## Assignment-IRM

## **Instructions**

- Write your information (name, id, section department etc.) on the front page.
- Submit a PDF version of this file using the link: https://forms.gle/4devZDwgeYVFtTym7 by the mentioned date.
- Name your pdf file as "YourName\_ID". e.g., Raj\_1022

**Deadline:** within 26/11/2024

## Solve all the problems:

- 1. On the set  $\{a, b, c, d\}$ , a relation  $Q = \{(a, b), (b, c), (c, d), (d, a)\}$  is defined. Is Q symmetric?
- 2. Determine whether the relation  $R = \{(1,3), (3,5), (5,3), (5,7)\}$  on the set  $\{1,3,5,7\}$  is reflexive, symmetric, or transitive.
- 3. On the set  $\{2,4,6,8\}$ , a relation  $S = \{(2,4),(4,6),(6,8),(8,2)\}$  is defined. Then S is:
- 4. On the set  $\{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ , a relation  $P = \{(1, 2), (2, 3), (3, 4)\}$  is defined. Is P transitive?
- 5. The relation  $R = \{(x, y) : x, y \in \mathbb{Z}, x \neq y\}$  is defined on  $\mathbb{Z}$ . What properties does the relation R have?
- 6. Consider the relation  $S = \{(x, y) : x, y \in \mathbb{Z}, x = y + 1\}$  on  $\mathbb{Z}$ . Is S reflexive, symmetric, and transitive?
- 7. On the set  $\mathbb{Z}$  of integers, define a binary relation R by aRb if and only if a-b is divisible by 7. Show that R is an equivalence relation.
- 8. Consider a relation P on  $\mathbb{Z}$ , where aPb if and only if a-b is divisible by 4. Prove that P is an equivalence relation.
- 9. A relation  $\rho$  on the set of integers  $\mathbb{Z}$  is defined by  $\rho = \{(a,b) \mid a,b \in \mathbb{Z} \text{ and } |a-b| \leq 5\}$ . Is the relation reflexive, symmetric, and transitive?
- 10. If  $B = \{-3, -2, -1, 0, 1\}$  and  $g : B \to \mathbb{R}$  is defined as  $g(x) = x^2 1$ , then g(B) = ?
- 11. Given  $C = \{0, 1, 2, 3\}$  and the function  $h: C \to \mathbb{R}$  defined as  $h(x) = x^3 + 2x$ , calculate h(C).
- 12. Prove that the function f(x) = 5x + 9, where  $f: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ , is injective and surjective.
- 13. Show that the function  $h: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$  defined by h(x) = 3x + 4, for  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ , is injective and surjective.
- 14. If  $f, g : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$  where f(x) = ax + b,  $g(x) = 1 x + x^2$ , and  $(g \circ f)(x) = 9x^2 9x + 3$ , find the values of a and b.
- 15. Given that  $f, g : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$  with f(x) = 2x 4 and  $g(x) = x^2 5x + 6$ , find the values of a and b if  $(g \circ f)(x) = 4x^2 8x + 2$ .