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```
1. Design a lex code to count the number of words in the input pattern.
Code:
%{
#include<stdio.h>
int wordCount=0;
%}
%%
[]+;
[^ \t\n]+ {wordCount++;}
%%
int yywrap(){};
int main(){
 yylex();
 printf("Number of words are %d",wordCount);
Output:
                                                                                  Q = - 0 x
                                panwar2001@HP-250-G7-Notebook-PC: ~/Desktop/Flex/old work
panwar2001@HP-250-G7-Notebook-PC:~/Desktop/Flex/old work$ ./a.out
fkdj askdfja 35$@%sdfjas kdfjjf
sfkjskak kfjasklje35435 kfds
panwar2001@HP-250-G7-Notebook-PC:~/Desktop/Flex/old work$
```

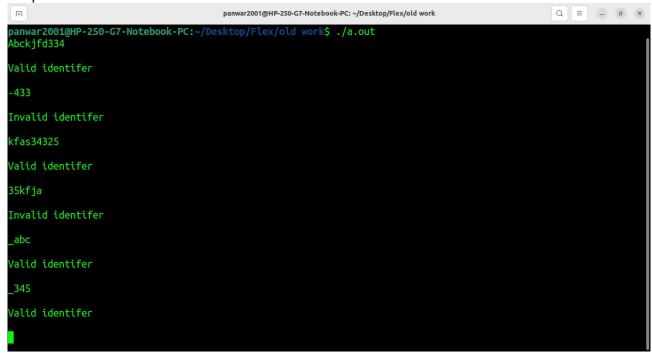
## 2. WAP in Lex to find a valid C identifier.

```
%{
#include<stdio.h>
%}

%%
^[a-zA-Z_][a-zA-Z0-9_]* { printf("\nValid identifer\n");}
.* { printf("\nInvalid identifer\n");}
%%
int yywrap(){};
int main(){
  yylex();
}
```

## Output:

Code:



3. WAP in Lex to calculate number of alphabets, special characters and digits in a given stream of data.

```
Code:
%{
#include<stdio.h>
int lineCount=0,spaceCount=0,nonSpecialCharacters=0,specialCharacters=0;
%%
[\n] {lineCount++; }
[]+ {spaceCount++;}
[A-Za-z0-9] {nonSpecialCharacters++;}
[^A-Za-z0-9] {specialCharacters++;}
%%
int yywrap(){};
int main(){
 yylex();
 printf("There are %d lines \nNumber of space is %d \nNumber of non special characters are %d \n
Number of special characters are %d \
n",lineCount,spaceCount,nonSpecialCharacters,specialCharacters);
Output:
                                                                                 Q = - m x
                                panwar2001@HP-250-G7-Notebook-PC: ~/Desktop/Flex/old work
panwar2001@HP-250-G7-Notebook-PC:~/Desktop/Flex/old work$ gcc l*
panwar2001@HP-250-G7-Notebook-PC:~/Desktop/Flex/old work$ ./a.out
kafjd djfkls ks
kfjd $#45
There are 2 lines
Number of space is 3
Number of non special characters are 19
 Number of special characters are 2
panwar2001@HP-250-G7-Notebook-PC:~/Desktop/Flex/old work$
```

```
4. WAP in Lex to find if a number is even or odd.
Code:
%{
#include<stdio.h>
int longestStringLength=0;
int num;
%}
%%
[--]?[0-9]+ {num=atoi(yytext);num%2?printf("odd\n"):printf("even\n");}
%%
int yywrap(){};
int main(){
 yylex();
                                                                                                                                              Q = - 0 x
                                                          panwar2001@HP-250-G7-Notebook-PC: ~/Desktop/Flex/7feb
panwar2001@HP-250-G7-Notebook-PC:~/Desktop/Flex/7feb$ lex e* even0dd.l:16: EOF encountered in a action panwar2001@HP-250-G7-Notebook-PC:~/Desktop/Flex/7feb$ lex e* panwar2001@HP-250-G7-Notebook-PC:~/Desktop/Flex/7feb$ gcc l* panwar2001@HP-250-G7-Notebook-PC:~/Desktop/Flex/7feb$ ./a.out
 45
odd
 46
 even
 bbc
  ven
```

```
5. WAP in Lex to find if a number is perfect Square or not.
Code:
%{
#include<stdio.h>
int longestStringLength=0;
int num,isPerfectSquare=0;
%}
%%
[0-9]+ {num=atoi(yytext);
      for(int i=0;i \le num/2;i++){
      if(i*i==num){}
        isPerfectSquare=1;
        break;
       }
      if(isPerfectSquare==1){
       printf("Yes it is a perfect Square");
       printf("It is not a perfect square");
      isPerfectSquare=0;
%%
int yywrap(){};
int main(){
 yylex();
Ouput:
```

6. WAP in Lex to find the length of longest string in a given stream of data. Code: %{ #include<stdio.h> int longestStringLength=0; %} %% .\* {longestStringLength=yyleng>longestStringLength?yyleng:longestStringLength;} %% int yywrap(){return 1;d}; int main(){ yylex(); printf("Longest string length is %d\n",longestStringLength); Output: Q = - 0 x panwar2001@HP-250-G7-Notebook-PC: ~/Desktop/Flex/8feb panwar2001@HP-250-G7-Notebook-PC:~/Desktop/Flex/8feb\$ lex leng\* panwar2001@HP-250-G7-Notebook-PC:~/Desktop/Flex/8feb\$ gcc lex\* panwar2001@HP-250-G7-Notebook-PC:~/Desktop/Flex/8feb\$ ./a.out pursuing btech from graphic era Longest string length is 8 panwar2001@HP-250-G7-Notebook-PC:~/Desktop/Flex/8feb\$

```
7. WAP in Lex to check if the given input string has digits or not.
Code:
%{
#include<stdio.h>
int longestStringLength=0;
%}
%%
[0-9]+ {printf("Input string has digits");}
.* {printf("Invalid string(Please input a valid string)");}
%%
int yywrap(){};
int main(){
  yylex();
}
```

## Output:

```
panwar2001@HP-250-G7-Notebook-PC:~/Desktop/Flex/8feb$ ls
a.out digitValidation.l length.l lex.yy.c numberValidity.l
panwar2001@HP-250-G7-Notebook-PC:~/Desktop/Flex/8feb$ lex dig*
panwar2001@HP-250-G7-Notebook-PC:~/Desktop/Flex/8feb$ gcc lex*
panwar2001@HP-250-G7-Notebook-PC:~/Desktop/Flex/8feb$ gcc lex*
panwar2001@HP-250-G7-Notebook-PC:~/Desktop/Flex/8feb$ ./a.out
4353
Input string has digits
kfjd34
Invalid string(Please input a valid string)
-343
Invalid string(Please input a valid string)
kfdjslak34
Invalid string(Please input a valid string)
3434
Invalid string has digits
25
Input string has digits
```

8. WAP in Lex to check if the given input string is an Integer or a Floating point number. Code:
%{
#include<stdio.h>
%}
%%
^[-+]?[0-9]+\$ {printf("valid integer");}
^[-+]?[0-9]\*[.][0-9]+\$ {printf("Valid Float Number");}
.\* {printf("Not a valid Number.Please enter a number0");}
%%
int yywrap(){return 1;}
int main(){
 yylex();
}

Output:

