Assignment_3_0523_panz2

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Derivation - E step:

$$p(z_{n} = k | x_{n}, \theta^{old}) = r_{nk}$$

$$= \frac{p(z_{n} = k) p(x_{n} | z_{n} = k)}{\sum_{j} p(z_{n} = j) p(x_{n} | z_{n} = j)}$$

$$= \frac{\pi_{k} N(x_{n} | \mu_{k}, \sum_{k})}{\sum_{j} \pi_{j} N(x_{n} | \mu_{j}, \sum_{j})}$$

The main question is to obtain $\pi_k \textit{N}(x_n | \mu_k$, $\; \sum_k)$:

$$\pi_{k}N(x_{n}|\mu_{k}, \Sigma_{k}) = \left[\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}}\right)^{p} \frac{1}{|\Sigma|^{\frac{1}{2}}} e^{\left[-\frac{1}{2}(x_{n}-\mu_{k})^{t}\Sigma^{-1}(x_{n}-\mu_{k})\right]}\right] p_{\left\{z_{n} = k \mid x_{n}, \theta^{old}\right\}}$$

So, the probability linking the n'th data item to the k'th component, using

$$p(z_n = k | x_n, \theta^{old}) = \frac{p_{\{z_n = k | x_n, \theta^{old}\}} e^{\left[-\frac{1}{2}(x_n - \mu_k)^t \sum^{-1}(x_n - \mu_k)\right]}}{\sum_j p_{\{z_n = j | x_n, \theta^{old}\}} e^{\left[-\frac{1}{2}(x_n - \mu_j)^t \sum^{-1}(x_n - \mu_j)\right]}}$$

Derivation - M step:

The M step involves maximizing the expected complete data log likelihood:

$$\begin{aligned} Q(\theta, \theta^{\text{old}}) &= E \sum_{n} p_{\log p(\mathbf{X}_n, \mathbf{Z}_n | \theta)} \\ &= E \sum_{n} \sum_{k} I(\mathbf{z}_n = k) \log[\pi_k N(\mathbf{x}_n | \mu_k, \Sigma_k)] \\ &= \sum_{n} p(\mathbf{z}_n | \mathbf{x}_n, \theta^{\text{old}}) \sum_{k} I(\mathbf{z}_n = k) \log[\pi_k N(\mathbf{x}_n | \mu_k, \Sigma_k)] \\ &= \sum_{n} \sum_{k} r_{nk} \log[\pi_k N(\mathbf{x}_n | \mu_k, \Sigma_k)] \end{aligned}$$

$$= \sum_{n} \sum_{k} r_{nk} \log \pi_{k} + \sum_{n} \sum_{k} r_{nk} \log N(x_{n} | \mu_{k}, \Sigma_{k})]$$

This can be optimized wrt π and μ_k , Σ_k separately. Hence we solve

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \pi_i} \left[\sum_n \sum_k r_{nk} \log \pi_k + \lambda (1 - \sum_k \pi_k) \right] = 0$$

to find

$$\pi_k = \frac{1}{N} \sum_n r_{nk}$$

Take derivative with respect to μ_i

$$\mu_k^{new} = \frac{\sum_n r_{nk} x_n}{\sum_n r_{nk}}$$

Take derivative with respect to Σ

$$\Sigma^{new} = \frac{\sum_{n} \sum_{k} \mathbf{r}_{nk} (x_i - \mu_k^{new}) (x_i - \mu_k^{new})^T}{\sum_{n} \sum_{k} \mathbf{r}_{nk}}$$

Code:

```
Estep = function(data, G, para){
  pr = para$prob
  mu = para$mean
  Sinv = solve(para$Sigma)
  n = nrow(data)
  tmp = NULL
  for(k in 1:G){
    tmp = cbind(tmp,
                 apply(data, 1,
                       function(x) t(x - mu[, k]) \%\% Sinv \%\% (x - mu[, k]))
)
  tmp = -tmp/2 + matrix(log(pr), nrow=n, ncol=G, byrow=TRUE)
# tmp = tmp - apply(tmp, 1, mean)
# bigM = 15
# tmp[tmp > bigM] = bigM
\# tmp[tmp < -bigM] = -bigM
 tmp = exp(tmp)
tmp = tmp / apply(tmp, 1, sum)
```

```
return(tmp)
}
Mstep <- function (data, G, para, post.prob ) {</pre>
  # Your Code
  # Return the updated parameters
  n = nrow(data)
  m = ncol(data)
  update.prob = apply(post.prob, 2, sum)/n
  update.mu = NULL
  update.sigma = array(0, dim=c(2,2))
  num.sigma = array(0, dim=c(2,2))
  denom.sigma = 0
  for (k in 1:G){
    num.mu = rep(0,m)
    denom = 0
    for (i in 1:n){
      num.mu = num.mu + post.prob[i,k]*data[i,]
      denom = denom + post.prob[i,k]
    }
    new.mu = num.mu/denom
    #print(new.mu)
    update.mu = cbind(update.mu,t(new.mu))
    for (i in 1:n){
      num.sigma = num.sigma + post.prob[i,k]* as.numeric(data[i,] - new.mu) %
*% t(as.numeric(data[i,] - new.mu))
    denom.sigma = denom.sigma + denom
  }
  update.sigma = num.sigma/denom.sigma
  return(list(prob=update.prob, mean=update.mu, Sigma= update.sigma))
}
myEM <- function (data, T, G, para ) {</pre>
  for(t in 1: T ) {
    post.prob <- Estep(data, G, para )</pre>
    para <- Mstep (data, G, para, post.prob )</pre>
  }
  return (para)
}
library(mclust)
## Warning: package 'mclust' was built under R version 3.3.2
## Package 'mclust' version 5.4
## Type 'citation("mclust")' for citing this R package in publications.
n <- nrow(faithful)</pre>
Z <- matrix (0, n, 2)</pre>
Z[sample (1:n, 120), 1] <- 1
```

```
Z[, 2] \leftarrow 1 - Z[, 1]
ini0 <- mstep(modelName ="EEE", faithful, Z)$parameters</pre>
# Output from my EM alg
para0 <- list(prob = ini0$pro, mean=ini0$mean, Sigma = ini0$variance$Sigma)</pre>
myEM (data = faithful, G = 2, T = 10, para = para0 )
## $prob
## [1] 0.4402434 0.5597566
## $mean
##
                     1
## eruptions 3.285232 3.647088
## waiting 69.266363 72.179586
##
## $Sigma
##
             [,1]
                       [,2]
## [1,] 1.265672 13.66664
## [2,] 13.666642 182.05240
# Output from mclust
Rout <- em (modelName = "EEE", data = faithful, control = emControl(eps =0, t
ol =0, itmax = 10), parameters = ini0 )$parameters
list ( Rout$pro, Rout$mean, Rout$variance$Sigma )
## [[1]]
## [1] 0.4402434 0.5597566
##
## [[2]]
##
                  [,1]
                            [,2]
## eruptions 3.285232 3.647088
## waiting 69.266363 72.179586
##
## [[3]]
##
             eruptions
                       waiting
## eruptions 1.265672 13.66664
## waiting 13.666642 182.05240
```