ECE/CS-559

Neural Networks

Homework-6

Report

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Used Architecture of CNN:

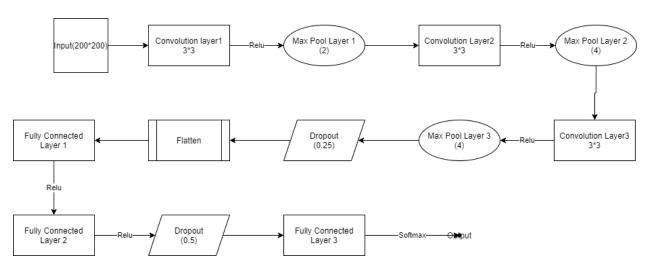


Figure 1: CNN architecture of the model

Hyperparameters Finalized:

Epochs Run: 25
 Gamma: 0.95
 Optimizer: Adam

4. Loss Function: Cross Entropy

5. Activation Functions: ReLU, SoftMax

6. Learning Rate: 0.001

Result:

Training Loss: 1.417527
 Training Accuracy: 95.55%

Test Loss: 1.404349
 Test Accuracy: 96.84%

Hyperparameters Tried and didn't work:

1. Epochs: 10, 14, 15, 20, 30

The experiments with epoch showed visible results like still increasing accuracy values when the epoch values are lesser than final epoch value and nearly same accuracy but more training time when epochs are more than the final epoch value of 25.

2. Gamma: 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 0.97, 0.99

The experiments with gamma showed visible results too like model accuracy jumps got slower and slower each epoch and got settled around 50-60 percent with gamma values 0.7, 0.8, 0.9. Gamma values of 0.97 and 0.99 didn't help as much as decided.

3. Optimizer: RMS prop

Adam optimizer gave best accuracy i.e., 96% + while RMS prop couldn't take it to 90%+.

4. Activation Functions: Sigmoid, Tanh

Didn't give accuracy percentages as good as SoftMax on the last layer and ReLU on others.

5. Learning Rate: 0.1, 0.01, 0.0001, 0.00001

All the above learning rates froze both training and test accuracy percentages below 20%.

Graphs:

1. Train Accuracy, Test Accuracy vs Epochs:

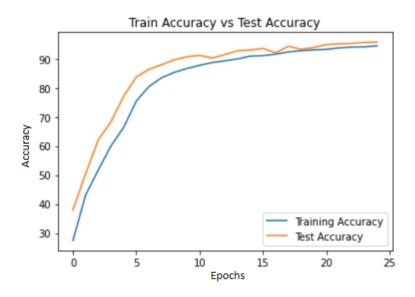


Figure 2:Training Accuracy vs Test Accuracy vs Epochs

2. Train Loss, Test Loss vs Epochs:

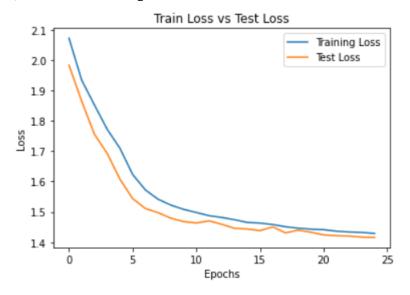


Figure 3: Training Loss vs Test Loss vs Epochs

Code

```
In [ ]:
         import argparse
         import torchvision
         import torch
         import torch.nn as nn
         import torch.nn.functional as F
         import torch.optim as optim
         from torchvision import datasets, transforms
         from torchvision.utils import save image
         from torch.optim.lr_scheduler import StepLR
         from sklearn.model selection import train test split
         import numpy as np
         import cv2
         import glob
         import os
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

Below code creates different folders for Test and Train and within them folders for different classes of shapes

```
In [ ]:
         def get_data(dataset, labels):
             train_data = []
             test data = []
             train_label = []
             test_label = []
             subset={}
             train_test_data={}
             index=0
             classes = np.unique(np.array(labels))
             classes_split = np.array_split(labels, 9)
             start=0
             stop=10000
             for i in classes:
                 train_path=os.path.join("/kaggle/Train",i)
                                                                  #Change path to desired directory for new folders
                 test_path=os.path.join("/kaggle/Test",i)
                 if not os.path.exists(train_path) and not os.path.exists(test_path):
                     os.mkdir(train_path)
                     os.mkdir(test_path)
```

subset[i] = torch.utils.data.Subset(dataset, np.arange(start,stop))

```
start+=10000
                 stop+=10000
                 train test data[i] = torch.utils.data.random split(subset[i], [8000, 2000])
                 for j in range(len(train test data[i][0])):
                     torchvision.utils.save image(transforms.ToTensor()(train test data[i][0][j][0]),
                                      os.path.join(train path,i+" "+str(j)+".png"))
                 for k in range(len(train test data[i][1])):
                     torchvision.utils.save image(transforms.ToTensor()(train test data[i][1][k][0]),
                                      os.path.join(test_path,i+"_test"+str(k)+".png"))
In [ ]:
         def get label():
             y=[]
             for file name in os.listdir('/kaggle/input/dataset-geometry/output'): #image folder path in dataset
                 y.append(file_name.split("_")[0])
             print(len(y))
             return y
In [ ]:
         def script():
             dataset = datasets.ImageFolder('/kaggle/input/dataset-geometry/')
                                                                                     #dataset path in direcotry
             labels = get label()
             get_data(dataset, labels)
In [ ]:
         train = "Train"
         test = "Test"
         dataset = "/kaggle"
         train path = os.path.join(dataset, train)
         test path = os.path.join(dataset, test)
         if not os.path.exists(train_path) and not os.path.exists(test_path):
             os.mkdir(train path)
             os.mkdir(test_path)
         script()
```

Bewlo is the architecture of Neural Network used

```
In [ ]:
    class Net(nn.Module):
        def __init__(self):
        super(Net, self).__init__()
        self.conv1 = nn.Conv2d(1, 32, 3, 1)
        self.conv2 = nn.Conv2d(32, 64, 3, 1)
```

```
self.conv3 = nn.Conv2d(64, 128, 3, 1)
     self.conv4 = nn.Conv2d(128, 256, 3, 1)
   self.dropout1 = nn.Dropout(0.25)
   self.dropout2 = nn.Dropout(0.5)
   self.fc1 = nn.Linear(3200, 256)
   self.fc2 = nn.Linear(256,128)
   self.fc3 = nn.Linear(128, 9)
     self.fc4 = nn.Linear(128,9)
def forward(self, x):
   x = self.conv1(x)
   x = F.relu(x)
   x = F.max pool2d(x, 2)
   x = self.conv2(x)
   x = F.relu(x)
   x = F.max_pool2d(x, 4)
   x = self.conv3(x)
   x = F.relu(x)
   x = F.max pool2d(x, 4)
   x = self.dropout1(x)
    x = self.conv4(x)
     x = F.relu(x)
     x = F.max_pool2d(x, 4)
   x = torch.flatten(x, 1)
   x = self.fc1(x)
   x = F.relu(x)
   x = self.fc2(x)
   x = F.relu(x)
    x = self.fc3(x)
     x = F.relu(x)
   x = self.dropout2(x)
   x = self.fc3(x)
   x = F.softmax(x)
   return x
```

```
def train(model, device, train_loader, optimizer, epoch):
    model.train()
    tot_loss = 0
    correct = 0
    for batch_idx, (data, target) in enumerate(train_loader):
        data, target = data.to(device), target.to(device)
    # transform = transforms.Compose([transforms.Grayscale(num_output_channels=1)])
    # tensor_img = transform(data)
    optimizer.zero_grad()
```

```
In []:
    torch.manual_seed(1)
    train_accuracy_list=[]
    test_accuracy_list=[]
    train_loss_list=[]
    test_lost_list=[]

    device = torch.device("cuda:0" if torch.cuda.is_available() else "cpu")
    transform = transforms.Compose([
```

transforms.Grayscale(num_output_channels=1),

transforms.ToTensor(),

```
transforms.Normalize((0.1307,), (0.3081,))])
         train set = datasets.ImageFolder('/kaggle/Train', transform=transform)
                                                                                     #path of newly created train folder
         test set = datasets.ImageFolder('/kaggle/Test', transform=transform)
                                                                                     #path of newly created test folder
         train loader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(train set, batch size=50, shuffle=True)
         test loader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(test set, batch size=100, shuffle = True)
         model = Net().to(device)
         optimizer = optim.Adam(model.parameters(), lr=0.001)
         scheduler = StepLR(optimizer, step size=1, gamma=0.95)
         for epoch in range(1, 35 + 1):
             a,b=train(model, device, train loader, optimizer, epoch)
             train_loss_list.append(a)
             train_accuracy_list.append(b)
                   torch.cuda.empty_cache()
             c,d=test(model, device, test_loader)
             test_lost_list.append(c)
             test_lost_list.append(d)
                   torch.cuda.empty cache()
             scheduler.step()
             torch.save(model.state dict(), "geometry cnn.pt")
In [ ]:
         epochs = np.arange(0,25)
In [ ]:
         test_accuracy = []
         test loss = []
         for i in range(50):
             if i%2==0:
                 test_loss.append(test_lost_list[i])
             else:
                 test accuracy.append(test_lost_list[i])
In [ ]:
         plt.plot(epochs,train_loss_list, label = "Training Loss")
         plt.plot(epochs,test loss, label = "Test Loss")
         plt.xlabel("Epochs")
         plt.ylabel("Loss")
         plt.legend()
```

```
plt.title("Train Loss vs Test Loss")
plt.show()

nlt.plot(enochs.train accuracy list, label = "Training Accuracy")
```

```
plt.plot(epochs,train_accuracy_list, label = "Training Accuracy")
plt.plot(epochs,test_accuracy, label = "Test Accuracy")
plt.xlabel("Epochs")
plt.ylabel("Loss")
plt.legend()
plt.title("Train Accuracy vs Test Accuracy")
plt.show()
```

Inference Module

```
In [ ]: | import argparse
            import torchvision
            import torch
            import torch.nn as nn
            import torch.nn.functional as F
            import torch.optim as optim
            from torchvision import datasets, transforms
            from torchvision.utils import save_image
            from torch.optim.lr_scheduler import StepLR
            from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
            import numpy as np
            import cv2
            import glob
            import os
            import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
            from PIL import Image
         M device = torch.device("cuda:0" if torch.cuda.is_available() else "cpu")
In [ ]:
```

```
In [ ]:
         def __init__(self):
                    super(Net, self).__init__()
                    self.conv1 = nn.Conv2d(1, 32, 3, 1)
                    self.conv2 = nn.Conv2d(32, 64, 3, 1)
                    self.conv3 = nn.Conv2d(64, 128, 3, 1)
                      self.conv4 = nn.Conv2d(128, 256, 3, 1)
                    self.dropout1 = nn.Dropout(0.25)
                    self.dropout2 = nn.Dropout(0.5)
                    self.fc1 = nn.Linear(3200, 256)
                    self.fc2 = nn.Linear(256,128)
                    self.fc3 = nn.Linear(128, 9)
                     self.fc4 = nn.Linear(128,9)
            #
                def forward(self, x):
                    x = self.conv1(x)
                   x = F.relu(x)
                    x = F.max_pool2d(x, 2)
                    x = self.conv2(x)
                    x = F.relu(x)
                    x = F.max_pool2d(x, 4)
                    x = self.conv3(x)
                    x = F.relu(x)
                    x = F.max_pool2d(x, 4)
                    x = self.dropout1(x)
                     x = self.conv4(x)
                     x = F.relu(x)
                     x = F.max pool2d(x, 4)
                    x = torch.flatten(x, 1)
                    x = self.fc1(x)
                    x = F.relu(x)
                    x = self.fc2(x)
                    x = F.relu(x)
                     x = self.fc3(x)
                     x = F.relu(x)
                    x = self.dropout2(x)
                    x = self.fc3(x)
                    x = F.softmax(x)
                    return x
```

```
In [ ]:
         pretrained model = Net()
            pretrained_model.load_state_dict(torch.load('/kaggle/input/geometry-cnn/geometry_cnn.pt')) #Location of pret
            pretrained_model.eval()
         classes = ['Circle', 'Heptagon', 'Hexagon', 'Nonagon', 'Octagon', 'Pentagon', 'Square', 'Star', 'Triangle']
In [ ]:
            transform = transforms.Compose([
            transforms.Grayscale(num_output_channels=1),
            transforms.ToTensor(),
            transforms.Normalize((0.1307,), (0.3081,))])
            path val = '/kaggle/input/validation/val set'
            for i in os.listdir(path_val):
                img = Image.open(os.path.join(path_val,i))
                image = transform(img)
                image = image.unsqueeze(0)
                output = pretrained model(image)
                print(i,":",classes[output.argmax()])
In [ ]:
         M
```