

Homework 2 report

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1 Multi-Step Temperature and Humidity Forecasting

After implementing a WindowGenerator class returning 6 output steps, we started to train the models. We settled on a weights-only quantization, and after tweaking the pruning parameters, we found two versions of the CNN model that were able to respect the given constraints. The parameters changed in the 2 models were the final sparsity (%) at which pruning ends, and the width multiplier α .

We adopted a callback function to stop the training when the validation set performances were not improving anymore. We adopted the standard Keras checkpoint approach, and we monitored the mean of the two MAE metrics for the checkpoint.

In the following table we can see the results for the two models, that were both trained for 20 epochs, with learning rate 0.001:

Model	Quantization	Final sparsity	α	Size	Compressed size	Temp MAE	Hum MAE
A	Weights only	0.745	0.12	5246 B	1992 B	0.4812 °C	1.786 %
B	Weights only	0.75	0.07	4480 B	1689 B	0.4795 °C	1.879 %

Table 1: Metrics for the final models obtained (version A and B)

2 Keyword Spotting

For keyword spotting on the mini speech command dataset, we used the DS-CNN model with weights-only quantization, using the following hyperparameters:

Model	Quantization	MFCC	Final sparsity	α	Epochs	Learning Rate
A	Weights only	YES	0.9	0.7	20	0.0075
B	Weights only	YES	-	0.3	30	0.005
C	Weights only	NO	-	0.4	30	0.01

Table 2: Hyperparameters for the final models (version A, B and C)

Like before, we adopted a callback function to monitor the accuracy metric on the validation set. In order to obtain the performances requested in version B, we used a quite low parameter α , to reduce inference computation. For version C instead, we switched to STFT in order to dramatically reduce processing time. Stft and mfcc are computed with the same parameter of the labs.

The final results are shown in the table:

Model	Size Sparsity	Compr. size	Inference Latency	Total Latency	Test Accuracy
A	77248 B	21764 B	9.03ms	66.71ms	0.91375
B	26960 B	23233 B	1.16ms	58.72ms	0.91
C	40320 B	34831 B	4.52ms	21.07ms	0.9175

Table 3: Metrics for the final models (version A, B and C)

For both models, compression has been performed thanks to the zlib library. Final memory performances were calculated by considering the compressed model. For both tasks, we used the original architectures provided in the laboratory.