## CS 440/540: Container in C

## Due September 7th, 11:59 PM.

(This document was last modified on Thursday, September 8, 2016 at 12:13:00 PM.)

The topic of the assignment is how to do containers in C. This will give you some understanding of what goes in behind-the-scenes in C++, and also serve as a good review of C.

A secondary goal of this assignment is to give you experience in a form of test-driven development. I do not tell you exactly what to write, but rather I give you a piece of code (the test) that you must conform to.

The assignment is not to be completed in strict C, but rather more like C++ without classes. You may not use any C++ classes, inheritance, templates, member functions, virtual member functions, dynamic\_cast, etc. Also do not use any of the standard C++ containers such as std::vector or std::list. You may (in fact, you will need to) use C++ references. You must compile with g++, not gcc.

You do not need to handle any error conditions not explicitly specified. For example, you may assume that the iterator returned by end() is never incremented. If the user does increment this, then this will cause *undefined behavior*.

## A Container in C

You will use a macro to implement a "template" for a double-ended queue container, known as a *deque*, in C. As a "template", it will be able to contain any type without using void \* (which violates type safety). The requirements are given via the test.cpp program, linked below. You are to write the macro so that this program will compile and run properly. You must implement the deque as a circular, dynamic array. In other words, you are not allowed to use a linked list.

You should use two struct types: one to represent the container itself and a another for the iterator. The struct type for the container itself would contain any bookkeeping information that you need. The iterator struct type would contain any bookkeeping information that you need to maintain the iterator.

Since the container must have slightly different source code for each type, you cannot code it directly. Instead, you need to write a long macro, named <code>Deque\_DEFINE()</code>. The macro takes one argument, which is the contained type, provided as a typedef if it is not already single word. This macro will contain all the definitions needed for the container. By making the name of the contained type part of the generated classes and functions, a separate instance of the source code is generated for each contained type.

For example, the struct for a container containing Myclass objects would be named Deque\_Myclass, while the struct for a container of int variables would be named Deque\_int. A container for pointers to Myclass objects would be created by first defining a typedef:

typedef MyClass \*MyClassPtr;

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and then instantiating the container code by Deque\_DEFINE(MyClassPtr).

I strongly suggest that you first do this part as regular code. When you are sure it is working, then convert it to a macro as the last step. Also, after converting it to a macro, save the original. If you find a bug, fix it in the original, then convert to a macro again.

An example of how to use a macro as a template mechanism is <u>here</u>.

## **Submission and Evaluation**

Your code should compile with no warnings. Your code must not have any fixed limits. You must be able to put any number elements into your deque, etc. Your program must not have any memory leaks, nor any other types of memory errors, such as using data before it is initialized, writing to beyond a valid memory region, etc. Your program must not output any debugging messages. Use the valgrind command to test your submission.

The test program for the assignment is <u>here</u>. Correct output is given <u>here</u>. Your performance will of course not give exactly the same numbers. Your code must work with the unaltered test.cpp. (You are of course allowed to modify it on your own, as long as your submission still works with the unaltered version.) We may also test your code with other test files, but we will conform to the API used in the provided test.cpp file.

The test program is provided as a means for you to check whether or not your program is as expected. It is NOT intended to be used to develop and debug your program. You may find it hard to understand, etc. Also, we may update the test program periodically.

You may of course develop your program on any machine, but it will be tested on the Linux classroom machines, and your grade will be determined by how it works on those.

Your code should be in one file, Deque.hpp. Your header files must have <u>include guards</u>. Your submission must also include a README.txt file which contains your full name, your Bmail address, and your B-number, each on one line, in sequence. It can optionally contain any comments you feel are relevant to the project like what works, what does not work, what you feel is interesting, logs of test cases, etc.

Your grade will be based on correctness. Correctness will include whether or not your output is correct, and whether or not you can scale, or have any memory (or other resource) leaks. Correctness will also depend on whether or not you have followed instructions, such as not using inheritance or member functions. If your code does not work correctly with the provided test.cpp, you must provide your own test code, which we will use to assign partial credit, along with an explanation in your README.txt as to what works. To receive credit for a functionality, your test code must test it. In other words, if you don't work with our test.cpp, and your supplied test code only tests push\_back(), then you will not receive credit for being able to push front(), even if you claim to be able to do it.

Performance will only be a factor for this assignment if you are unusually slow.

To submit, first put all required files in a directory named as the user part of your BU email address. For example, my directory would be named kchiu. The TA's directory would be named xyu44. Next, you should tar and compress the file using command tar -cvzf xyu44.tar.gz xyu44. Then submit the

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.tar.gz file to BlackBoard.

The archive must not contain any executable or .o files.

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