Project2 Report

1 Part 1

a).

if the number of packets in the system less than B, then the packet loss won't happens.

for markov chain, the maximum packet in the system is B, hence,

$$\lambda \pi_0 = \mu \pi_1 \tag{1.1}$$

$$\lambda \pi_1 = \mu \pi_2 \tag{1.2}$$

$$\dots$$
 (1.3)

$$\lambda \pi_B = \mu \pi_{B+1} \tag{1.4}$$

(1.5)

therefore,

$$1 = \sum_{i=0}^{B+1} \pi_i \tag{1.6}$$

$$1 = \sum_{i=0}^{B+1} \pi_0(\frac{\lambda^i}{\mu}) \tag{1.7}$$

$$\pi_0 = \frac{1 - \frac{\lambda}{\mu}}{1 - \frac{\lambda}{\mu}^{B+1}} \tag{1.8}$$

$$\pi_{B+1} = \frac{\frac{\lambda}{\mu}^{B+1} (1 - \frac{\lambda}{\mu})}{1 - \frac{\lambda}{\mu}^{B+2}}$$
 (1.9)

(1.10)

hence, the loss rate is

$$P_d = \frac{\frac{\lambda}{\mu}^{B+1} (1 - \frac{\lambda}{\mu})}{1 - \frac{\lambda}{\mu}^{B+2}}$$
 (1.11)

b).simulation code

```
\# This is a simpy based simulation of a M/M/1 queue system
\# Now the buffer packet size is limited to B
import random
import simpy
import math
RANDOM SEED = 29
SIM\ TIME = 1000000
MU = 1
""" Queue system
class server queue:
        def __init__(self , env , arrival_rate , Packet Delay ,
        Server Idle Periods, Buffer Size):
                 self.server = simpy.Resource(env, capacity = 1)
                 self.env = env
                 self.queue len = 0
                 self.flag processing = 0
                 self.packet number = 0
                 self.sum\_time\_length = 0
                 self.start idle time = 0
                 self.drop = 0
                 self.buffer_size = Buffer_Size
                 self.arrival rate = arrival rate
                 self.Packet Delay = Packet Delay
                 self.Server Idle Periods = Server Idle Periods
        def drop_rate(self): #calculate the drop rate, drop/
            total packets
                return self.drop/self.packet number
        def process_packet(self, env, packet):
                 with self.server.request() as req:
                         start = env.now
                         vield req
                         yield env.timeout (random.expovariate (MU)
                         latency = env.now - packet.arrival time
```

```
self.Packet Delay.addNumber(latency)
                #print("Packet number {0} with arrival
                   time {1} latency {2}".format(packet.
                   identifier, packet.arrival time,
                   latency))
                self.queue\_len = 1
                if self.queue len = 0:
                        self.flag processing = 0
                        self.start_idle_time = env.now
def packets_arrival(self, env):
        \# packet arrivals
        while True:
             # Infinite loop for generating packets
                yield env.timeout(random.expovariate(
                   self.arrival rate))
                  # arrival time of one packet
                self.packet_number += 1
                  \# packet id
                arrival_time = env.now
                \#print(self.num pkt total, "packet")
                   arrival")
                new packet = Packet (self.packet number,
                   arrival time)
                if self.flag_processing = 0:
                        self.flag processing = 1
                        idle_period = env.now - self.
                           start idle time
                        self.Server Idle Periods.
                           addNumber(idle_period)
                        #print("Idle period of length
                            {0} ended ".format(
                            idle_period))
                if self.queue_len < self.buffer_size:#</pre>
                   self.queue len += 1
                        env.process(self.process_packet(
                           env, new_packet))
                else:
                        self.drop += 1
```

""" Packet class """

```
class Packet:
        def __init__(self , identifier , arrival_time):
                 self.identifier = identifier
                 self.arrival time = arrival time
class StatObject:
    def __init__(self):
        self.dataset = []
    def addNumber(self,x):
        self.dataset.append(x)
    def sum(self):
        n = len(self.dataset)
        sum = 0
        for i in self.dataset:
            sum = sum + i
        return sum
    def mean(self):
        n = len(self.dataset)
        sum = 0
        for i in self.dataset:
            sum = sum + i
        return sum/n
    def maximum(self):
        return max(self.dataset)
    def minimum(self):
        return min(self.dataset)
    def count(self):
        return len (self.dataset)
    def median (self):
        self.dataset.sort()
        n = len(self.dataset)
        if n//2 = 0: # get the middle number
            return self.dataset [n//2]
        {f else}: \ \# \ find \ the \ average \ of \ the \ middle \ two \ numbers
            return ((self.dataset[n//2] + self.dataset[n//2 +
                1)/2)
    def standarddeviation (self):
        temp = self.mean()
        sum = 0
        for i in self.dataset:
            sum = sum + (i - temp) **2
        sum = sum/(len(self.dataset) - 1)
```

```
return math.sqrt(sum)
def cal packet loss (arrival rate, buffer size): ##########the
          theoretical loss rate
            pd = 1 - (1 - (arrival rate/MU)**buffer size)/(1 - (arrival rate/MU)**buffer size)
                      arrival rate/MU) **(buffer size+1))
            #print(Sum)######each step print out the calculated
                      probability that the packet of system is <= buffer size
            return pd
def main():
            random.seed(RANDOM SEED)
            for buffer size in [10, 50]:
                        print ("Simple_queue_system_model:mu_=_{0}, buffer_size_=
                                  _{1}".format(MU, buffer size))
                        print ("{0:<9}_{1:<9}_{3:<9}_{4:<9}_{4:<9}_{5:<9}_{6:<9}
                        "Utilization", "Loss_Rate", "Theoretical"))
                        for arrival rate in [0.2, 0.4, 0.6, 0.8, 0.9, 0.99]:
                                    env = simpy.Environment()
                                    Packet Delay = StatObject()
                                    Server Idle Periods = StatObject()
                                    router = server queue(env, arrival rate,
                                              Packet_Delay, Server_Idle_Periods, buffer_size)
                                    env.process(router.packets arrival(env))
                                    env.run(until=SIM TIME)
                                    \#expected \ delay = 1/MU/(1-(arrival \ rate/MU))
                                    print ("\{0:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{1:<9\}_{\cup}\{2:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{3:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}_{\cup}\{4:<9.3f\}
                                              f = \{5: <9.3f \} = \{6: <9.3f \} = \{7: <9.3f \} = \{8: <9.3f \} =
                                              \{9: <9.3 f\}". format (
                                                 round(arrival rate, 3),
                                                 int (Packet Delay.count()),
                                                 round(Packet Delay.minimum(), 3),
                                                 round(Packet_Delay.maximum(), 3),
                                                 round(Packet Delay.mean(), 3),
                                                 round(Packet_Delay.median(), 3),
                                                 round(Packet Delay.standarddeviation(), 3),
                                                 round(1-Server Idle Periods.sum()/SIM TIME, 3),
                                                 round(router.drop rate(),3),
```

round(cal packet loss(arrival rate, buffer size)

,3)))

```
c).tables
Simple queue system model:mu = 1
Lambda
          Count
                    Min
                               Max
                                         Mean
                                                   Median
                                                             Sd
                                                                        Utilization Theoretical
                                                             1.254
0.200
          200377
                    0.000
                               15.023
                                         1.251
                                                   0.867
                                                                        0.200
                                                                                  1.250
0.400
          400070
                    0.000
                               18.180
                                         1.658
                                                   1.146
                                                             1.660
                                                                        0.399
                                                                                  1.667
                    0.000
                               30.204
                                                             2.539
                                                                                  2.500
0.600
          601173
                                         2.529
                                                   1.749
                                                                        0.603
          799713
                                                   3.452
                                                             4.988
                                                                                  5.000
0.800
                    0.000
                               54.270
                                         4.996
                                                                        0.800
                                                             9.370
                                                                                  10.000
0.900
          898679
                    0.000
                               90.886
                                         9.558
                                                   6.698
                                                                        0.897
0.990
          991142
                    0.000
                               419.359
                                         86.938
                                                   64.409
                                                             76.626
                                                                        0.990
                                                                                  100.000
Simple queue system model:mu = 1, buffer size = 10
Lambda
          Count
                    Min
                               Max
                                         Mean
                                                   Median
                                                              Sd
                                                                        Utilization Loss Rate Theoretical
                     0.000
0.200
          200377
                               15.023
                                         1.251
                                                   0.867
                                                              1.254
                                                                        0.200
                                                                                  0.00000
                                                                                             0.00000
0.400
          399774
                    0.000
                               19.706
                                         1.655
                                                   1.144
                                                              1.658
                                                                        0.399
                                                                                  0.00003
                                                                                             0.00003
0.600
          600324
                     0.000
                               26.514
                                         2.495
                                                   1.737
                                                              2.448
                                                                        0.602
                                                                                  0.00174
                                                                                             0.00145
0.800
          785589
                    0.000
                               31.911
                                         3.966
                                                   3.068
                                                              3.386
                                                                        0.786
                                                                                  0.01811
                                                                                             0.01845
0.900
          860391
                     0.000
                               34.938
                                         4.969
                                                    4.194
                                                              3.796
                                                                        0.860
                                                                                  0.04418
                                                                                             0.04373
0.990
          912681
                    0.000
                               30.296
                                         5.897
                                                   5.389
                                                              3.989
                                                                        0.912
                                                                                  0.07926
                                                                                             0.07880
Simple queue system model:mu = 1, buffer size
Lambda
          Count
                    Min
                               Max
                                         Mean
                                                   Median
                                                              Sd
                                                                        Utilization Loss Rate Theoretical
          200093
                     0.000
                               14.758
                                                              1.244
                                                                                  0.00000
0.200
                                                   0.859
                                                                        0.199
          400168
                     0.000
                               26.712
                                                   1.154
                                                                        0.399
                                                                                  0.00000
0.400
                                         1.666
                                                              1.668
                               30.476
          599717
                     0.000
                                                              2.474
0.600
                                                   1.734
                                                                        0.599
                                                                                  0.00000
0.800
          801115
                     0.000
                               48.397
                                         4.981
                                                   3.458
                                                              4.937
                                                                        0.801
                                                                                  0.00000
                                                                                             0.00000
0.900
          897903
                    0.000
                               77.005
                                         9.555
                                                   6.717
                                                              9.152
                                                                        0.897
                                                                                  0.00029
                                                                                             0.00047
0.990
          974599
                    0.000
                               80.541
                                         24.022
                                                   22.694
                                                              15.528
                                                                        0.976
                                                                                  0.01552
                                                                                             0.01472
```

2 Part 2

a). Sample execution

```
"""Binary Exponetial and Linear Backoff Algorithm"""
```

```
import random
import simpy
import math
RANDOM SEED = 29
SIM TIME = 1000000
MU = 1
TS = 1 \# time \ slot
N_HOST = 3 \#number \ of \ hosts
""" Host class """
class Host:
         __init__(self, env, arrival_rate):
    \mathbf{def}
         self.env = env
         self.arrival rate = arrival rate
         self.L = 0
         self.S = 0
```

```
\#self.arrives = 0
        self.N = 0 \# times \ retransmitted
        self.server = simpy.Resource(env, capacity = 1)
        env.process(self.packets arrival(env))
    def packets arrival (self, env):
        while True:
            yield env.timeout(random.expovariate(self.
                arrival_rate))
            \#self. \ arrives += 1
            if (self.L = 0): \#no \ packet \ in \ the \ queue
                 self.S = math.floor(env.now) + 1
                 self.N = 0
            s\,e\,l\,f\,\,.\,L \,\,+\!\!=\,\, 1
    def process packet (self, env):
        self.L = 1
        if (self.L > 0):
            self.N = 0
            self.S = math.floor(env.now) + 1
    def exp backoff(self, env):
        r = min(self.N, N HOST)
        self.S = math.floor(env.now + random.randint(0,2**r)*TS)
            + 1
        self.N += 1
    def linear backoff (self, env):
        K = \min(self.N, 1024)
        self.S = math.floor(env.now + random.randint(0, K)*TS) +
            1
        self.N += 1
""" Queue system
class Ethernet:
    def __init__(self, env, arrival_rate, Type):
        self.env = env
        self.hosts = [Host(env, arrival_rate) for i in range(
           N HOST)
        self.success = 0
        self.collide = 0
        self.blank = 0
        self.Type = Type
        self.arrival_rate = arrival_rate
```

```
def sim(self, env):
         while True:
              hostLst = []
              for host in self.hosts:
                   if (host.L > 0 \text{ and } (host.S = math.floor(env.now))
                      ))): \#host is requesting now
                       hostLst.append(host)
             \#print(len(hostLst))
              if (len(hostLst) == 1): \#succeed
                   hostLst[0].process packet(env)
                   self.success += 1
              elif (len(hostLst) > 1): \#collide
                   self.collide += 1
                   for host in hostLst:
                       if (self.Type == 0): \#exponetial
                            host.exp backoff(env)
                       else:
                            host.linear backoff(env)
              else:
                   self.blank += 1
              yield self.env.timeout(TS)
def main():
         \mathbf{print} ("Ethernet_system_model:mu_=_{_{\sim}} {0}, _Ts_{_{\sim}}=_{_{\sim}} {1}, _N_{_{\sim}}=_{_{\sim}} {2}
             ".format(MU, TS, N HOST))
         random.seed(RANDOM SEED)
         for Type in [0,1]:
                   if (Type = 0):
                            print ("For_Exponetial_Backoff_Algorithm
                   else:
                            print ("For_Linear_Backoff_Algorithm")
                  print ("{0:<9}_{\downarrow}{1:<9}_{\downarrow}{2:<9}_{\downarrow}{3:<9}_{\downarrow}{4:<9}".
                      format (
                            "Lambda", "Success", "Failed", "Blank", "
                               Throughput"))
                   for arrival_rate in [0.01, 0.02, 0.03, 0.04,
                      0.05, 0.06, 0.07, 0.08, 0.09]:
                            env = simpy.Environment()
                            ethernet = Ethernet (env, arrival rate,
                               Type)
```

if __name__ == '__main__': main()

b). Simulation results of the 10-host system

Ethernet system model:mu = 1, Ts = 1, N = 10

For Exponetial Backoff Algorithm

Lambda	Success	Failed	Blank	Throughput
0.010	99876	9259	890865	0.09988
0.020	200186	47015	752799	0.20019
0.030	300151	137241	562608	0.30015
0.040	399742	193964	406294	0.39974
0.050	499488	172628	327884	0.49949
0.060	598620	131757	269623	0.59862
0.070	698978	93424	207598	0.69898
0.080	796404	61827	141769	0.79640
0.090	892039	36764	71197	0.89204

for exponential backoff algorithm, as λ increases, the Throughput increases linearly.

For Linear Backoff Algorithm

		3		
Lambda	Success	Failed	Blank	Throughput
0.010	99829	15284	884887	0.09983
0.020	200483	85326	714191	0.20048
0.030	293187	592115	114698	0.29319
0.040	289192	633604	77204	0.28919
0.050	290455	632573	76972	0.29046
0.060	289794	633053	77153	0.28979
0.070	291135	632170	76695	0.29113
0.080	289783	633348	76869	0.28978
0.090	288847	633688	77465	0.28885

for linear backoff algorithm, as λ increases, the Throughput increases at first, but reaches the ceiling throughput around 0.29.

Analysis: as λ increases, for exponential backoff algorithm, the success slots keep in-

creases until the throughput approaches 1, the blank time slots keep decreasing which means the algorithm is effective.

However, the throughput of linear backoff algorithm reaches its ceiling aroung 0.29, which is not effective, that means the blank time slots does not decrease after λ reaches certain level, while the throughput is 0.29 that far less than 1.