

27/12/25

Conceptualization Draft Thesis

Assumes temporal coherence

$D_T \approx D_{T+1} \Rightarrow$ previous representation
is partially reusable

∴ Focus not on
tailored instances
but SEMANTIC
instances

NEW
generator
needed

IF each distribution has:

- internally inseparable heuristic classes
- or completely different feature-heuristic relationships

then:

- memory replay preserves noise
- retraining reinforces contradictions
- forgetting is unavoidable

This is why
OCL is used with
images, words,
data with SEMANTIC

So continual learning requires distribution-wise meaning learnability

Reasonable separability

The generator is a precondition
for viability

$I_E [\text{intra-class distance}] < I_E [\text{inter-class distance}]$

Possibly:

- Only for some regions
- Only probabilistically
- Only after nonlinear transformation

Enough for
contrastive
objectives to
converge and
distance-based
voting to outperform
chance

IF this condition fails,

then the framework is not viable
regardless of:

- Network depth
- Memory size
- Retraining schedule

→ No-free-lunch
situation

$\Pr(w|\emptyset) \approx \text{uniform}$ ← What we want to avoid

Next steps thesis:

NSGA-II instead of GA generator!
Optimize several objectives!
Pareto again

For an online continual learning framework, generating semantic-preserving instances is far more important than generating merely tailored or hard instances, because semantic stability is the true precondition for representation learning and continual adaptation.

- ▼ Focus in developing a new generator D_{sem} designed
• to preserve semantic structure across distributions.

$$\forall h \in H, \exists \mu_h \in \mathbb{R}^d \text{ such that } \mathbb{E}_{I \sim D_K | w(I)=h} [g_\theta(\phi(I))] \approx \mu_h \quad \forall k$$



stable centroid

* Variability is mostly intra-class, not inter-class

Different distributions

D_K do not move that centroid arbitrarily



$\approx \mu_h \quad \forall k$

MLP learns
geometric transformation $\rightarrow g_\theta : \mathbb{R}^f \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^d$
 $f = \text{no. features}$

with Centroid Stability

same heuristic across $\Rightarrow D_K$

same regions in embedding space

Distance-based reasoning



with Fixed Centroids

- Nearest Neighbors are meaningful across time
- Memory Buffer stores prototypes
- Shepard Weights decay around semantic centers

$$D_T \rightarrow D_{T+1} \text{ but } \mu_h^{(t)} \approx \mu_h^{(t+1)}$$