

# Hypenet: Visualizing Dynamic Hypergraphs

Paola Valdivia

paolalv@icmc.usp.br

University of São Paulo, Brazil ; Inria, France

Paolo Buono

pao.buono@uniba.it

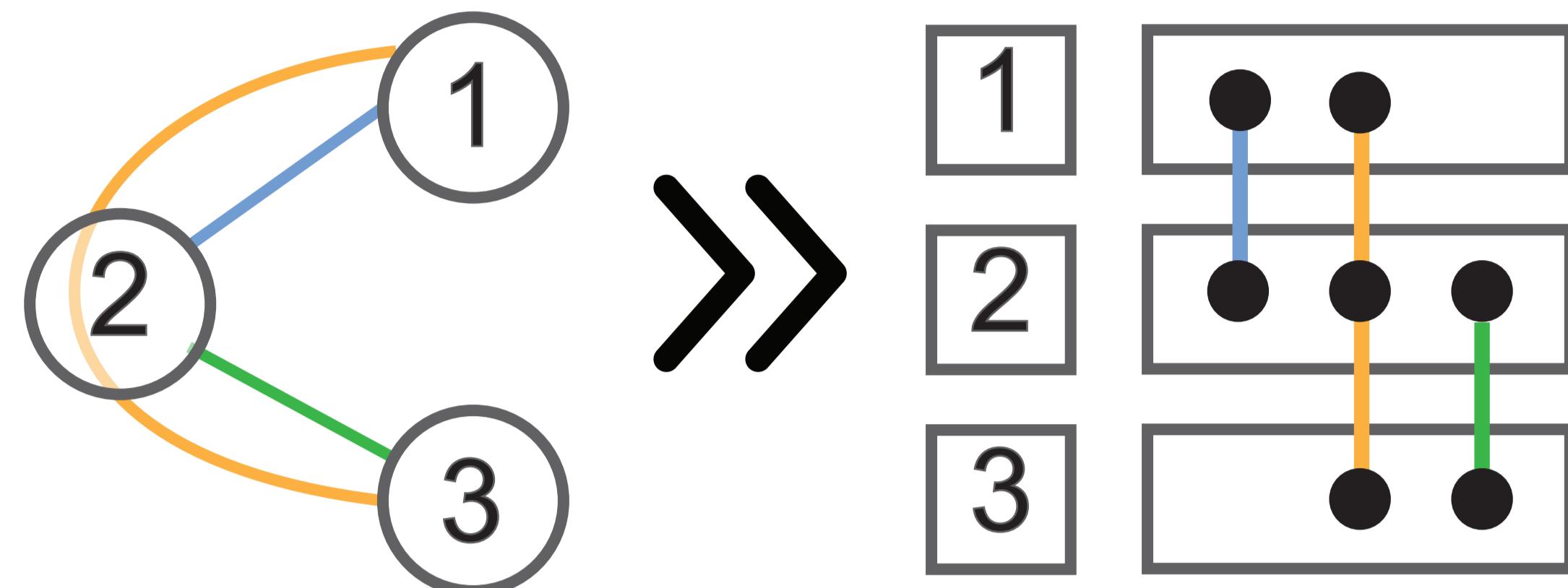
University of Bari Aldo Moro, Italy

Jean-Daniel Fekete

jean-daniel.fekete@inria.fr

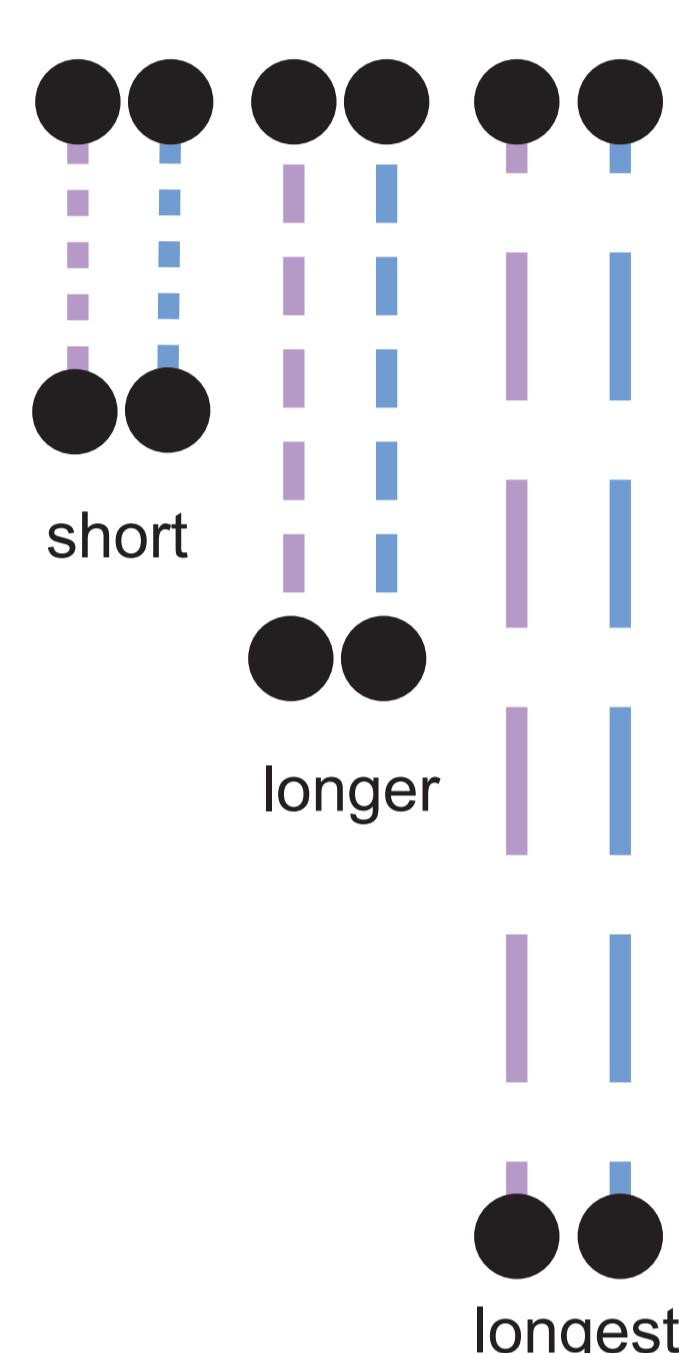
Inria, France

Hypenet is a novel technique to visualize dynamic hypergraphs. Such structures can model multiple types of data, such as computer networks with multiple destination addresses (multicast) or co-authorship networks with multiple authors per article. Hypenet visualizes the evolving topology of the hypergraph in a compact way, allowing users to detect patterns and inconsistencies. We describe our technique and show how it applies to the case of the history of publications of the Eurovis conference, revealing interesting patterns that can contribute to tell a story about data and create hypotheses.

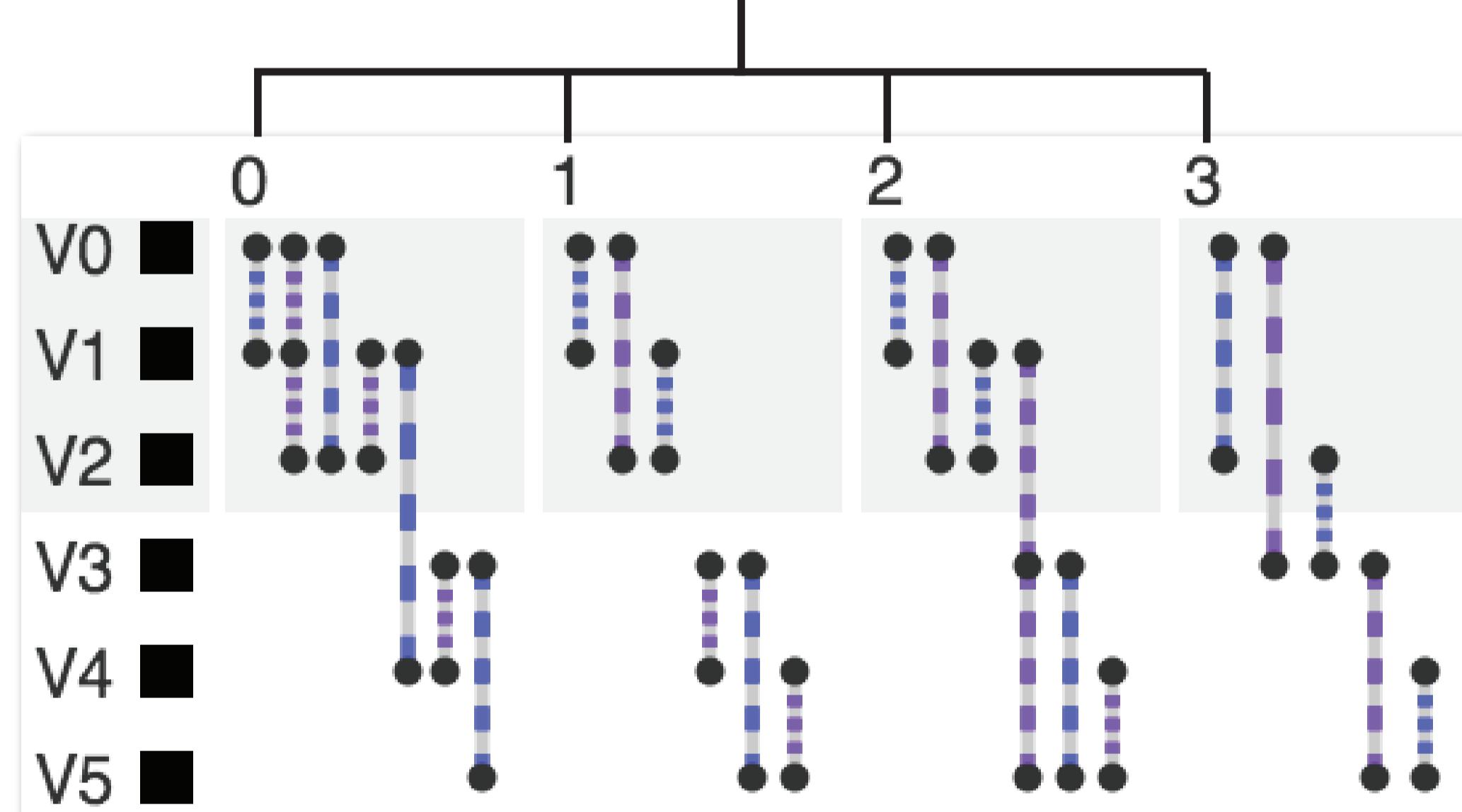


## Tracking long lines

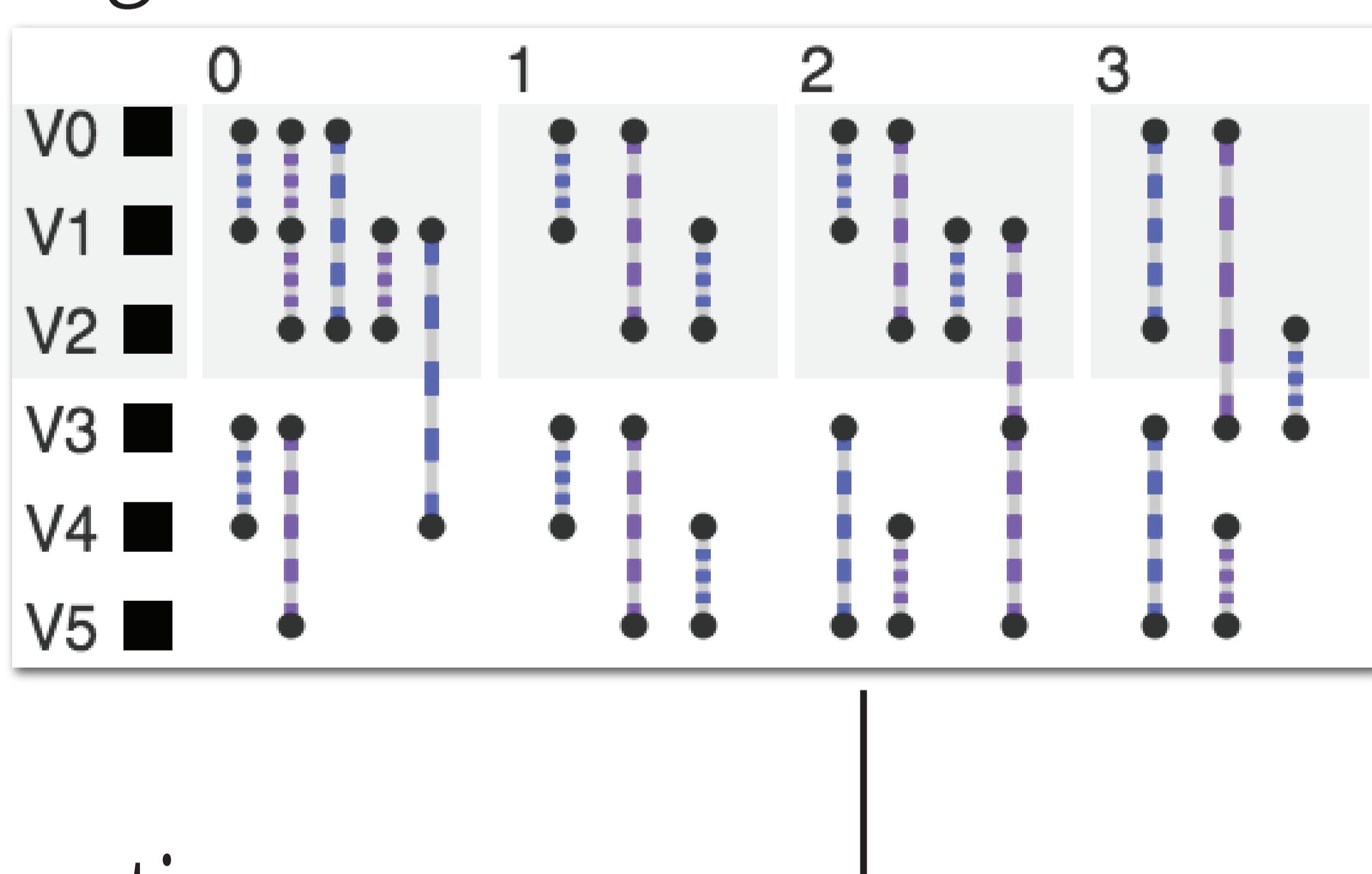
- dashed lines to help estimating hyperedges length, the longer the dash the longer is the edge
- alternating colors (i.e. purple and blue) prevent the sight from jumping to the neighbour edge in long scans



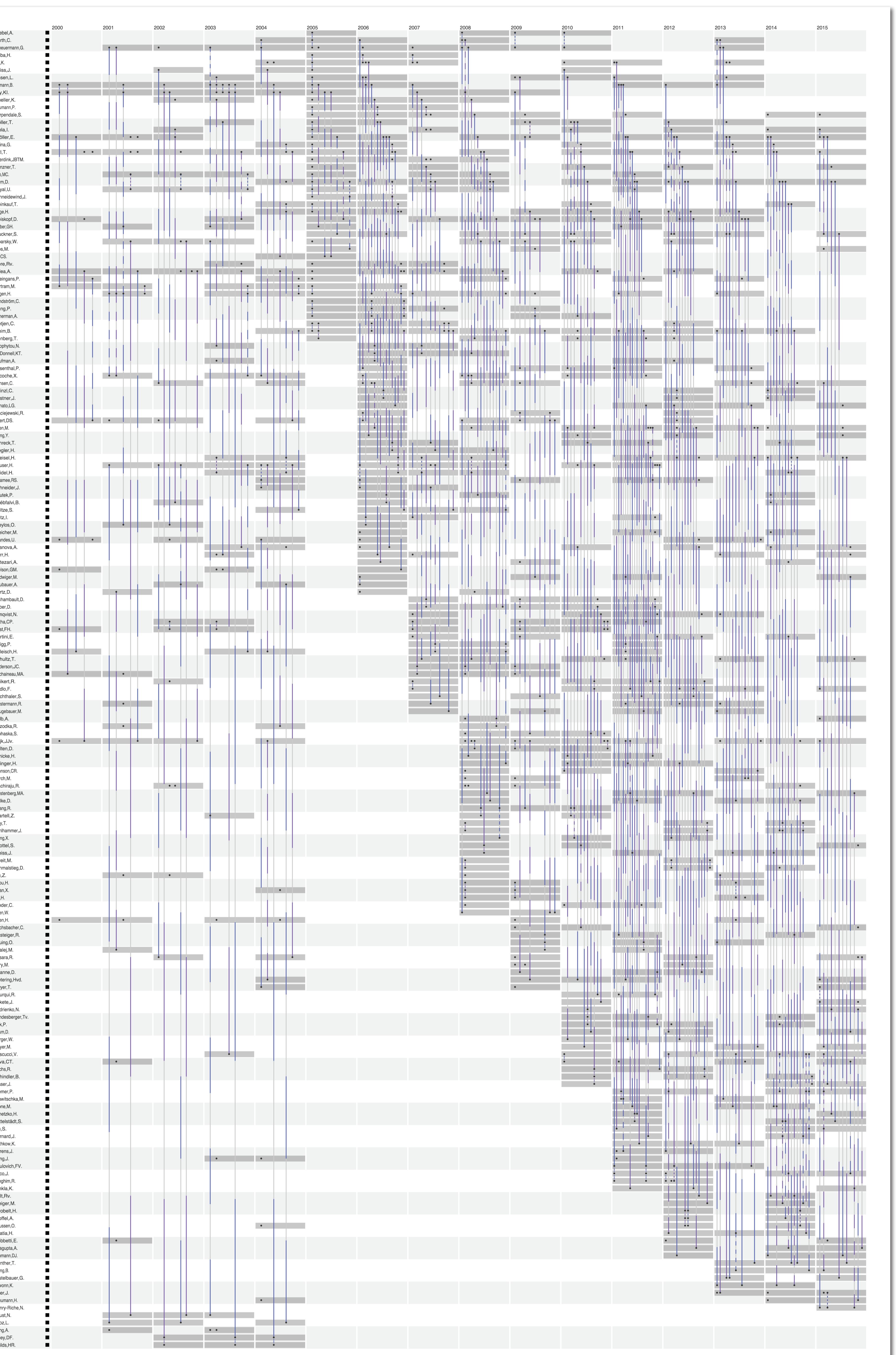
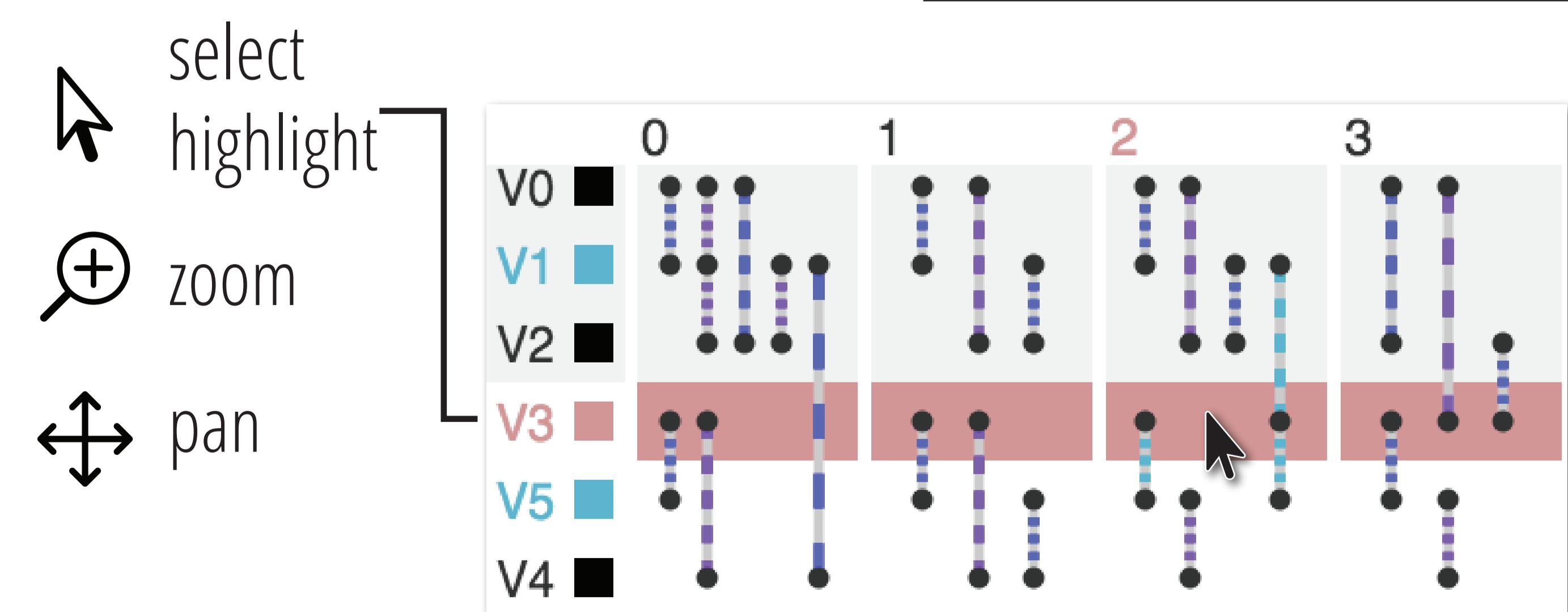
## Time slots



## Packing

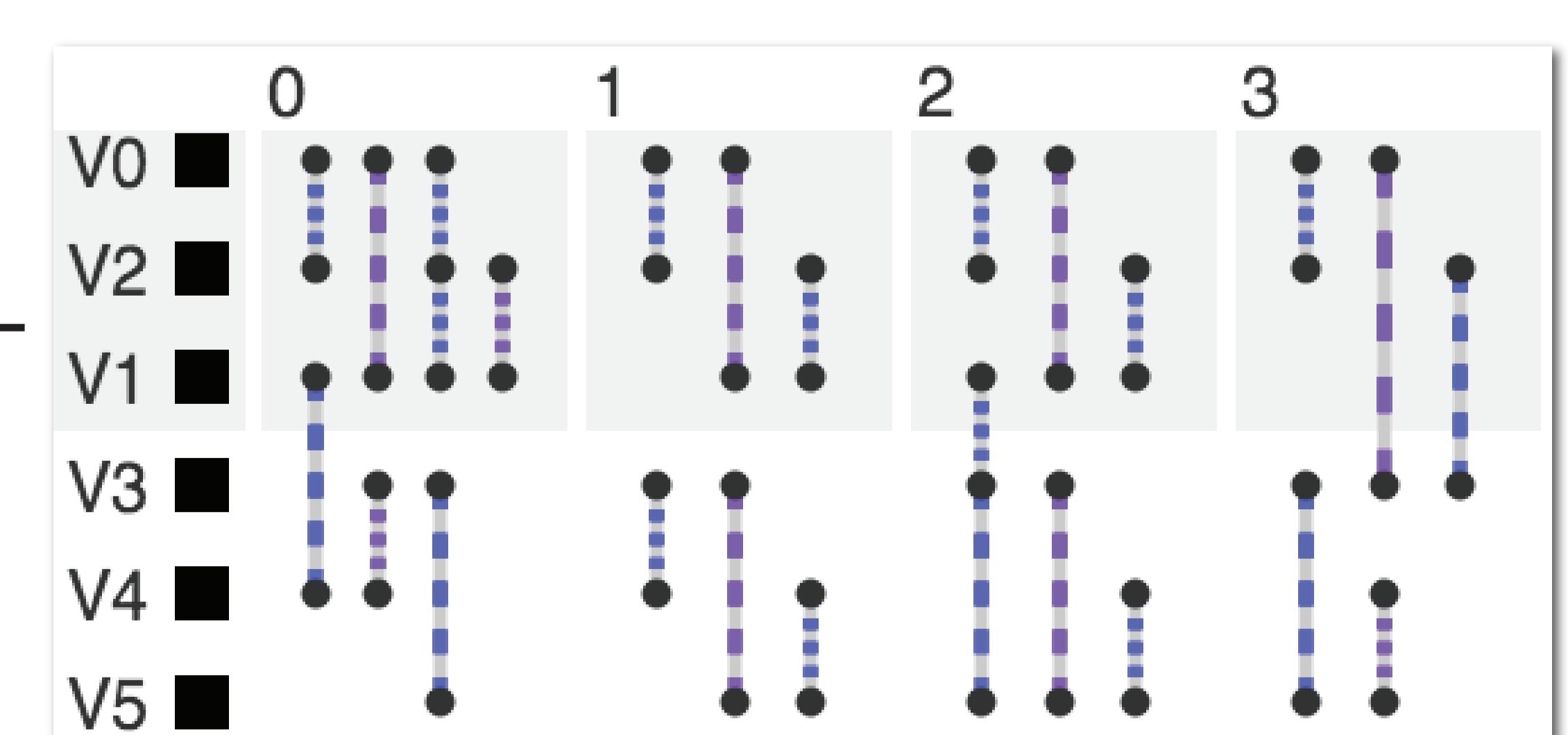


## Interaction



## Ordering

- original
- alphabetical
- degree
- optimal leaf
- barycentric



Grant 2016/10532-8 from São Paulo Research Foundation (FAPESP). The views expressed are those of the authors and do not reflect the official policy or position of the São Paulo Research Foundation. This work is partially supported by the Italian Ministry of Economic Development (MISE) under grant PON Industria 2015 MI01\_00294 "Login".