ΨΗΦΙΑΚΗ ΕΠΕΞΕΡΓΑΣΙΑ ΚΑΙ ΑΝΑΛΥΣΗ ΕΙΚΟΝΑΣ

ΕΡΓΑΣΤΗΡΙΑΚΗ ΑΣΚΗΣΗ ΜΕΡΟΣ Β'

SCRIPTS

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 $ETO\Sigma:50$

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Στα πλαίσια της άσκησης δημιουργήθηκαν συναρτήσεις που κάνουν τα εξής:

- (Shift & Inverse_shift) μετατόπιση ώστε το χωρικό σημείο (0,0) του Fourier να βρεθεί στο κέντρο και η αντίστροφη συνάρτηση για τη shift (inverse_shift) που επαναφέρει τα χωρικά σημεία στις αρχικές θέσεις μετά την εφαρμογή της shift ώστε να γίνει ο αντίστροφος μετασχηματισμός Fourier σωστά. Στα script shift.m και inverse_shift.m
- (fft_pad & inverse_pad) για να συνελίξουμε στη συχνότητα δισδιάστατα σήματα αυτό το κάνουμε με κυκλική συνέλιξη. Για να γίνει αυτό πρέπει να γίνουν οι διαστάσεις της εικόνας ,αν αρχικά η εικόνα x(n1,n2) και το φίλτρο που θέλουμε να κάνουμε είναι h(n1,n2) τότε θα πρέπει να επεκταθούν με μηδενικά και τα 2 σε διαστάσεις N1 κ N2 με N1 = n1+n1 -1 & N2 = n2+n2-1. Στα script fft_pad.m και inverse_pad.m είναι υλοποιημένες οι συναρτήσεις αυτές.

Εδώ παρατίθενται τα scripts :

```
%% function shift
% analoga me to mege8os ths eikonas kanoume shift sto metasxhmatismo
% fourier ths gia na feroume tis epi8ymhtes syxnothtes sto (0,0)
function [new img] = shift(img)
[x,y,d] = size(img);
if d>1
    error('only m (x) n (x) 1 images');
    return;
end
if rem(x, 2) == 0 && rem(y, 2) == 0
    % diairesh eikonas se 4 kommatia
    fst q = img(1:(x/2),1:(y/2));
    scd q = img(1:(x/2),(y/2)+1:y);
    thd q = img((x/2)+1:x,1:(y/2));
    fth q = img((x/2)+1:x, (y/2)+1:y);
elseif rem(x, 2) \sim = 0 \&\& rem(y, 2) \sim = 0
    fst q = img(1:floor(x/2), 1:floor(y/2));
    scd q = img(1:floor(x/2),ceil(y/2):y);
    thd q = img(ceil(x/2):x,1:floor(y/2));
    fth q = img(ceil(x/2):x,ceil(y/2):y);
elseif rem(x, 2) \sim = 0 \&\& rem(y, 2) = = 0
    fst q = img(1:floor(x/2),1:(y/2));
    scd_q = img(1:floor(x/2), (y/2)+1:y);
    thd_q = img(ceil(x/2):x,1:(y/2));
    fth_q = img(ceil(x/2):x, (y/2)+1:y);
elseif rem(x,2) == 0 \&\& rem(y,2) \sim= 0
    fst q = img(1:(x/2), 1:floor(y/2));
    scd q = img(1:(x/2),ceil(y/2):y);
    thd q = img((x/2)+1:x,1:floor(y/2));
    fth_q = img((x/2)+1:x,ceil(y/2):y);
end
% synenwsh twn kommatiwn
new img = [fth q thd q;
    scd q fst q];
end
```

```
%% function inverse shift
% synarthsh pou xrhsimopoieitai gia antistrofh ths shift synartshs
gia na
% ginei o antistrofos fourier swsta
function [new img] = inverse shift(img)
[x,y,d] = size(img);
if d>1
    error('only m (x) n (x) 1 images');
    return;
end
if rem(x, 2) == 0 \&\& rem(y, 2) == 0
    % diairesh eikonas se 4 kommatia
    fst q = img(1:(x/2), 1:(y/2));
    scd q = img(1: (x/2), (y/2)+1:y);
    thd q = img((x/2)+1:x,1:(y/2));
    fth q = img((x/2)+1:x, (y/2)+1:y);
elseif rem(x, 2) \sim = 0 \&\& rem(y, 2) \sim = 0
    fst q = img(1:ceil(x/2), 1:ceil(y/2));
    scd q = img(1:ceil(x/2),ceil(y/2)+1:y);
    thd q = img(ceil(x/2)+1:x,1:ceil(y/2));
    fth q = img(ceil(x/2)+1:x,ceil(y/2)+1:y);
elseif rem(x, 2) \sim = 0 \&\& rem(y, 2) = = 0
    fst q = img(1:ceil(x/2),1:(y/2));
    scd q = img(1:ceil(x/2),(y/2)+1:y);
    thd q = img(ceil(x/2)+1:x,1:(y/2));
    fth q = img(ceil(x/2)+1:x, (y/2)+1:y);
elseif rem(x, 2) == 0 \&\& rem(y, 2) \sim= 0
    fst_q = img(1:(x/2), 1:ceil(y/2));
    scd q = img(1:(x/2),ceil(y/2)+1:y);
    thd q = img((x/2)+1:x,1:ceil(y/2));
    fth q = img((x/2)+1:x, ceil(y/2)+1:y);
end
% synenwsh twn kommatiwn
new img = [fth q thd q;
    scd q fst q];
end
%% function fft pad
% kanei pad thn eikona me mhdenika gia na efarmostei fourier
% metasxhmatismos kai syneli3h sth syxnothta me vash oti to filtro 8a
einai
% to idio mege8os me thn eikona opote 8a kanoume pad thn eikona se
mege8os
% (2*x - 1) kai (2*y - 1)
% gia eikones me diastaseis-dimensions m x n x 1 (grayscale)
function [padded] = fft pad(img)
[x,y,d] = size(img);
if d>1
    fprintf('warning: you chose a non grayscale image. we will
convert it\n');
    img = rgb2gray(img);
padded = zeros((2*x)-1, (2*y)-1);
padded(1:x,1:y) = img(1:x,1:y);
end
```

```
%% function inverse pad
% epanaferei th padded eikona sto arxiko ths mege8os afou exei
% xrhsimopoih8ei sthn eikona h synarthsh fft pad
function [original] = inverse pad(padded)
[x,y,d] = size(padded);
x = x + 1;
y = y + 1;
original = padded(1:(x/2),1:(y/2));
end
%% meros A B (apeikonish 2D Fourier & filtra Butterworth)
% script pou ginetai o 2D metasxhmatismos Fourier kai
% dhmiourgountai ta filtra butterworth (ypsiperata kai xamhloperata)
% gia na antimetwpistei o 8oryvos twn aktinografiwn sth syxnothta
close all; clear all; clc
%% radiograph 1
% prwth aktinografia
% diplasiasmos twn diastasewn ths eikonas gia na ginei o fourier kai
% syneli3oume sth syxnothta kai meta epanafora sta arxika mege8h sto
telos
radio 1 = fft pad(im2double(imread('radiograph 1.jpg')));
[xr1, yr1] = size(radio 1);
% didiastatos fft me th me9odo grammwn sthlwn
for i = 1:xr1
    fft_grammes_r1(i,:) = fft(radio_1(i,:));
end
for i = 1:yr1
    fft sthles r1(:,i) = fft(fft grammes r1(:,i));
end
% shift sta epimerous kommatia gia na feroume sto (0,0) tis
syxnothtes
radio 1 fft2 = shift(fft sthles r1);
figure
subplot(1,2,1),imshow(inverse pad(radio 1)),title('arxikh kranio')
\verb|subplot(1,2,2)|, \verb|imshow((log10(abs(radio\_1\_fft2))-1.35))|, title('DFT')|
% epilogh twn omega kai rank gia toys typous twn filtrwn
omega 1 r1 = 65.5;
omega h r1 = 199.5;
for repeat = 0:7
    ran f = 1 + repeat;
    for i = 1:xr1
        for j = 1:yr1
            % xamhloperato filtro
            Low H r1(i,j) = 1/(1+(sqrt(((i-((xr1+1)/2)).^2)+((j-
((yr1+1)/2)).^2))/omega l r1).^(2*ran f));
            % ypsiperato filtro
            High H r1(i,j) = 1/(1+(omega h r1./sqrt(((i-
((xr1+1)/2)).^2+((j-((yr1+1)/2)).^2))).^(2*ran f));
```

```
end
    end
    % syneli3h sth syxnnothta pol/zontas stoixeio epi stoixeio
    new radio 1 = (Low H r1+High H r1).*radio 1 fft2;
    subplot(1,2,1), imshow(log10(abs(radio 1 fft2)) -
1.35), title ('arxiko fasmatiko periexomeno')
    subplot(1,2,2), imshow(log10(abs(new radio 1)) -
1.35), title(sprintf('periexomeno meta apo filtro ta3hs: %d',ran f))
    new radio 1 = inverse shift(new radio 1);
    % antistrofos fft kata grammes kai kata sthles gia na paroume thn
arxikh
    % eikona mas
    for i = 1:xr1
       ifft grammes r1(i,:) = ifft(new radio 1(i,:));
    end
    for i = 1:vr1
        ifft_sthles_r1(:,i) = ifft(ifft_grammes_r1(:,i));
    teliko_r1 = inverse_pad(ifft_sthles_r1);
    figure
    subplot(1,2,1),imshow(inverse pad(radio 1)),title('arxikh')
    subplot(1,2,2),imshow(teliko r1),title(sprintf('filtrarismenh me
filtro ta3hs: %d',ran f))
end
%% radiograph 2
% deuterh aktinografia - kai edw akolou8eitai h idia me8odos me
parapanw
radio 2 = fft pad(im2double(imread('radiograph 2.jpg')));
[xr2,yr2] = size(radio 2);
for i = 1:xr2
    fft_grammes_r2(i,:) = fft(radio_2(i,:));
end
for i = 1:yr2
    fft sthles r2(:,i) = fft(fft grammes r2(:,i));
radio 2 fft2 = shift(fft sthles r2);
figure
subplot(1,2,1),imshow(inverse pad(radio 2)),title('arxikh gonato')
subplot(1,2,2), imshow((log10(abs(radio 2 fft2))-1.35)), title('DFT')
omega 1 r2 = 52.5;
omega h r2 = 112;
for repeat = 0:4
    ran f = 1 + repeat;
    for i = 1:xr2
        for j = 1:yr2
            % xamhloperato filtro
            Low H r2(i,j) = 1/(1+(sqrt(((i-((xr2+1)/2)).^2)+((j-
((yr2+1)/2)).^2))/omega l r2).^(2*ran f));
```

```
% ypsiperato filtro
            High H r2(i,j) = 1/(1+(omega h r2./sqrt(((i-
((xr2+1)/2)).^2+((j-((yr2+1)/2)).^2))).^{(2*ran f)};
        end
    end
    new radio 2 = (Low H r2+High H r2).*radio 2 fft2;
    figure
    subplot(1,2,1),imshow(log10(abs(radio 2 fft2))-
1.35), title ('arxiko fasmatiko periexomeno')
    subplot(1,2,2),imshow(log10(abs(new radio 2))-
1.35), title(sprintf('periexomeno meta apo filtro ta3hs: %d',ran f))
    new radio 2 = inverse shift(new radio 2);
    for i = 1:xr2
        ifft grammes r2(i,:) = ifft(new radio 2(i,:));
    end
    for i = 1:yr2
        ifft sthles r2(:,i) = ifft(ifft grammes r2(:,i));
    teliko r2 = inverse pad(ifft sthles r2);
    figure
    subplot(1,2,1),imshow(inverse pad(radio 2)),title('arxikh')
    subplot(1,2,2),imshow(teliko r2),title(sprintf('filtrarismenh me
filtro ta3hs: %d',ran f))
end
%% meros C (filtra Notch)
% script pou dhmiourgeitai to filtro notch na antimetwpistei o
8oryvos twn
% aktinografiwn sth syxnothta sta shmeia opou parousiazetai akrivws
close all; clear all; clc
%% radiograph 1
% akolou8eitai h idia diadikasia gia to metasxhmatismo Fourier kai
% antistrofo metasxhmatismo sth synexeia
% padding ths eikonas me mhdenika
radio 1 = fft pad(im2double(imread('radiograph 1.jpg')));
[xr1, yr1] = \overline{size} (radio 1);
% fft kata grammes - sthles
for i = 1:xr1
    fft grammes r1(i,:) = fft(radio 1(i,:));
end
for i = 1:yr1
    fft sthles r1(:,i) = fft(fft grammes r1(:,i));
end
radio 1 fft2 = shift(fft sthles r1);
sigma = 2*25.6;
posit r1 x = 2*[-95 - 45 45 95];
posit_r2_y = 2*[10 5 -5 -10];
```

```
for metav = 1:4
    omega x r1 = (xr1+1)/2;
    omega_y_r1 = (yr1+1)/2;
    omega_x_r1 = omega_x_r1 + posit_r1_x(metav);
    omega_y_r1 = omega_y_r1 + posit_r2 y (metav);
    for i = 1:xr1
        for j = 1:yr1
            H r1\{metav\}(i,j) = (1-exp(-((omega x r1 - i)^2 +...
                 (omega_y_r1 - j)^2)/sigma^2));
        end
    end
end
% ypologismos tou telikou filtrou gia ka8e shmeio opou parousiazetai
% paramorfwsh sto fasma twn syxnothtwn
h r1 = H r1\{1\}.*H r1\{2\}.*H r1\{3\}.*H r1\{4\};
\overline{\text{new radio}} 1 = (h_r1).*radio_1_fft2;
figure
subplot(1,3,1),imshow(log10(abs(radio 1 fft2))-1.35),title('arxiko
fasmatiko periexomeno')
subplot(1,3,2),imshow(h_r1),title('filtro Notch')
subplot(1,3,3),imshow(log10(abs(new radio 1))-
1.35),title('periexomeno meta to filtro')
new_radio_1 = inverse_shift(new_radio_1);
% ifft kata grammes - sthles
for i = 1:xr1
    ifft_grammes_r1(i,:) = ifft(new_radio_1(i,:));
end
for i = 1:vr1
    ifft sthles r1(:,i) = ifft(ifft grammes r1(:,i));
% epanafora ths eikonas sto arxiko ths mege9os
teliko r1 = inverse pad(ifft sthles r1);
figure
subplot(1,2,1),imshow(inverse_pad(radio_1)),title('arxikh')
subplot(1,2,2),imshow(teliko r1),title('filtrarismenh eikona')
%% radiograph 2
% akolou8eitai h idia diadikasia me thn 1h aktinografia mono pou edw
% dhmiourgountai 2 filtra mono giati ta shmeia pou 8eloume na
e3aleipsoume
% einai 2
radio 2 = fft pad(im2double(imread('radiograph 2.jpg')));
[xr2, yr2] = size(radio 2);
% fft
for i = 1:xr2
    fft_grammes_r2(i,:) = fft(radio_2(i,:));
end
for i = 1:vr2
    fft sthles r2(:,i) = fft(fft grammes r2(:,i));
end
radio 2 fft2 = shift(fft sthles r2);
```

```
sigma r2 = 2*17.6;
posit_r2_x = 2*[9 - 9];
posit r2 y = 2*[-35 \ 35];
for metav = 1:length(posit r2 x)
    omega x r2 = (xr2+1)/2;
    omega_y_r2 = (yr2+1)/2;
    omega x r2 = omega x r2 + posit r2 x (metav);
    omega_y_r2 = omega_y_r2 + posit_r2_y(metav);
for i = 1:xr2
        for j = 1:yr2
            H r2\{metav\}(i,j) = (1-exp(-(omega x r2 - i)^2 + ...
                 (omega y r2 - j)^2/sigma r2^2);
        end
    end
end
h r2 = H r2\{1\}.*H r2\{2\};
new radio 2 = (h r2).*radio 2 fft2;
figure
subplot(1,3,1),imshow((log10(abs(radio 2 fft2))-1.35)),title('arxiko
fasmatiko periexomeno')
subplot(1,3,2),imshow(h r2),title('filtro Notch')
subplot(1,3,3),imshow(abs((new radio 2))/100),title('periexomeno meta
to filtro')
new radio 2 = inverse shift(new radio 2);
% ifft
for i = 1:xr2
    ifft grammes r2(i,:) = ifft(new radio 2(i,:));
end
for i = 1:yr2
    ifft sthles r2(:,i) = ifft(ifft grammes r2(:,i));
end
teliko r2 = inverse pad(ifft sthles r2);
figure
subplot(1,2,1),imshow(inverse pad(radio 2)),title('arxikh')
subplot(1,2,2),imshow(teliko r2),title('filtrarismenh eikona')
%% ellipsoid filter
% xamhloperata kai ypsiperata filtra alla me elleipsoeides sxhma
% einai ta idia filtra me ta butterworth apla anti gia kyklo
dhmiourgh8hke
% elleipsh panw stous a3ones logw ths katanomhs tou 8oryvou etsi wste
% epiteux8ei ligoterh apwleia plhroforias kata thn efarmogh toy
filtrou.
% sto typo tou filtrou anti na mpei h synarthsh gia to kyklo (x^2 ,
% diaire8hke me kapoies metavlhtes gia na dhmiourgh8oun oi elleipseis
close all; clear all; clc
%% radiograph 1
```

```
radio 1 = fft pad(im2double(imread('radiograph 1.jpg')));
[xr1, yr1] = size(radio 1);
for i = 1:xr1
    fft grammes r1(i,:) = fft(radio 1(i,:));
end
for i = 1:yr1
    fft_sthles_r1(:,i) = fft(fft_grammes_r1(:,i));
radio 1 fft2 = shift(fft sthles r1);
omega 1 r1 = 47.5;
omega_h_r1 = 90;
ran f = 5;
for i = 1:xr1
    for j = 1:yr1
        % xamhloperato me diairemeno to x^2 kai y^2 me mia sta8era
        Low H r1(i,j) = 1/(1+(sqrt(((i-(xr1/2)).^2)/2+((j-
(yr1/2)).^2)/6)/omega l r1).^(2*ran f));
        % ypsiperato me diairemeno to x^2 kai y^2 me mia sta8era
        High_{r1}(i,j) = 1/(1+(omega_h_r1./sqrt(((i-
(xr1/2)).^2/6+((j-(yr1/2)).^2)/.45)).^(2*ran_f));
    end
end
new radio 1 = (Low_H_r1+High_H_r1).*radio_1_fft2;
figure
subplot(1,3,1), imshow(log10(abs(radio 1 fft2))-1.35), title('arxiko')
fasmatiko periexomeno')
subplot(1,3,2),imshow(Low H r1+High H r1),title('filtro')
subplot(1,3,3),imshow(log10(abs(new radio 1))-
1.35), title('periexomeno meta to filtro')
new radio 1 = inverse shift(new radio 1);
for i = 1:xr1
    ifft grammes r1(i,:) = ifft(new radio 1(i,:));
end
for i = 1:vr1
    ifft sthles r1(:,i) = ifft(ifft grammes r1(:,i));
teliko r1 = inverse pad(ifft sthles r1);
figure
subplot(1,2,1),imshow(inverse pad(radio 1)),title('arxikh')
subplot(1,2,2),imshow(teliko r1),title('filtrarismenh')
%% radiograph 2
% akolou8eitai h idia diadikasia kai edw
```

```
radio 2 = fft pad(im2double(imread('radiograph 2.jpg')));
[xr2, yr2] = size(radio 2);
for i = 1:xr2
    fft grammes r2(i,:) = fft(radio 2(i,:));
for i = 1:yr2
    fft_sthles_r2(:,i) = fft(fft_grammes_r2(:,i));
radio 2 fft2 = shift(fft sthles r2);
ran f = 5;
omega 1 r2 = 25;
omega_h_r2 = 80;
for i = 1:xr2
    for j = 1:yr2
        Low H r2(i,j) = 1/(1+(sqrt(((i-((xr2+1)/2)).^2)/2+((j-
((yr2+1)/2), ^{-}2)/1.35)/omega_l_r2).^{(2*ran_f)};
        High H r2(i,j) = 1/(1+(omega h r2./sqrt(((i-
((xr2+1)/2)).^2)/0.2+((j-((yr2+1)/2)).^2)/1.2)).^(2*ran f));
    end
end
new radio_2 = (Low_H_r2+High_H_r2).*radio_2_fft2;
figure
subplot(1,3,1),imshow(log10(abs(radio 2 fft2))-1.35),title('arxiko
fasmatiko periexomeno')
subplot(1,3,2),imshow(Low H r2+High H r2),title('filtro')
subplot(1,3,3),imshow(log10(abs(new radio 2))-
1.35),title('periexomeno meta to filtro')
new_radio_2 = inverse_shift(new_radio_2);
for i = 1:xr2
    ifft grammes r2(i,:) = ifft(new radio 2(i,:));
end
for i = 1:yr2
    ifft sthles r2(:,i) = ifft(ifft grammes r2(:,i));
end
teliko r2 = inverse pad(ifft sthles r2);
figure
subplot(1,2,1),imshow(inverse pad(radio 2)),title('arxikh')
subplot(1,2,2),imshow(teliko r2),title('filtrarismenh')
```