## AMACRO 2024, Problem set #1

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Consider the following model, with a TFP  $(Z_t)$  shock:

$$C_{t}^{-\sigma} = \beta E_{t} \left( C_{t+1}^{-\sigma} \left[ \alpha Z_{t+1} K_{t+1}^{\alpha-1} + (1 - \delta) \right] \right)$$

$$C_{t} + K_{t+1} = Z_{t} K_{t}^{\alpha} + (1 - \delta) K_{t}$$

$$Z_{t} = (1 - \rho_{z}) + \rho_{z} Z_{t-1} + \epsilon_{z,t}$$

## I. Build the model.

- 1. Derive the model assumptions and optimization problem.
- 2. Reformulate the FOCs as expressed also in terms of  $Y_t$ .

## II. Build the Dynare file.

1. By using the following calibration, fill in the parameter block.

$$\alpha=0.3;~\beta=0.99;~\delta=0.025;~\sigma=3;~\rho_z=0.9;~\sigma_z=0.1$$
 where  $\sigma_z$  is the shock's size.

- 2. Write the steady state block for  $K_t$ ,  $C_t$ ,  $Y_t$ ,  $Z_t$ .
- 3. Write down the model in the model block.
- 4. Approximate the nonlinear equations in the system around the steady state, using 1st order Taylor approximation.
- 5. Generate impulse responses up to horizon 40 to a 1% TFP shock.

## III. Use the Dynare output.

- 1. Derive the steady state values.
- 2. Derive and write down the policy rules.
- 3. Comment the generated IRFs to a technology shock, and store them into a .mat file.
- 4. Comment the simulated properties of capital and consumption.
- 5. Evaluate the sensitivity of results to varying calibration of parameters.