

EXERCISE 1. Let \mathcal{M} be a model and $p \in S_\phi(\mathcal{M})$. Show that p extends uniquely to a generalised ϕ -type.

Definition 1. Let $\phi(x, y)$ be an \mathcal{L} -formula. Let $A \subseteq \mathbb{M}$. We denote by $\text{FER}_\phi(A)$ the collection of equivalence relations $E(x, y)$ on \mathbb{M} with finitely many classes such that for each $a \in \mathbb{M}$ the equivalence class of a , $E(\mathbb{M}, a)$ is equivalent to a Boolean combination of ϕ -formulas over A .

Theorem 2 (Finite Equivalence Relations Theorem). *Let $\phi(x, y)$ be a stable. Let p be a generalised ϕ -type over $A \subseteq \mathbb{M}$. Let*

$$Y := \{q(x) \in S_\phi(\mathbb{M}) \mid q(x) \text{ is an extension of } p \text{ definable over } \text{acl}^{\text{eq}}(A)\}.$$

Then, Y is finite, $\text{Aut}(\mathbb{M}/A)$ acts transitively on Y , and there is an equivalence relation $E \in \text{FER}_\phi(A)$ such that for all $q_1, q_2 \in Y$, $q_1 = q_2$ if and only if $q_1(x) \cup q_2(y) \vdash E(x, y)$.

EXERCISE 2. Prove the Finite Equivalence Relations Theorem.

Definition 3. Let X be an \emptyset -definable subset of \mathbb{M} . We say that X is **stably embedded** if every $\mathcal{L}(M)$ -definable $Y \subseteq X$ is $\mathcal{L}(X)$ -definable (i.e. definable already with parameters from X).

EXERCISE 3. Let X be an \emptyset -definable subset of \mathbb{M} . Show that the following are equivalent:

- X is stably embedded;
- Every type $\text{tp}(a/X)$ is definable over some $C \subseteq X$;
- For every a there is a subset $C \subseteq X$ such that $\text{tp}(a/C) \vdash \text{tp}(a/X)$;
- Every automorphism of X extends to an automorphism of \mathbb{M} .

EXERCISE 4. Let T be stable. Let X be an \emptyset -definable subset of \mathbb{M} . Show that X is stably embedded.