Function & Library Reference

```
void* malloc( int num_bytes );
void* calloc( size_t num, size_t size );
void *realloc( void *ptr, size_t new_size );
void free( void* p );
int atoi( const char *s ); /* Convert string to int */
int printf( const char * fmt, ... ); /* %d int, %lu unsigned long, %f double, %s string, \n newline, ...=args */
void* memcpy( void *destination, const void *source, size_t num_bytes ); /* Returns destination */
void *memset( void *mem, int value, size_t num_bytes ); /* Set memory to 0 */
size_t strlen( const char * string ); /* returns length of null-terminated string, not counting the terminator */
int strncmp ( const char * strl, const char * str2, size_t max_size ); /* return 0 if strings equal */
```

Files

```
int open( const char *filename, int flags ); /* Returns a file descriptor if successful, -1 on error */
ssize_t read( int file_descriptor, void *buffer, size_t count ); /* Returns number of bytes read */
ssize_t write( int file_descriptor, const void *buffer, size_t count ); /* Returns number of bytes written */
int rename( const char *old_filename, const char *new_filename ); /* Returns 0 on success */
int close( int file_descriptor );
FILE* fopen( const char *filename, const char *mode ); int fclose( FILE* f );
size_t fread(void *restrict ptr, size_t size, size_t nmemb, FILE *restrict stream);
size_t fwrite(const void *restrict ptr, size_t size, size_t nmemb, FILE *restrict stream);
int fprintf( FILE* f, const char* format, ... ); /* Arguments go in the ... */
int fscanf( FILE* f, const char* format, ... ); /* Arguments go in the ... */
int fileno( FILE* f ); /* Convert FILE* to file descriptor */
int fseek( FILE * f, long int offset, int origin ); /*SEEK_SET from file start. SEEK_CUR from current loc.*/
int remove( const char* filename );
int flock( int file_descriptor, int type ); /* LOCK_EX, LOCK_SH, or LOCK_UN for type */
int fcntl( int file_descriptor, int command, ... /* struct flock * flockptr */ );
int lockf( int file_descriptor, int command, off_t length );
struct flock {
   short l_type; /* F_RDLCK, F_WRLCK, or F_UNLCK */
   short l_whence; /* SEEK_SET, SEEK_CUR, or SEEK_END */
   off_t l_start; /* offset in bytes, relative to l_whence */ off_t l_len; /* length, in bytes; 0 means lock to EOF */ pid_t l_pid; /* returned with F_GETLK */
int inotify_init( ); /* Returns file descriptor referring to the struct */
int inotify\_add\_watch(\ int\ fd,\ const\ char*\ pathname,\ uint32\_t\ mask\ );
int inotify_rm_watch( int fd, uint32_t wd );
struct inotify_event {
                wd;
                                /* Watch descriptor */
   uint32_t mask;
                                 /* Mask describing event */
                                /* Unique cookie associating related events (for rename(2)) */
/* Size of name field */
   uint32_t cookie;
   uint32_t len;
                                /* Optional null-terminated name */
                 name[];
```

When opening a file with fopen(), the options are:

\mathbf{Mode}	Meaning
r	Open the file read-only.
W	Open the file for writing (create if needed)
а	Open the file for appending (create if needed)
r+	Open the file for reading, from the start
W+	Open the file for writing (overwrite)
a+	Open the file for reading and writing, append if exists

For open() the following flags may be used for the flags parameter, and can be combined with | (bitwise OR):

\mathbf{Flag}	Meaning
0_RDONLY	Open the file read-only
0_WRONLY	Open the file write-only
0_RDWR	Open the file for both reading and writing
0_APPEND	Append information to the end of the file
0_TRUNC	Initially clear all data from the file
$0_{\sf CREAT}$	Create the file
0_EXCL	If used with O_CREAT, the caller MUST create the file; if the file exists it will fail

Process Management

```
pid_t fork( ); pid_t wait( int* status ); pid_t waitpid( pid_t pid, int *status, int options ); /* \theta for options fine */ void exit( int status );
```

Signals

```
int kill( pid_t pid, int signal ); /* returns 0 returned if signal sent, -1 if an error */
int raise( int signal ); /* Send signal to the current process */
void ( *signal(int signum, void (*handler)(int)) ) (int); /* handle signal */
```

CURLOPT_HTTPGET

int pause() /* Suspend this program until a signal arrives */

```
int sigemptyset( sigset_t* set ); /* Initialize an empty sigset_t */
int sigaddset( sigset_t* set, int signal ); /* Add specified signal to set */
int sigfillset( sigset_t* set ); /* Add ALL signals to set */
int sigdelset( sigset_t* set, int signal ); /* Remove specified signal from set */
int sigismember( sigset_t* set, int signal ); /* Returns 1 if true, 0 if false */
int sigprocmask( int how, const sigset_t * set, sigset_t * old_set );
Message Queues
key_t ftok( char *pathname, int proj );
int msgget( key_t key, int flag );
int msgsnd( int msqid, const void *ptr, size_t nbytes, int flag );
ssize_t msgrcv( int msqid, void *ptr, size_t nbytes, long type, int flag );
int msgctl( int msqid, int command, struct msqid_ds * buf ); /* IPC_RMID for command, NULL for buf */
/* IPC Structure can be any struct you like, as long as the first field is long */
struct ipc_msg {
  long mtype; /* Message type must be > 0 */
  char something[1]; /* Can be replaced with any type or structure */
Pipes and Shared Memory
int pipe( int file_descriptors[] ); /* Array should be capacity 2 */
void* shmat( int shmid, const void* shmaddr, int shmflg ); /* NULL for shmaddr and 0 for shmflg for defaults */
int shmdt( const void* shmaddr );
int shmctl( int shmid, int cmd, struct shmid_ds *buf ); /* Use cmd = IPC_RMID and buf = NULL to delete */
void* mmap( void* address, size_t length, int protection, int flag, int fd, off_t offset ); /* address = NULL */
int mprotect( void* address, size_t length, int prot ); /* PROT_NONE, PROT_READ, PROT_WRITE, PROT_EXECUTE */
int msync( void* address, size_t length, int flags ); /* Use MS_SYNC for flags */
int munmap( void* address, size_t length );
Network
int socket( int domain, int type, int protocol ); /* domain = AF_INET for IPv4 */
uint32_t htonl( uint32_t hostint32 ); /* Translate 4 byte int to network format */
uint16_t htons( uint16_t hostint16 ); /* Translate 2 byte int to network format */
uint32_t ntohl( uint32_t netint32 ); /* Translate 4 byte int to host format */
uint16_t ntohs( uint16_t netint16 ); /* Translate 2 byte int to host format */
int getaddrinfo( const char *node, const char *service, const struct addrinfo *hints,
    struct addrinfo **res ); /* node = URL or IP, service = port */
int connect( int sockfd, struct sockaddr *addr, socklen_t len );
int bind( int sockfd, const struct sockaddr *addr, socklen_t addrlen );
int listen( int sockfd, int backlog );
int accept( int sockfd, struct sockaddr *addr, socklen_t *len );
int send( int sockfd, const void* msg, int length, int flags );
int recv( int sockfd, void * buffer, int length, int flags );
int sendto( int sfd, const void* msg, int len, unsigned int flags, const struct sockaddr* to, socklen_t token );
int recvfrom( int sfd, void* buffer, int len, unsigned int flags, struct sockaddr* from, int* fromlength );
CURLcode curl_global_init( long flags ); /* use CURL_GLOBAL_DEFAULT as flags */
CURL* curl_easy_init( );
void curl_easy_cleanup( CURL* handle );
CURLcode curl_easy_setopt( CURL *handle, CURLoption option, parameter ); /* See table below */
CURLcode curl_easy_perform( CURL * easy_handle );
CURLcode curl_easy_getinfo( CURL *curl, CURLINFO info, ... );
void curl_global_cleanup( );
CURLM *curl_multi_init( );
CURLMcode curl_multi_add_handle( CURLM *multi_handle, CURL *easy_handle );
CURLMcode curl_multi_remove_handle( CURLM *multi_handle, CURL *easy_handle );
CURLMcode curl_multi_perform( CURLM *multi_handle, int *running_handles );
CURLMcode curl_multi_wait(CURLM *multi_handle, struct curl_waitfd extra_fds[],
  unsigned int extra_nfds, int timeout_ms, int *numfds );
CURLMsg *curl_multi_info_read( CURLM *multi_handle, int *msgs_in_queue );
CURLMcode curl_multi_fdset( CURLM *mh, fd_set *rd_fd_set, fd_set *wr_fd_set, fd_set *ex_fd_set, int *max_fd );
CURLMcode curl_multi_timeout( CURLM *multi_handle, long *timeout );
size_t write_callback( char *ptr, size_t size, size_t nmemb, void *userdata );
size_t read_callback( char *buffer, size_t size, size_t nitems, void *inputdata );
Options for curl_easy_setopt:
  CURLoption
                                       Meaning
                                                                                                                Parameter
 CURLOPT_URL
                                       The URL to connect to
                                                                                                                Character array
 CURLOPT_WRITEFUNCTION
                                      Set the write callback function
                                                                                                               Function Pointer
  CURLOPT_WRITEDATA
                                       Set the write callback data
                                                                                                               void*
 CURLOPT_READFUNCTION
                                       Set the read callback function
                                                                                                               Function Pointer
                                       Set the read callback data
 CURLOPT_READDATA
                                                                                                               void*
                                      Issue HTTP PUT request
Issue HTTP POST request
  CURLOPT_PUT
                                                                                                               1L
  CURLOPT_POST
                                                                                                               1L
```

Issue HTTP GET request (this is the default, though)

Threads and Concurrency

```
pthread_create( pthread_t *thread, const pthread_attr_t *attr, void *(*start_routine)( void * ), void *arg );
pthread_join( pthread_t thread, void **returnValue );
{\tt pthread\_detach(\ pthread\_t\ thread\ );}
{\tt pthread\_cancel(\ pthread\_t\ thread\ );}
pthread_testcancel(); /* If the thread is cancelled, this function does not return (thread terminated) */
pthread_setcanceltype( int type, int *oldtype ); /* PTHREAD_CANCEL_DEFERRED or PTHREAD_CANCEL_ASYNCHRONOUS */
pthread_cleanup_push( void (*routine)(void*), void *argument ); /* Register cleanup handler, with argument */
pthread_cleanup_pop( int execute ); /* Run if execute is non-zero */
pthread\_mutex\_init(\ pthread\_mutex\_t\ *mutex,\ pthread\_mutexattr\_t\ *attributes\ );\\ pthread\_mutex\_lock(\ pthread\_mutex\_t\ *mutex\ );
pthread_mutex_trylock( pthread_mutex_t *mutex ); /* Returns 0 on success */
pthread_mutex_unlock( pthread_mutex_t *mutex );
{\tt pthread\_mutex\_destroy(\ pthread\_mutex\_t\ *mutex\ );}
pthread\_rwlock\_init(\ pthread\_rwlock\_t\ *\ rwlock,\ pthread\_rwlockattr\_t\ *\ attr\ );
{\tt pthread\_rwlock\_rdlock(\ pthread\_rwlock\_t\ *\ rwlock\ );}
pthread_rwlock_tryrdlock( pthread_rwlock_t * rwlock );
pthread_rwlock_wrlock( pthread_rwlock_t * rwlock );
pthread_rwlock_trywrlock( pthread_rwlock_t * rwlock );
pthread_rwlock_unlock( pthread_rwlock_t * rwlock );
pthread_rwlock_destroy( pthread_rwlock_t * rwlock );
sem_init( sem_t* semaphore, int shared, int initial_value); /* 0 for shared OK */
sem_destroy( sem_t* semaphore );
sem_wait( sem_t* semaphore );
sem\_trywait(semt\_t*semaphore);
sem_post( sem_t* semaphore );
pthread_cond_init( pthread_cond_t *cv, pthread_condattr_t *attributes );
pthread_cond_wait( pthread_cond_t *cv, pthread_mutex_t *mutex );
pthread\_cond\_signal(\ pthread\_cond\_t\ *cv\ );
{\tt pthread\_cond\_broadcast(\ pthread\_cond\_t\ *cv\ );}
pthread_cond_destroy( pthread_cond_t *cv );
Atomic Types
Atomic operations are defined on integral or pointer types of length 1, 2, 4, or 8; replace type with that type.
type __sync_lock_test_and_set( type *ptr, type value );
bool __sync_bool_compare_and_swap( type *ptr, type oldval, type newval ); type __sync_val_compare_and_swap( type *ptr, type oldval, type newval );
The following functions perform the operation and return the old value:
\label{type __sync_fetch_and_add( type *ptr, type value );} \\
type __sync_fetch_and_sub( type *ptr, type value );
type __sync_fetch_and_or( type *ptr, type value );
type __sync_fetch_and_and( type *ptr, type value );
type __sync_fetch_and_xor( type *ptr, type value );
type __sync_fetch_and_nand( type *ptr, type value );
The following functions perform the operation and return the new value:
type __sync_add_and_fetch( type *ptr, type value );
type __sync_add_and_fetch( type *ptr, type value );
type __sync_or_and_fetch( type *ptr, type value );
type __sync_and_and_fetch( type *ptr, type value );
type __sync_xor_and_fetch( type *ptr, type value );
type __sync_nand_and_fetch( type *ptr, type value );
Select, Poll
\textbf{int} \ \text{select(} \ \textbf{int} \ \text{nfds,} \ \text{fd\_set} \ * \text{readfds,} \ \text{fd\_set} \ * \text{writefds,} \ \text{fd\_set} \ * \text{exceptfds,} \ \textbf{struct} \ \text{timeval} \ * \text{timeout );}
void FD_ZERO( fd_set *set ); /* Clear the set */
void FD_SET( int fd, fd_set *set ); /* Add fd to the set */
void FD_CLR( int fd, fd_set *set ); /* Remove fd from the set */
int FD_ISSET( int fd, fd_set *set ); /* Tests if fd is a part of the set */
struct timeval {
  \textbf{long} \ \mathsf{tv\_sec}; \ /* \ \textit{seconds} \ */
   long tv_usec; /* microseconds */
int pselect( int nfds, fd_set *rd, fd_set *wr, fd_set *ex, const struct timespec *to, const sigset_t *mask );
struct timespec {
   long tv_sec; /* seconds */
   long tv_nsec; /* nanoseconds */
int poll( struct pollfd *fds, nfds_t nfds, int timeout );
struct pollfd {
   int fd; /* file descriptor */
  short events; /* requested events */
short revents; /* returned events */
```

AIO, Libevent

```
struct aiocb {
                                     /* File descriptor */
  int aio_fildes;
  off_t aio_offset;
                                     /* Offset for I/O */
  volatile void* aio_buf;
                                     /* Buffer */
  size_t aio_nbytes;
                                     /* Number of bytes to transfer */
  int aio_reqprio;
                                     /* Request priority */
  struct sigevent aio_sigevent; /* Signal Info */
int aio_lio_opcode; /* Operation for List I/O */
struct sigevent {
  int sigev_notify;
                                                          /* Notify Type */
                                                          /* Signal number */
  int sigev_signo;
  union sigval sigev_value;
                                                          /* Notify argument */
                                                        /* Notify Function */
  void (*sigev_notify_function) (union sigval);
  pthread_attr_t *sigev_notify_attributes;
                                                          /* Notify attributes */
union sigval {
  int sival_int;
  void* sival_ptr;
int aio_read( struct aiocb* aiocb ):
int aio_write( struct aiocb* aiocb );
int aio_error( const struct aiocb* aiocb );
ssize_t aio_return( const struct aiocb* aiocb );
\textbf{int} \  \, \textbf{aio\_suspend(} \  \, \textbf{const} \  \, \textbf{struct} \  \, \textbf{aiocb} \  \, *\textbf{const} \  \, \textbf{list[], int} \  \, \textbf{nent, const struct} \  \, \textbf{timespec* timeout );}
int aio_cancel( int fd, struct aiocb* aiocb );
int lio_listio( int mode, struct aiocb * const list[ ], int nent, struct sigevent* sigev );
int evthread_use_pthreads( );
struct event_base* event_base_new( ); /* Create an event_base with default settings */
struct event_base* event_base_new_with_config( const struct event_config* cfg ); /* Create with configuration */
struct event_config* event_config_new( );
void event_config_free( struct event_config* cfg );
void event_base_free( struct event_base* base );
\textbf{typedef void} \ (*event\_callback\_fn) ( \ evutil\_socket\_t \ fd, \ \textbf{short} \ what, \ \textbf{void}* \ arg \ );
struct event* event_new( struct event_base* b, evutil_socket_t fd, short what, event_callback_fn cb, void* arg );
void event_free( struct event* event );
int event_add( struct event* ev, const struct timeval* tv );
int event_del( struct event* ev );
int event_base_dispatch( struct event_base* base );
int event_base_loop( struct event_base *base, int flags );
int event_base_loopexit( struct event_base* base, const struct timeval* tv );
int event_base_loopbreak( struct event_base* base );
void libevent_global_shutdown( );
struct bufferevent* bufferevent_socket_new( struct event_base* base, evutil_socket_t fd,
    enum bufferevent_options options );
void bufferevent_free( struct bufferevent* bev );
typedef void ( *bufferevent_data_cb )( struct bufferevent* bev, void* ctx );
typedef void ( *bufferevent_event_cb )( struct bufferevent* bev, short events, void* ctx );
void bufferevent_setcb( struct bufferevent* bufev, bufferevent_data_cb readcb, bufferevent_data_cb writecb,
     bufferevent_event_cb eventcb, void* cbarg );
int bufferevent_socket_connect( struct bufferevent* bev. struct sockaddr* address. int addrlen ):
```