pseudo-anonymity
 - Used by Bitcoin

What does “UTXO” stand for?

U – Unspent

TX – Transaction

O – Output

Transaction Chains

- Not the same as blockchains
- Each transaction output can be a future transaction input.
- Each output can only be spent once
- To know what bitcoins are available you only need to keep track of the **Unspent Transaction Outputs (UTXOs)**.

Double-entry Bookkeeping

- Each transaction specifies *inputs* and *outputs*
- **All inputs must be spent**
 - Transaction fee = $\text{sum}(\text{inputs}) - \text{sum}(\text{outputs})$
 - Change address = Address spender gives to reclaim unused bitcoins.
- Special case: coinbase transactions
 - New coins generated as a reward for miners.

Transaction Chains



Figure from *Mastering Bitcoin*

Transaction Chains

Transaction 7957a35fe64f80d234d76d83a2a8f1a0d8149a41d81de548f0a65a8a999f6f18

INPUTS From		OUTPUTS To	
From (previous transactions Joe has received):		Output #0 Alice's Address	0.1000 BTC (spent)
Joe	0.1005 BTC	Transaction Fees:	0.0005 BTC

Transaction 0627052b6f28912f2703066a912ea577f2ce4da4caa5a5fbd8a57286c345c2f2

INPUTS From		OUTPUTS To	
7957a35fe64f80d234d76d83a2a8f1a0d8149a41d81de548f0a65a8a999f6f18 : 0		Output #0 Bob's Address	0.0150 BTC (spent)
Alice	0.1000 BTC	Output #1 Alice's Address (change)	0.0845 BTC (unspent)
		Transaction Fees:	0.0005 BTC

Transaction 2bbac8bb3a57a2363407ac8c16a67015ed2e88a4388af58cf90299e0744d3de4

INPUTS From		OUTPUTS To	
0627052b6f28912f2703066a912ea577f2ce4da4caa5a5fbd8a57286c345c2f2 : 0		Output #0 Gopesh's Address	0.0100 BTC (unspent)
Bob	0.0150 BTC	Output #1 Bob's Address (change)	0.0845 BTC (unspent)
		Transaction Fees:	0.0005 BTC

Figure from *Mastering Bitcoin*

Transaction Forms

Common Transactions

Most typical: Alice pays Bob, and keeps the change

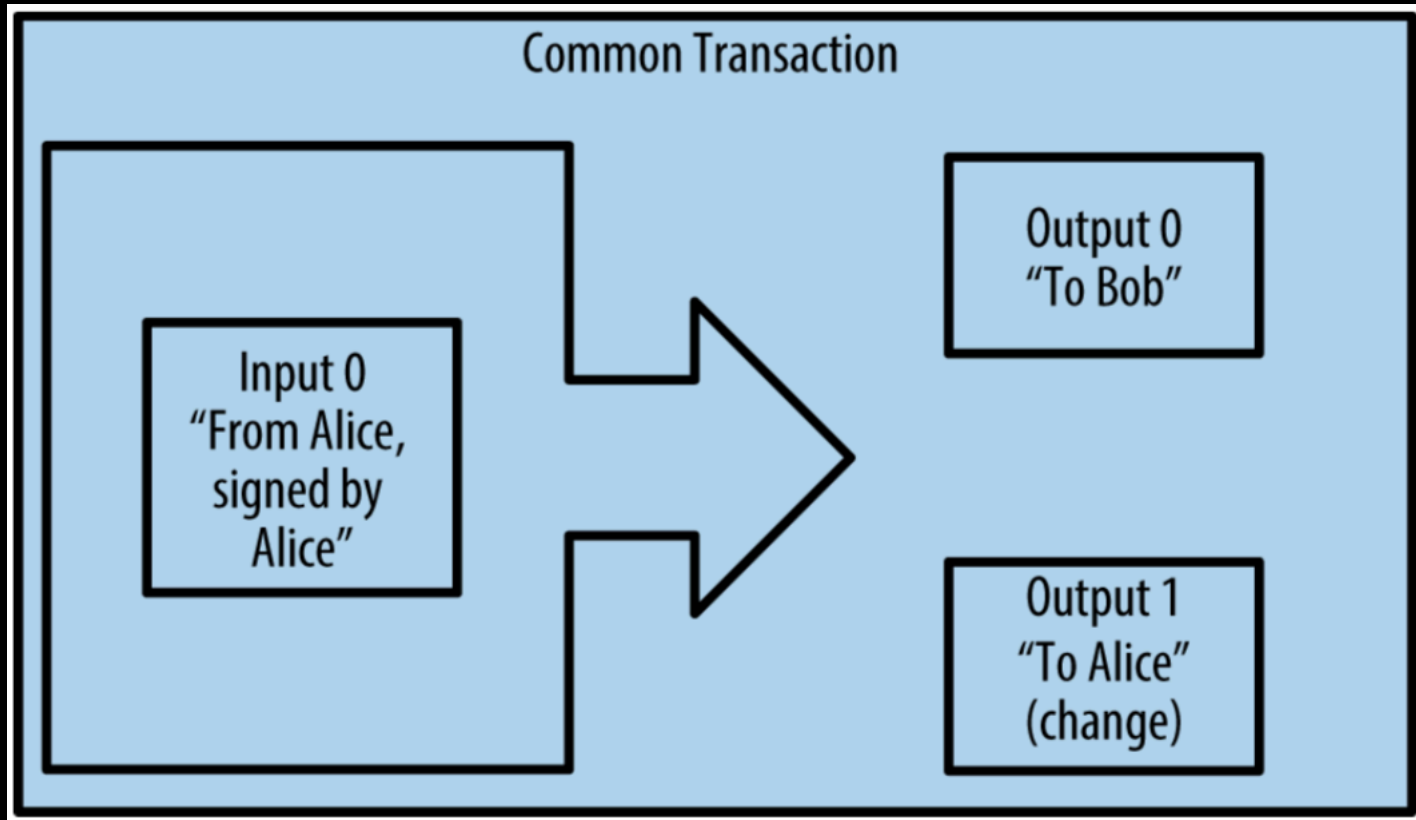


Figure from *Mastering Bitcoin*

Aggregating Transaction

Alice has many private keys and wants to combine them.

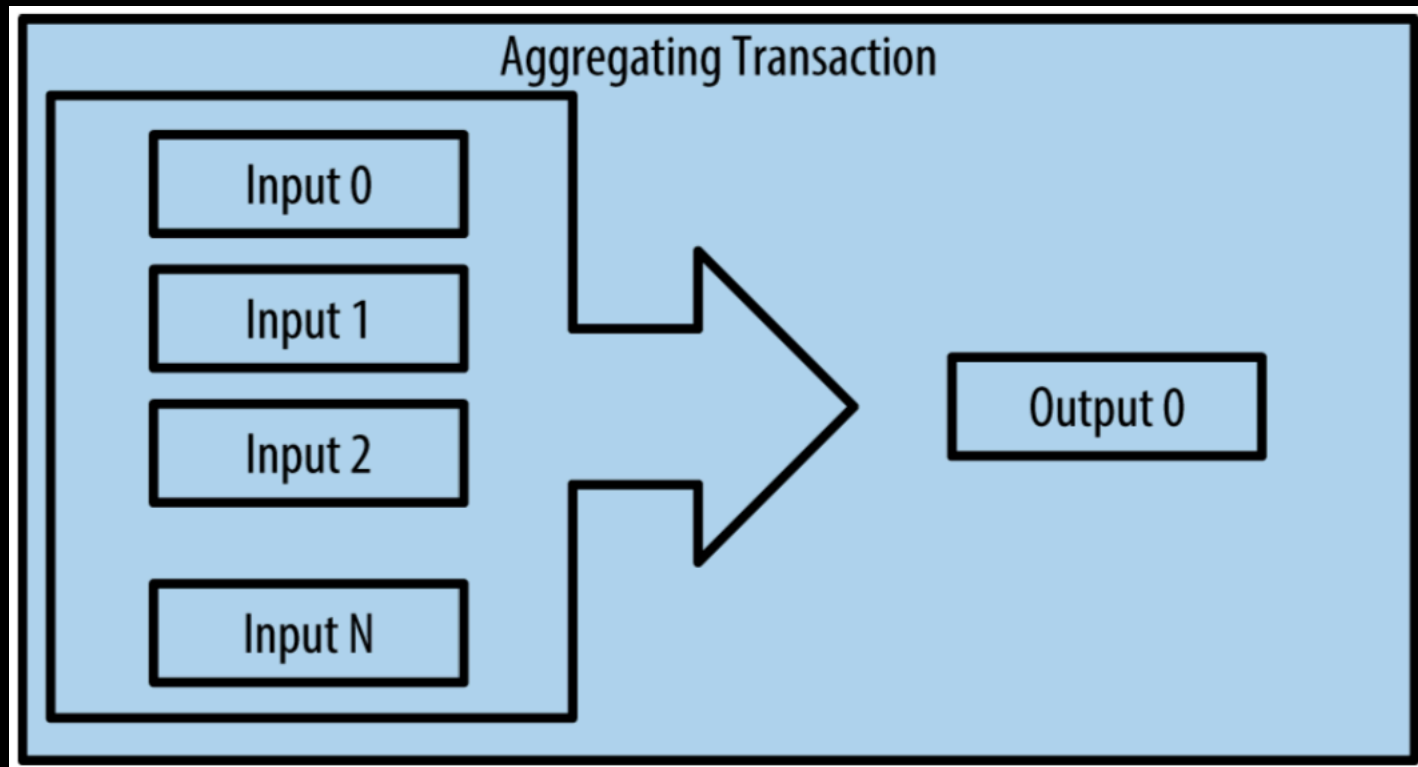


Figure from *Mastering Bitcoin*

Distributing Transaction

Alice pays several different people simultaneously.

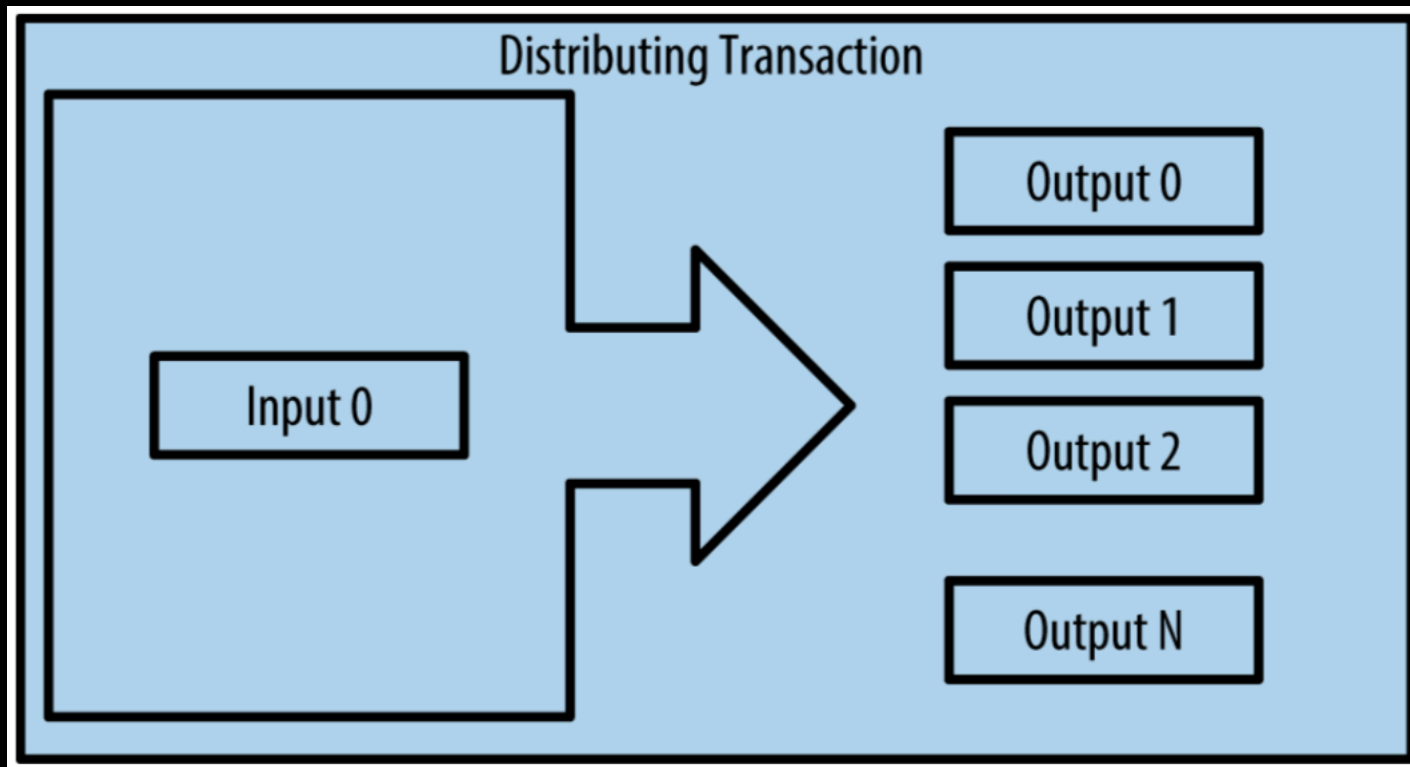


Figure from *Mastering Bitcoin*

HW2: Adding UTXO model to SpartanGold

- Main change: multiple inputs allowed
- The `from`, `pubKey`, and `sig` fields:
 - Single values in standard SpartanGold
 - Need to be arrays for the UTXO model
- Some differences from Bitcoin
 - We will make transaction fee explicit

Standard JSON for sample transaction (parts elided with "...")


```
{  from: '4HWTOR8cgvejMd...',
   nonce: 0,
   pubKey: '-----BEGIN PUBLIC KEY-----\n' ...,
   sig: '83adb439...',
   fee: 1,
   outputs: [
     { amount: 25, address: 'vAy8w7bavN9...' }
   ],
   data: {}
}
```

SpartanGold: Adding in Inputs

```
{
  "from": [
    "I3ZtgbDVXVTuttleSYHNQ2Hzt9GY5rr4mdRtOs1c+7xw=",
    "Y6AhPOu8NsGzfVVlcDjmPpMHkw0mYUKPaPQblMrdxvU="
  ],
  "nonce": 0,
  "pubKey": [
    "-----BEGIN PUBLIC KEY----- ...",
    "-----BEGIN PUBLIC KEY----- ..."
  ],
  "sig": [
    "8203f25f23bcc1f5281b1126fa555e2611...",
    "d8a0e624e4972053dfbd9fd5d68d3512f5..."
  ],
  ...
}
```

SpartanGold: Adding in Inputs

```
{  
  "from": [  
    "I3ZtgbDVXVTutleSYHNQ2Hzt9GY5rr4mdRtOs1c+7xw=",  
    "Y6AhPOu8NsGzfVV1cDjmPpMHkw0mYUKPaPQblMrdxvU=",  
  ],  
  "nonce": 0,  
  "pubKey": [  
    "-----BEGIN PUBLIC KEY----- ...",  
    "-----BEGIN PUBLIC KEY----- ..."  
  ],  
  "sig": [  
    "8203f25f23bcc1f5281b1126fa555e2611...",  
    "d8a0e624e4972053dfbd9fd5d68d3512f5..."  
  ],  
  ...  
}
```



Outputs
(addresses)
from previous
transactions

SpartanGold: Adding in Inputs

```
{  
  "from": [  
    "I3ZtgbDVXVTutleSYHNQ2Hzt9GY5rr4mdRtOs1c+7xw=",  
    "Y6AhPOu8NsGzfVVlcDjmPpMHkw0mYUKPaPQblMrdxvU=",  
  ],  
  "nonce": 0,   
  "pubKey": [  
    "-----BEGIN PUBLIC KEY----- ...",  
    "-----BEGIN PUBLIC KEY----- ..."  
  ],  
  "sig": [  
    "8203f25f23bcc1f5281b1126fa555e2611...",  
    "d8a0e624e4972053dfbd9fd5d68d3512f5..."  
  ],  
  ...  
}
```

SpartanGold: Adding in Inputs


```
{
  "from": [
    "I3ZtgbDVXVTuttleSYHNQ2Hzt9GY5rr4mdRtOs1c+7xw=",
    "Y6AhPOu8NsGzfVVlcDjmPpMHkw0mYUKPaPQblMrdxvU="
  ],
  "nonce": 0,
  "pubKey": [
    "-----BEGIN PUBLIC KEY----- ...",
    "-----BEGIN PUBLIC KEY----- ..."
  ],
  "sig": [
    "8203f25f23bcc1f5281b1126fa555e2611...",
    "d8a0e624e4972053dfbd9fd5d68d3512f5..."
  ],
  ...
}
```



Public keys
matching
previous
outputs

SpartanGold: Adding in Inputs

```
{  
  "from": [  
    "I3ZtgbDVXVTutleSYHNQ2Hzt9GY5rr4mdRtOs1c+7xw=",  
    "Y6AhPOu8NsGzfVVlcDjmPpMHkw0mYUKPaPQblMrdxvU=",  
  ],  
  "nonce": 0,  
  "pubKey": [  
    "-----BEGIN PUBLIC KEY----- ...",  
    "-----BEGIN PUBLIC KEY----- ..."  
  ],  
  "sig": [  
    "8203f25f23bcc1f5281b1126fa555e2611...",  
    "d8a0e624e4972053dfbd9fd5d68d3512f5..."  
  ],  
  ...  
}
```



Signatures for
previous outputs

SpartanGold: Adding in Inputs

```
{
  "from": [
    "I3ZtgbDVXVTutleSYHNQ2Hzt9GY5rr4mdRtOs1c+7xw=",
    "Y6AhPOu8NsGzfVVlcDjmPpMHkw0mYUKPaPQblMrdxvU="
  ],
  "nonce": 0,
  "pubKey": [
    "-----BEGIN PUBLIC KEY----- ...",
    "-----BEGIN PUBLIC KEY----- ..."
  ],
  "sig": [
    "8203f25f23bcc1f5281b1126fa555e2611...",
    "d8a0e624e4972053dfbd9fd5d68d3512f5..."
  ],
  ...
}
```

Address, key,
and signature
tying back to
first previous
output

SpartanGold: Adding in Inputs

```
{  
  "from": [  
    "I3ZtgbDVXVTuttleSYHNQ2Hzt9GY5rr4mdRtOs1c+7xw=",  
    "Y6AhPOu8NsGzfVV1cDjmPpMHkw0mYUKPaPQb1MrdxvU="  
  ],  
  "nonce": 0,  
  "pubKey": [  
    "-----BEGIN PUBLIC KEY----- ...",  
    "-----BEGIN PUBLIC KEY----- ..."  
  ],  
  "sig": [  
    "8203f25f23bcc1f5281b1126fa555e2611...",  
    "d8a0e624e4972053dfbd9fd5d68d3512f5..."  
  ],  
  ...  
}
```

Address, key,
and signature
tying back to
second previous
output

SpartanGold: Outputs

```
.../  
"fee": 1,  
"outputs": [  
  {  
    "amount": 110,  
    "address":  
      "j+9fRcMFTVX5hnNzwmL1U8QskUTGSwMehc/nhQGWM5k="
```



```
  },  
  {  
    "amount": 28,  
    "address":  
      "XVW5aEtvwVOUyo1+zjjnkFHmkOA1I2t/HBMwj/nQQT0="
```



```
  }  
],  
"data": {}  
}
```


SpartanGold: Outputs

```
.../  
"fee": 1,  
"outputs": [  
  {  
    "amount": 110,  
    "address":  
      "j+9fRcMFTVX5hnNzwmL1U8QskUTGSwMehc/nhQGWM5k=",  
  },  
  {  
    "amount": 28,  
    "address":  
      "XVW5aEtvwVOUyo1+zjjnkFHmkOA1I2t/HBMwj/nQQT0=",  
  }  
],  
"data": {}  
}
```

Transaction fee

SpartanGold: Outputs

```
.../  
"fee": 1,  
"outputs": [  
  {  
    "amount": 110,  
    "address":  
      "j+9fRcMFTVX5hnNzwmL1U8QskUTGSwMehc/nhQGWM5k="
```



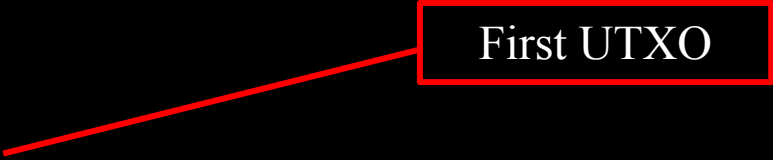
```
  },  
  {  
    "amount": 28,  
    "address":  
      "XVW5aEtvwVOUyo1+zjjnkFHmkOA1I2t/HBMwj/nQQT0="
```

```
  }  
],  
"data": {}  
}
```

Outputs
(addresses)
after this round

SpartanGold: Outputs

```
.../  
"fee": 1,  
"outputs": [  
  {  
    "amount": 110,  
    "address":  
      "j+9fRcMFTVX5hnNzwmL1U8QskUTGSwMehc/nhQGWM5k="
```



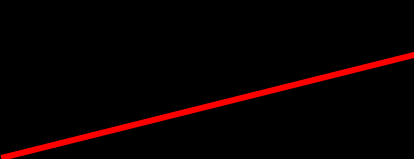
```
  },  
  {  
    "amount": 28,  
    "address":  
      "XVW5aEtvwVOUyo1+zjjnkFHmkOA1I2t/HBMwj/nQQT0="
```

```
  },  
],  
"data": {}  
}
```

SpartanGold: Outputs

NOTE: If you have all UTXOs that have not yet been used as a transaction input, you know all available balances.

```
.../  
"fee": 1,  
"outputs": [  
  {  
    "amount": 110,  
    "address":  
      "j+9fRcMFTVX5hnNzwmL1U8QskUTGSwMehc/nhQGWM5k="
```



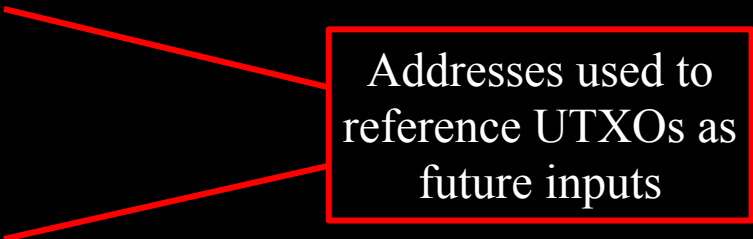
```
  },  
  {  
    "amount": 28,  
    "address":  
      "XVW5aEtvwVOUyo1+zjjnkFHmkOA1I2t/HBMwj/nQQT0="
```

Second UTXO

```
  },  
],  
"data": {}  
}
```

SpartanGold: Outputs

```
.../  
"fee": 1,  
"outputs": [  
  {  
    "amount": 110,  
    "address":  
      "j+9fRcMFTVX5hnNzwmL1U8QskUTGSwMehc/nhQGWM5k="
```



```
  },  
  {  
    "amount": 28,  
    "address":  
      "XVW5aEtvwVOUyo1+zjjnkFHmkOA1I2t/HBMwj/nQQT0="
```

Addresses used to
reference UTXOs as
future inputs

```
  }  
],  
"data": {}  
}
```

Showing transaction chains for SpartanGold

(in-class)

HW 2: Review starter code