

Name: _Paola Garibay_____

Seat# _F1

COSC 3380

HW 1 (to be turned in for grading):

(100 points)

(Due date found in the COSC 3380 Detailed Syllabus!)

Electronic: a Word document to be attached to BB and turned in a as a Hardcopy;

Hardcopy: a handwritten PAPER AND PENCIL!,

WARNING: YOU WILL LOOSE 10 points IF YOU DO NOT MARK YOUR SEAT NUMBER ON THE HARCOPY!

I UNDERSTAND THAT TURNING ANOTHER'S WORK IN is **CHEATING**.

I UNDERSTAND THAT ANY KIND OF DISSEMINATION of this WORK is **CHEATING**.

- | | |
|--|-------------|
| 1. Electronic Version not attached to BB | - 10 points |
| 2. No screenshot of the BB attachment | - 5 points |
| 3. Hardcopy not submitted | - 10 points |
| 4. Not answered by hand | - 10 points |

I CERTIFY THAT THE HOMEWORKS SOLUTIONS ARE MY OWN WORK!

SIGNATURE:

BASED on LECTURE 2 DATA MODELING - WHAT - ERD MODEL

1. (10 points) Data Requirements Analysis for ERD (E + H)

(You need to do the Textual Analysis on the Requirements below)

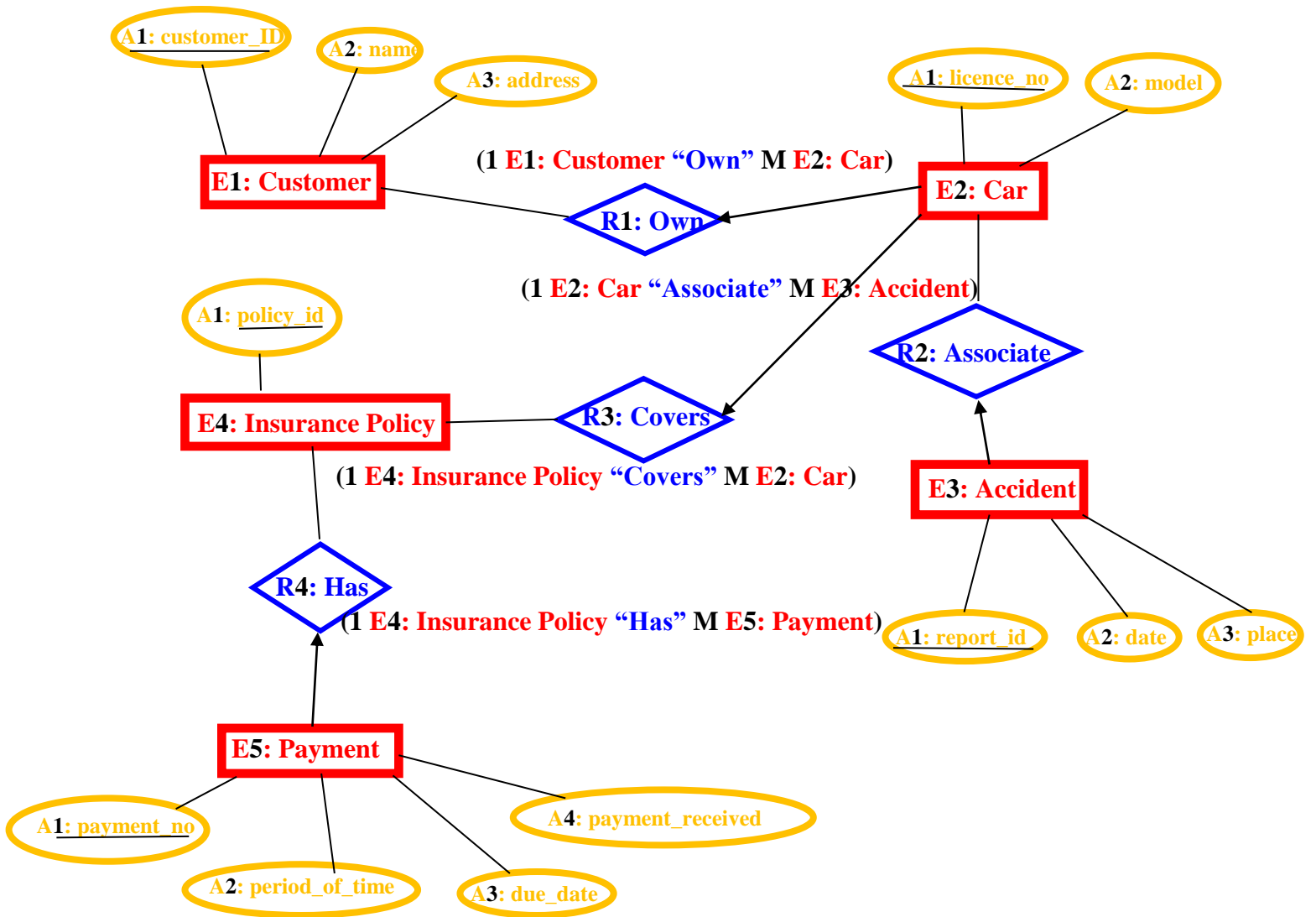
(1 E1: Customer “Own” M E2: Car)

Construct an ERD Model for a car insurance company whose customers own one or more cars each. Customer’s customer_id, name, and address need to be stored in the database. Each car has associated with it zero to any number of recorded accidents. Both car’s licence_no and model data need to be stored in the database. Accident’s report_id, date, and place need to be stored in the database. Each insurance policy (has a policy_id) covers one or more cars, and has one or more premium payments (amount) associated with it. Each payment (has a payment_no) and is for a particular period of time, and has an associated due date, and the date when the payment was received

E1: Customer – A1: customer_ID E1: Customer – A3: address
E2: Car – A1: licence_no E2: Car – A2: model
E3: Accident – A1: report_id E3: Accident – A2: date E3: Accident – A3: place
E4: Insurance Policy – A1: policy_id
E5: Payment – A1: payment_no E5: Payment – A2: period_of_time E5: Payment – A3: due_date E5: Payment – A4: payment_received

R1: Own (1 E1: Customer “Own” M E2: Car)
R2: Associate (1 E2: Car “Associate” M E3: Accident)
R3: Covers (1 E4: Insurance Policy “Covers” M E2: Car)
R4: Has (1 E4: Insurance Policy “Has” M E5: Payment)

ANSWER:



2. (10 points) Data Requirements Analysis for ERD (E + H)

(You need to do the Textual Analysis on the Requirements below)

Consider a database used to record the marks that students get in
R1: Get_In – A1: mark E1: Student
R1: Get_In
(M E1: Student “Get_In” 1 E2: Section)

R2: Of
different exams of different course offerings (sections). Student's
(1 E4: Course “Of” M E2: Section)

E1: Student – A1: student_id E1: Student – A3: dept_name
student_id, name, dept_name, and tot_cred need to be stored in the
E1: Student – A2: name E1: Student – A4: tot_cred

E2: Section E2: Section – A2: semester
database. Section's sec_id, semester, and year need to be stored in the
E2: Section – A1: sec_id E2: Section – A3: year

E3: Course E3: Course – A2: title
database. Course's course_id, title, and credits need to be stored in
E3: Course – A1: course_id E3: Course – A3: credits

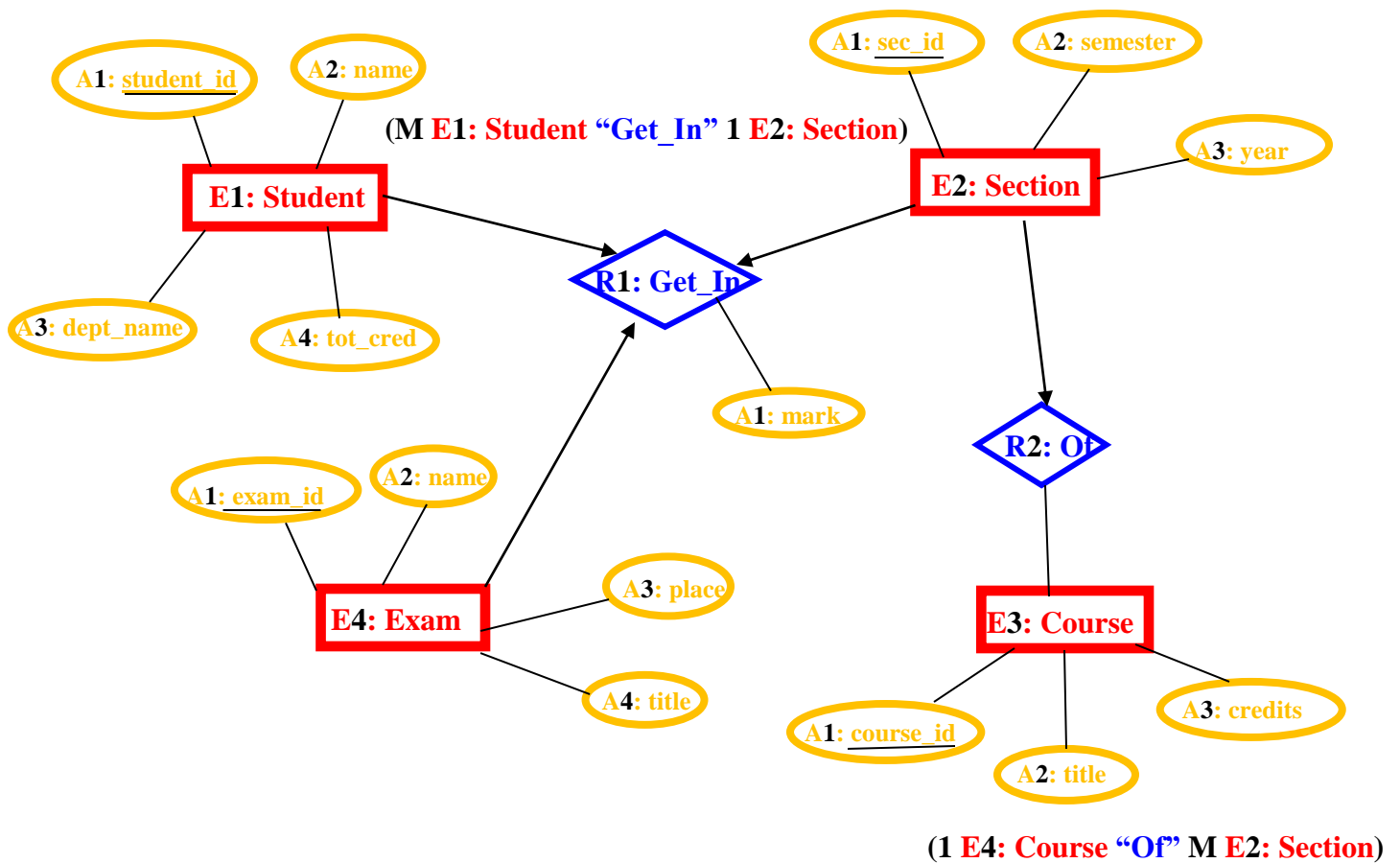
E4: Exam E4: Exam – A2: name E4: Exam – A4: title
the database Exam's exam_id, name, place, and time need to be stored
E4: Exam – A1: exam_id E4: Exam – A3: place

in the database.

a. (E + H)

Construct an E- R diagram that models exams as entities, and uses a ternary relationship between student, section, and exam, for the database.

ANSWER:



b. (E + H)

Construct an alternative E- R diagram that uses only a binary

relationship between student and section. Make sure that only one

relationship exists between a particular student and section pair, yet

you can represent the marks that a student gets in different exams.

ANSWER:

