

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

```
In [2]: df = pd.read_csv("C:/Users/pankt/OneDrive/Documents/Projects/Data_Analytics/Datasets/M")
```

```
In [3]: df.head()
```

```
Out[3]:
```

	CustomerID	Gender	Age	Annual Income (k\$)	Spending Score (1-100)
0	1	Male	19	15	39
1	2	Male	21	15	81
2	3	Female	20	16	6
3	4	Female	23	16	77
4	5	Female	31	17	40

Univariate Analysis

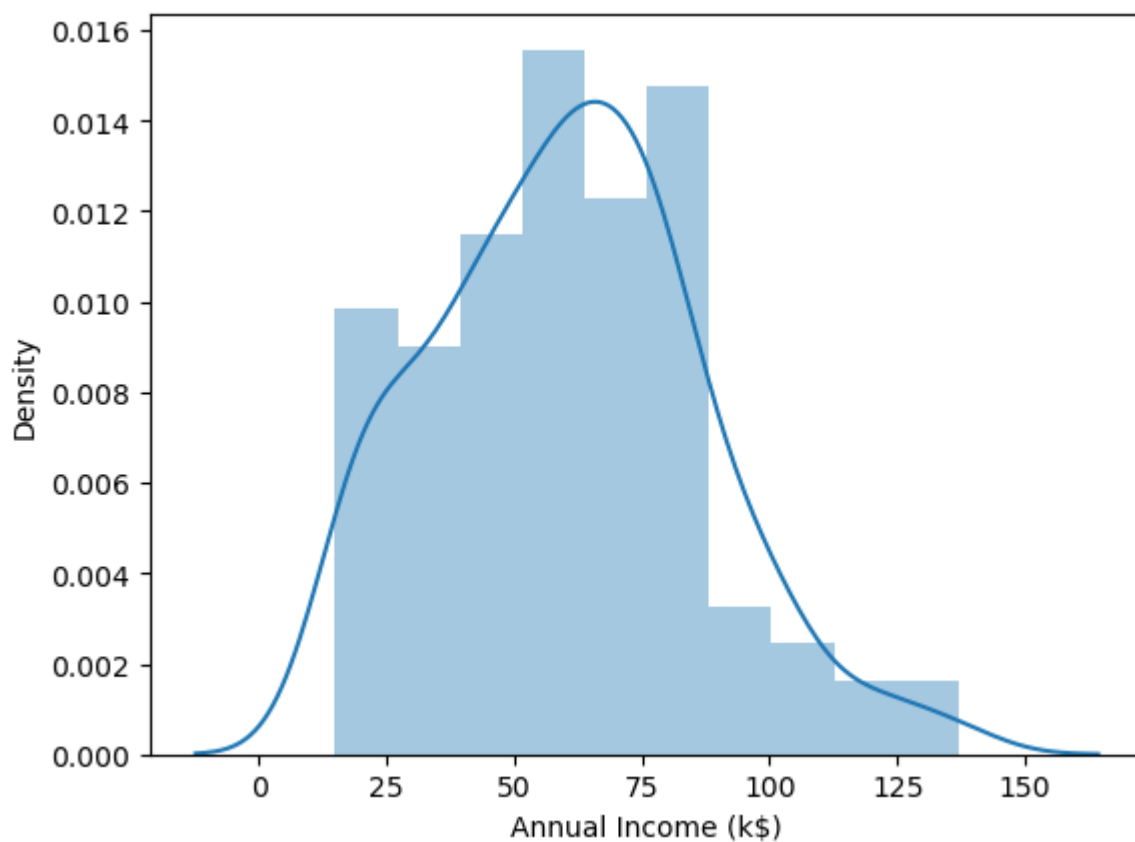
```
In [4]: df.describe()
```

```
Out[4]:
```

	CustomerID	Age	Annual Income (k\$)	Spending Score (1-100)
count	200.000000	200.000000	200.000000	200.000000
mean	100.500000	38.850000	60.560000	50.200000
std	57.879185	13.969007	26.264721	25.823522
min	1.000000	18.000000	15.000000	1.000000
25%	50.750000	28.750000	41.500000	34.750000
50%	100.500000	36.000000	61.500000	50.000000
75%	150.250000	49.000000	78.000000	73.000000
max	200.000000	70.000000	137.000000	99.000000

```
In [5]: sns.distplot(df['Annual Income (k$)'])
```

```
Out[5]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Annual Income (k$)', ylabel='Density'>
```

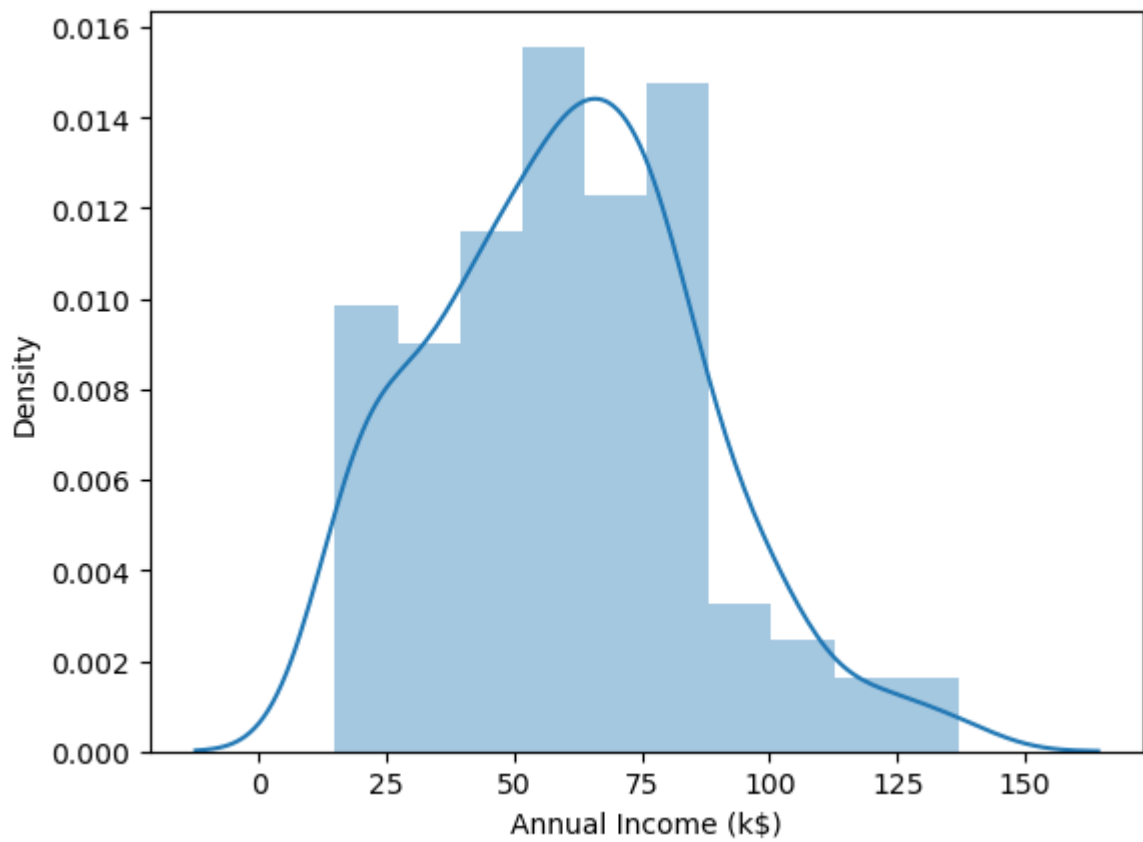
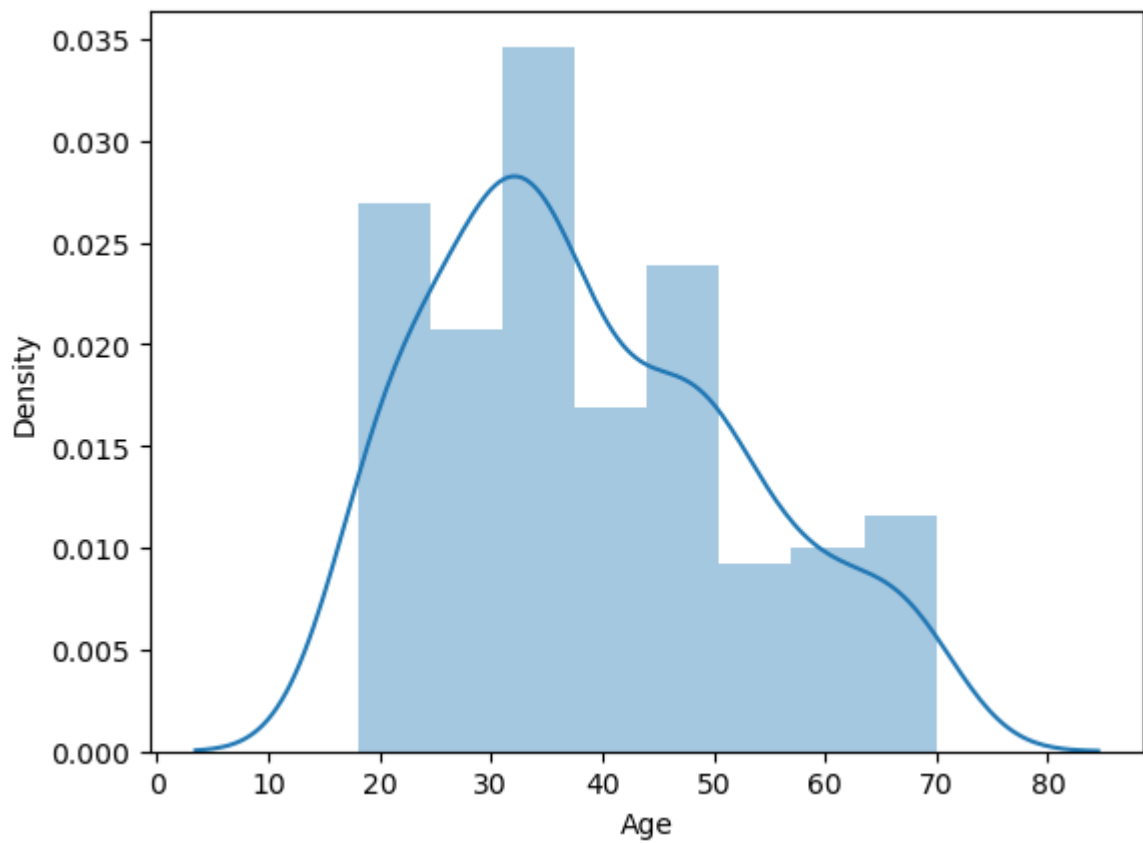


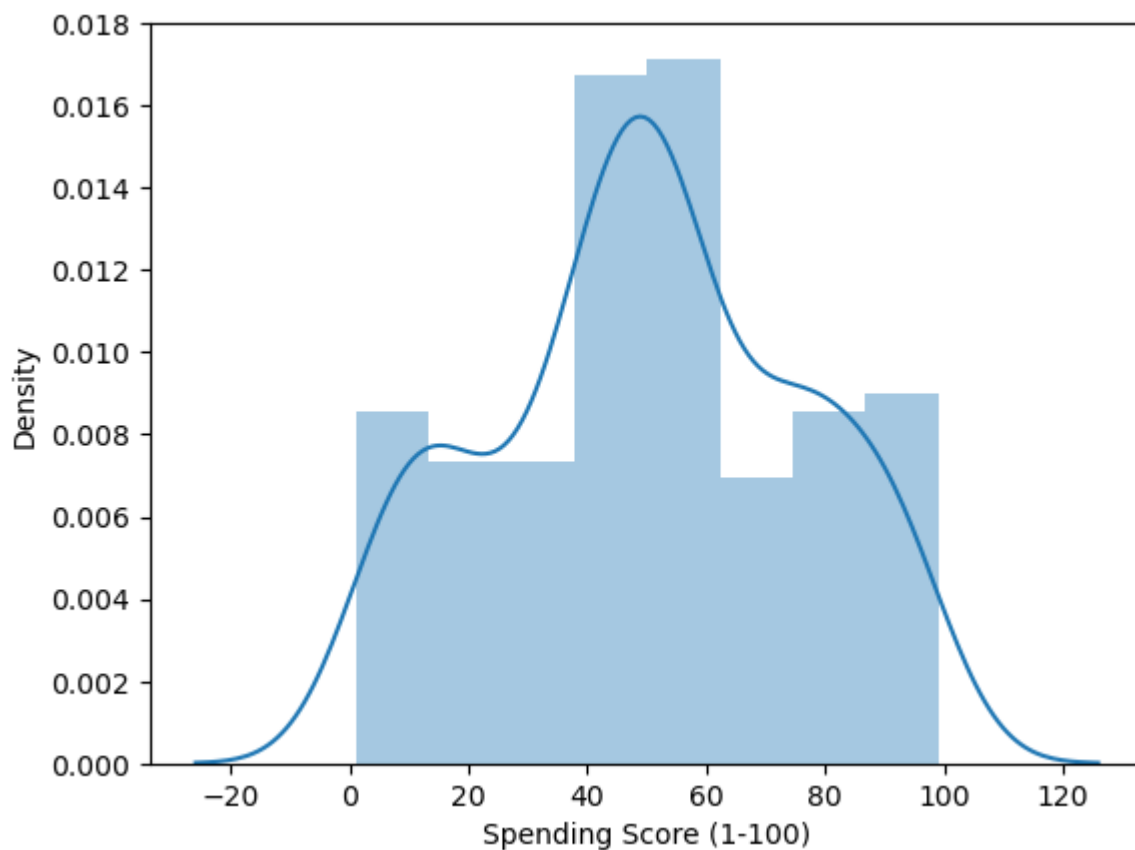
```
In [6]: df.columns
```

```
Out[6]: Index(['CustomerID', 'Gender', 'Age', 'Annual Income (k$)',  
              'Spending Score (1-100)'],  
            dtype='object')
```

To plot multiple columns

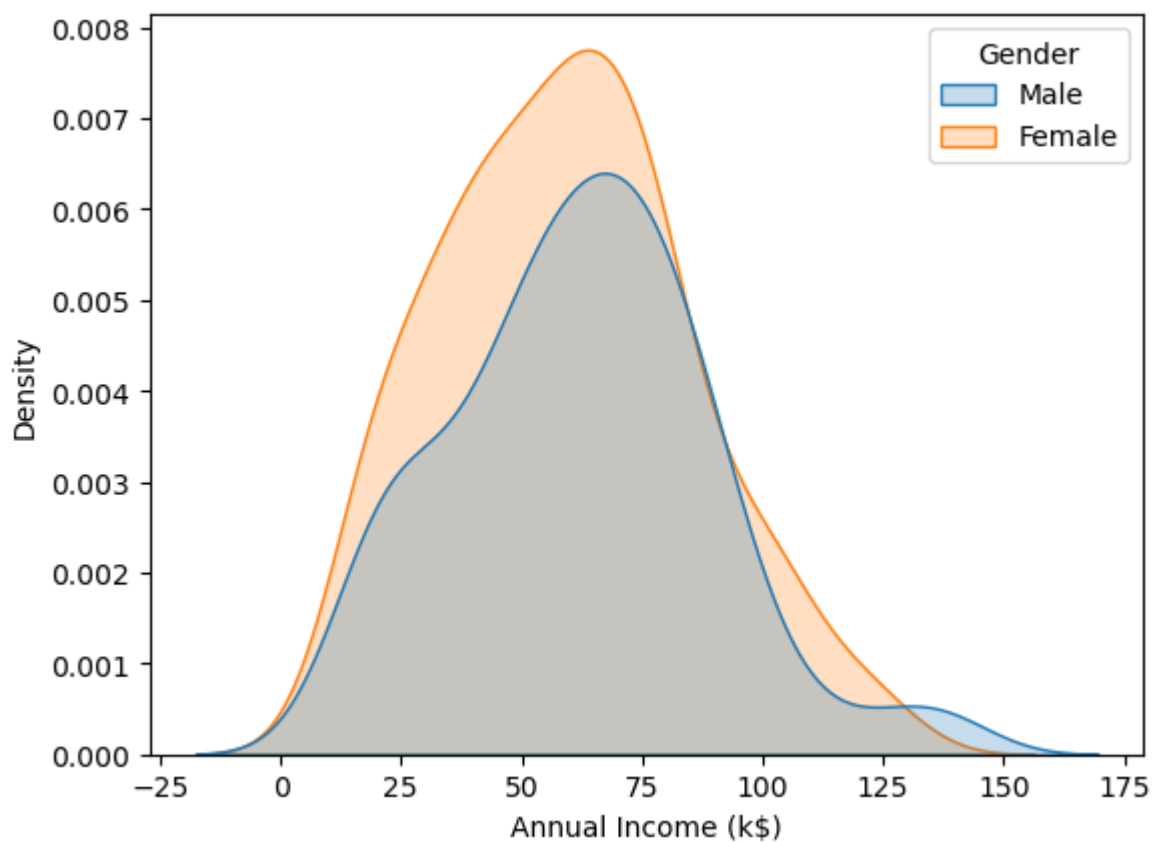
```
In [7]: columns = ['Age', 'Annual Income (k$)',  
                  'Spending Score (1-100)']  
for i in columns:  
    plt.figure()  
    sns.distplot(df[i])
```



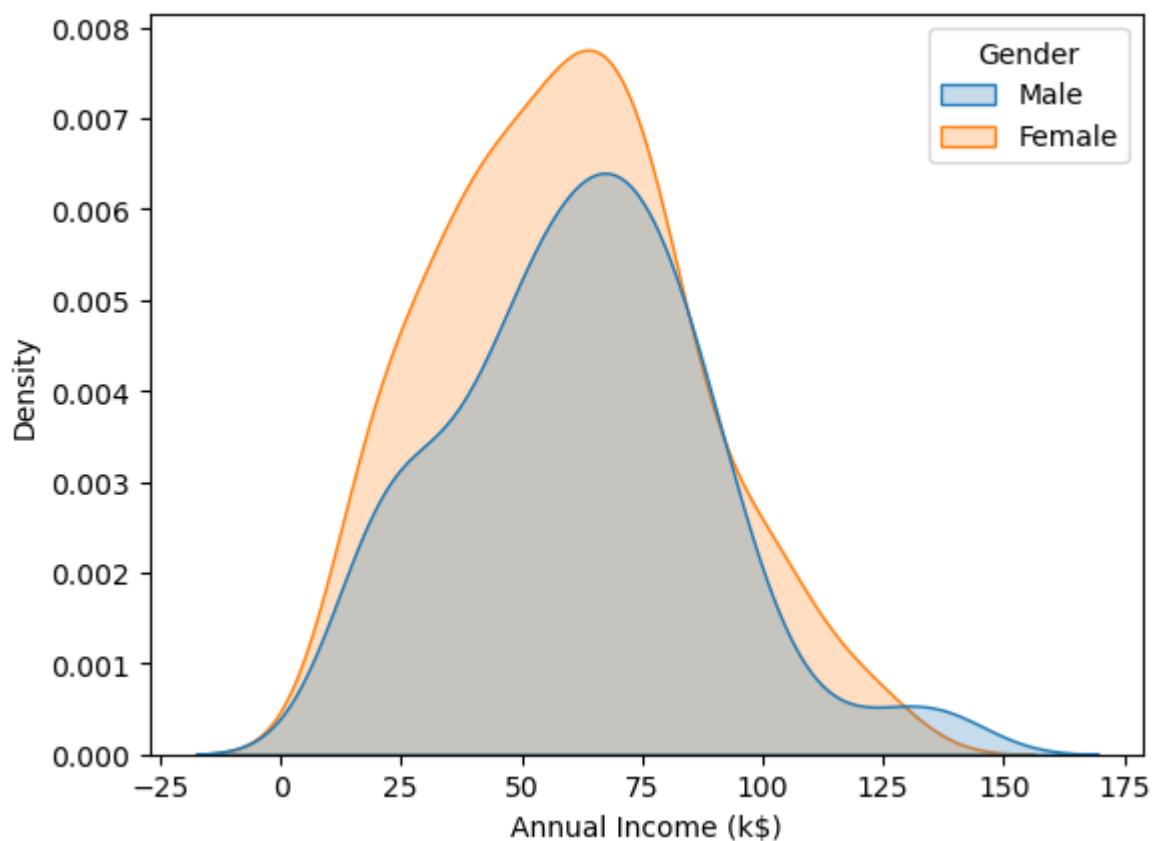
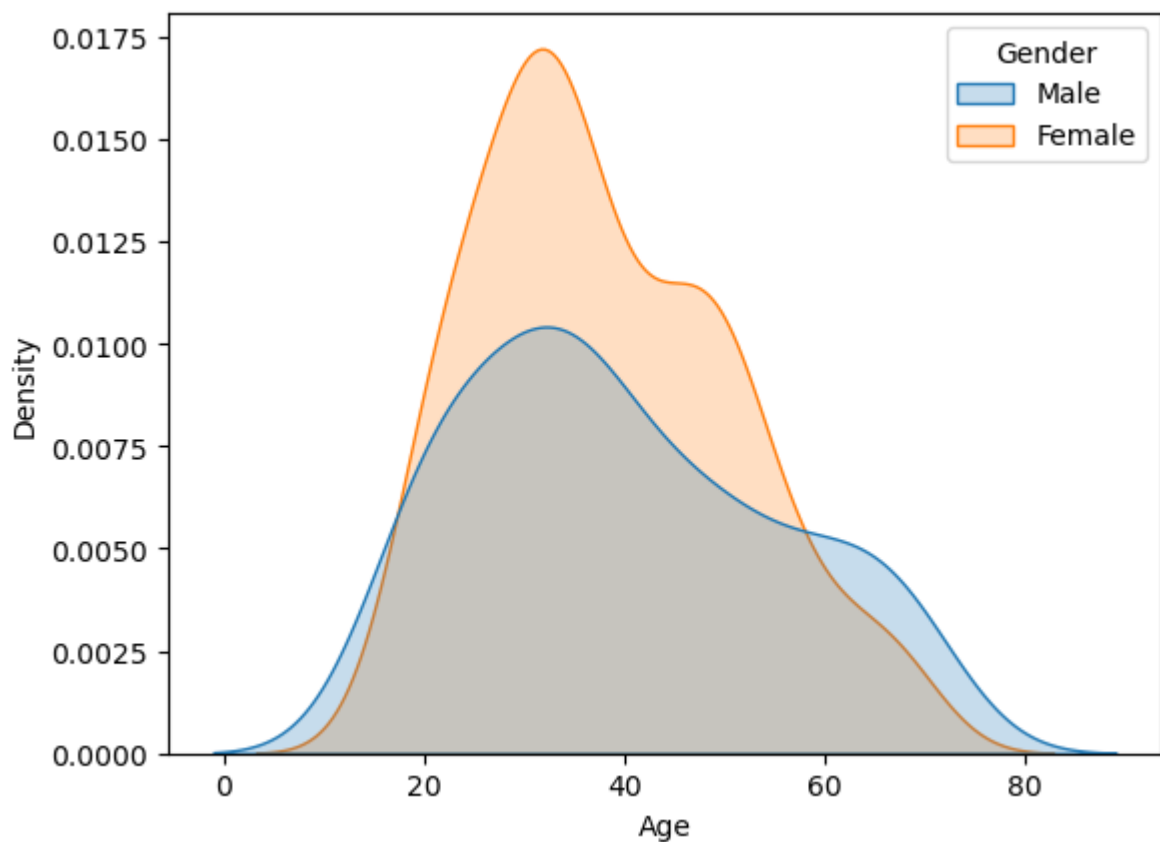


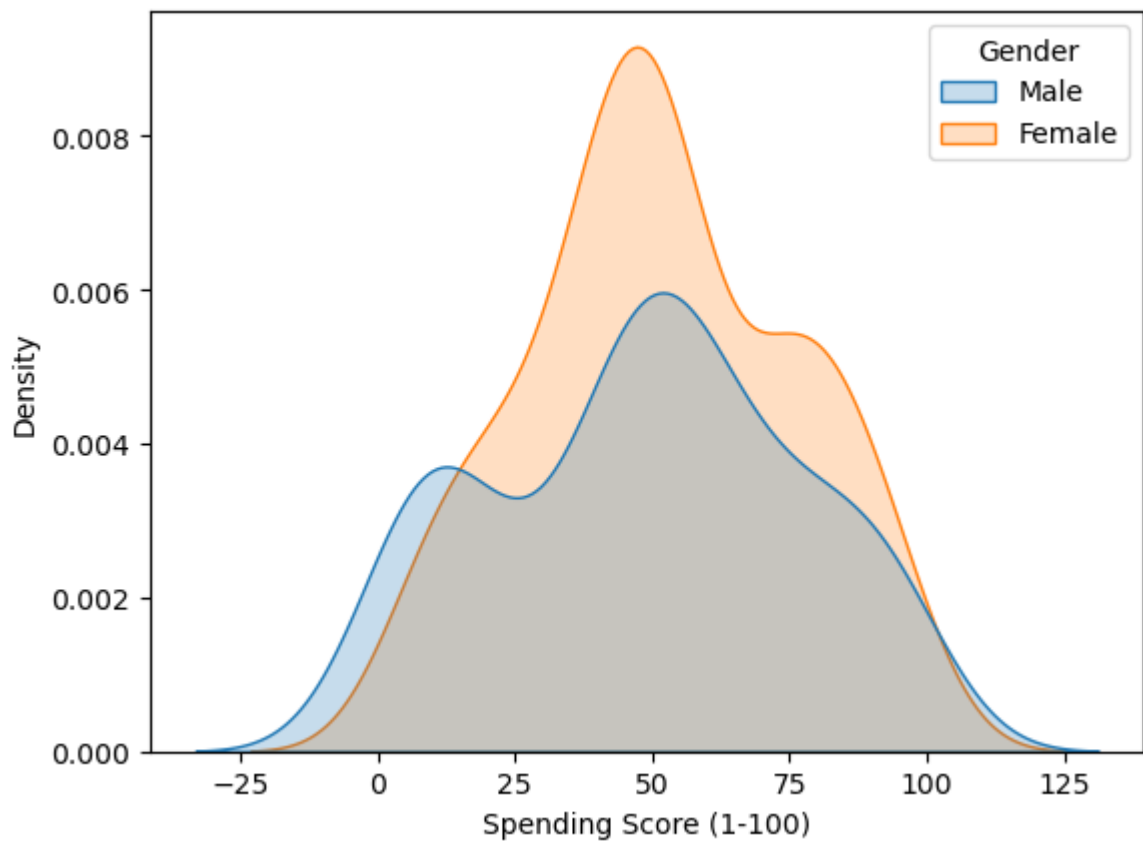
Plotting the variables by gender

```
In [10]: sns.kdeplot(df['Annual Income (k$)'], shade=True, hue=df['Gender']);
```

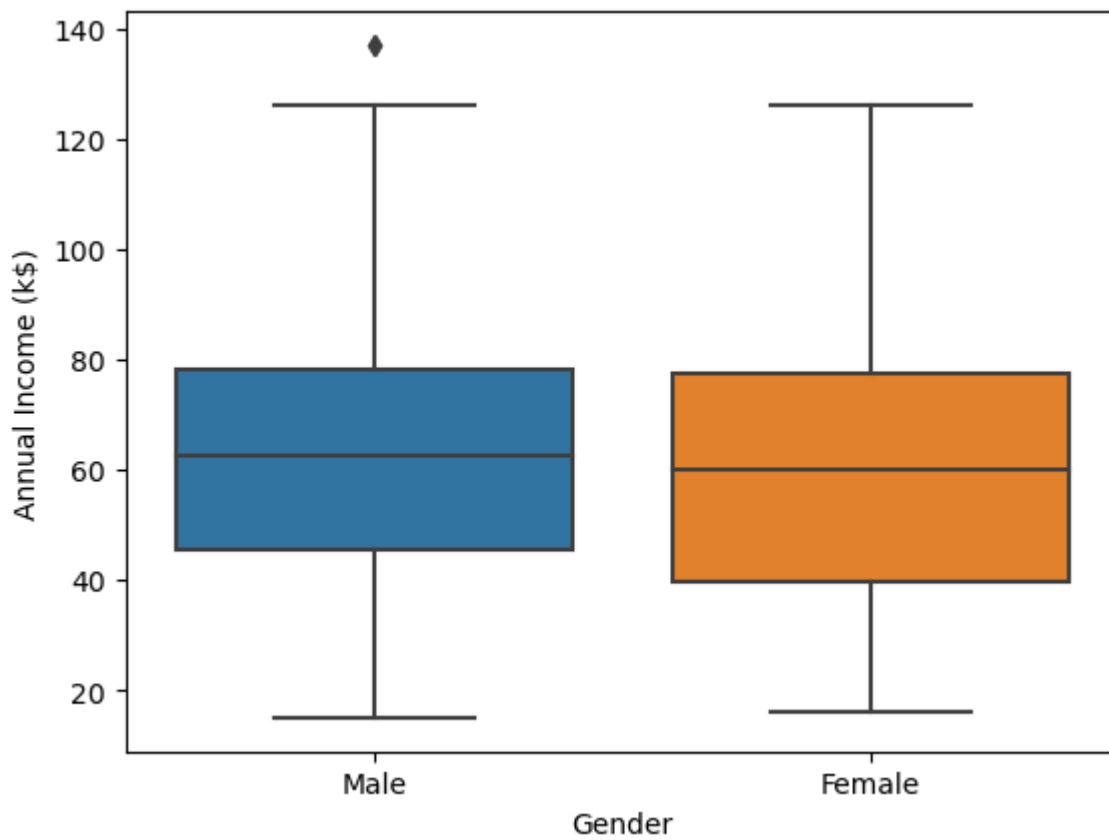
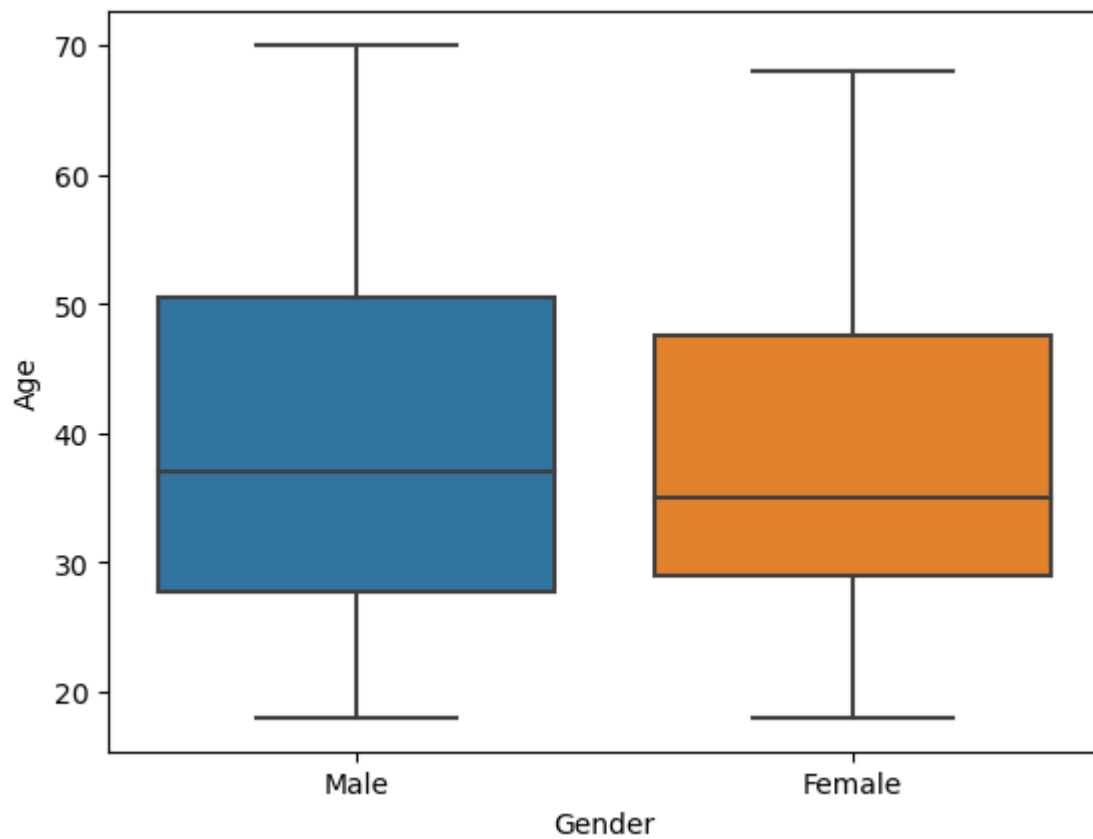


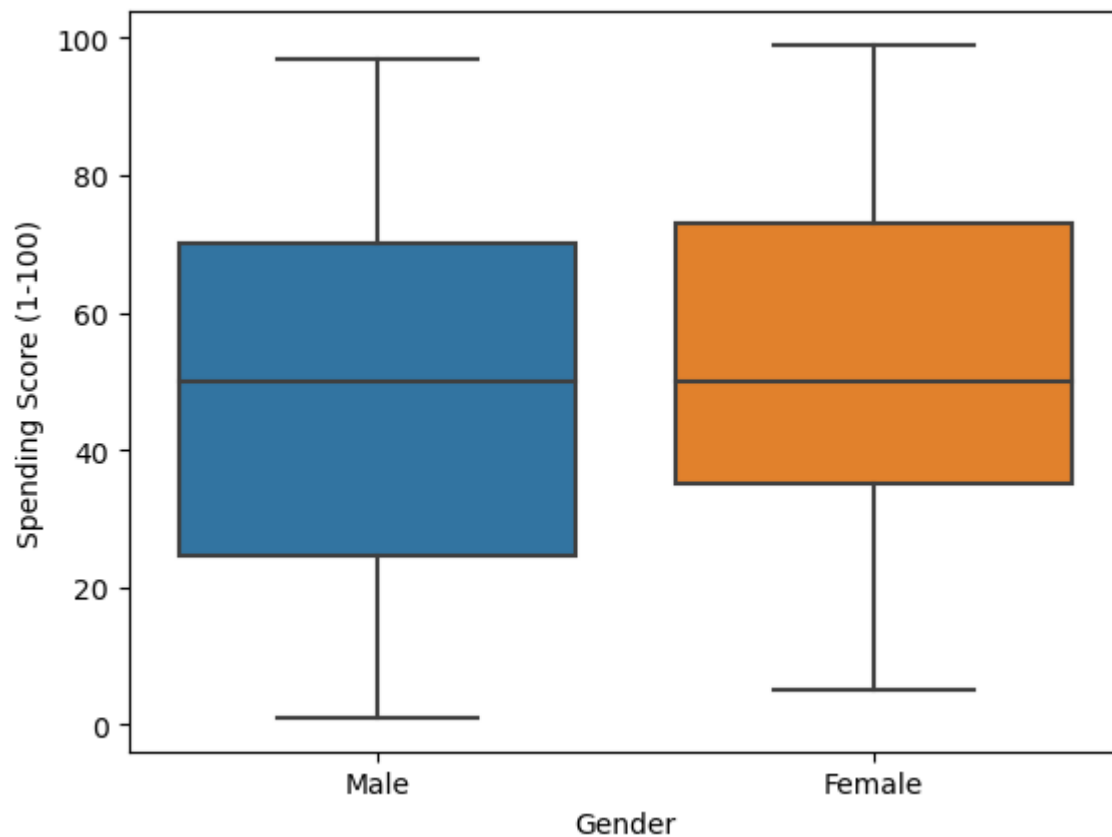
```
In [11]: columns = ['Age', 'Annual Income (k$)',  
                  'Spending Score (1-100)']  
for i in columns:  
    plt.figure()  
    sns.kdeplot(df[i], shade=True, hue = df['Gender'])
```





```
In [12]: columns = ['Age', 'Annual Income (k$)',  
                  'Spending Score (1-100)']  
for i in columns:  
    plt.figure()  
    sns.boxplot(data=df, x='Gender', y=df[i])
```





```
In [14]: df['Gender'].value_counts(normalize=True)
```

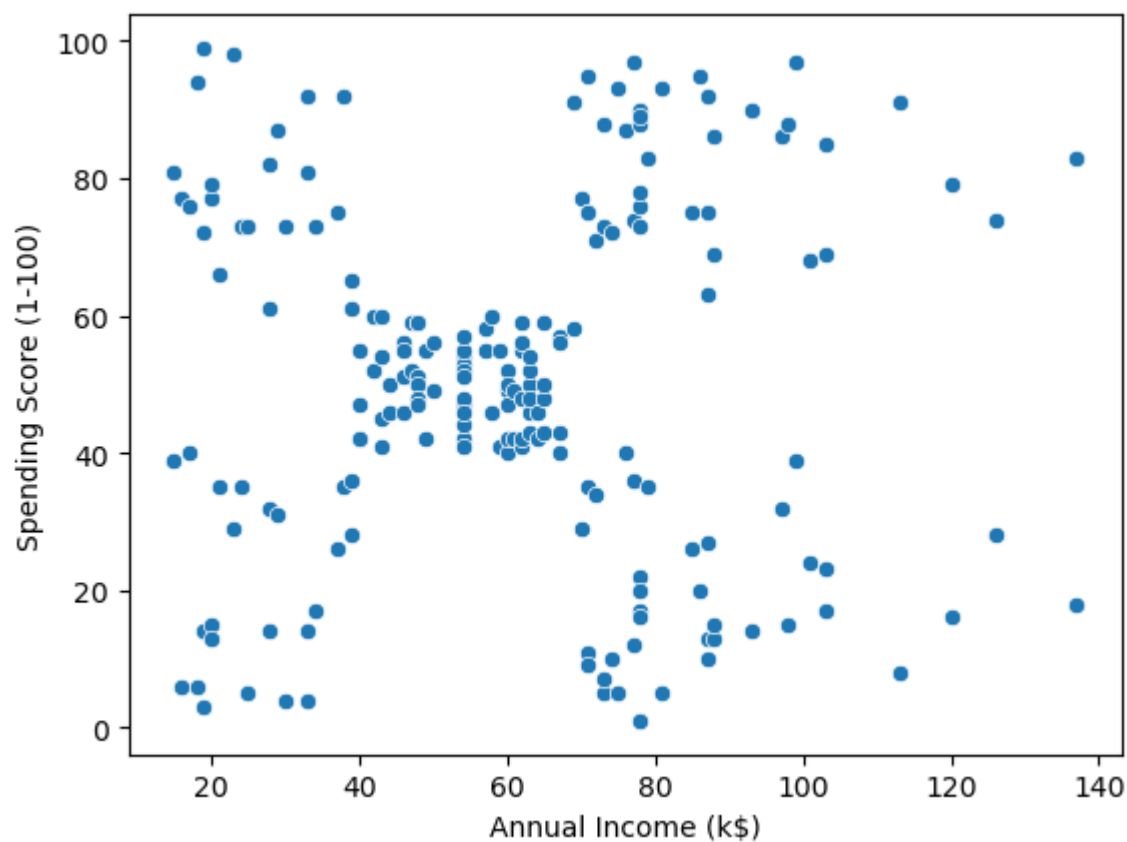
```
Out[14]: Female    0.56  
Male        0.44  
Name: Gender, dtype: float64
```

```
In [ ]:
```

Bivariate Analysis

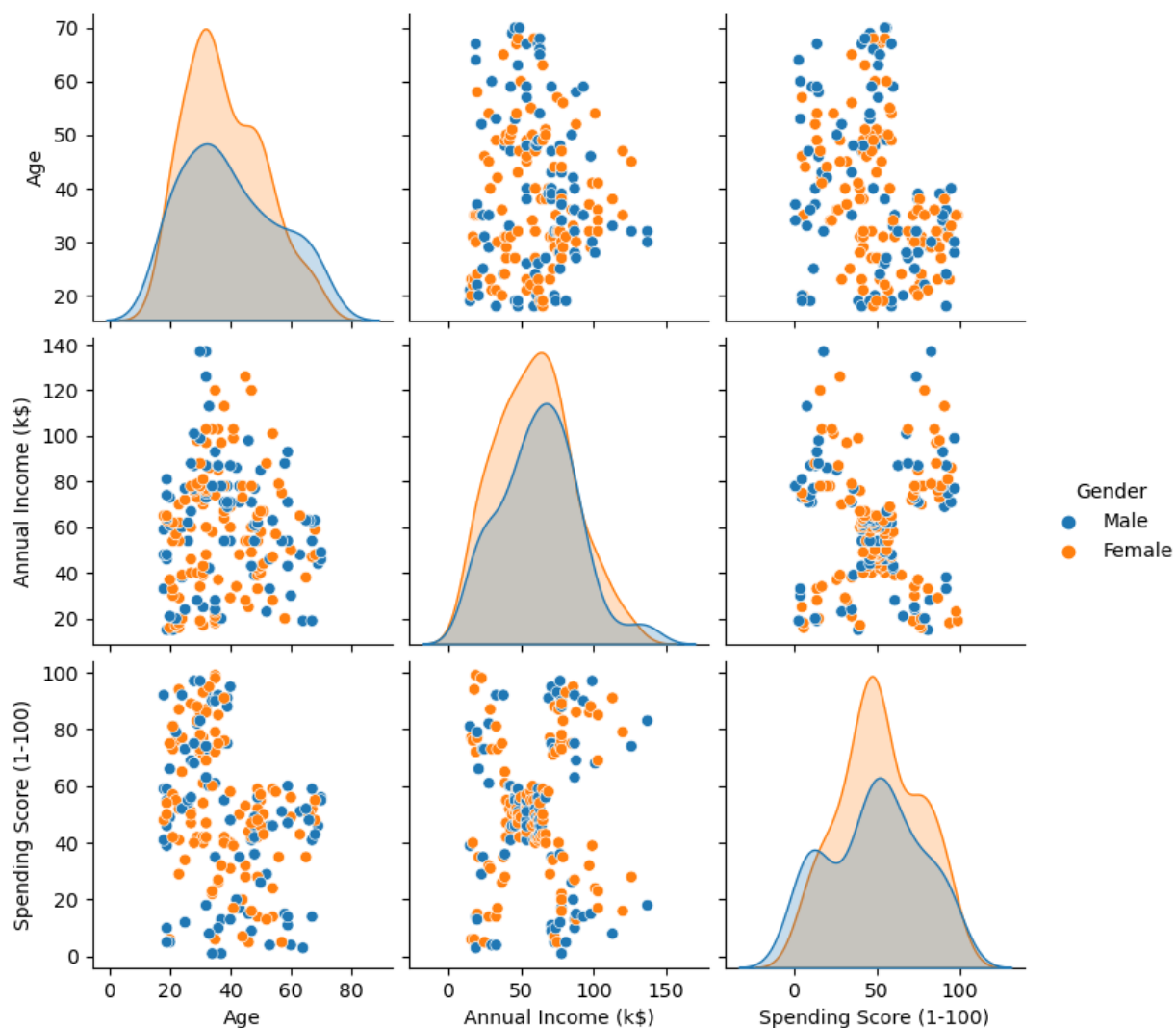
```
In [15]: sns.scatterplot(data=df, x='Annual Income (k$)', y = 'Spending Score (1-100)')
```

```
Out[15]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Annual Income (k$)', ylabel='Spending Score (1-100)'
```

```
In [21]: # df=df.drop('CustomerID', axis=1)
sns.pairplot(df, hue='Gender')
```

```
Out[21]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x253d5d70d60>
```



```
In [23]: df.groupby(['Gender'])['Age', 'Annual Income (k$)',  
          'Spending Score (1-100)'].mean()
```

```
Out[23]:
```

	Age	Annual Income (k\$)	Spending Score (1-100)
Female	38.098214	59.250000	51.526786
Male	39.806818	62.227273	48.511364

Gender

Female 38.098214 59.250000 51.526786

Male 39.806818 62.227273 48.511364

```
In [24]: df.corr()
```

```
Out[24]:
```

	Age	Annual Income (k\$)	Spending Score (1-100)
Age	1.000000	-0.012398	-0.327227
Annual Income (k\$)	-0.012398	1.000000	0.009903
Spending Score (1-100)	-0.327227	0.009903	1.000000

Age 1.000000 -0.012398 -0.327227

Annual Income (k\$) -0.012398 1.000000 0.009903

Spending Score (1-100) -0.327227 0.009903 1.000000

```
In [30]: sns.heatmap(df.corr(),annot=True, cmap='BuPu')
```

```
Out[30]: <AxesSubplot:>
```



```
In [55]: df['Income Cluster'] = clustering1.labels_
df.head()
```

```
Out[55]:
```

	Gender	Age	Annual Income (k\$)	Spending Score (1-100)	Income Cluster
0	Male	19	15	39	1
1	Male	21	15	81	1
2	Female	20	16	6	1
3	Female	23	16	77	1
4	Female	31	17	40	1

```
In [56]: df['Income Cluster'].value_counts()
```

```
Out[56]:
```

0	90
1	74
2	36

Name: Income Cluster, dtype: int64

```
In [57]: clustering1.inertia_
```

```
Out[57]: 23517.330930930937
```

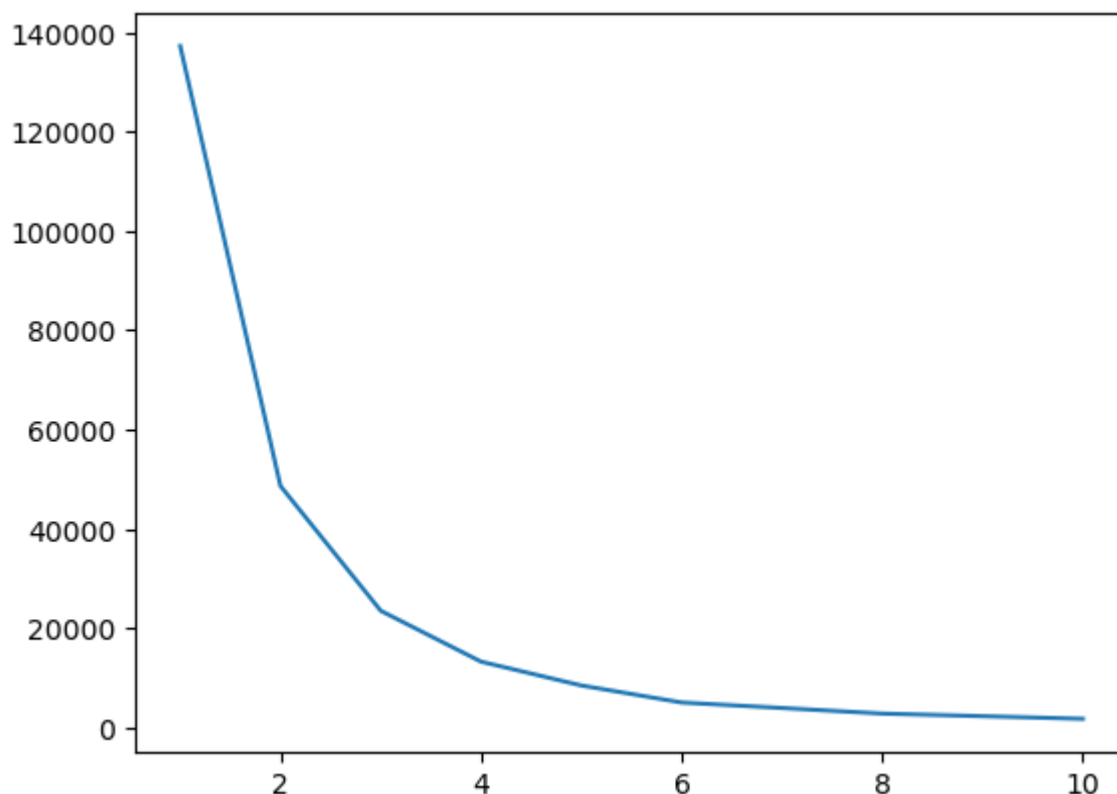
```
In [58]: inertia_scores=[]
for i in range(1,11):
    kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=i)
    kmeans.fit(df[['Annual Income (k$)']])
    inertia_scores.append(kmeans.inertia_)
```

```
In [59]: inertia_scores
```

```
Out[59]: [137277.28,
48660.88888888889,
23528.152173913044,
13278.112713472485,
8481.496190476191,
5050.904761904762,
3949.2756132756135,
2822.4996947496948,
2304.6105580693816,
1767.6406204906207]
```

```
In [60]: plt.plot(range(1,11), inertia_scores)
```

```
Out[60]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x253d85bda60>]
```



```
In [61]: df.columns
```

```
Out[61]: Index(['Gender', 'Age', 'Annual Income (k$)', 'Spending Score (1-100)',  
              'Income Cluster'],  
              dtype='object')
```

```
In [62]: df.groupby('Income Cluster')['Age', 'Annual Income (k$)', 'Spending Score (1-100)'].me
```

```
Out[62]:
```

	Age	Annual Income (k\$)	Spending Score (1-100)
Income Cluster			
0	38.722222	67.088889	50.000000
1	39.500000	33.486486	50.229730
2	37.833333	99.888889	50.638889

Bivariate Clustering

```
In [68]: clustering2 = KMeans(n_clusters=5)
```

```
In [69]: clustering2.fit(df[['Annual Income (k$)', 'Spending Score (1-100)']])  
clustering2.labels_  
df['Spending and Income Cluster'] = clustering2.labels_  
df.head()
```

Out[69]:

	Gender	Age	Annual Income (k\$)	Spending Score (1-100)	Income Cluster	Spending and Income Cluster
0	Male	19	15	39	1	4
1	Male	21	15	81	1	2
2	Female	20	16	6	1	4
3	Female	23	16	77	1	2
4	Female	31	17	40	1	4

In [70]:

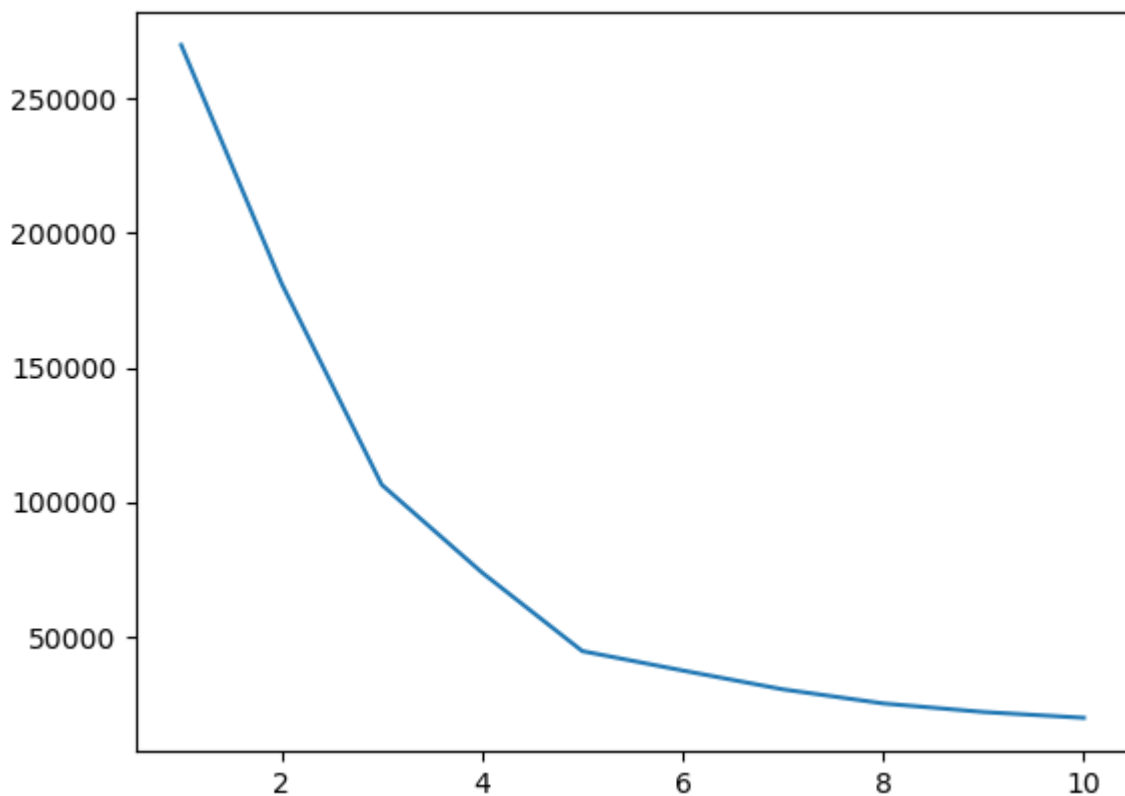
```
inertia_scores2=[]
for i in range(1,11):
    kmeans2 = KMeans(n_clusters=i)
    kmeans2.fit(df[['Annual Income (k$)', 'Spending Score (1-100)']])
    inertia_scores2.append(kmeans2.inertia_)
```

In [71]:

```
plt.plot(range(1,11), inertia_scores2)
```

Out[71]:

```
[<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x253d86458e0>]
```



In [77]:

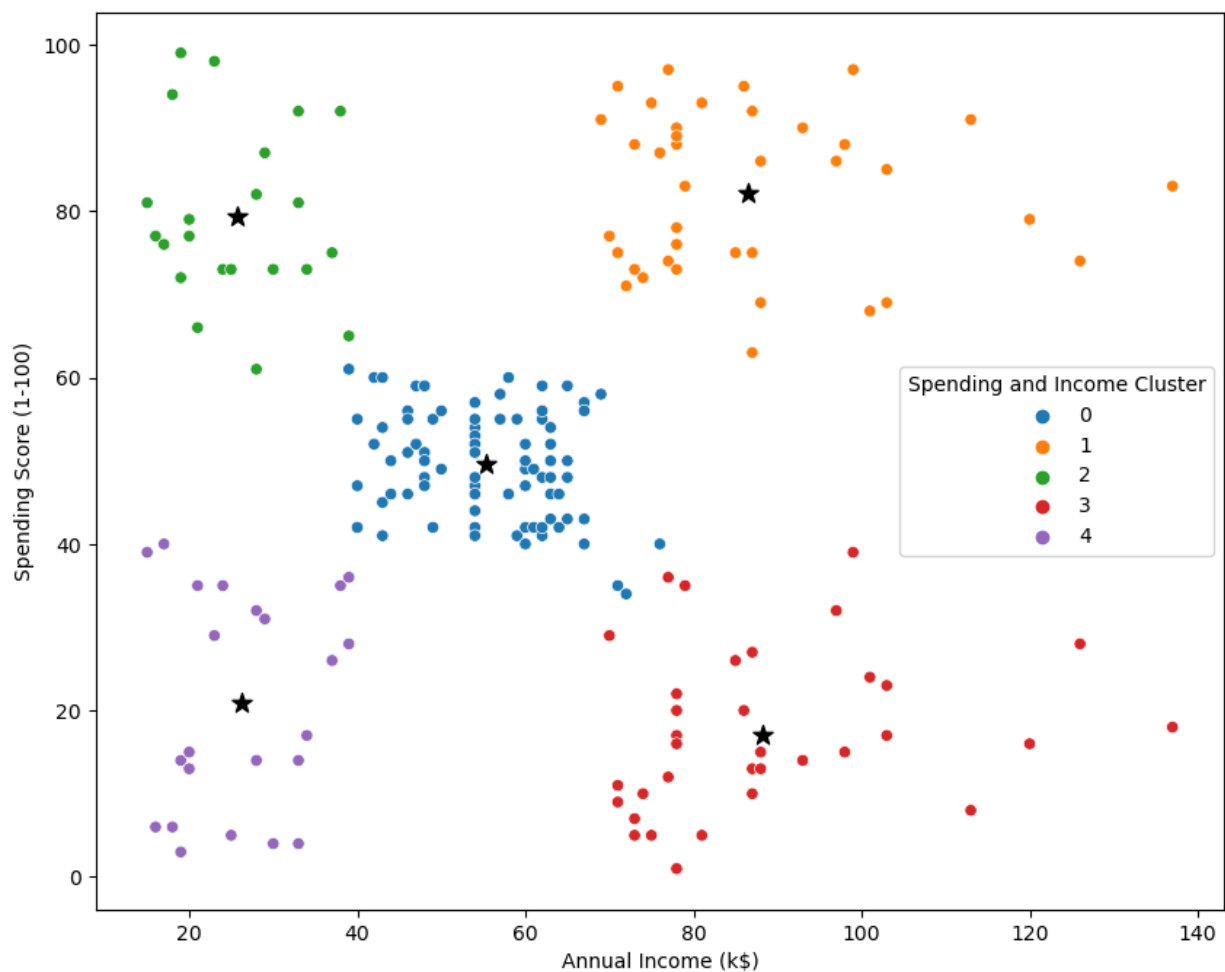
```
centers= pd.DataFrame(clustering2.cluster_centers_)
centers.columns = ['x', 'y']
```

In [78]:

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10,8))
plt.scatter(x= centers['x'], y= centers['y'], s=100, c='black', marker= '*')
sns.scatterplot(data=df, x='Annual Income (k$)', y='Spending Score (1-100)', hue='Spending and Income Cluster')
```

Out[78]:

```
<AxesSubplot:xlabel='Annual Income (k$)', ylabel='Spending Score (1-100)'\>
```



```
In [80]: pd.crosstab(df['Spending and Income Cluster'], df['Gender'], normalize='index')
```

```
Out[80]:
```

	Gender	Female	Male
Spending and Income Cluster			
0		0.592593	0.407407
1		0.538462	0.461538
2		0.590909	0.409091
3		0.457143	0.542857
4		0.608696	0.391304

```
In [81]: df.groupby(['Spending and Income Cluster'])['Age', 'Annual Income (k$)',  
                  'Spending Score (1-100)'].mean()
```

Out[81]:

Age Annual Income (k\$) Spending Score (1-100)			
Spending and Income Cluster			
0	42.716049	55.296296	49.518519
1	32.692308	86.538462	82.128205
2	25.272727	25.727273	79.363636
3	41.114286	88.200000	17.114286
4	45.217391	26.304348	20.913043