

# MO433\_Tarefa\_1

October 19, 2021

## 1 Iremos usar a lib em Python <https://pypi.org/project/mlxtend/>

Parte 1 - Demonstração com exemplo da aula

Parte 2 - Usando o dataset provido para a tarefa

Instalando a Python lib

```
[ ]: !pip install mlxtend
```

```
[ ]: import pandas as pd
from mlxtend.frequent_patterns import apriori
from mlxtend.frequent_patterns import association_rules

from sklearn.preprocessing import MultiLabelBinarizer

# https://pbpython.com/market-basket-analysis.html
```

Aqui temos a lista dada em aula como exemplo para entendimento do conceito e validação do código python

```
[3]: lista_aula = [['A', 'B', 'C'],
['A', 'C'],
['C', 'D'],
['A', 'B'],
['B', 'D'],
['D']]
```

```
[4]: series_list = pd.Series(lista_aula)

# Aqui iremos transformar a diferentes listas em OneHotEncoding
mlb = MultiLabelBinarizer()
basket_sample = pd.DataFrame(mlb.fit_transform(series_list),
                             columns=mlb.classes_,
                             index=series_list.index)

basket_sample
```

```
[4]:      A  B  C  D
      0  1  1  1  0
      1  1  0  1  0
      2  0  0  1  1
      3  1  1  0  0
      4  0  1  0  1
      5  0  0  0  1
```

Em aula o suporte para a tabela usada foi de  $1/3 = 0.333$  aqui usaremos um número muito baixo para que possamos ver todos. Vemos que até o sexto elemento(index 5) contém tal suporte.

```
[5]: frequent_itemsets = apriori(basket_sample, min_support=0.000001,
    ↪ use_colnames=True)
    frequent_itemsets
```

```
[5]:      support  itemsets
      0  0.500000      (A)
      1  0.500000      (B)
      2  0.500000      (C)
      3  0.500000      (D)
      4  0.333333    (A, B)
      5  0.333333    (A, C)
      6  0.166667    (C, B)
      7  0.166667    (B, D)
      8  0.166667    (C, D)
      9  0.166667  (A, B, C)
```

```
[6]: # Create the rules
    rules = association_rules(frequent_itemsets, metric="lift", min_threshold=1)
    rules
```

```
[6]:      antecedents consequents antecedent support consequent support support \
      0      (A)      (B)      0.500000      0.500000  0.333333
      1      (B)      (A)      0.500000      0.500000  0.333333
      2      (A)      (C)      0.500000      0.500000  0.333333
      3      (C)      (A)      0.500000      0.500000  0.333333
      4    (A, B)      (C)      0.333333      0.500000  0.166667
      5    (A, C)      (B)      0.333333      0.500000  0.166667
      6    (C, B)      (A)      0.166667      0.500000  0.166667
      7      (A)    (C, B)      0.500000      0.166667  0.166667
      8      (B)    (A, C)      0.500000      0.333333  0.166667
      9      (C)    (A, B)      0.500000      0.333333  0.166667

      confidence      lift  leverage  conviction
      0      0.666667  1.333333  0.083333      1.50
      1      0.666667  1.333333  0.083333      1.50
```

2	0.666667	1.333333	0.083333	1.50
3	0.666667	1.333333	0.083333	1.50
4	0.500000	1.000000	0.000000	1.00
5	0.500000	1.000000	0.000000	1.00
6	1.000000	2.000000	0.083333	inf
7	0.333333	2.000000	0.083333	1.25
8	0.333333	1.000000	0.000000	1.00
9	0.333333	1.000000	0.000000	1.00

### 1.0.1 Parte 2

Aqui iremos fazer com o dataset dado para a tarefa  
<http://fimi.uantwerpen.be/data/retail.dat>

```
[27]: f = open("retail.dat.txt", "r")
data = f.read()
data_lists = []
for line in data.split('\n'):
    data_lists.append(line.split(' '))
```

```
[28]: series_list = pd.Series(data_lists)

# Aqui iremos transformar a diferentes listas em OneHotEncoding
mlb = MultiLabelBinarizer()
basket = pd.DataFrame(mlb.fit_transform(series_list),
                      columns=mlb.classes_,
                      index=series_list.index)
basket.head()
```

```
[28]:
```

	0	1	10	100	1000	10000	10001	10002	10003	...	9990	9991	9992	\
0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	

  

	9993	9994	9995	9996	9997	9998	9999
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

[5 rows x 16471 columns]

```
[29]:
```

```
# Mostra as classes em ordem alfabética, por isso vemos o 9999 por último,
↪ mesmo tendo números maiores que ele como 15000, por exemplo.
mlb.classes_
```

```
[29]: array(['', '0', '1', ..., '9997', '9998', '9999'], dtype=object)
```

Agora iremos calcular os mais frequentes colocando suporte como 0 para trazer todos e mais a frente filtraremos.

```
[32]: frequent_itemsets = apriori(basket, min_support=0.005, use_colnames=True)
frequent_itemsets.head(10) # 10 mais frequentes
```

```
[32]:      support itemsets
0  0.008076      (10)
1  0.012500     (1004)
2  0.025373     (101)
3  0.005274    (1020)
4  0.009210     (103)
5  0.006250    (1043)
6  0.005365   (10444)
7  0.007010   (10446)
8  0.007452     (105)
9  0.010004   (10515)
```

```
[44]: print("{} itens com suporte maior que 0.005".format(len(frequent_itemsets)))
```

580 itens com suporte maior que 0.005

```
[33]: rules = association_rules(frequent_itemsets, metric="lift", min_threshold=1)
rules.head()
```

```
[33]:      antecedents consequents  antecedent support  consequent support  support \
0      (39)      (10)      0.574788      0.008076  0.005127
1      (10)      (39)      0.008076      0.574788  0.005127
2      (48)    (1004)      0.477922      0.012500  0.006964
3    (1004)      (48)      0.012500      0.477922  0.006964
4      (39)    (101)      0.574788      0.025373  0.015880

      confidence      lift  leverage  conviction
0      0.008920  1.104463  0.000485    1.000851
1      0.634831  1.104463  0.000485    1.164428
2      0.014572  1.165816  0.000991    1.002103
3      0.557169  1.165816  0.000991    1.178956
4      0.027627  1.088816  0.001295    1.002318
```

**Obtendo itens com confiança maior que 90%**

```
[35]: confidence_more_than_ninety = rules[(rules['confidence'] >= 0.9)]
confidence_more_than_ninety
```

```
[35]:
```

	antecedents	consequents	antecedent support	consequent support	\
12	(105)	(38)	0.007452	0.176900	
27	(110)	(38)	0.031691	0.176900	
97	(16011)	(16010)	0.007588	0.014927	
114	(170)	(38)	0.035151	0.176900	
220	(286)	(38)	0.013418	0.176900	
270	(36)	(38)	0.033302	0.176900	
278	(37)	(38)	0.012182	0.176900	
284	(371)	(38)	0.008870	0.176900	
294	(55)	(38)	0.007985	0.176900	
297	(56)	(38)	0.006068	0.176900	
298	(790)	(38)	0.005932	0.176900	
456	(105, 39)	(38)	0.005161	0.176900	
463	(32, 110)	(38)	0.005093	0.176900	
468	(39, 110)	(38)	0.019952	0.176900	
473	(41, 110)	(38)	0.007679	0.176900	
480	(48, 110)	(38)	0.015653	0.176900	
556	(32, 170)	(38)	0.006125	0.176900	
562	(170, 39)	(38)	0.023354	0.176900	
568	(41, 170)	(38)	0.009131	0.176900	
574	(170, 48)	(38)	0.017660	0.176900	
718	(286, 39)	(38)	0.008507	0.176900	
724	(286, 48)	(38)	0.006703	0.176900	
766	(36, 32)	(38)	0.005603	0.176900	
836	(36, 39)	(38)	0.023105	0.176900	
842	(36, 41)	(38)	0.007940	0.176900	
848	(36, 48)	(38)	0.016061	0.176900	
866	(37, 39)	(38)	0.008019	0.176900	
872	(37, 48)	(38)	0.006409	0.176900	
878	(371, 39)	(38)	0.006034	0.176900	
1056	(41, 39, 110)	(38)	0.005841	0.176900	
1071	(110, 39, 48)	(38)	0.011762	0.176900	
1082	(41, 170, 39)	(38)	0.007078	0.176900	
1096	(170, 39, 48)	(38)	0.013679	0.176900	
1110	(41, 170, 48)	(38)	0.005581	0.176900	
1138	(286, 39, 48)	(38)	0.005263	0.176900	
1236	(36, 41, 39)	(38)	0.006488	0.176900	
1250	(36, 39, 48)	(38)	0.012658	0.176900	

	support	confidence	lift	leverage	conviction
12	0.007293	0.978691	5.532466	0.005975	38.626926
27	0.030909	0.975304	5.513320	0.025302	33.329601
97	0.007384	0.973094	65.190655	0.007271	36.611884
114	0.034380	0.978057	5.528884	0.028161	37.511590

220	0.012658	0.943364	5.332767	0.010285	14.533250
270	0.031646	0.950272	5.371818	0.025755	16.552211
278	0.011864	0.973929	5.505548	0.009709	31.571779
284	0.008700	0.980818	5.544492	0.007131	42.910967
294	0.007452	0.933239	5.275527	0.006040	12.328993
297	0.005830	0.960748	5.431033	0.004757	20.969462
298	0.005762	0.971319	5.490794	0.004713	28.698767
456	0.005093	0.986813	5.578380	0.004180	62.418447
463	0.005025	0.986637	5.577384	0.004124	61.595346
468	0.019736	0.989198	5.591863	0.016207	76.201768
473	0.007554	0.983752	5.561074	0.006196	50.658088
480	0.015437	0.986232	5.575094	0.012668	59.783081
556	0.006034	0.985185	5.569177	0.004951	55.559277
562	0.022901	0.980573	5.543105	0.018769	42.369093
568	0.009006	0.986335	5.575679	0.007391	60.235983
574	0.017445	0.987797	5.583941	0.014321	67.450911
718	0.008257	0.970667	5.487105	0.006753	28.060241
724	0.006590	0.983080	5.557274	0.005404	48.645233
766	0.005354	0.955466	5.401174	0.004363	18.482345
836	0.022061	0.954836	5.397613	0.017974	18.224516
842	0.007611	0.958571	5.418731	0.006206	19.867941
848	0.015426	0.960452	5.429362	0.012585	20.812681
866	0.007758	0.967468	5.469024	0.006340	25.301390
872	0.006318	0.985841	5.572882	0.005184	58.131465
878	0.005966	0.988722	5.589169	0.004899	72.981568
1056	0.005796	0.992233	5.609018	0.004763	105.974176
1071	0.011694	0.994214	5.620216	0.009614	142.259185
1082	0.006976	0.985577	5.571391	0.005724	57.068294
1096	0.013532	0.989221	5.591988	0.011112	76.358390
1110	0.005490	0.983740	5.561006	0.004503	50.620674
1138	0.005195	0.987069	5.579826	0.004264	63.653097
1236	0.006272	0.966783	5.465152	0.005125	24.779654
1250	0.012250	0.967742	5.470571	0.010011	25.516112

```
[41]: print("Temos {} itens.".format(len(confidence_more_than_ninety)))
```

```
Temos 37 itens.
```