



ΠΑΝΕΠΙΣΤΗΜΙΟ ΠΕΙΡΑΙΩΣ

UNIVERSITY OF PIRAEUS

ΤΜΗΜΑ ΠΛΗΡΟΦΟΡΙΚΗΣ

ΜΑΘΗΜΑ: «ΑΣΦΑΛΕΙΑ ΔΙΚΤΥΩΝ (8^ο ΕΞΑΜΗΝΟ)»

ΚΑΘΗΓΗΤΕΣ: ΚΟΤΖΑΝΙΚΟΛΑΟΥ ΠΑΝΑΓΙΩΤΗΣ

ΟΜΑΔΑ ΕΡΓΑΣΙΑΣ:

ΔΗΜΗΤΡΕΛΛΟΣ ΠΑΝΑΓΙΩΤΗΣ, Π17026

ΚΑΡΑΜΠΟΪΚΗΣ ΝΙΚΟΛΑΟΣ, Π17040

ΡΟΥΝΤΟΥ ΑΝΝΑ-ΦΑΝΗ, Π17113

5η Άσκηση – Υλοποίηση και δοκιμή IDS

1.

Ξεκινώντας κατεβάζουμε το snort με την εντολή:

```
$sudo apt install snort
```

```
zastava-ceo@zastavaceo-VirtualBox:~$ sudo apt install snort
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
snort is already the newest version (2.9.7.0-5build1).
The following packages were automatically installed and are no longer required:
  libfprint-2-tod1 libllvm10
Use 'sudo apt autoremove' to remove them.
0 upgraded, 0 newly installed, 0 to remove and 4 not upgraded.
zastava-ceo@zastavaceo-VirtualBox:~$
```

Ύστερα ανοίγουμε το Configuration του Snort με την εντολή:

```
$sudo gedit /etc/snort/snort.conf
```

Εκεί αλλάζουμε τα:

```
ipvar HOME_NET 192.168.2.9/32
```

```
ipvar EXTERNAL_NET ! $HOME_NET
```

```
var WHITE_LIST_PATH /etc/snort/rules/iplists
```

```
var BLACK_LIST_PATH /etc/snort/rules/iplists
```

```
50 #
51 #ipvar HOME_NET any
52 ipvar HOME_NET 192.168.2.9/32
53 # Set up the external network addresses. Leave as "any" in most situations
54 #ipvar EXTERNAL_NET any
55 # If HOME_NET is defined as something other than "any", alternative, you can
56 # use this definition if you do not want to detect attacks from your internal
57 # IP addresses:
58 ipvar EXTERNAL_NET !$HOME_NET
59
```

```
-----
114 var RULE_PATH /etc/snort/rules
115 var SO_RULE_PATH /etc/snort/so_rules
116 var PREPROC_RULE_PATH /etc/snort/preproc_rules
117
```

```
var WHITE_LIST_PATH /etc/snort/rules/iplists
var BLACK_LIST_PATH /etc/snort/rules/iplists
```

Για το testing θα χρησιμοποιήσω την εντολή:

```
$sudo snort -T -c /etc/snort/snort.conf -i enp0s3
```

```
-----[event-filter-config]-----
| memory-cap : 1048576 bytes
+-----[event-filter-global]-----
+-----[event-filter-local]-----
| none
+-----[suppression]-----
| none
-----
Rule application order: activation->dynamic->pass->drop->sdrop->reject->alert->log
Verifying Preprocessor Configurations!

[ Port Based Pattern Matching Memory ]
[ Number of patterns truncated to 20 bytes: 0 ]
pcap DAQ configured to passive.
Acquiring network traffic from "enp0s3".

==== Initialization Complete ====

-*) Snort! (*-
o" )~
....)~
Version 2.9.7.0 GRE (Build 149)
By Martin Roesch & The Snort Team: http://www.snort.org/contact#team
Copyright (C) 2014 Cisco and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
Copyright (C) 1998-2013 Sourcefire, Inc., et al.
Using libpcap version 1.9.1 (with TPACKET_V3)
Using PCRE version: 8.39 2016-06-14
Using ZLIB version: 1.2.11

Rules Engine: SF_SNORT_DETECTION_ENGINE Version 2.4 <Build 1>
Preprocessor Object: SF_REPUTATION Version 1.1 <Build 1>
Preprocessor Object: SF_FTPTELNET Version 1.2 <Build 13>
Preprocessor Object: SF_SIP Version 1.1 <Build 1>
Preprocessor Object: SF_DNP3 Version 1.1 <Build 1>
Preprocessor Object: SF_MODBUS Version 1.1 <Build 1>
Preprocessor Object: SF_DNS Version 1.1 <Build 4>
Preprocessor Object: SF_IMAP Version 1.0 <Build 1>
Preprocessor Object: SF_POP Version 1.0 <Build 1>
Preprocessor Object: SF_SMTP Version 1.1 <Build 9>
Preprocessor Object: SF_CIP Version 1.1 <Build 1>
Preprocessor Object: SF_SOF Version 1.1 <Build 1>
Preprocessor Object: SF_SSH Version 1.1 <Build 3>
Preprocessor Object: SF_DCE/RPC2 Version 1.0 <Build 3>
Preprocessor Object: SF_SSLPP Version 1.1 <Build 4>

Snort successfully validated the configuration!
Snort exiting
```

Αμέσως μετά ανοίγουμε το αρχείο /etc/snort/rules/local.rules και εισχωρούμε την δική μας εντολή:

```
alert tcp $EXTERNAL_NET any -> $HOME_NET 21 (msg:"FTP test";
sid:10000001; rev:001;)
```

```
1 # $Id: local.rules,v 1.11 2004/07/23 20:15:44 bmc Exp $
2 # -----
3 # LOCAL RULES
4 alert tcp $EXTERNAL_NET any -> $HOME_NET 21 (msg:"FTP test"; sid:10000001; rev:001;)
5 # -----
6 # This file intentionally does not come with signatures. Put your local
7 # additions here.
```

Ήρθε η ώρα να κατεβάσουμε τον FTP Server μας με την εντολή:

```
$ sudo apt install vsftpd
```

```
zastava-ceo@zastavaceo-VirtualBox:/var/log/snort$ sudo apt install vsftpd
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
vsftpd is already the newest version (3.0.3-12).
The following packages were automatically installed and are no longer required:
  libfprint-2-tod1 libllvm10
Use 'sudo apt autoremove' to remove them.
0 upgraded, 0 newly installed, 0 to remove and 4 not upgraded.
```

```

zastava-ceo@zastavaceo-VirtualBox:/var/log/snort$ ifconfig
enp0s3: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
    inet 192.168.2.9 netmask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.2.255
    inet6 fe80::be23:aa6c:f558:715f prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<link>
    ether 08:00:27:39:c7:d6 txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
    RX packets 165891 bytes 186627273 (186.6 MB)
    RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
    TX packets 81082 bytes 9072434 (9.0 MB)
    TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0

lo: flags=73<UP,LOOPBACK,RUNNING> mtu 65536
    inet 127.0.0.1 netmask 255.0.0.0
    inet6 ::1 prefixlen 128 scopeid 0x10<host>
    loop txqueuelen 1000 (Local Loopback)
    RX packets 106818 bytes 58034315 (58.0 MB)
    RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
    TX packets 106818 bytes 58034315 (58.0 MB)
    TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0

```

Πλέον στο δεύτερο μηχάνημά μας (Kali) ανοίγω το Metasploit ώστε να κάνω το Bruteforce attack στο FTP Server του Ubuntu και εισχωρώντας τα σωστά credentials ξεκινάω να κάνω την επίθεση.

```

msf > use auxiliary/scanner/ftp/ftp_login
msf auxiliary(ftp_login) > search user_file /usr/share/wordlists
[!] Module database cache not built yet, using slow search
^C[-] Error while running command search:
msf auxiliary(ftp_login) > set user_file /usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt
user_file => /usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt
msf auxiliary(ftp_login) > set pass_file /usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt
pass_file => /usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt

msf auxiliary(ftp_login) > set rhosts 192.168.2.9
rhosts => 192.168.2.9
msf auxiliary(ftp_login) > run

[*] 192.168.2.9:21 - 192.168.2.9:21 - Starting FTP login sweep
[!] 192.168.2.9:21 - No active DB -- Credential data will not be saved!
[-] 192.168.2.9:21 - 192.168.2.9:21 - LOGIN FAILED: 123456:123456 (Incorrect: )
[-] 192.168.2.9:21 - 192.168.2.9:21 - LOGIN FAILED: 123456:12345 (Incorrect: )
[-] 192.168.2.9:21 - 192.168.2.9:21 - LOGIN FAILED: 123456:123456789 (Incorrect: )
[-] 192.168.2.9:21 - 192.168.2.9:21 - LOGIN FAILED: 123456:password (Incorrect: )
[-] 192.168.2.9:21 - 192.168.2.9:21 - LOGIN FAILED: 123456:iloveyou (Incorrect: )
[-] 192.168.2.9:21 - 192.168.2.9:21 - LOGIN FAILED: 123456:princess (Incorrect: )
[-] 192.168.2.9:21 - 192.168.2.9:21 - LOGIN FAILED: 123456:1234567 (Incorrect: )
[-] 192.168.2.9:21 - 192.168.2.9:21 - LOGIN FAILED: 123456:rockyou (Incorrect: )
[-] 192.168.2.9:21 - 192.168.2.9:21 - LOGIN FAILED: 123456:12345678 (Incorrect: )
[-] 192.168.2.9:21 - 192.168.2.9:21 - LOGIN FAILED: 123456:abc123 (Incorrect: )
[-] 192.168.2.9:21 - 192.168.2.9:21 - LOGIN FAILED: 123456:nicole (Incorrect: )

```

Μέχρι αυτήν την ώρα δεν έχουμε παρατηρήσει κάτι καινούριο στο ubuntu μηχανήμά μας.

2.

Εκτελώντας το Snort με την εντολή:

```
$ sudo snort -A console -i enp0s3 -c /etc/snort/snort.conf
```

```
+-----[event-filter-config]-----+
| memory-cap : 1048576 bytes
+-----[event-filter-global]-----+
+-----[event-filter-local]-----+
| none
+-----[suppression]-----+
| none
+-----+
Rule application order: activation->dynamic->pass->drop->sdrop->reject->alert->log
Verifying Preprocessor Configurations!

[ Port Based Pattern Matching Memory ]
[ Number of patterns truncated to 20 bytes: 0 ]
pcap DAQ configured to passive.
Acquiring network traffic from "enp0s3".
Reload thread starting...
Reload thread started, thread 0x7f5e8288f700 (49974)
Decoding Ethernet

    ---= Initialization Complete ==---

o"~)~
'""'

    -*> Snort! <*-
    Version 2.9.7.0 GRE (Build 149)
    By Martin Roesch & The Snort Team: http://www.snort.org/contact#team
    Copyright (C) 2014 Cisco and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
    Copyright (C) 1998-2013 Sourcefire, Inc., et al.
    Using libpcap version 1.9.1 (with TPACKET_V3)
    Using PCRE version: 8.39 2016-06-14
    Using ZLIB version: 1.2.11

    Rules Engine: SF_SNORT_DETECTION_ENGINE Version 2.4 <Build 1>
    Preprocessor Object: SF_REPUTATION Version 1.1 <Build 1>
    Preprocessor Object: SF_FTPTELNET Version 1.2 <Build 13>
    Preprocessor Object: SF_SIP Version 1.1 <Build 1>
    Preprocessor Object: SF_DNP3 Version 1.1 <Build 1>
    Preprocessor Object: SF_MODBUS Version 1.1 <Build 1>
    Preprocessor Object: SF_DNS Version 1.1 <Build 4>
    Preprocessor Object: SF_IMAP Version 1.0 <Build 1>
    Preprocessor Object: SF_POP Version 1.0 <Build 1>
    Preprocessor Object: SF_SMTP Version 1.1 <Build 9>
    Preprocessor Object: SF_GTP Version 1.1 <Build 1>
    Preprocessor Object: SF_SDF Version 1.1 <Build 1>
    Preprocessor Object: SF_SSH Version 1.1 <Build 3>
    Preprocessor Object: SF_DCERPC2 Version 1.0 <Build 3>
    Preprocessor Object: SF_SSLPP Version 1.1 <Build 4>
Commencing packet processing (pid=49969)
```



```

Preprocessor Object: SF_SDF Version 1.1 <Build 1>
Preprocessor Object: SF_SDF Version 1.1 <Build 1>
Preprocessor Object: SF_SSH Version 1.1 <Build 3>
Preprocessor Object: SF_DCERPC2 Version 1.0 <Build 3>
Preprocessor Object: SF_SSLLP Version 1.1 <Build 4>
Commencing packet processing (pid=49969)
06/07-21:35:39.948893 [[*]] [1:10000001:1] FTP test [[*]] [Priority: 0] [TCP] 192.168.2.12:35017 -> 192.168.2.9:21
06/07-21:35:39.949175 [[*]] [1:10000001:1] FTP test [[*]] [Priority: 0] [TCP] 192.168.2.12:35017 -> 192.168.2.9:21
06/07-21:35:39.953295 [[*]] [1:10000001:1] FTP test [[*]] [Priority: 0] [TCP] 192.168.2.12:35017 -> 192.168.2.9:21
06/07-21:35:39.953527 [[*]] [1:10000001:1] FTP test [[*]] [Priority: 0] [TCP] 192.168.2.12:35017 -> 192.168.2.9:21
06/07-21:35:39.954192 [[*]] [1:10000001:1] FTP test [[*]] [Priority: 0] [TCP] 192.168.2.12:35017 -> 192.168.2.9:21
06/07-21:35:42.715718 [[*]] [1:10000001:1] FTP test [[*]] [Priority: 0] [TCP] 192.168.2.12:42069 -> 192.168.2.9:21
06/07-21:35:42.716661 [[*]] [1:10000001:1] FTP test [[*]] [Priority: 0] [TCP] 192.168.2.12:42069 -> 192.168.2.9:21
06/07-21:35:42.720055 [[*]] [1:10000001:1] FTP test [[*]] [Priority: 0] [TCP] 192.168.2.12:42069 -> 192.168.2.9:21
06/07-21:35:42.720446 [[*]] [1:10000001:1] FTP test [[*]] [Priority: 0] [TCP] 192.168.2.12:42069 -> 192.168.2.9:21
06/07-21:35:42.721059 [[*]] [1:10000001:1] FTP test [[*]] [Priority: 0] [TCP] 192.168.2.12:42069 -> 192.168.2.9:21
06/07-21:35:42.752773 [[*]] [1:10000001:1] FTP test [[*]] [Priority: 0] [TCP] 192.168.2.12:35017 -> 192.168.2.9:21
06/07-21:35:45.223631 [[*]] [1:10000001:1] FTP test [[*]] [Priority: 0] [TCP] 192.168.2.12:34015 -> 192.168.2.9:21
06/07-21:35:45.223859 [[*]] [1:10000001:1] FTP test [[*]] [Priority: 0] [TCP] 192.168.2.12:34015 -> 192.168.2.9:21
06/07-21:35:45.226875 [[*]] [1:10000001:1] FTP test [[*]] [Priority: 0] [TCP] 192.168.2.12:34015 -> 192.168.2.9:21
06/07-21:35:45.227196 [[*]] [1:10000001:1] FTP test [[*]] [Priority: 0] [TCP] 192.168.2.12:34015 -> 192.168.2.9:21
06/07-21:35:45.227796 [[*]] [1:10000001:1] FTP test [[*]] [Priority: 0] [TCP] 192.168.2.12:34015 -> 192.168.2.9:21
06/07-21:35:45.265464 [[*]] [1:10000001:1] FTP test [[*]] [Priority: 0] [TCP] 192.168.2.12:42069 -> 192.168.2.9:21
06/07-21:35:48.475559 [[*]] [1:10000001:1] FTP test [[*]] [Priority: 0] [TCP] 192.168.2.12:34799 -> 192.168.2.9:21
06/07-21:35:48.475768 [[*]] [1:10000001:1] FTP test [[*]] [Priority: 0] [TCP] 192.168.2.12:34799 -> 192.168.2.9:21
06/07-21:35:48.478568 [[*]] [1:10000001:1] FTP test [[*]] [Priority: 0] [TCP] 192.168.2.12:34799 -> 192.168.2.9:21
06/07-21:35:48.478788 [[*]] [1:10000001:1] FTP test [[*]] [Priority: 0] [TCP] 192.168.2.12:34799 -> 192.168.2.9:21
06/07-21:35:48.479353 [[*]] [1:10000001:1] FTP test [[*]] [Priority: 0] [TCP] 192.168.2.12:34799 -> 192.168.2.9:21
06/07-21:35:48.518733 [[*]] [1:10000001:1] FTP test [[*]] [Priority: 0] [TCP] 192.168.2.12:34015 -> 192.168.2.9:21

```

Εισχωρούμε τους κανόνες που βρίσκουμε στο site του short και ξαναδοκιμάζουμε την επίθεση. Αν και κάναμε αρκετές δοκιμές δεν καταφέραμε να ενεργοποιήσουμε κάποιον νέο κανόνα.

Παρακάτω θα εξηγήσουμε κάποιες άγνωστες λέξεις που βλέπουμε μέσα στους κανόνες.

Classtype: Το classtype μας δείχνει τι τύπου είναι η δραστηριότητα που ψάχνουμε.

Content: Το content μας βοηθάει να βρούμε τα συγκεκριμένα μοτίβα που θέλουμε να ελέγξουμε αν εμπεριέχει το payload.

Isdataat: Το isdataat μας επιβεβαιώνει αν το payload είναι στην θέση που του δώσαμε.

Nocase: Με το nocase επιτυγχάνουμε να αναζητήσουμε συγκεκριμένο μοτίβο αγνοώντας κάθε περίπτωση.

Flow: Με το flow καταφέρνουμε να χρησιμοποιήσουμε τον κανόνα μόνο όταν εμείς θέλουμε μία συγκεκριμένη κυκλοφορία και όχι για κάθε κυκλοφορία.

Με τις παραπάνω πληροφορίες μπορούμε πλέον να αναλύσουμε κάποιους από τους κανόνες:

```
alert tcp $EXTERNAL_NET any -> $HOME_NET 3535 (msg:"FTP RMD / attempt"; flow:to_server,established; content:"RMD"; nocase; pcre:"/^RMD\s+\x2f$/smi"; reference:bugtraq,9159; classtype:attempted-dos; sid:2335; rev:2;) για παράδειγμα αυτός ο κανόνας ψάχνει συγκεκριμένο pattern σε επιθέσεις dos.
```

```
alert tcp $EXTERNAL_NET any -> $HOME_NET 21 (msg:"FTP large PWD command"; flow:to_server,established; dsize:10; content:"PWD"; nocase; classtype:protocol-command-decode; sid:1624; rev:6;) ο συγκεκριμένος κανόνας προσπαθεί να ανιχνεύσει τις επιθέσεις που προσπαθούν να αποσπάσουν πληροφορίες σχετικά με το path του προγράμματος.
```

```
alert tcp $EXTERNAL_NET any -> $HOME_NET 21 (msg:"FTP PASS
overflow attempt"; flow:to_server,established,no_stream;
content:"PASS"; nocase; isdataat:100,relative;
pcre:"/^PASS\s{100}/smi"; reference:bugtraq,10078;
reference:bugtraq,10720; reference:bugtraq,1690;
reference:bugtraq,3884; reference:bugtraq,8601;
reference:bugtraq,9285; reference:cve,1999-1519; reference:cve,1999-
1539; reference:cve,2000-1035; reference:cve,2002-0126;
reference:cve,2002-0895; classtype:attempted-admin; sid:1972; rev:16;)
Και αυτό ο κανόνας κάνει alert για κάθε επίθεση μέσω overflow.
```

4.

Η αξιομνημόνευτη διαφορά του snort με το inline snort είναι πως το inline χρησιμοποιεί κάποια daq modules όπου είναι συσκευές οι οποίες ελέγχουν την ροή των πακέτων ανάμεσα στο computer και στον αισθητήρα. Κάποιες από τις δυνατότητές του είναι να κάνει drop τα πακέτα που θεωρεί πως δεν πρέπει να φτάσουν στο μηχάνημά μας και να τα φιλτράρει καλύτερα. Μερικά από τα modules που υποστηρίζει το snort inline είναι τα afpacket-lpq-nfq-ip firewall.