

CSCI3260 Principles of Computer Graphics

-----Tutorial 11 CHEN Yukang



- ➤ About project grouping
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 - For those students still not in a team, each two of them are randomly assigned together.
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 - > It is still possible to change partners if necessary.
 - > Start to do the course project early.

Tutorials in Nov



- ➤ Multiple textures / shaders
- > Skybox
- Normal mapping
- > Instance rendering
- ➤ Mouse / Keyboard interaction
- Viewpoint setting
- ➤ Visual feedback
- > Collision detection

Background



In the year 3020, you are driving a spacecraft to visit an alien planet. Friendly alien people line in the space with space vehicles and provide foods to welcome you. You need to visit each of them and collect their foods.



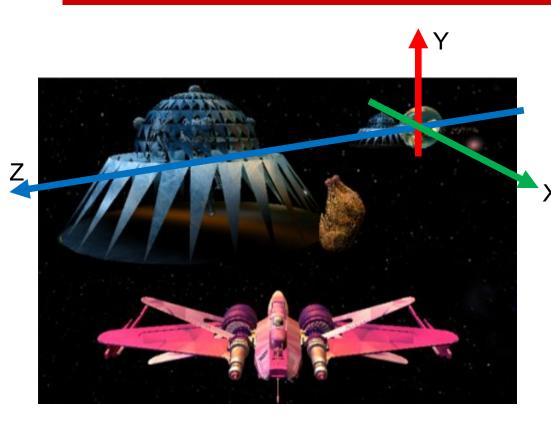


Requirements

	Basic (88%)	
1	Render one planet, one spacecraft and at least three alien people in their space vehicle	10%
2	Self-rotation for the planet and the alien space vehicle	6%
3	Render a skybox	6%
4	Basic light rendering	4%
5	Render an asteroid ring cloud	10%
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12	Change the texture of the spacecraft after the whole visiting	4%
	Bonus (12%)	
1	Add another light source	5%
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	Total:	100%







- 1. Put all models on XOZ plane.
- 2. Put the planet and aliens along Z axis.
- 3. Move the spacecraft freely on the XOZ Plane using mouse and keyboard.

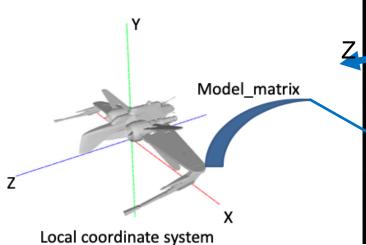


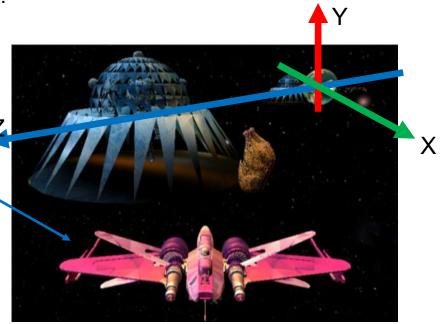
Coordinate systems

Local coordinate system of the spacecraft.

2. World coordinate system.

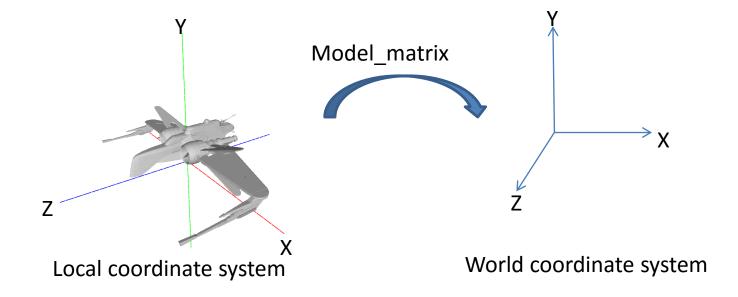
3. Original is at the center of the planet.





Calculate the model matrix

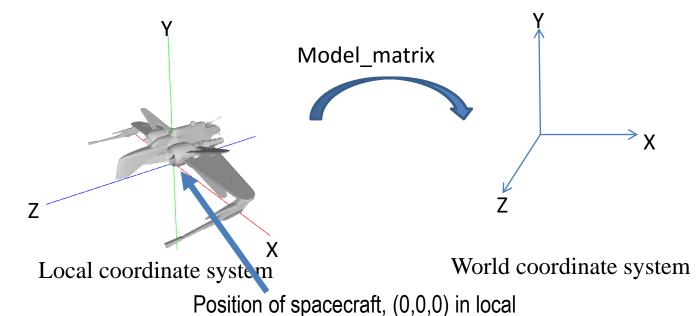
- The model is defined with large scale, your may make the model smaller using scaling matrix
- Rotation and translation
- How to get? From the input of mouse and keyboard



```
Void UpdateStatus(){
float scale = 0.0005;
glm::mat4 SC_scale_M = glm::scale(glm::mat4(1.0f), glm::vec3(scale));
glm::mat4 SC_trans_M = glm::translate
   (
   glm::mat4(1.0f),
   glm::vec3(SCInitialPos[0] + SCTranslation[0], SCInitialPos[1] + SCTranslation[1], SCInitialPos[2] + SCTranslation[2])
);
Model_matrix = SC_trans_M*SC_Rot_M*SC_scale_M;
}
Translation Rotation Scale
```

Calculate the model matrix

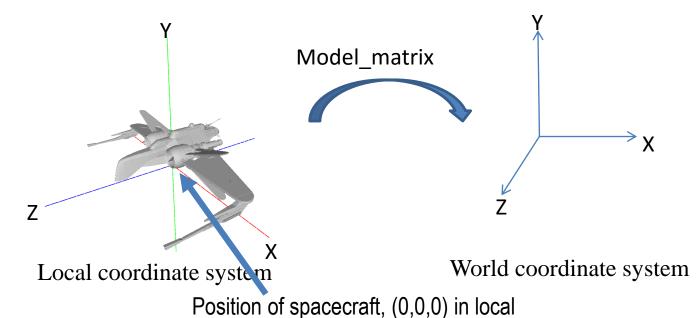
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    glm::mat4(1.0f),
    glm::vec3(SCInitialPos[0] + SCTranslation[0], SCInitialPos[1] + SCTranslation[1], SCInitialPos[2] + SCTranslation[2])
);
Model_matrix = SC_trans_M*SC_Rot_M*SC_scale_M;
SC_world_pos = Model_matrix * glm::vec4(SC_local_pos, 1.0f);
}
```

Calculate the model matrix

- The model is defined with large scale, your may make the model smaller using scaling matrix
- Rotation and translation
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```
Void UpdateStatus(){
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        glm::vec3(SCInitialPos[0] + SCTranslation[0], SCInitialPos[1] + SCTranslation[1], SCInitialPos[2] + SCTranslation[2])
);
Model_matrix = SC_trans_M'SC_Rot_M*SC_scale_M;
SC_world_pos = Model_matrix * glm::vec4(SC_local_pos, 1.0f);
}
```



Control translation by keyboard

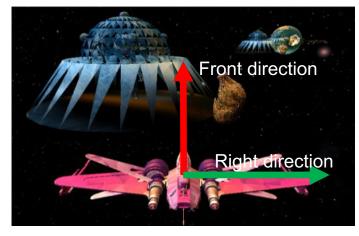
· Translate along the front and right directions of spacecraft. Get unit vectors of the directions in world space

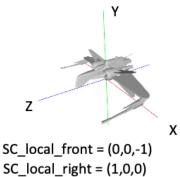
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void UpdateStatus(){
float scale = 0.0005;
glm::mat4 SC_scale_M = glm::scale(glm::mat4(1.0f), glm::vec3(scale));
glm::mat4 SC trans M = glm::translate
glm::mat4(1.0f),
glm::vec3(SCInitialPos[0] + SCTranslation[0],
SCInitialPos[1] + SCTranslation[1], SCInitialPos[2] + SCTranslation[2])
);
```

```
Model matrix = SC trans M*SC Rot M*SC scale M:
SC world pos = Model matrix * glm::vec4(SC local pos, 1.0f);
SC world Front Direction = Model matrix * glm::vec4(SC local front, 1.0f);
SC_world_Right_Direction = Model_matrix * glm::vec4(SC_local_right, 1.0f);
SC world Front Direction = Normalize(SC world Front Direction);
SC world Right Direction = Normalize(SC world Right Direction);
```

In main.cpp, register a callback function for keyboard cursor keys

```
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
glutSpecialFunc(SpecialKeys);
```





SC local right = (1,0,0)

Control translation by keyboard

Define the callback function to get the keyboard event and update

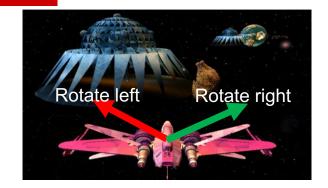
```
void SpecialKeys(int key, int x, int y)
   if (key == GLUT KEY DOWN)
          SCTranslation[0] = SCTranslation[0] + 0.5* SC world Front Direction[0];
          SCTranslation[2] = SCTranslation[2] + 0.5* SC world Front Direction[2];
if (key == GLUT KEY UP)
          SCTranslation[0] = SCTranslation[0] - 0.5* SC world Front Direction[0];
          SCTranslation[2] = SCTranslation[2] - 0.5* SC world Front Direction[2];
   if (key == GLUT KEY LEFT)
          SCTranslation[0] = SCTranslation [0] - 0.5 SC world Right Direction[0];
          SCTranslation[2] = SCTranslation [2] - 0.5* SC world Right Direction[2];
   if (key == GLUT KEY RIGHT)
          SCTranslation[0] = SCTranslation [0] + 0.5* SC world Right Direction[0];
          SCTranslation[2] = SCTranslation [2] + 0.5 SC world Right Direction[2];
```



Control rotation by mouse

In main.cpp, register a callback function for mouse movement

```
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
...
glutPassiveMotionFunc(PassiveMouse);
...
}
```

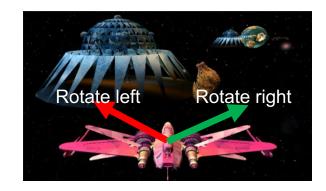


· Rotate around Y axis in local coordinate system



Control rotation by mouse

Define the callback function for mouse



Viewpoint setting

Camera position, (0,Cy, Cz) in local coordinate system

- Fix the virtual camera relatively static to the spacecraft
- Set Cz, Cy by yourself

```
in local coordinate system
void UpdateStatus(){
float scale = 0.0005;
glm::mat4 SC scale M = glm::scale(glm::mat4(1.0f), glm::vec3(scale));
glm::mat4 SC trans M = glm::translate
glm::mat4(1.0f),
glm::vec3(SCInitialPos[0] + SCTranslation[0], SCInitialPos[1] + SCTranslation[1], SCInitialPos[2] + SCTranslation[2])
Model matrix = SC trans M*SC Rot M*SC scale M;
SC world pos = Model matrix * glm::vec4(SC local pos, 1.0f);
SC world Front Direction = Model matrix * glm::vec4(SC local front, 1.0f);
SC world Right Direction = Model matrix * glm::vec4(SC local right, 1.0f);
SC world Front Direction = Normalize(SC world Front Direction);
SC world Right Direction = Normalize(SC world Right Direction);
Camera_world_position = Model_matrix * glm::vec4(Camera_local position, 1.0f);
```

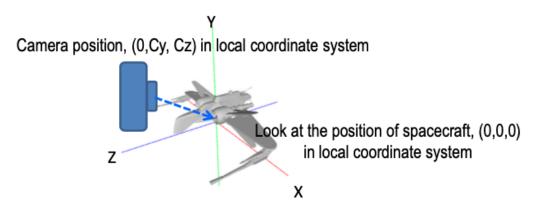
Look at the position of spacecraft, (0,0,0)

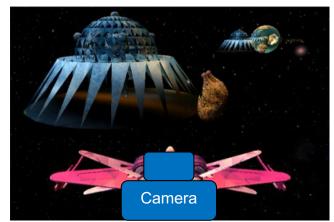




Calculate view matrix

ViewMatrix = glm::lookAt(glm::vec3(Camera_world_position), glm::vec3(SC_world_pos), glm::vec3(0.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f));







Set perspective matrix

```
void paintGL(void)
    glClearColor(0.0f, 0.0f, 0.8f, 1.0f);
    glClear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT | GL_DEPTH_BUFFER_BIT);
    // spacecraft modelling
    glm::mat4 translateMatrix = glm::translate(mat4(), vec3(2 + x_translate, 0.5, 15 +
        z_translate));
    glm::mat4 rotateMatrix = glm::rotate(mat4(), glm::radians(y_rotate), vec3(0, 1, 0));
    qlm::mat4 scaleMatrix = qlm::scale(mat4(), vec3(0.0005f, 0.0005f, 0.0005f));
    glm::mat4 spacecraftModel = translateMatrix * rotateMatrix;
    // world space modelling
    glm::vec4 camera = spacecraftModel * vec4(0.0f, 0.5f, 0.8f, 1.0f);
    glm::vec4 viewport = spacecraftModel * vec4(0.0f, 0.0f, -0.8f, 1.0f);
    // Projection matrix
    glm::mat4 projection = glm::perspective(glm::radians(45.0f), 4.0f / 3.0f, 0.1f, 500.0f);
    glm::mat4 view = glm::lookAt(glm::vec3(camera), glm::vec3(viewport), glm::vec3(0, 1, 0));
    // Model matrix
    qlm::mat4 model;
    spacecraftModel = spacecraftModel * glm::rotate(mat4(), glm::radians(180.0f), vec3(0, 1, 0))
        * scaleMatrix;
```

Next tutorials



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