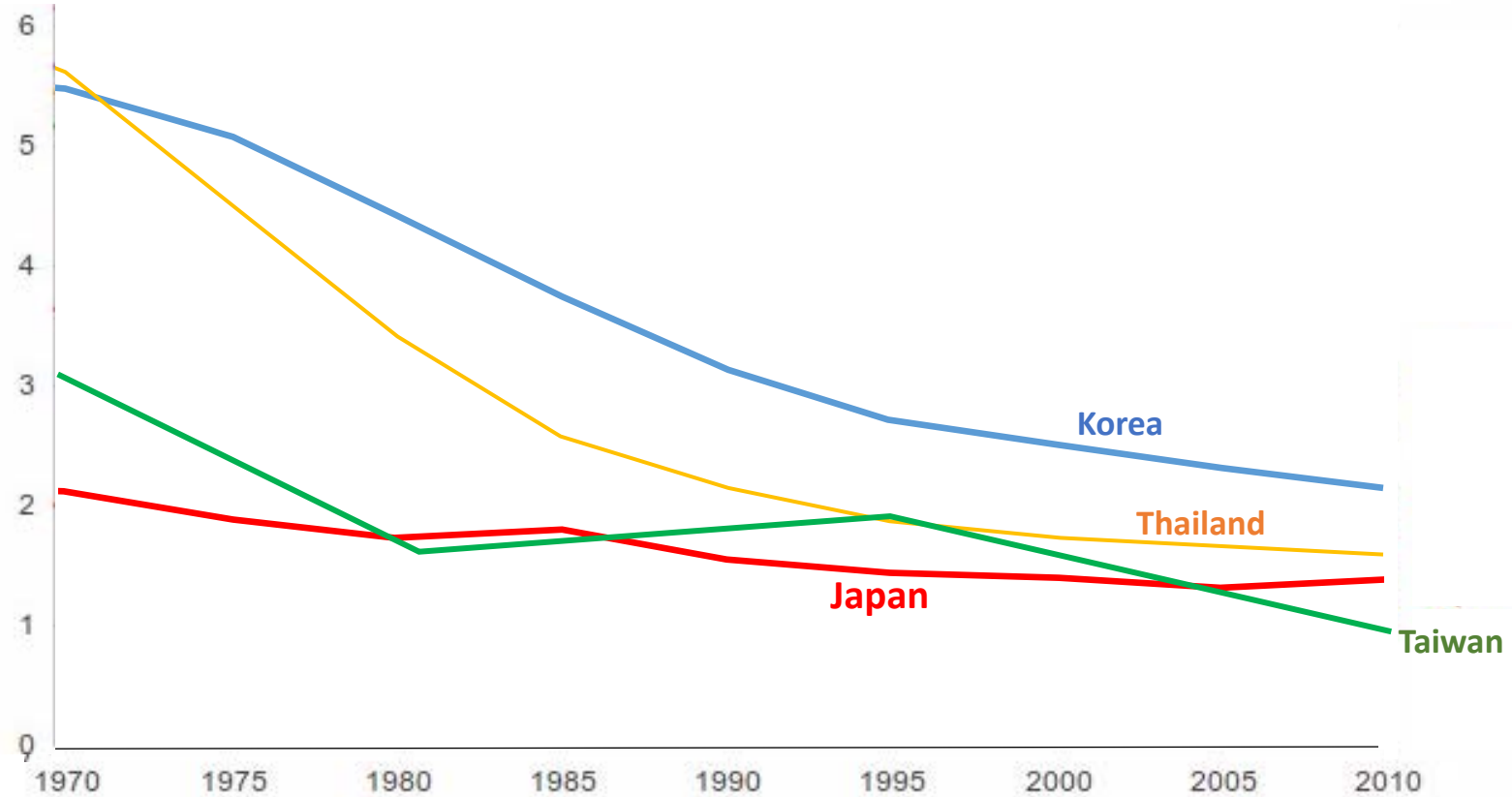


## “STANDY”

AI Agents for kids  
Forecasting emotions,  
Recommending places to play,  
And introducing like-minded friends.



## Low birth rate is a common problem



Data by Google and Vulcan Post

<https://vulcanpost.com/4278/something-bizarre-is-happening-east-asians-are-having-lesser-babies/>

A lonely kid needs a companion  
like Winnie the Pooh



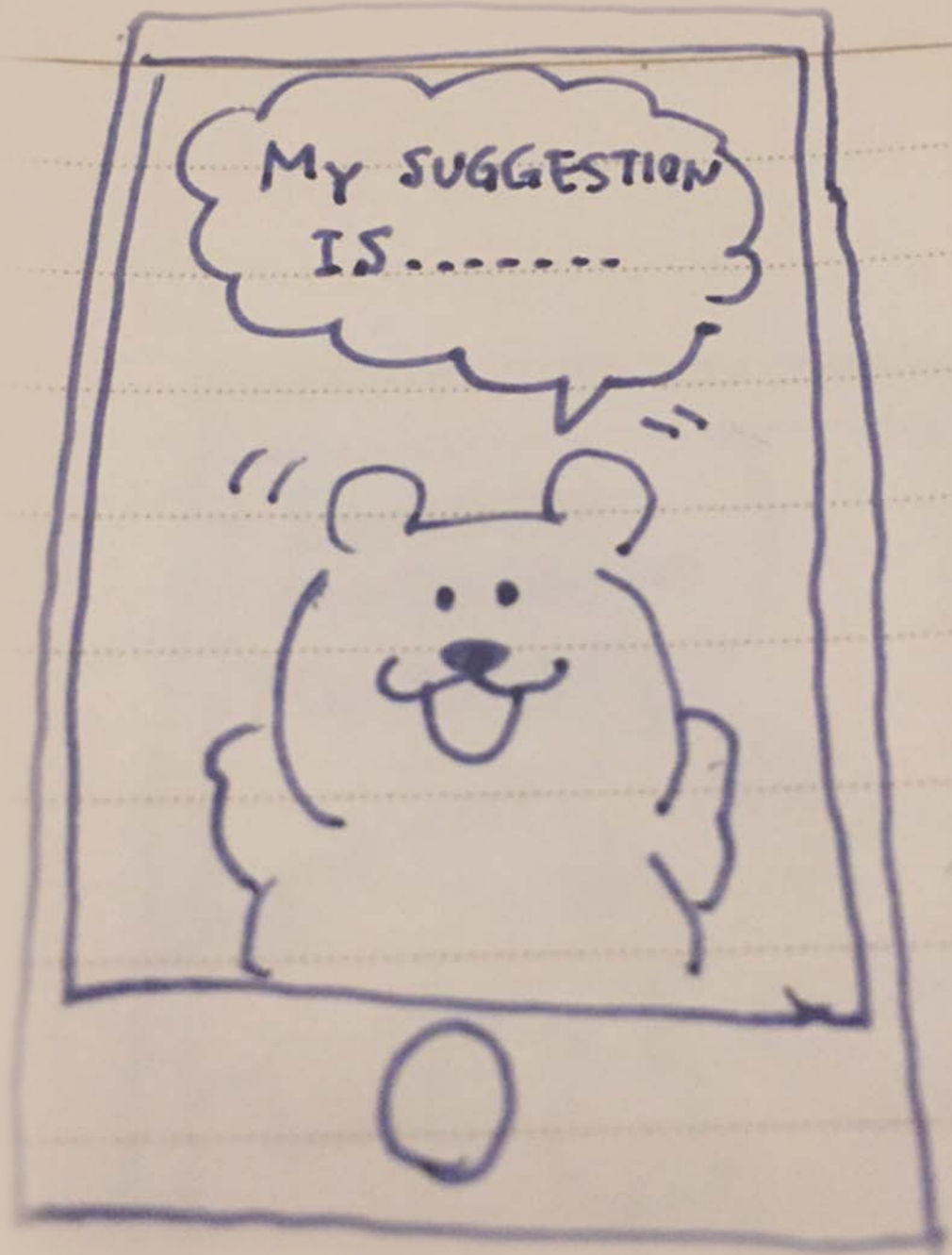




A friend  
who can understand him,  
who can take him to play,  
who can introduce many friends to him.

We implemented “STANDY”:  
AI agent for kids

who forecasts the kid’s emotions,  
recommends places to play  
based on weather and regional  
Information provided as  
Open Data from the government.



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We implemented “STANDY”:  
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forecasting the kid’s emotions,  
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And introduces **new real friends**  
who have similar preference and  
suited to the child.





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And introduces **new real friends**  
who have **similar preference** and  
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We implemented “STANDY”:  
AI agent for kids

Kids can meet each other  
at the recommended place to play  
finding each other's  
companion characters.





STANDY also suggests topics  
for conversation  
between parent and child

How STANDY works





What is the relation between weather and the activities of children?

I spoke with my wife,  
who is a teacher at an elementary school.

she feels  
that some relation between them exists.

For example,  
children become very noisy  
after rainy days.

We also discussed this idea  
with a weather forecaster.  
She suggested that  
**low atmospheric pressure**  
is also an important key indicator.

We thought about  
defining that feeling  
as an index, named "**UZU UZU index**".

"UZU UZU" is a Japanese word  
meaning a child's feeling of raring to go.



## OPEN DATA from Japan Meteorological Agency

Date	2016.9.1	2016.9.2	2016.9.3	2016.9.4	2016.9.5	2016.9.6	2016.9.7
Day	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed
Atm. Pressure	1005.4 hPa	1009 hPa	1011.3 hPa	1011.6 hPa	1009.6 hPa	1004.1 hPa	1001.4 hPa
Daylight Time	10.1H	4.9H	7.4H	4.5H	9.6H	9.6H	2.3H
Precipitation	0mm	0mm	0mm	3mm	0mm	0mm	4.5mm
Humidity	68%	76%	77%	84%	76%	74%	85%
Ave. Temp	27.0°C	26.7°C	27.2°C	26.7°C	28.4°C	28.8°C	27.1°C

learning and predicting through an **AI technology (Machine Learning)**

<b>UZU UZU* Index</b>	2.2	1.9	1.7	7.6	4.0	2.0	4.6
-------------------------------	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

\* "UZU UZU" is a child's feeling of raring to go



Measuring the UZU UZU index

Recording the noise volume  
in class rooms

But in this hackathon,  
instead of spending  
a lot of time and money,  
we made a **simulation algorithm.**

And build an AI system  
that is capable of modeling it.

This is **“a Hacker’s Approach.”**





## Simulation algorithm for the UZU UZU index

$$\sum_{n=0}^2 LowPressure(n) * (3 - n) * Holiday(n) * Urban Index$$

Where  $LowPressure(n)$  is a value ranged from 0 (high pressure) to 1 (low pressure) calculated by  $\zeta_{0.2}(AtmospherePressure(n) - AveragePressure)$  for  $n$  days before

$Holiday(n)$  is a value of 2 if the day before  $n$  days is a holiday or weekend day, otherwise 1,

$Urban Index$  is a value is decided by the proportion of forest area to urban area in the city and ranged in 0 (rural area) to 1 (urban area) (this value is obtained from **RESAS API**)

OPEN DATA from Japan Meteorological Agency

Date	2016.9.1	2016.9.2	2016.9.3	2016.9.4	2016.9.5	2016.9.6	2016.9.7
Day	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed
Atm. Pressure	1005.4 hPa	1009 hPa	1011.3 hPa	1011.6 hPa	1009.6 hPa	1004.1 hPa	1001.4 hPa
Daylight Time	10.1H	4.9H	7.4H	4.5H	9.6H	9.6H	2.3H
							4.5mm
							85%
Ave. Temp	27.0°C	26.7°C	27.2°C	26.7°C	28.4°C	28.8°C	27.1°C

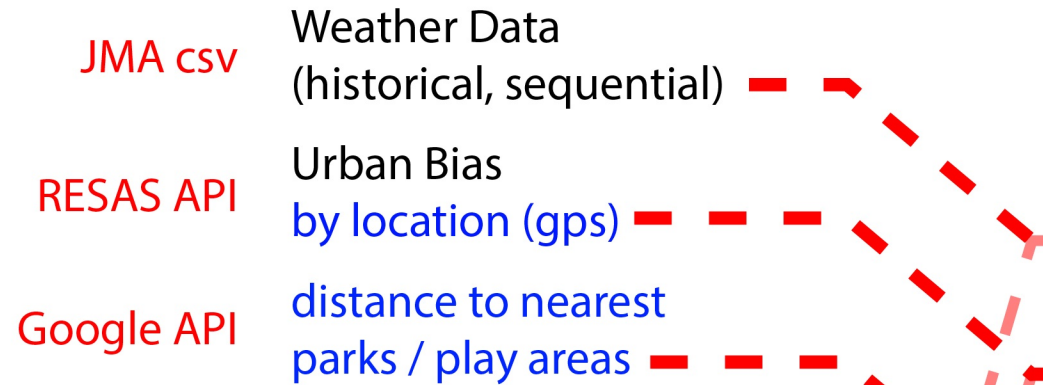
$$\sum_{n=0}^2 LowPressure(n) * (3 - n) * Holiday(n) * Urban Index$$

Learning and Predicting by Machine Learning

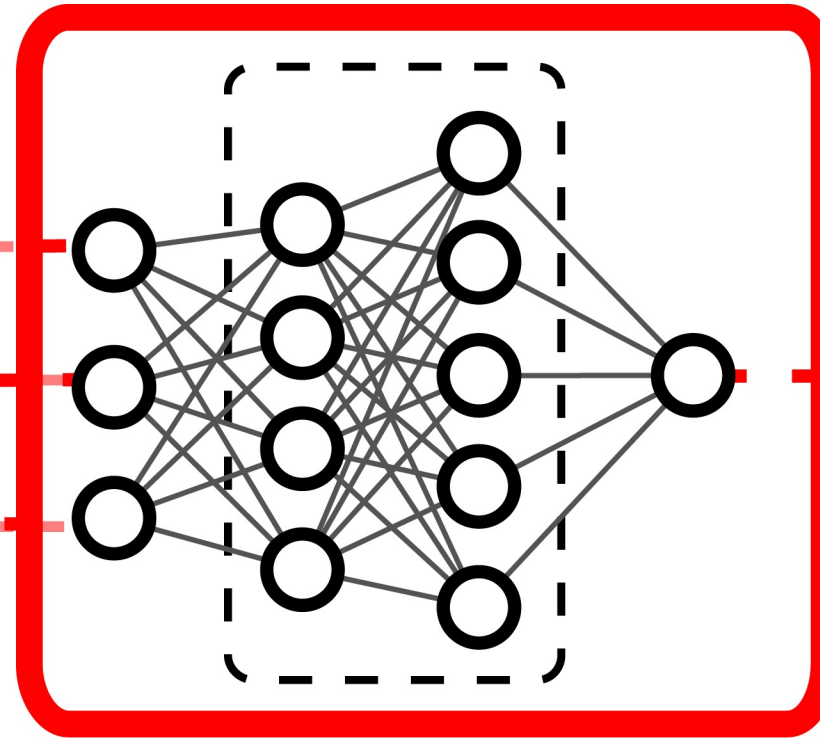
UZU	2.2	1.9	1.7	7.6	4.0	2.0	4.6
UZU							
Index							

## Initial Training Phase

Inputs :



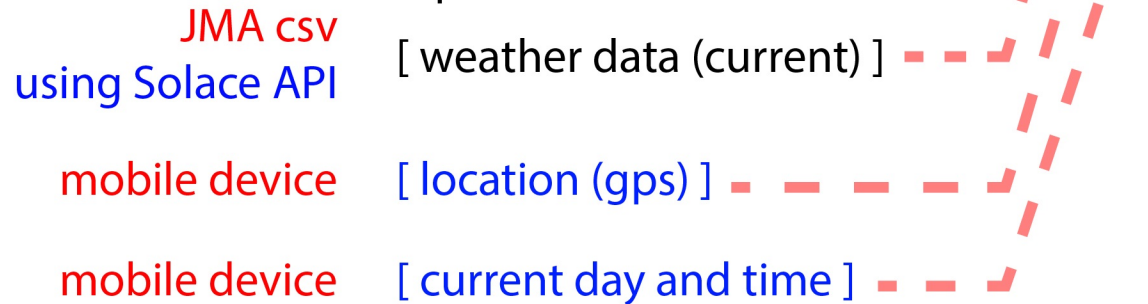
Machine Learning using  
“Deep Learning on Neural Networks”  
(AI Technology or Data Science)



Output :  
**UUI**  
Uzu Uzu Index

## Prediction Phase

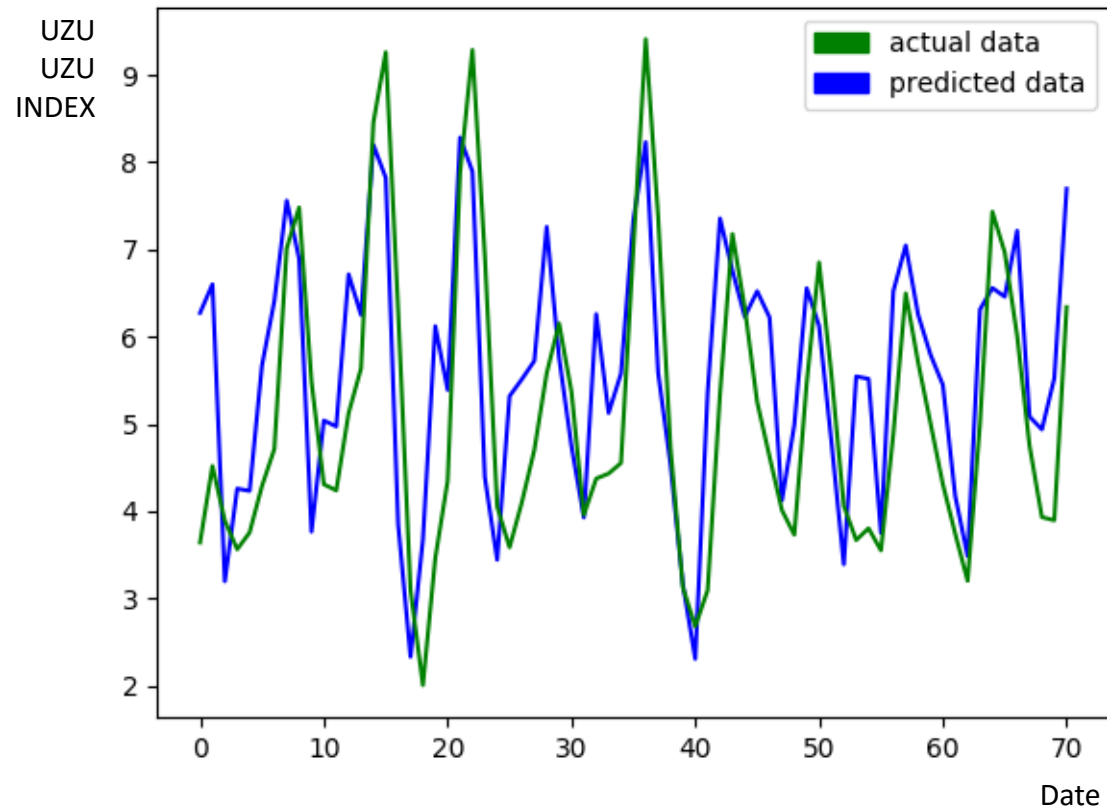
Inputs :



input 12 hidden 20 hidden 30 output 1

Implemented  
Future (currently hard-coded)

Our model got the accuracy of **88%**

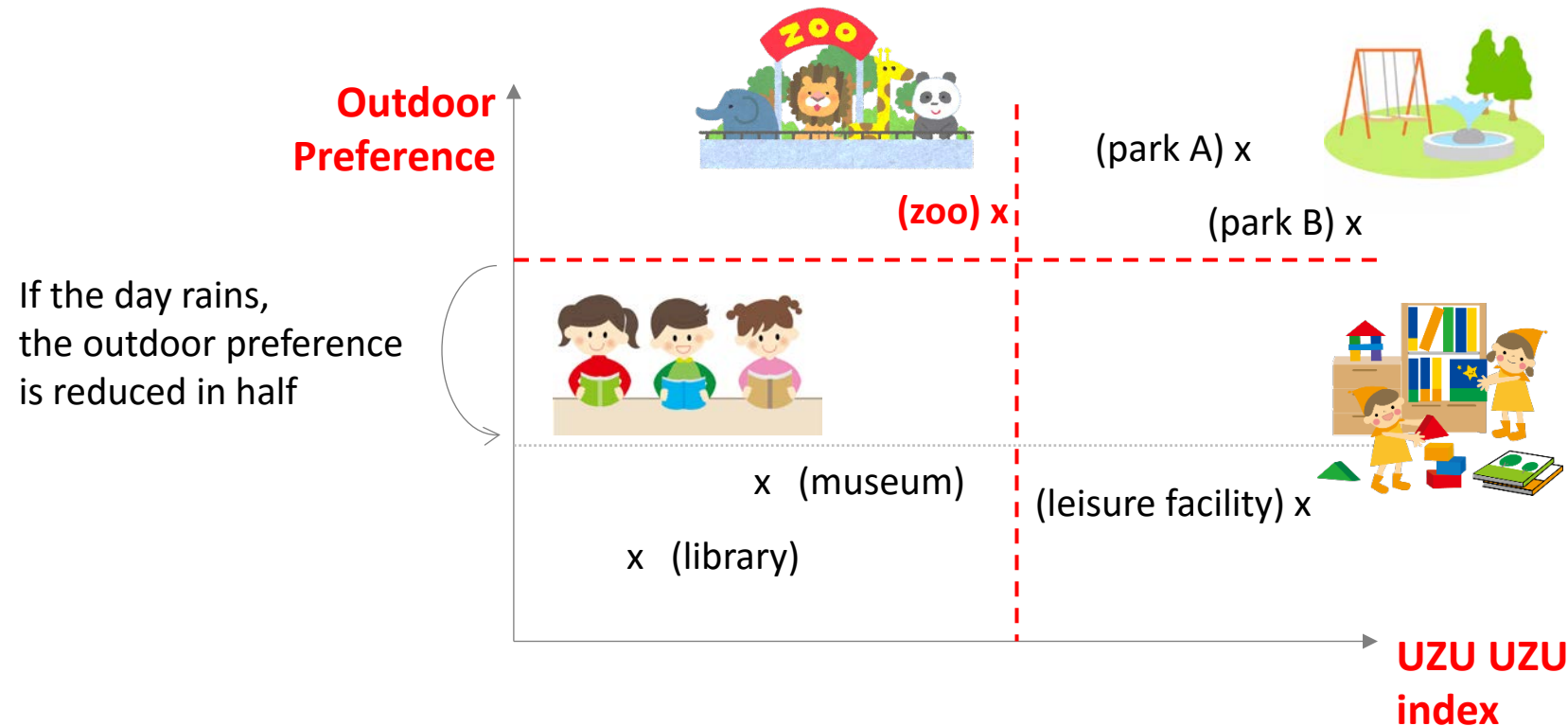


The merit of machine learning is that it can predict the UZU UZU index even if we cannot understand its **internal theory**.

This kind of AI technology is **more intelligent** than us humans.



## Recommendation of places to play and like-minded friends



STANDY recommends places to play based on the UZU UZU index and outdoor preference of the child. The outdoor preference will be updated if the recommendation works well by requesting for feedback.

## **Significant Business Possibilities**

The agent collects **data about children**.  
That data can be used as marketing data.  
Recommendations can also be related to advertising.

“STANDY” can be a Google for kids.

on “**Parental Control**” :  
Problem or Opportunity?

Parents can potentially decide  
**If children from different economic backgrounds  
should be friends with their kids.**

(we can use the open data  
like the data provided by the **Korean** government)

To decrease the social gap  
we should recommend  
that different kinds of kids  
hang out together.

How will you control your kids?  
Do you contribute to the society by allowing the child  
to have friends from different environments?

Why we named “STANDY”







# STANDY:

AI Agents for kids  
forecasting emotions,  
recommending  
places to play,  
and introducing  
like-minded friends



## (1) Completeness

- sufficient neural network prediction accuracy (88%)
- Through the trial, kids actually love to talk with STANDY !!  
(Moreover updated since then! More interactive! )

## (2) Utilization of Data

- 1 year of **weather data** from the Japan Meteorological Agency
- forest area ratio from **RESAS API**

## (3) Creativity

- using **Data Science** and **Deep Learning**  
to **predict children's emotions** defined as **UZU UZU Index**
- **user interface like a child's favorite doll**  
(fluffy, cute appearance and cute movement and voice)

## (4) Technical Difficulty and Application Value

- We used "**A Hacker's Approach**" to perform **Deep Learning**  
with a **simulation algorithm**.
- **business possibilities** of recommendation as a  
advertisement and marketing data obtained from children

## (5) International Open Data

- considering Parental Control according to regional  
wealth data provided by the **Korean** government

Why we named “STANDY”



# GUCCI











COOL  
JAPAN?

# COOL ASIA



Respect All Art

and

Hack Social Issues!



# TRY STANDY ON YOUR PHONE



Download **Monaca**



id: project.standy@gmail.com  
pw: project.standy

## References



# Regional Wealth Index obtained from the **Korean** Government

Source: National Basic Living Security Recipient in each region

We can estimate the wealth index by calculating recipients per capita in each region.

Seoul Statistical Information System - Google Chrome

stat.seoul.go.kr/octagonweb/jsp/WWS7/WWSDS7100.jsp

Seoul Statistical Tables

Scrap Hidden Full Size Help

Category Detailed Settings Language English Point

Period Year 2015 Year ~ 2015 Year

Information Related Statistical Tables

Download Analysis

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National Basic Living Security Recipient (Each Gu) UNIT: household, place, person

Period	Autonomous...	Total recipients			General Recipients		Conditional recipients		Hous
		Households	Facility	Persons	Households	Persons	Households	Persons	
	total	163,107	591	259,446	138,797	197,620	18,696	39,839	
	City hall	-	12	1,019	-	-	-	-	
	Jongno-gu	2,754	14	4,297	2,372	2,962	310	481	
	Jung-gu	3,021	3	3,983	2,686	3,394	247	405	
	Yongsan-gu	4,305	13	5,965	3,688	4,717	443	737	
	Seongdong-gu	4,699	12	7,242	3,818	5,346	667	1,417	
	Gwangjin-gu	4,786	22	7,444	4,264	6,229	383	838	
	Dongdaemun-gu	8,028	25	11,448	7,039	9,407	653	1,328	