

Fixing broken robots - Android Mutation Testing

DroidConSG 2019

About me

- Matthew Vern
- Twitter [@panini_ja](#)
- Github [panpanini](#)
- Mercari, Inc
- Software Engineer (Android)



My job

- Client Engineer
- Solving problems for our customers
- Shipping features
- Improve existing functionality

My job

- A non-shipped feature doesn't provide benefit
- Ship features as quick as possible

My job

- A shipped, broken feature doesn't provide benefit
- Ship *quality* features as quick as possible

Maintaining quality

Maintaining quality

- QA

Maintaining quality

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- Code Review

Maintaining quality

- QA
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- Tests

Maintaining quality

- How do we know our tests are providing quality

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Maintaining quality

- How do we know our tests are providing quality
- Use coverage to make sure that our tests are calling production code
 - changes introduced will not break existing code
 - new code does what it says on the tin

**Who watches the
watchmen?**

Maintaining quality

How do we know that our *tests* are quality?

What are tests

What are tests

- asserting that our assumptions about a piece of code are correct
- binary assertions of code correctness

**Lets fail
some tests**

Lets fail some tests

- Unit tests assert code behaviour
- change code behaviour
- tests fail
- ????
- profit

Mutation testing

Mutation testing

- proposed by Richard Lipton in 1971
- computationally expensive, not a viable testing solution until recently

Mutation testing steps

1. Create a mutant
2. Run test suite
3. Confirm if mutant was detected or not
4. Repeat

What is a mutant?

- A mutant is a biological entity which has undergone a change in its genetic structure.

What is a mutant?

- A mutant is a code block which has undergone a change in its structure.

Creating mutations

```
class SessionController(  
    private val sessions: MutableList<Session>  
) : EpoxyController() {  
  
    fun setSessions(sessions: List<Session>) {}  
  
    override fun buildModels() {}  
  
    fun generateModels(sessions: List<Session>): List<SessionModel> {}  
}
```

Creating mutations

```
fun setSessions(sessions: List<Session>) {  
    this.sessions.clear()  
    this.sessions.addAll(sessions)  
    requestModelBuild()  
}
```

Creating mutations

```
override fun buildModels() {  
    generateModels(sessions)  
        .forEach { it.addTo(this) }  
}
```

Creating mutations

```
fun generateModels(sessions: List<Session>): List<SessionModel> {  
    return sessions  
        .map { session →  
            SessionModel_  
                .title(session.title)  
                .imageUrl(  
                    if (session.speaker.profileImage ≠ "") {  
                        session.speaker.profileImage  
                    } else {  
                        null  
                    }  
                )  
            }  
        }  
}
```

Creating mutations

Creating mutations

- Competent Programmer Hypothesis

Creating mutations

- Competent Programmer Hypothesis
- Coupling Effect

Conditionals boundary

Replaces relational operators with boundary counterpart

Original	Mutated
<	<=
<=	<
>	>=
>=	>

Conditionals boundary

```
// original  
if (currentTime < startTime) {  
    // do something  
}
```

```
// mutated  
if (currentTime ≤ startTime) {  
    // do something  
}
```

Negate Conditionals

Negates conditional checks

Original	Mutated
==	!=
!=	==
<=	>
>	<=

```
// original
fun buildModels() {
    SessionModel_()
        .title(session.title)
        .imageUrl(
            if (session.speaker.profileImage != "") {
                session.speaker.profileImage
            } else {
                null
            }
        )
}
```

```
// mutated
fun buildModels() {
    SessionModel_()
        .title(session.title)
        .imageUrl(
            if (session.speaker.profileImage == "") {
                session.speaker.profileImage
            } else {
                null
            }
        )
}
```

Remove void calls 🐱

removes void method calls

Remove void calls

```
// original
fun setSessions(sessions: List<Session>) {
    this.sessions.clear()
    this.sessions.addAll(sessions)
    requestModelBuild()
}
```

```
// mutated
fun setSessions(sessions: List<Session>) {
    this.sessions.clear()
    this.sessions.addAll(sessions)
}
```

So what?

Why mutation testing

- Code coverage, but better

Mutation testing

The better way

1. Introduce a fault into production code
2. Use code coverage to determine which tests to run
3. Run tests
4. Confirm if fault was detected or not
5. Repeat

**That's a lot of work you
expect us to do there
bud**

Pitest



Real world mutation testing

PIT is a state of the art **mutation testing** system, providing **gold standard test coverage** for Java and the jvm. It's fast, scalable and integrates with modern test and build tooling.

Get Started

[User Group](#) [Issues](#) [Source](#) [Maven Central](#)

Pitest

- pitest.org
- mutation testing system
- mutants stored in memory
- outputs pretty reports
- Gradle plugin 🐱💕

Gradle plugin

- `szpak/gradle-pitest-plugin`
- `apply plugin: pitest`
- generates `pitest<Variant>` tasks

9. Can I use gradle-pitest-plugin with my Android application?

Short answer is: not directly. Due to some [incompatibilities](#) between "standard" Java applications and Android Java applications in Gradle the plugin does not support the later. Luckily, there is an Android [fork](#) of the plugin maintained by [Karol Wrótniak](#) which provides a modified version supporting Android applications (but on the other hand it doesn't work with standard Java applications).

Android Gradle plugin

- [koral--/gradle-pitest-plugin](#)
- written by Karol Wrótniak, forked from [szpak/gradle-pitest-plugin](#)
- works with Android projects
- has some Android specific helpers (eg: generating mockable Android jar)

Android Gradle plugin

```
plugins {  
    id("pl.droidsonroids.pitest")  
}  
  
pitest {  
    excludeMockableAndroidJar = false  
    targetClasses = setOf("jp.co.panpanini.mypackage.*")  
    outputFormats = setOf("XML", "HTML")  
}
```

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Demo

Pitest tips & tricks

Pitest kotlin

- [pitest/pitest-kotlin](#)
- MutationInterceptor
- Removes mutants for Kotlin generated code

**Run PITest on Unit
tests only**

Run PITest on CI

Mutation Testing

- [panpanini/mutation_testing](#)
- Github: panpanini
- Twitter: panini_ja

