Musk Classification

About

The given dataset contains details about organic chemical compounds including their chemical features, isomeric conformation, names and the classes in which they are classified. The compounds are classified as either 'Musk' or 'Non-Musk' compounds.

Your task is to build a classification model on the given data using any Deep Learning approach

Attributes in musk_csv.csv

- 1. molecule_name: Symbolic name of each molecule.
- 2. conformation_name: Symbolic name of each conformation
- 3. f1-f166: These are chemical features.
- 4. class: 0 if compound is classified as non-musk, 1 if compound is classified as musk

In [1]:

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from sklearn import preprocessing
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn import preprocessing
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Dense,Activation, Dropout
from imblearn.over_sampling import SMOTE
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score
from sklearn.metrics import precision_score
from sklearn.metrics import f1 score
from sklearn.metrics import recall_score
Using TensorFlow backend.
```

Exploratory Data Analysis

```
In [2]:
```

```
df=pd.read_csv("musk_csv.csv")
df.head()
```

Out[2]:

	I	D	molecule_name	conformation_name	f1	f2	f3	f4	f5	f6	f7	 f158	f159	f160	f161	f162	f163	f164	f165	f166	cla
()	1	MUSK-211	211_1+1	46	108	-60	- 69	- 117	49	38	 -308	52	-7	39	126	156	-50	-112	96	
	1	2	MUSK-211	211_1+10	41	- 188	- 145	22	- 117	-6	57	 -59	-2	52	103	136	169	-61	-136	79	
:	2	3	MUSK-211	211_1+11	46	- 194	- 145	28	- 117	73	57	 -134	-154	57	143	142	165	-67	-145	39	
;	3	4	MUSK-211	211_1+12	41	- 188	- 145	22	- 117	-7	57	 -60	-4	52	104	136	168	-60	-135	80	
	4	5	MUSK-211	211_1+13	41	- 188	- 145	22	- 117	-7	57	 -60	-4	52	104	137	168	-60	-135	80	

```
5 rows × 170 columns
In [3]:
df.tail()
Out[3]:
        ID molecule name conformation name f1
                                             f2 f3 f4
                                                         f5
                                                              f6 f7 ... f158 f159 f160 f161 f162 f163 f164 f165
              NON-MUSK-
 6593 6594
                                                                              164
                                                                                             107
                                 jp13_2+5 51
                                                             134
                                                                  160 ...
                                                                          -66
                                                                                    -14
                                                                                        -29
                                                                                                  171
                                                                                                       -44 -115
                                             123 23 108 117
                    jp13
              NON-MUSK-
 6594 6595
                                 jp13_2+6 44 104 19 105 117 142 ...
                                                                          -51
                                                                              166
                                                                                    -9
                                                                                        150
                                                                                             129
                                                                                                  158
                                                                                                       -66 -144
                    jp13
              NON-MUSK-
 6595 6596
                                                                                        150
                                 jp13_2+7 44
                                                                 165 ...
                                                                          90
                                                                              117
                                                                                             130
                                                                                                  159
                                                                                                       -66 -144
                                                                                     -8
                                             102 19 104 117
                    jp13
              NON-MUSK-
 6596 6597
                                                                               99
                                                                                         -31
                                                                                             106
                                                                                                  171
                                                                                                       -44 -116
                                 jp13_2+8 51
                                                                          86
                                                                                    -14
                                                                  161 ...
                                             121 23 106 117
                    jp13
              NON-MUSK-
 6597 6598
                                                                                                       -44 -115
                                 jp13_2+9 51
                                             122 23 106 117 190 161 ....
                                                                          40 124
                                                                                    -14
                                                                                        -30
                                                                                             107
                                                                                                  171
                    jp13
5 rows × 170 columns
In [4]:
df.shape
Out[4]:
(6598, 170)
In [5]:
df.columns
Out[5]:
Index(['ID', 'molecule_name', 'conformation_name', 'f1', 'f2', 'f3', 'f4',
        'f5', 'f6', 'f7',
        'f158', 'f159', 'f160', 'f161', 'f162', 'f163', 'f164', 'f165', 'f166',
        'class'],
      dtype='object', length=170)
Checking for any null values
In [6]:
#Check for null values
df.isnull().any()
Out[6]:
                        False
molecule name
                       False
conformation name
                       False
f1
                       False
f2
                       False
f3
                        False
f4
                       False
f5
                       False
f6
                        False
f7
                       False
f8
                        False
f9
                        False
f10
                       False
                       False
f11
f12
                       False
```

```
f13
                    False
f14
                    False
f15
                    False
f16
                    False
f17
                    False
f18
                    False
f19
                    False
f20
                    False
f21
                    False
f22
                    False
f23
                    False
f24
                    False
f25
                    False
f26
                    False
f27
                    False
f138
                    False
f139
                    False
f140
                    False
f141
                    False
f142
                    False
f143
                   False
f144
                    False
f145
                    False
f146
                    False
f147
                    False
f148
                    False
f149
                    False
f150
                    False
f151
                    False
f152
                    False
f153
                    False
f154
                   False
f155
                    False
f156
                    False
f157
                    False
f158
                    False
f159
                   False
f160
                    False
f161
                    False
f162
                    False
f163
                    False
f164
                    False
f165
                    False
f166
                    False
class
                    False
Length: 170, dtype: bool
In [7]:
df['class'].value counts()
Out[7]:
0 5581
1 1017
Name: class, dtype: int64
In [8]:
#plotting pie chart for class
df['class'].value_counts().plot(kind='pie', figsize=(5,5))
Out[8]:
```

0

<matplotlib.axes. subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x21ba285be08>

Observation: Class variable is imbalanced, will use SMOTE to balance the data

```
In [9]:
```

```
# Dropping ID, molecule_name, Conformation_name features from dataframe
df = df.drop(['ID'],axis=1)
df = df.drop(['molecule_name'],axis=1)
df = df.drop(['conformation_name'],axis=1)
```

In [10]:

Splitting the data into 80:20 ratio

```
In [12]:
```

```
y=df['class']
X=df.drop('class',axis=1)
```

In [13]:

```
#train test split
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train,X_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(X,y,test_size=0.2,random_state=42)
```

In [14]:

```
scaler = preprocessing.StandardScaler()
X_train = scaler.fit_transform(X_train)
X_test = scaler.transform(X_test)
```

Resampling using SMOTE to balance data

```
In [15]:
```

```
sm = SMOTE(random_state = 2)
X_train_res, y_train_res = sm.fit_sample(X_train, y_train.ravel())
```

In [16]:

```
print("After OverSampling, counts of label '1': {}".format(sum(y_train_res == 1)))
print("After OverSampling, counts of label '0': {}".format(sum(y_train_res == 0)))
```

```
After OverSampling, counts of label '1': 4470 After OverSampling, counts of label '0': 4470
```

Model 1

In [17]:

```
model = Sequential()
model.add(Dense(64,activation='relu', input shape=(166,)))
model.add(Dense(32,activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(1,activation='sigmoid'))
WARNING: Logging before flag parsing goes to stderr.
W1215 14:19:50.698777 8876 deprecation wrapper.py:119] From
\verb|c:\users\acer\appdata\local\programs\python\python37\lib\site-|
packages\keras\backend\tensorflow backend.py:74: The name tf.get default graph is deprecated. Plea
se use tf.compat.v1.get_default_graph instead.
W1215 14:19:50.730056 8876 deprecation wrapper.py:119] From
c:\users\acer\appdata\local\programs\python\python37\lib\site-
packages\keras\backend\tensorflow backend.py:517: The name tf.placeholder is deprecated. Please us
e tf.compat.v1.placeholder instead.
W1215 14:19:50.745678 8876 deprecation wrapper.py:119] From
c:\users\acer\appdata\local\programs\python\python37\lib\site-
packages\keras\backend\tensorflow backend.py:4138: The name tf.random uniform is deprecated. Pleas
e use tf.random.uniform instead.
```

In [18]:

model.summary()

Output	Shape	Param #
		10600
(None,	64)	10688
(None,	32)	2080
(None,	1)	33
	(None,	(None, 64) (None, 32) (None, 1)

Trainable params: 12,801 Non-trainable params: 0

In [19]:

```
model.compile(optimizer='adam',
              loss='binary_crossentropy',
              metrics=['accuracy'])
W1215 14:20:00.316965 8876 deprecation wrapper.py:119] From
c:\users\acer\appdata\local\programs\python\python37\lib\site-packages\keras\optimizers.py:790: Th
e name tf.train.Optimizer is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.train.Optimizer instead.
W1215 14:20:00.348249 8876 deprecation_wrapper.py:119] From
c:\users\acer\appdata\local\programs\python\python37\lib\site-
packages\keras\backend\tensorflow backend.py:3376: The name tf.log is deprecated. Please use tf.ma
th.log instead.
W1215 14:20:00.363829 8876 deprecation.py:323] From
c:\users\acer\appdata\local\programs\python\python37\lib\site-
packages\tensorflow\python\ops\nn impl.py:180: add dispatch support.<locals>.wrapper (from
tensorflow.python.ops.array ops) is deprecated and will be removed in a future version.
Instructions for updating:
Use tf.where in 2.0, which has the same broadcast rule as np.where
```

In [20]:

```
))
score = model.evaluate(X_test,y_test,verbose=0)
W1215 14:20:48.797669 8876 deprecation wrapper.py:119] From
c:\users\acer\appdata\local\programs\python\python37\lib\site-
packages\keras\backend\tensorflow backend.py:986: The name tf.assign add is deprecated. Please use
tf.compat.vl.assign add instead.
Train on 8940 samples, validate on 1320 samples
Epoch 1/50
0.1907 - val acc: 0.9265
Epoch 2/50
0.1134 - val acc: 0.9629
Epoch 3/50
0.0891 - val acc: 0.9705
Epoch 4/50
0.0603 - val acc: 0.9773
Epoch 5/50
8940/8940 [============= ] - Os 23us/step - loss: 0.0400 - acc: 0.9890 - val loss:
0.0502 - val acc: 0.9856
Epoch 6/50
8940/8940 [============== ] - Os 23us/step - loss: 0.0293 - acc: 0.9927 - val loss:
0.0403 - val acc: 0.9856
Epoch 7/50
0.0357 - val acc: 0.9871
Epoch 8/50
0.0298 - val acc: 0.9894
Epoch 9/50
0.0253 - val_acc: 0.9917
Epoch 10/50
0.0269 - val_acc: 0.9894
Epoch 11/50
8940/8940 [============= ] - Os 21us/step - loss: 0.0067 - acc: 0.9996 - val loss:
0.0206 - val acc: 0.9917
Epoch 12/50
0.0184 - val acc: 0.9917
Epoch 13/50
0.0164 - val acc: 0.9939
Epoch 14/50
0.0159 - val acc: 0.9932
Epoch 15/50
0.0140 - val acc: 0.9955
Epoch 16/50
0.0135 - val acc: 0.9947
Epoch 17/50
0.0144 - val acc: 0.9947
Epoch 18/50
0.0145 - val_acc: 0.9939
Epoch 19/50
0.0135 - val acc: 0.9939
Epoch 20/50
0.0135 - val acc: 0.9947
Epoch 21/50
8940/8940 [============================ ] - Os 24us/step - loss: 9.1424e-04 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0125 - val acc: 0.9947
Epoch 22/50
```

8940/8940 [==============] - 0s 28us/step - loss: 9.8869e-04 - acc: 1.0000 - val_1

0 0140

---1 ---- 0 0047

```
oss: U.U142 - Val acc: U.994/
Epoch 23/50
oss: 0.0113 - val_acc: 0.9962
Epoch 24/50
oss: 0.0113 - val_acc: 0.9962
Epoch 25/50
8940/8940 [============== ] - Os 24us/step - loss: 5.6481e-04 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0112 - val_acc: 0.9955
Epoch 26/50
oss: 0.0113 - val acc: 0.9939
Epoch 27/50
8940/8940 [============== ] - Os 26us/step - loss: 4.4662e-04 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0110 - val acc: 0.9947
Epoch 28/50
8940/8940 [============== ] - Os 28us/step - loss: 4.1043e-04 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0117 - val acc: 0.9955
Epoch 29/50
8940/8940 [============== ] - Os 24us/step - loss: 3.6552e-04 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0106 - val acc: 0.9955
Epoch 30/50
8940/8940 [============== ] - Os 26us/step - loss: 3.3483e-04 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0106 - val_acc: 0.9955
Epoch 31/50
8940/8940 [============== ] - Os 26us/step - loss: 3.1827e-04 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0111 - val acc: 0.9955
Epoch 32/50
oss: 0.0098 - val acc: 0.9962
Epoch 33/50
oss: 0.0105 - val_acc: 0.9970
Epoch 34/50
8940/8940 [============= ] - Os 26us/step - loss: 2.3607e-04 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0108 - val_acc: 0.9955
Epoch 35/50
oss: 0.0105 - val_acc: 0.9970
Epoch 36/50
oss: 0.0104 - val_acc: 0.9970
Epoch 37/50
oss: 0.0099 - val acc: 0.9962
Epoch 38/50
8940/8940 [============== ] - Os 24us/step - loss: 1.7457e-04 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0103 - val acc: 0.9970
Epoch 39/50
oss: 0.0097 - val acc: 0.9970
Epoch 40/50
8940/8940 [============= ] - Os 26us/step - loss: 1.4977e-04 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0094 - val acc: 0.9977
Epoch 41/50
8940/8940 [============= ] - Os 28us/step - loss: 1.3900e-04 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0096 - val acc: 0.9977
Epoch 42/50
oss: 0.0102 - val acc: 0.9970
Epoch 43/50
8940/8940 [============== ] - Os 24us/step - loss: 1.2652e-04 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0091 - val_acc: 0.9977
Epoch 44/50
oss: 0.0096 - val_acc: 0.9970
Epoch 45/50
oss: 0.0098 - val_acc: 0.9970
Epoch 46/50
oss: 0.0096 - val_acc: 0.9970
Epoch 47/50
8940/8940 [============= ] - Os 26us/step - loss: 9.4372e-05 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0096 - val acc: 0.9970
Epoch 48/50
```

1 0 00 / 1

0 1004 05

1 0000

Saving h5 model

In [50]:

```
# serialize model to JSON
model_json = model.to_json()
with open("model.json", "w") as json_file:
    json_file.write(model_json)
# serialize weights to HDF5
model.save_weights("model.h5")
print("Saved model to disk")
```

Saved model to disk

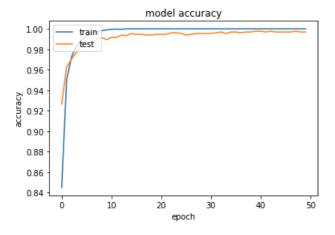
In [22]:

```
print(history.history.keys())
```

dict_keys(['val_loss', 'val_acc', 'loss', 'acc'])

In [23]:

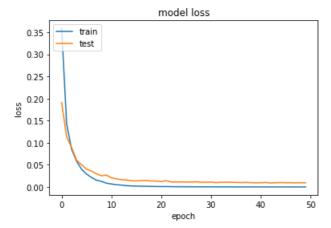
```
# summarize history for accuracy
plt.plot(history.history['acc'])
plt.plot(history.history['val_acc'])
plt.title('model accuracy')
plt.ylabel('accuracy')
plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'test'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()
```



In [24]:

```
# summarize history for loss
plt.plot(history.history['loss'])
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'])
```

```
plt.title('model loss')
plt.ylabel('loss')
plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'test'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()
```



In [25]:

```
#Reference is taken from here : https://machinelearningmastery.com/how-to-calculate-precision-reca
11-f1-and-more-for-deep-learning-models/
# predict probabilities for test set
yhat_probs = model.predict(X_test, verbose=0)
# predict crisp classes for test set
yhat_classes = model.predict_classes(X_test, verbose=0)
```

In [26]:

```
# reduce to 1d array
yhat_probs = yhat_probs[:, 0]
yhat_classes = yhat_classes[:, 0]
```

In [27]:

```
accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, yhat_classes)
print('Accuracy: %f' % accuracy)

precision = precision_score(y_test, yhat_classes)
print('Precision: %f' % precision)

recall = recall_score(y_test, yhat_classes)
print('Recall: %f' % recall)

f1 = f1_score(y_test, yhat_classes)
print('F1 score: %f' % f1)
```

Accuracy: 0.996970 Precision: 0.995169 Recall: 0.985646 Fl score: 0.990385

Model 2

In [28]:

```
model_2 = Sequential()
model_2.add(Dense(128,activation='relu', input_shape=(166,)))
model_2.add(Dense(64,activation='relu'))
model_2.add(Dense(64,activation='relu'))
model_2.add(Dense(1,activation='sigmoid'))
```

In [29]:

model	2	. S	ummary	()	

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #							
dense_4 (Dense)	(None, 128)	21376							
dense_5 (Dense)	(None, 64)	8256							
dense_6 (Dense)	(None, 64)	4160							
dense_7 (Dense)	(None, 1)	65							
Total params: 33.857									

Total params: 33,857 Trainable params: 33,857 Non-trainable params: 0

In [30]:

In [31]:

```
history = model_2.fit(X_train_res,y_train_res,epochs=50,batch_size=128,validation_data=(X_test,y_test))
score1 = model_2.evaluate(X_test,y_test,verbose=0)
```

```
Train on 8940 samples, validate on 1320 samples
Epoch 1/50
8940/8940 [============= ] - 1s 104us/step - loss: 0.2601 - acc: 0.8909 -
val loss: 0.1067 - val acc: 0.9561
Epoch 2/50
0.0725 - val acc: 0.9765
Epoch 3/50
0.0388 - val acc: 0.9871
Epoch 4/50
0.0319 - val acc: 0.9924
Epoch 5/50
0.0281 - val acc: 0.9864
Epoch 6/50
0.0159 - val acc: 0.9932
Epoch 7/50
8940/8940 [============== ] - Os 28us/step - loss: 0.0030 - acc: 0.9993 - val loss:
0.0101 - val acc: 0.9962
Epoch 8/50
0.0143 - val acc: 0.9955
Epoch 9/50
8940/8940 [============= ] - Os 26us/step - loss: 8.5646e-04 - acc: 0.9999 - val 1
oss: 0.0142 - val acc: 0.9955
Epoch 10/50
8940/8940 [============================ ] - Os 28us/step - loss: 4.0184e-04 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0112 - val_acc: 0.9955
Epoch 11/50
8940/8940 [============== ] - Os 31us/step - loss: 3.0641e-04 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0107 - val acc: 0.9955
Epoch 12/50
8940/8940 [============== ] - Os 28us/step - loss: 2.3993e-04 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0110 - val acc: 0.9955
Epoch 13/50
oss: 0.0099 - val_acc: 0.9955
Epoch 14/50
oss: 0.0090 - val acc: 0.9947
Epoch 15/50
```

```
oss: 0.0094 - val acc: 0.9947
Epoch 16/50
8940/8940 [============== ] - Os 31us/step - loss: 1.2591e-04 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0099 - val acc: 0.9970
Epoch 17/50
8940/8940 [============== ] - Os 30us/step - loss: 1.0882e-04 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0093 - val acc: 0.9947
Epoch 18/50
8940/8940 [============== ] - Os 28us/step - loss: 9.5328e-05 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0089 - val acc: 0.9955
Epoch 19/50
8940/8940 [============== ] - Os 30us/step - loss: 8.5975e-05 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0089 - val acc: 0.9947
Epoch 20/50
8940/8940 [============= ] - Os 30us/step - loss: 7.6997e-05 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0089 - val acc: 0.9962
Epoch 21/50
8940/8940 [============== ] - Os 26us/step - loss: 6.9161e-05 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0089 - val acc: 0.9955
Epoch 22/50
8940/8940 [============== ] - Os 28us/step - loss: 6.1239e-05 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0083 - val acc: 0.9955
Epoch 23/50
oss: 0.0080 - val acc: 0.9955
Epoch 24/50
8940/8940 [============== ] - Os 28us/step - loss: 5.0465e-05 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0087 - val_acc: 0.9962
Epoch 25/50
oss: 0.0078 - val_acc: 0.9955
Epoch 26/50
oss: 0.0085 - val acc: 0.9962
Epoch 27/50
8940/8940 [============== ] - Os 33us/step - loss: 3.7573e-05 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0080 - val_acc: 0.9962
Epoch 28/50
8940/8940 [============== ] - Os 28us/step - loss: 3.4856e-05 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0079 - val acc: 0.9962
Epoch 29/50
8940/8940 [============== ] - Os 28us/step - loss: 3.2247e-05 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0077 - val acc: 0.9955
Epoch 30/50
8940/8940 [============== ] - Os 30us/step - loss: 2.9669e-05 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0078 - val acc: 0.9962
Epoch 31/50
8940/8940 [============= ] - Os 31us/step - loss: 2.7471e-05 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0076 - val acc: 0.9955
Epoch 32/50
8940/8940 [============== ] - Os 31us/step - loss: 2.4946e-05 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0082 - val acc: 0.9962
Epoch 33/50
oss: 0.0074 - val_acc: 0.9962
Epoch 34/50
oss: 0.0081 - val_acc: 0.9962
Epoch 35/50
oss: 0.0075 - val_acc: 0.9962
Epoch 36/50
oss: 0.0074 - val acc: 0.9962
Epoch 37/50
oss: 0.0076 - val acc: 0.9970
Epoch 38/50
8940/8940 [============== ] - Os 31us/step - loss: 1.6489e-05 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0077 - val_acc: 0.9962
Epoch 39/50
8940/8940 [============================ ] - Os 31us/step - loss: 1.5102e-05 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0077 - val acc: 0.9962
Epoch 40/50
oss: 0.0078 - val acc: 0.9962
```

```
Epoch 41/50
oss: 0.0077 - val_acc: 0.9970
Epoch 42/50
8940/8940 [============== ] - Os 30us/step - loss: 1.2470e-05 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0076 - val acc: 0.9970
Epoch 43/50
oss: 0.0075 - val acc: 0.9970
Epoch 44/50
8940/8940 [============== ] - 0s 31us/step - loss: 1.1036e-05 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0075 - val acc: 0.9970
Epoch 45/50
oss: 0.0076 - val_acc: 0.9970
Epoch 46/50
8940/8940 [============== ] - Os 30us/step - loss: 9.6192e-06 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0078 - val_acc: 0.9962
Epoch 47/50
oss: 0.0078 - val acc: 0.9970
Epoch 48/50
8940/8940 [============= ] - Os 31us/step - loss: 8.4417e-06 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0074 - val_acc: 0.9970
Epoch 49/50
8940/8940 [============== ] - Os 30us/step - loss: 7.8780e-06 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0079 - val_acc: 0.9970
Epoch 50/50
oss: 0.0077 - val acc: 0.9970
```

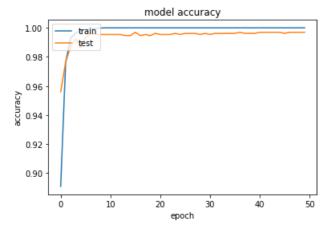
In [32]:

```
print("Accuracy : %.2f%%" % (score1[1]*100))
```

Accuracy : 99.70%

In [34]:

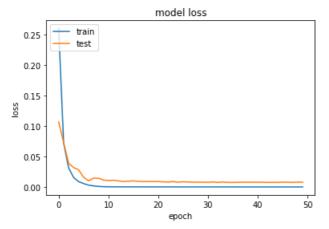
```
# summarize history for accuracy
plt.plot(history.history['acc'])
plt.plot(history.history['val_acc'])
plt.title('model accuracy')
plt.ylabel('accuracy')
plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'test'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()
```



In [35]:

```
# summarize history for loss
plt.plot(history.history['loss'])
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'])
plt.title('model loss')
plt.ylabel('loss')
```

```
plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'test'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()
```



In [36]:

```
# predict probabilities for test set
yhat_probs = model_2.predict(X_test, verbose=0)
# predict crisp classes for test set
yhat_classes = model_2.predict_classes(X_test, verbose=0)
```

In [37]:

```
# reduce to 1d array
yhat_probs = yhat_probs[:, 0]
yhat_classes = yhat_classes[:, 0]
```

In [38]:

```
accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, yhat_classes)
print('Accuracy: %f' % accuracy)

precision = precision_score(y_test, yhat_classes)
print('Precision: %f' % precision)

recall = recall_score(y_test, yhat_classes)
print('Recall: %f' % recall)

f1 = f1_score(y_test, yhat_classes)
print('F1 score: %f' % f1)
```

Accuracy: 0.996970 Precision: 0.995169 Recall: 0.985646 F1 score: 0.990385

Model 3

In [39]:

```
model_3 = Sequential()
model_3.add(Dense(264,activation='relu', input_shape=(166,)))
model_3.add(Dense(128,activation='relu'))
model_3.add(Dense(128,activation='relu'))
model_3.add(Dense(64,activation='relu'))
model_3.add(Dense(1,activation='sigmoid'))
```

In [40]:

```
model_3.summary()
```

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
dense_8 (Dense)	(None, 264)	44088
dense_9 (Dense)	(None, 128)	33920
dense_10 (Dense)	(None, 128)	16512
dense_11 (Dense)	(None, 64)	8256
dense_12 (Dense)	(None, 1)	65
Total params: 102,841		

Total params: 102,841 Trainable params: 102,841 Non-trainable params: 0

In [41]:

In [42]:

```
history = model_3.fit(X_train_res,y_train_res,epochs=50,batch_size=128,validation_data=(X_test,y_test))
score3 = model_3.evaluate(X_test,y_test,verbose=0)
```

```
Train on 8940 samples, validate on 1320 samples
Epoch 1/50
8940/8940 [============] - 1s 132us/step - loss: 0.2194 - acc: 0.9030 -
val loss: 0.0942 - val acc: 0.9591
Epoch 2/50
0.0514 - val acc: 0.9795
Epoch 3/50
0.0354 - val acc: 0.9833
Epoch 4/50
0.0192 - val acc: 0.9947
Epoch 5/50
0.0183 - val acc: 0.9924
Epoch 6/50
0.0110 - val acc: 0.9947
Epoch 7/50
0.0248 - val acc: 0.9939
Epoch 8/50
0.0153 - val acc: 0.9924
Epoch 9/50
0.0103 - val acc: 0.9962
Epoch 10/50
0.0113 - val acc: 0.9977
Epoch 11/50
0.0085 - val_acc: 0.9962
Epoch 12/50
0.0124 - val_acc: 0.9962
Epoch 13/50
0.9087 - val_acc: 0.9000
Epoch 14/50
0.0149 - val acc: 0.9939
Epoch 15/50
```

```
0.0176 - val_acc: 0.9932
Epoch 16/50
0.0073 - val_acc: 0.9970
Epoch 17/50
oss: 0.0068 - val acc: 0.9962
Epoch 18/50
8940/8940 [============= ] - Os 45us/step - loss: 8.2755e-05 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0076 - val acc: 0.9970
Epoch 19/50
oss: 0.0083 - val acc: 0.9970
Epoch 20/50
oss: 0.0082 - val acc: 0.9962
Epoch 21/50
oss: 0.0079 - val acc: 0.9962
Epoch 22/50
8940/8940 [============== ] - Os 44us/step - loss: 1.5590e-05 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0082 - val acc: 0.9962
Epoch 23/50
8940/8940 [============= ] - Os 42us/step - loss: 1.2363e-05 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0082 - val acc: 0.9962
Epoch 24/50
oss: 0.0083 - val_acc: 0.9962
Epoch 25/50
oss: 0.0084 - val acc: 0.9962
Epoch 26/50
oss: 0.0085 - val_acc: 0.9962
Epoch 27/50
oss: 0.0084 - val acc: 0.9962
Epoch 28/50
8940/8940 [============== ] - 0s 44us/step - loss: 5.3270e-06 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0085 - val_acc: 0.9962
Epoch 29/50
8940/8940 [===============] - 0s 45us/step - loss: 4.6611e-06 - acc: 1.0000 - val_1
oss: 0.0084 - val_acc: 0.9962
Epoch 30/50
oss: 0.0084 - val acc: 0.9962
Epoch 31/50
oss: 0.0083 - val acc: 0.9962
Epoch 32/50
oss: 0.0083 - val acc: 0.9962
Epoch 33/50
8940/8940 [============================ ] - Os 44us/step - loss: 2.9431e-06 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0084 - val acc: 0.9962
Epoch 34/50
8940/8940 [============== ] - 0s 42us/step - loss: 2.6647e-06 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0084 - val acc: 0.9962
Epoch 35/50
oss: 0.0083 - val acc: 0.9962
Epoch 36/50
oss: 0.0083 - val acc: 0.9962
Epoch 37/50
oss: 0.0084 - val_acc: 0.9962
Epoch 38/50
oss: 0.0085 - val acc: 0.9962
Epoch 39/50
oss: 0.0084 - val_acc: 0.9962
Epoch 40/50
oss: 0.0084 - val acc: 0.9962
```

Epoch 41/50

```
oss: 0.0086 - val_acc: 0.9962
Epoch 42/50
oss: 0.0085 - val acc: 0.9962
Epoch 43/50
oss: 0.0086 - val acc: 0.9962
Epoch 44/50
oss: 0.0086 - val acc: 0.9962
Epoch 45/50
oss: 0.0086 - val acc: 0.9962
Epoch 46/50
8940/8940 [============== ] - 0s 44us/step - loss: 1.0376e-06 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0086 - val acc: 0.9962
Epoch 47/50
8940/8940 [============= ] - Os 45us/step - loss: 9.7341e-07 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0086 - val acc: 0.9962
Epoch 48/50
oss: 0.0087 - val acc: 0.9962
Epoch 49/50
oss: 0.0088 - val acc: 0.9962
Epoch 50/50
8940/8940 [============== ] - Os 44us/step - loss: 8.1299e-07 - acc: 1.0000 - val 1
oss: 0.0087 - val_acc: 0.9962
```

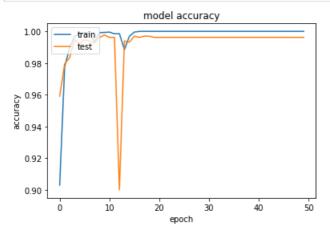
In [43]:

```
print("Accuracy: %.2f%%" % (score3[1]*100))
```

Accuracy : 99.62%

In [44]:

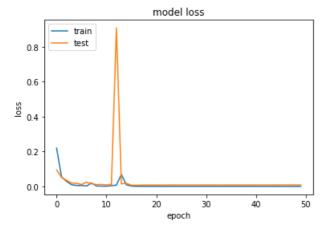
```
# summarize history for accuracy
plt.plot(history.history['acc'])
plt.plot(history.history['val_acc'])
plt.title('model accuracy')
plt.ylabel('accuracy')
plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'test'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()
```



In [45]:

```
# summarize history for loss
plt.plot(history.history['loss'])
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'])
plt.title('model loss')
plt.ylabel('loss')
plt.xlabel('epoch')
```

```
plt.legend(['train', 'test'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()
```



In [46]:

```
# predict probabilities for test set
yhat_probs = model_3.predict(X_test, verbose=0)
# predict crisp classes for test set
yhat_classes = model_3.predict_classes(X_test, verbose=0)
```

In [47]:

```
# reduce to 1d array
yhat_probs = yhat_probs[:, 0]
yhat_classes = yhat_classes[:, 0]
```

In [48]:

```
accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, yhat_classes)
print('Accuracy: %f' % accuracy)

precision = precision_score(y_test, yhat_classes)
print('Precision: %f' % precision)

recall = recall_score(y_test, yhat_classes)
print('Recall: %f' % recall)

f1 = f1_score(y_test, yhat_classes)
print('F1 score: %f' % f1)
```

Accuracy: 0.996212 Precision: 0.990385 Recall: 0.985646 F1 score: 0.988010

Prettytable

In [49]:

```
from prettytable import PrettyTable
x=PrettyTable()
print("Machine Learning Models")
x.field_names=['Model','Accuracy','Precision','Recall','F1-Score']
x.add_row(['Model 1',0.996970,0.995169,0.985646,0.990385])
x.add_row(['Model 2',0.996970,0.995169,0.985646,0.990385])
x.add_row(['Model 3',0.996212,0.990385,0.985646,0.988010])
print(x)
```

Machine Learning Models

```
+-----+
| Model | Accuracy | Precision | Recall | F1-Score |
+-----+
| Model 1 | 0.99697 | 0.995169 | 0.985646 | 0.990385 |
```

- 1	110001	_	- 1	0.0000	1	0.000100	- 1	0.000010	- 1	0.00000	- 1
	Model	2		0.99697		0.995169		0.985646		0.990385	
- 1	Model	3		0.996212		0.990385		0.985646		0.98801	
1			- 1		1		- 1		1.0		- 1
т.			- T.						т.		

Conclusions

- 1. This problem is a binary class classification problem and we have to predict class for organic chemical compounds.
- 2. Total features in the dataset are 170 which includes target feature class.
- 3. molecule_name, conformation_name and ID are not important features for prediction so we drop them.
- 4. We have build three models. Each model is a Multi Layered Perceptron model. MLPs are suitable for classification prediction problems where inputs are assigned a class or label
- 5. Each model is sequential model which is a linear stack of Layers.
- 6. We have plotted Accuracy and Loss graphs for each model.
- 7. Also calculated Accouracy, Precision, Recall and F1-score values for each model.
- 8. Class feature of Dataset was imbalanced which effects the model. We used SMOTE technique to balance the dataset so that model does not do predictions on the basis of majority class.
- 9. For preprocessing we did Data Standardization to scale the data.
- 10. There were no null values in the data.
- 11. Also size of the dataset is small. That's why accuracy of model is almost 100%. We should have more data for model to perform better.
- 12. Model 1 and 2 have less layers than Model 3 and recall value is same for all models.
- 13. I have used Model 1 for predictions.

In []: