

# Student-Computer Interaction Design for Introductory Computer Science

John DeNero

# How A Computer Science Course Begins





# How A Computer Science Course Begins





# How Students Actually Learn to Program



Photo by Alice Oh, Daily Cal Staff

# Student-Computer Interaction Design

Projects  
&  
Assignments

Lab  
&  
Discussion

Lecture  
&  
Reading

Question  
&  
Answer

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**Design Principle:** Create interactions that are consistently productive and challenging.

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*Design from the Student's Perspective*

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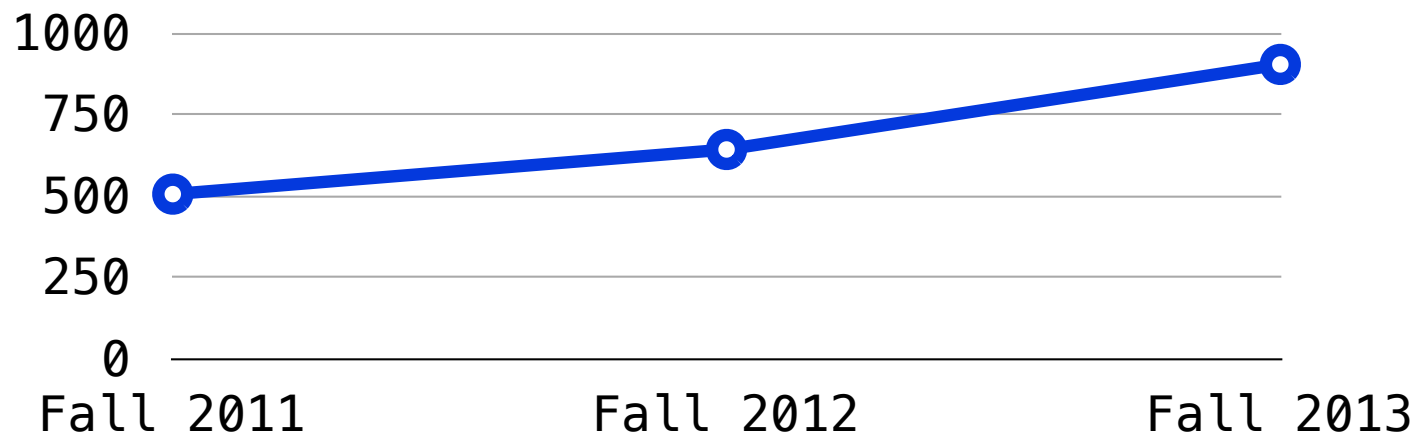
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○ Students who passed CS 61A (D- or better)





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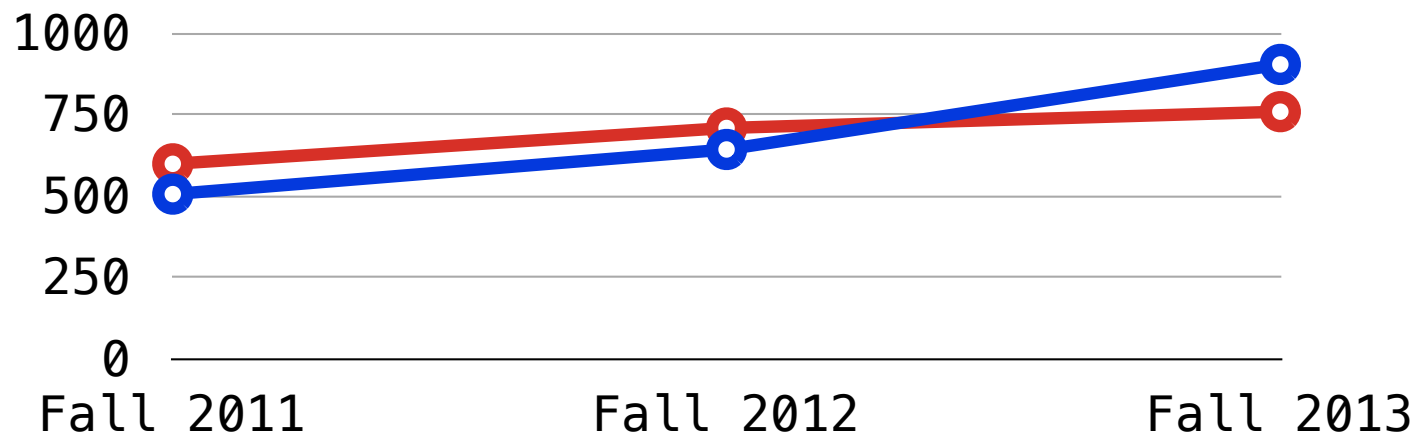
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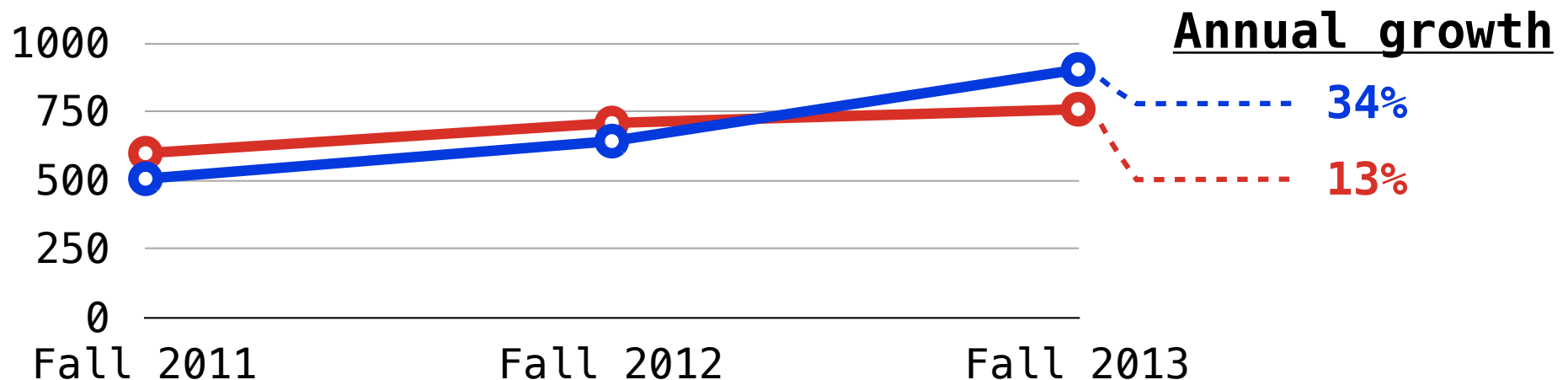
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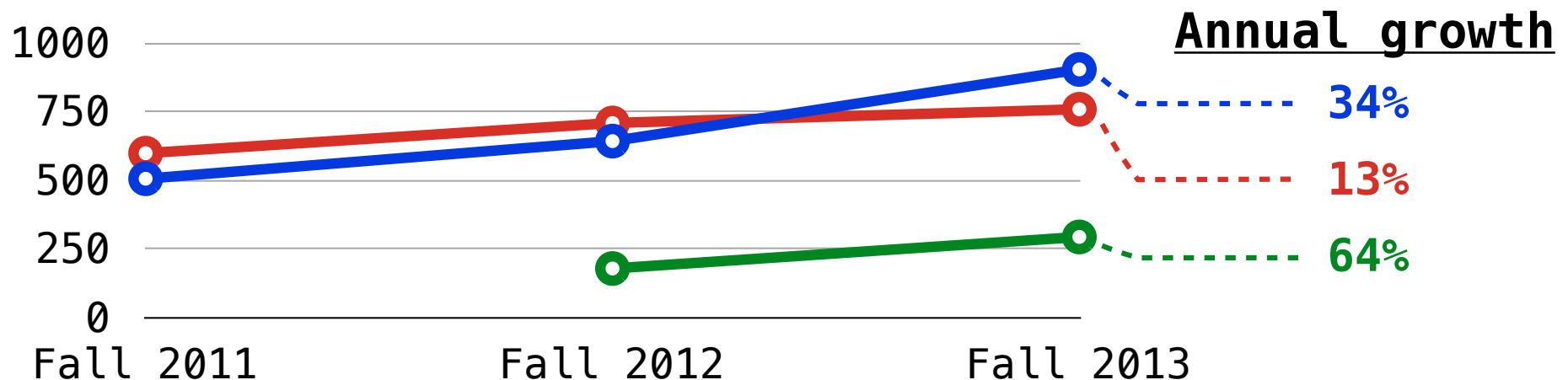
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- Students who passed CS 61A (D- or better)
- Harvard CS 50 enrolled students
- CS 61A students with no prior programming experience



# Programming Projects



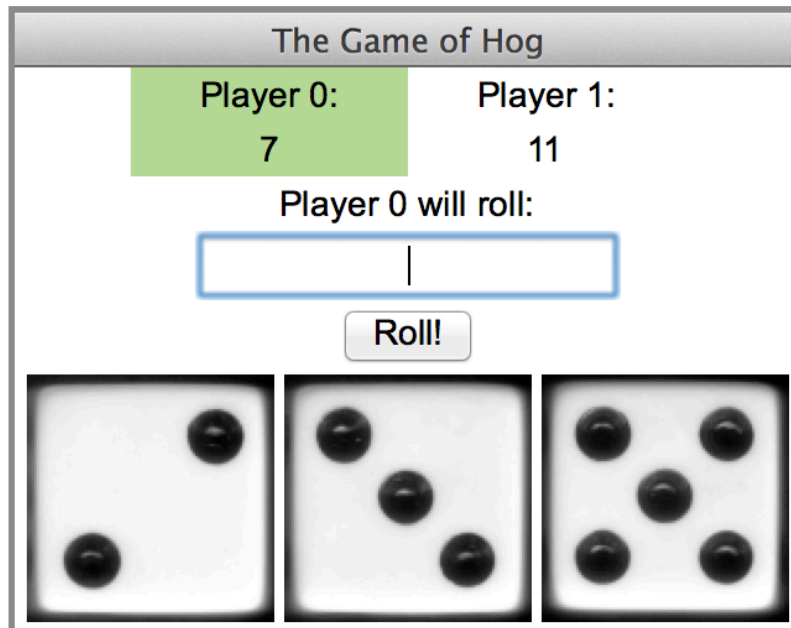
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Fill-in-the-blank starter code and a full test suite

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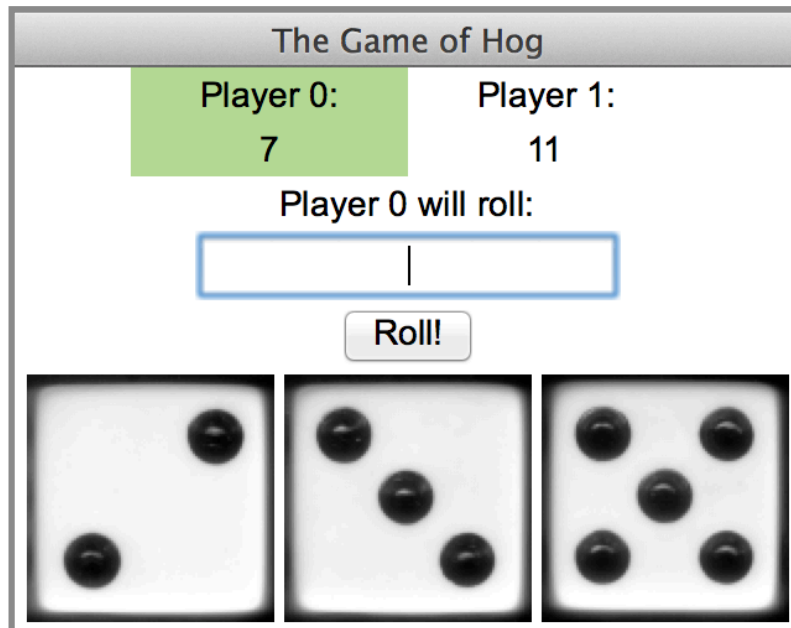
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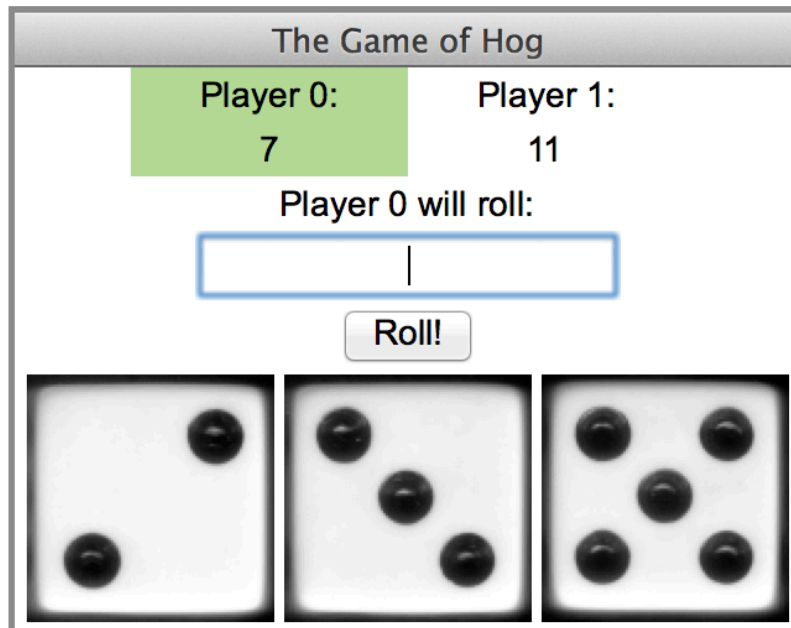


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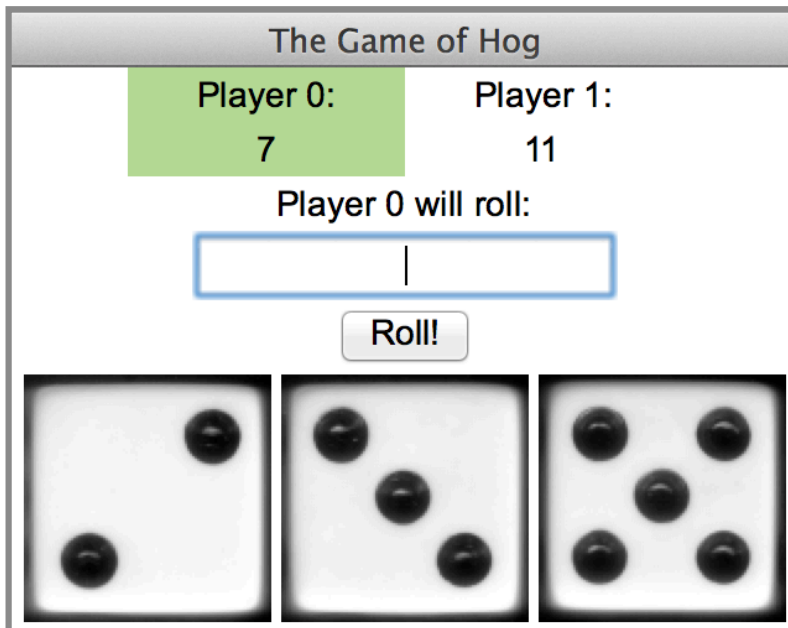


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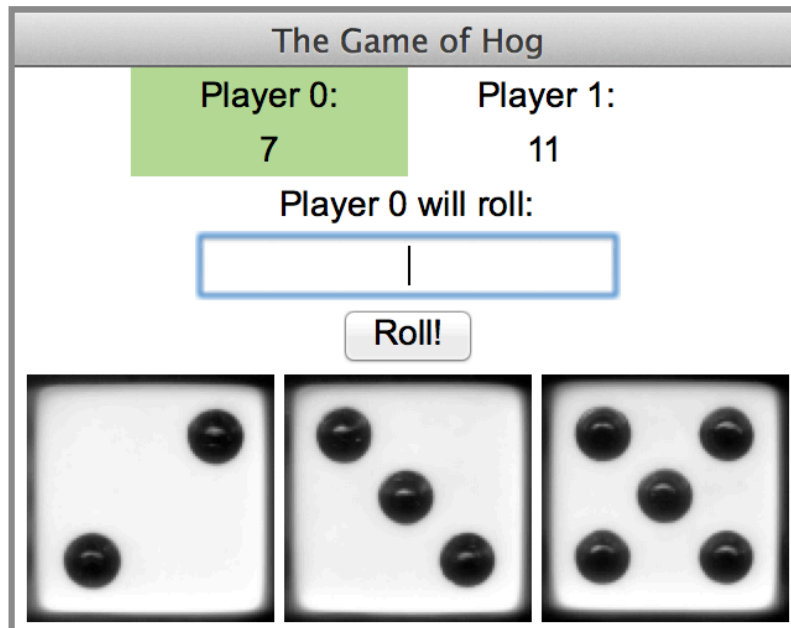
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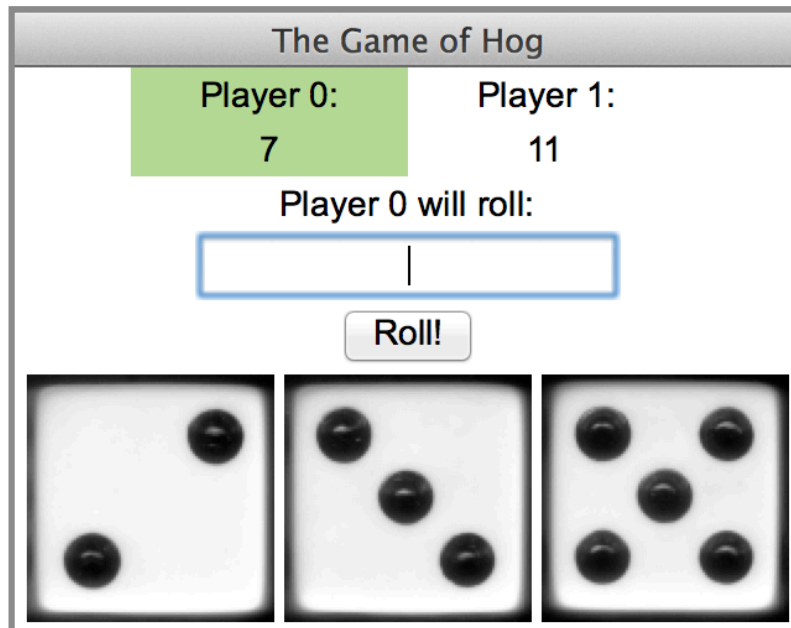
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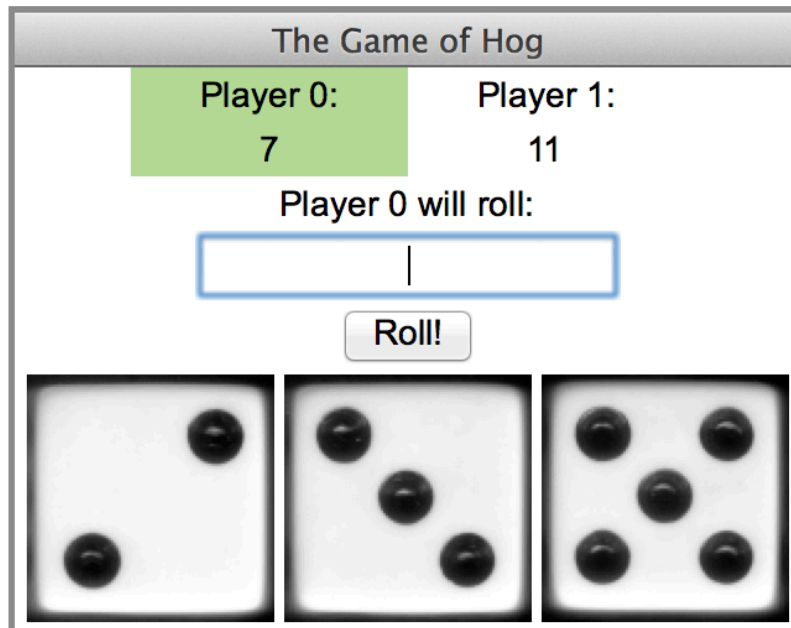


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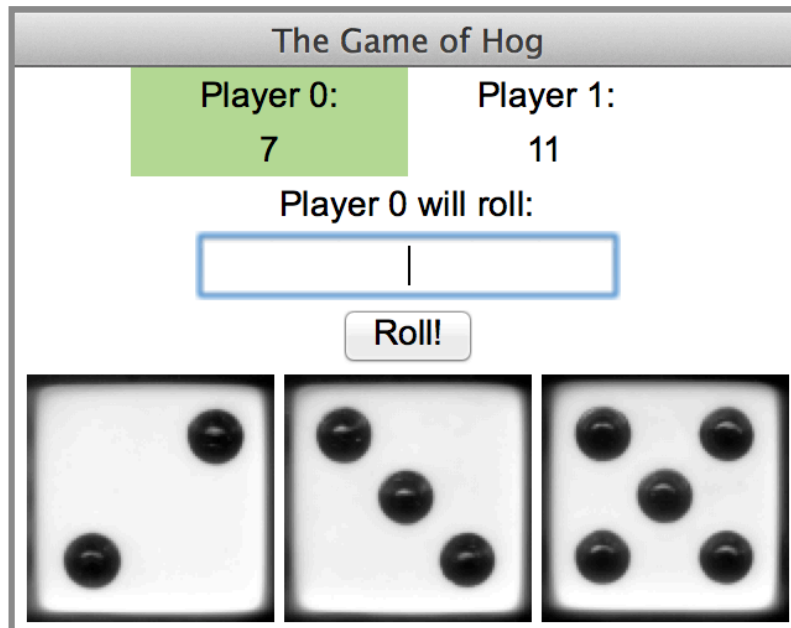
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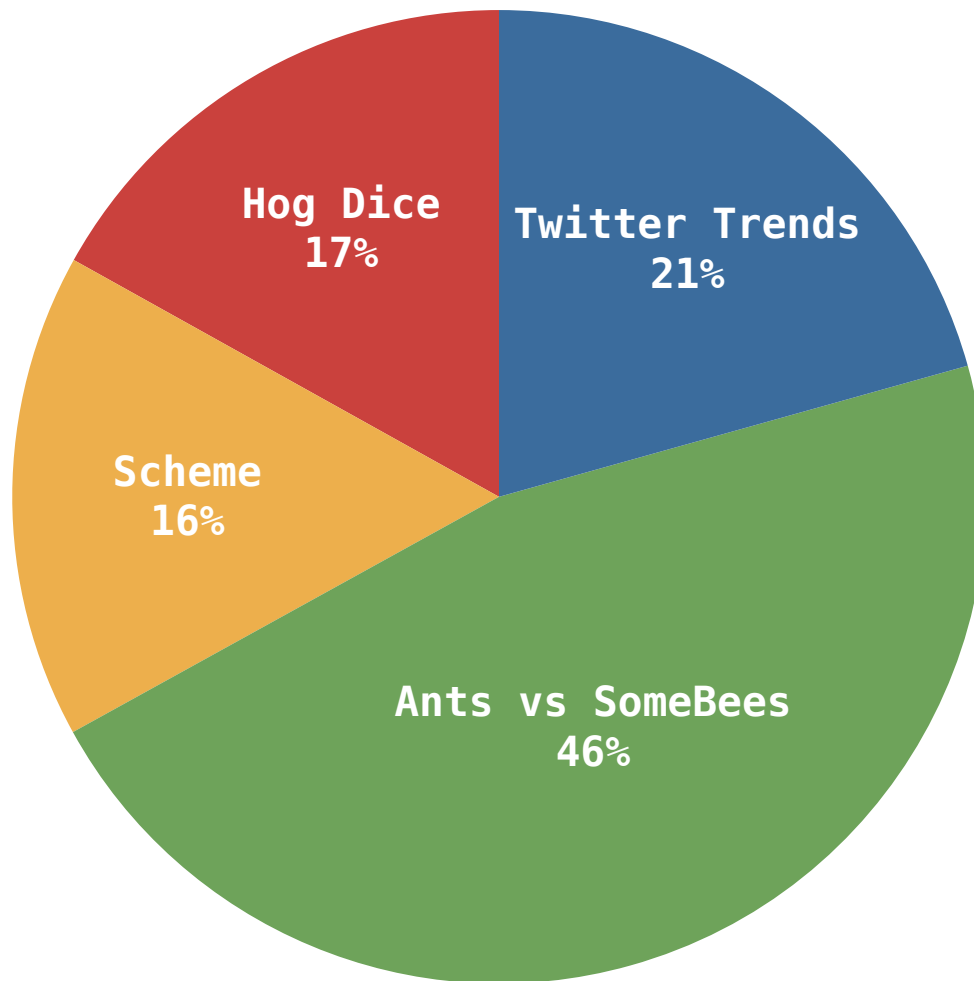
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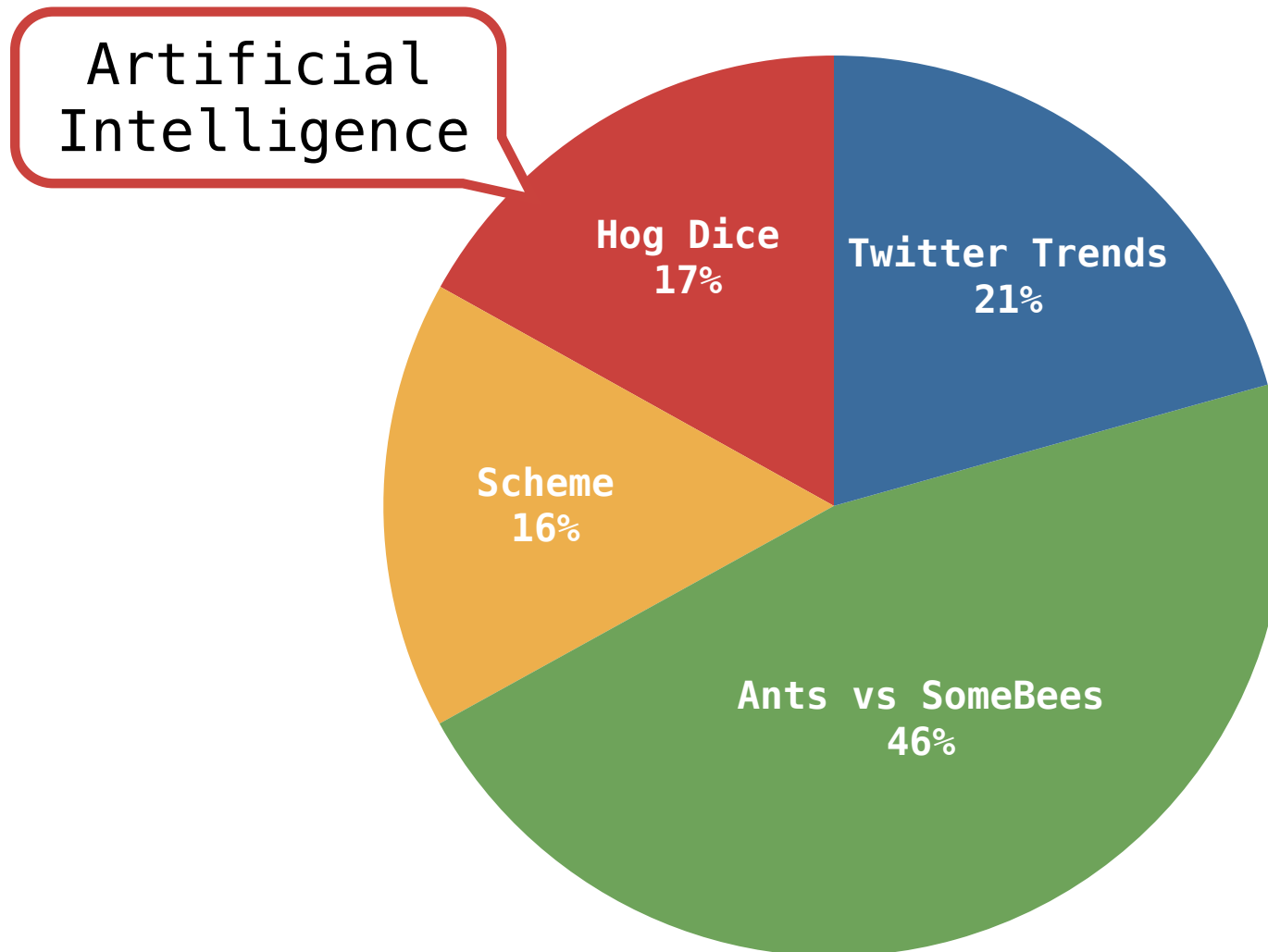
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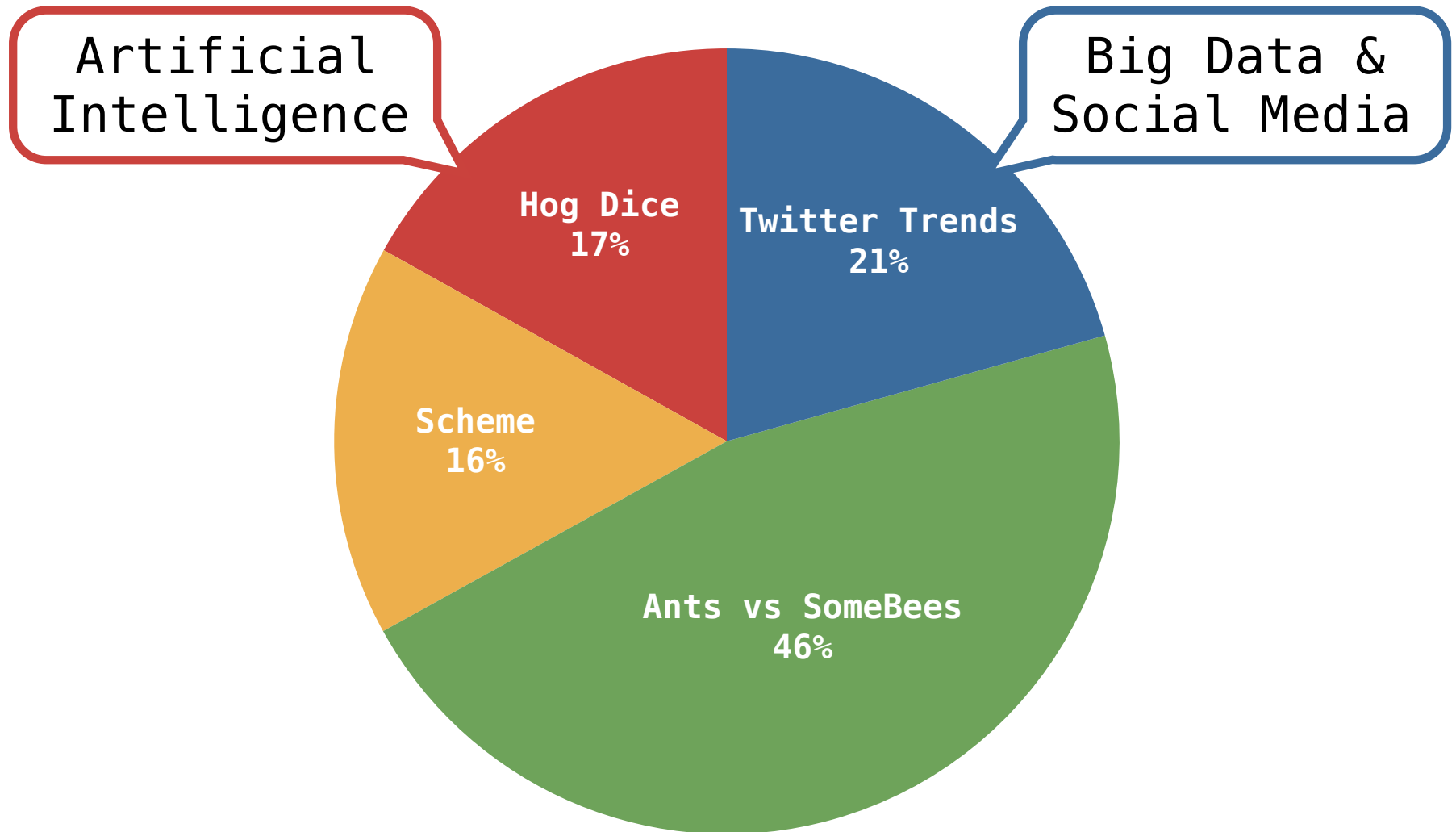
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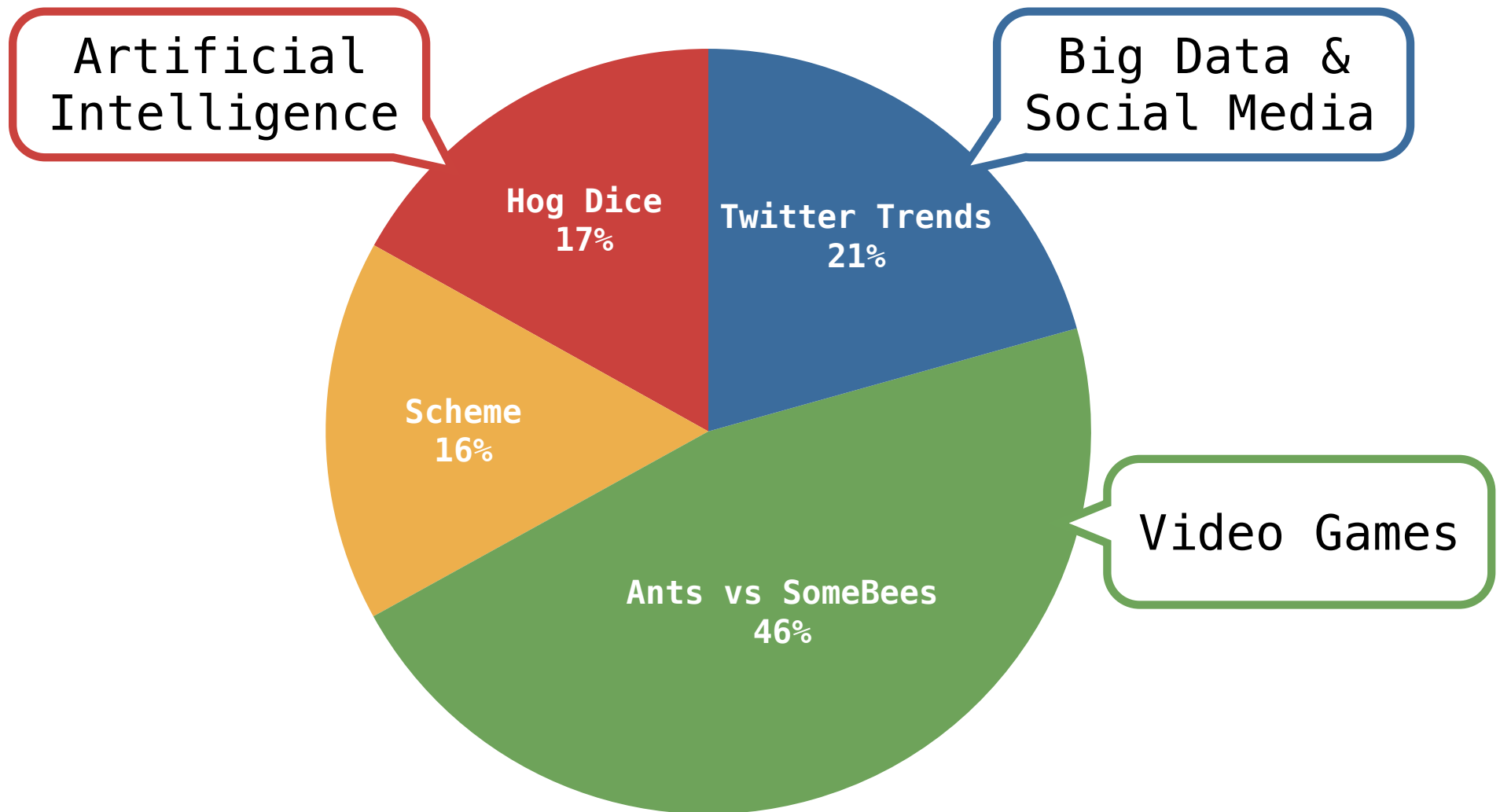
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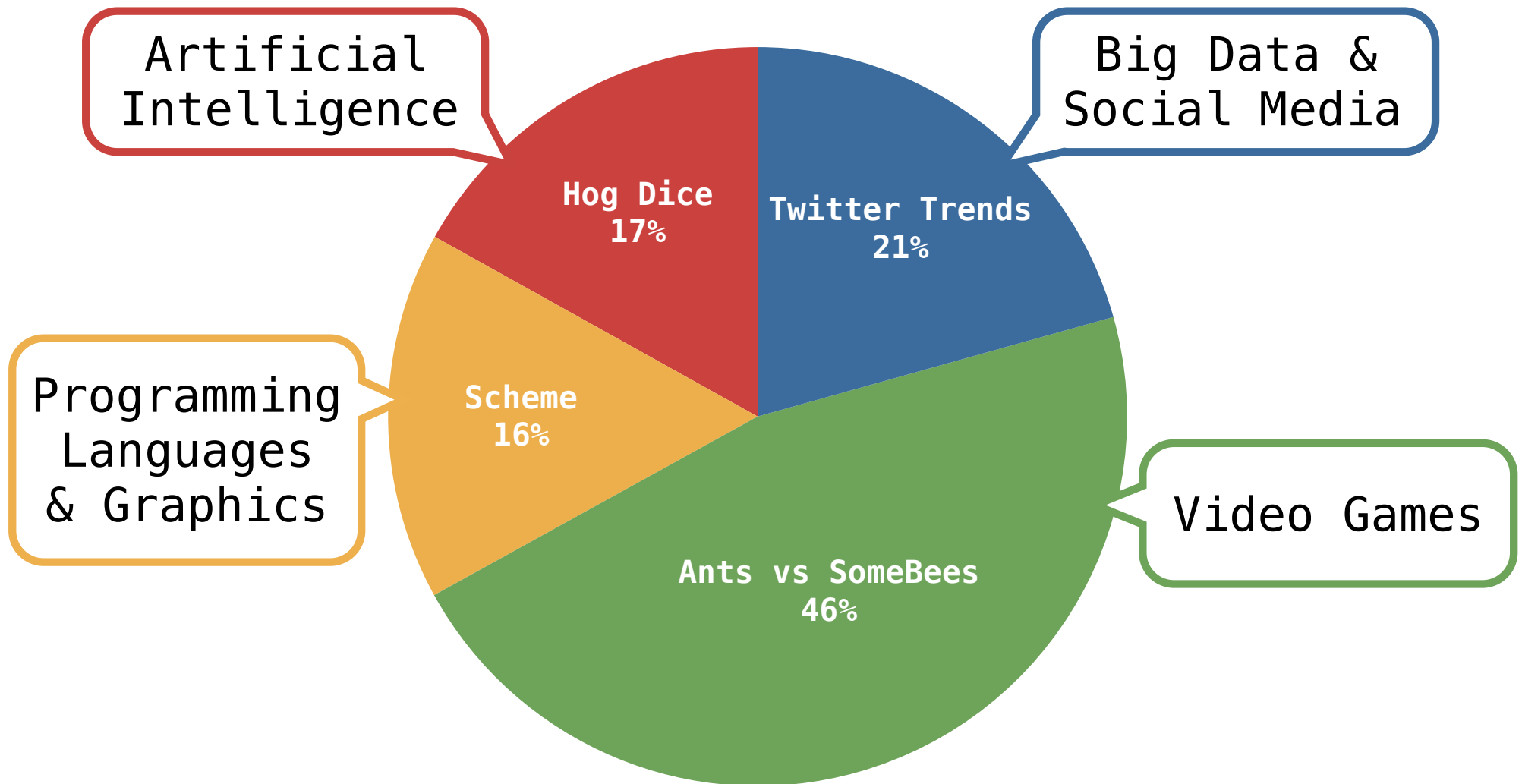
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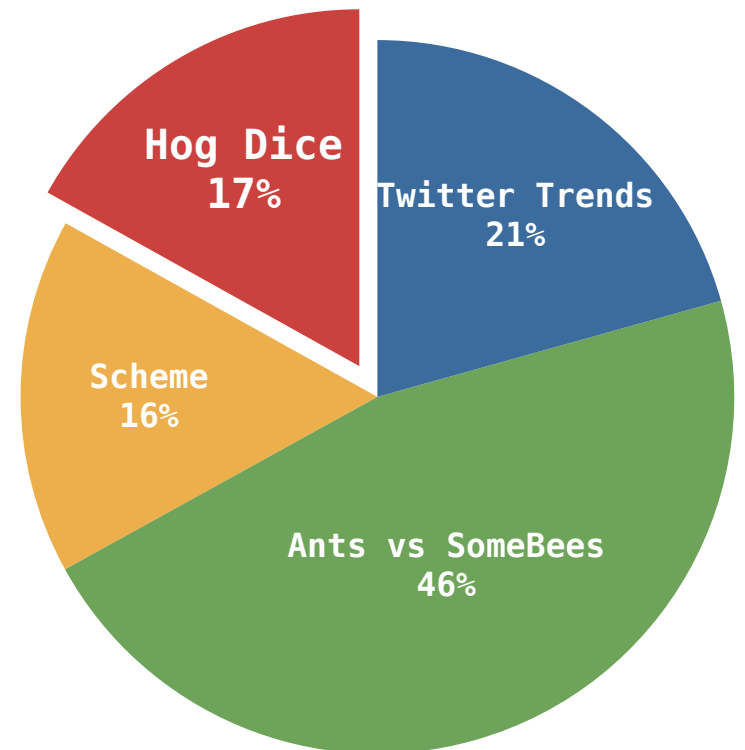
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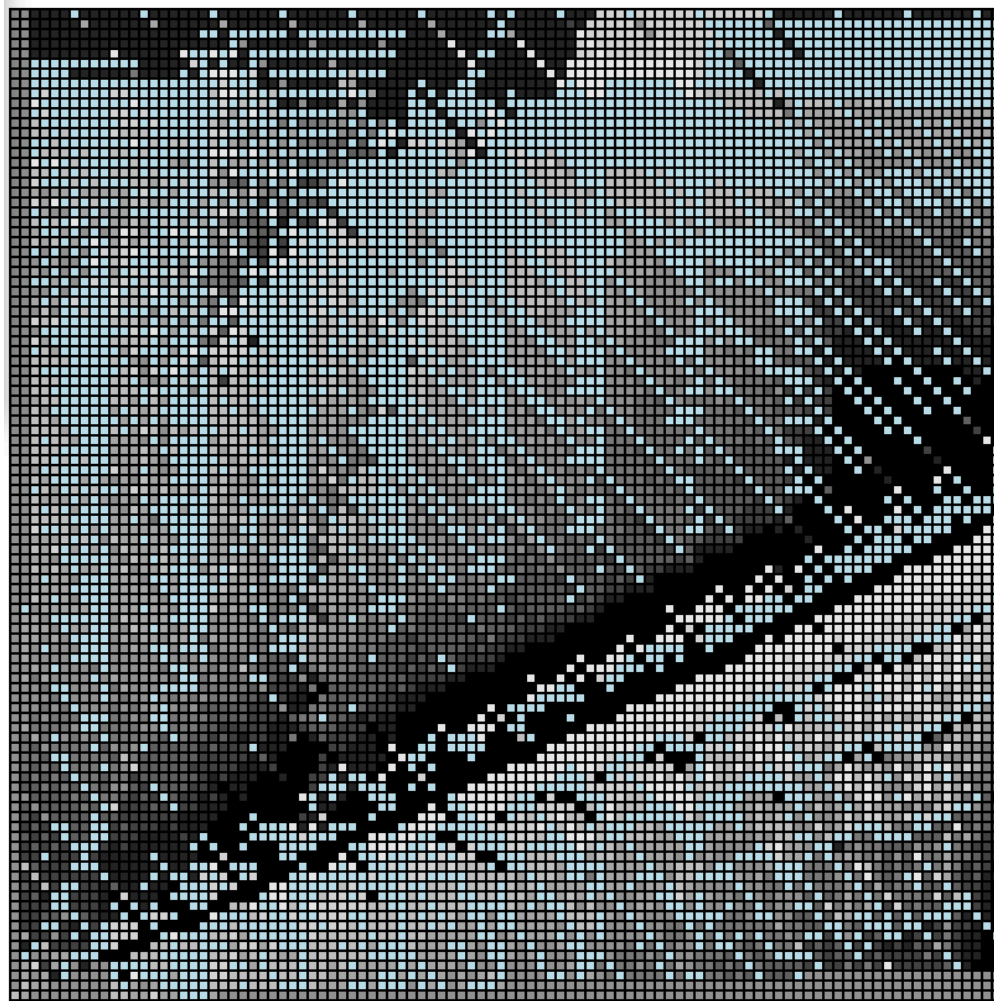
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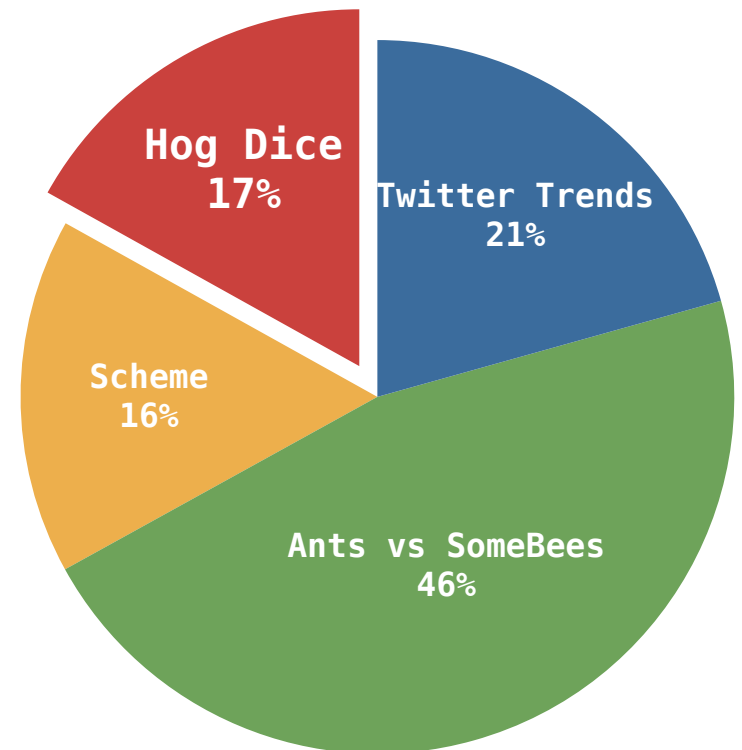


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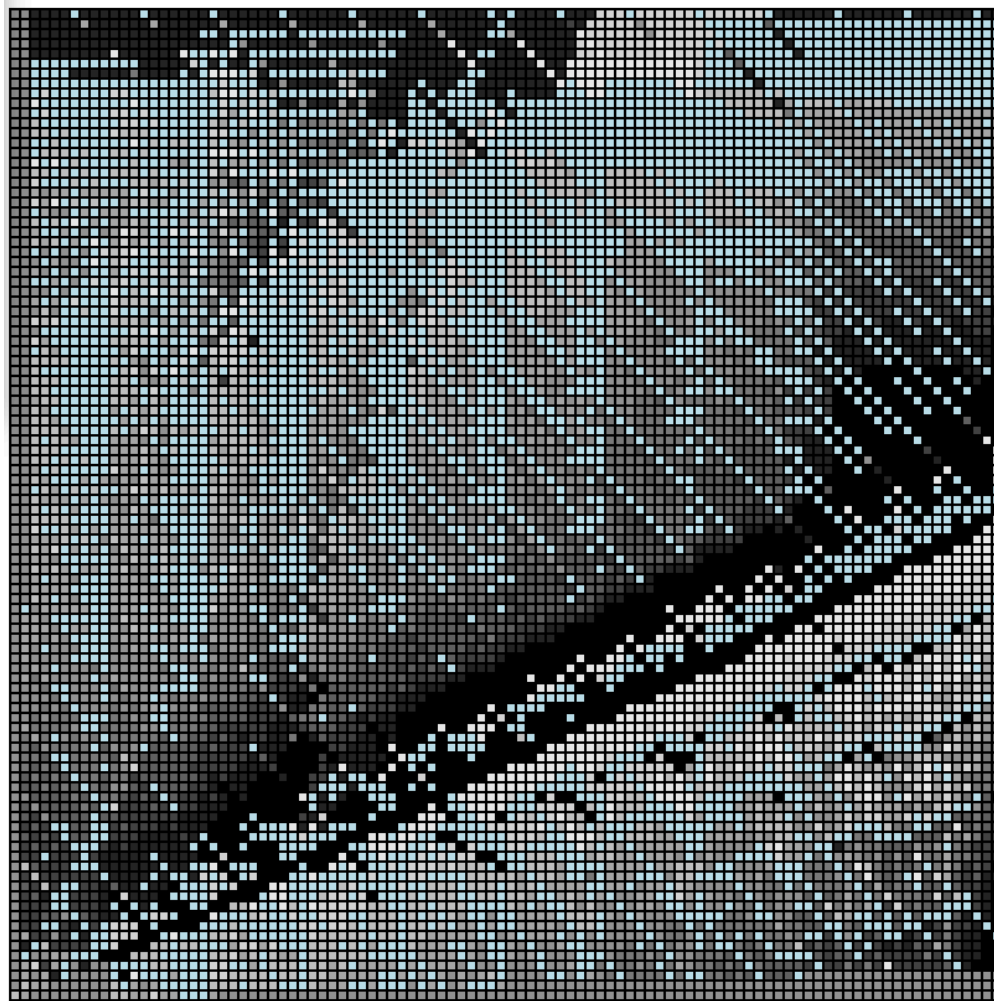


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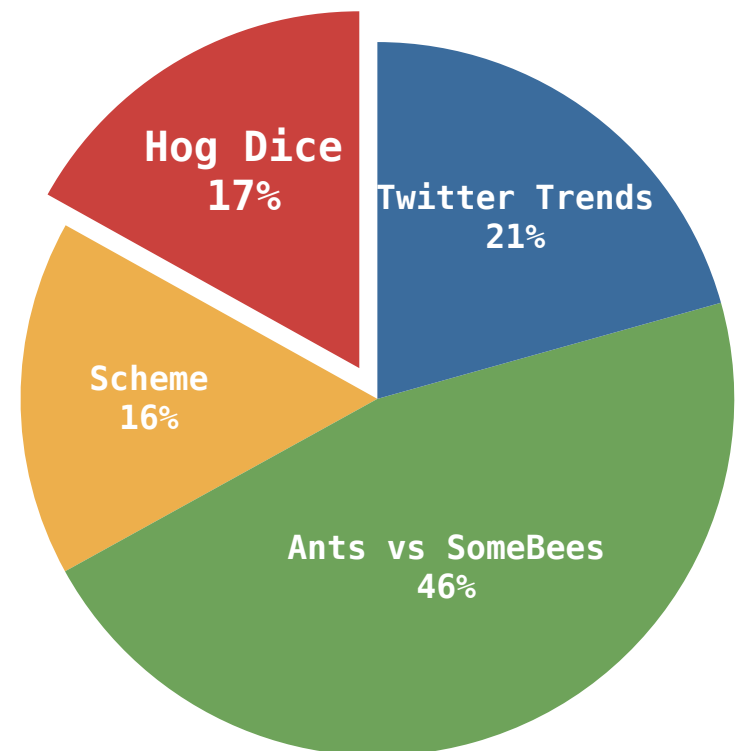
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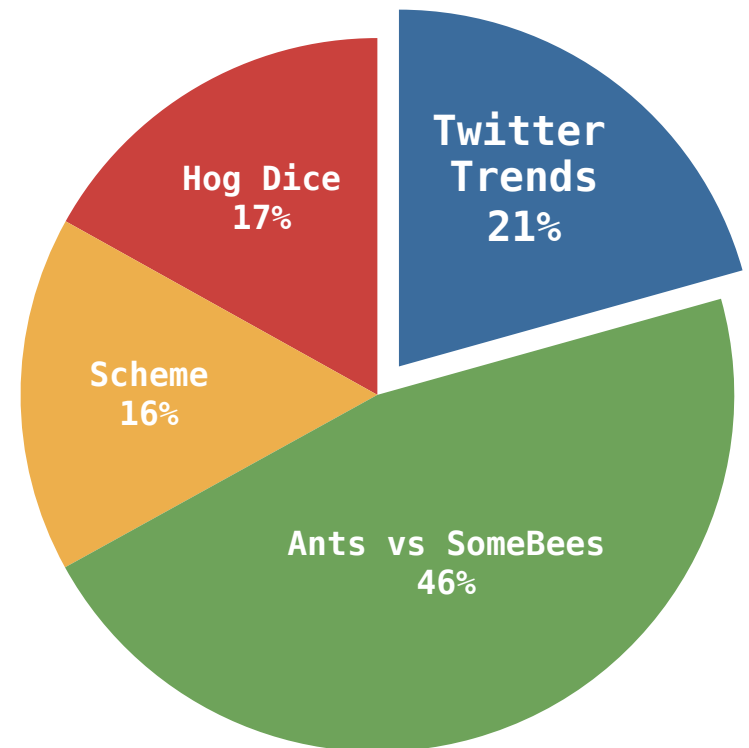
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Visualization created  
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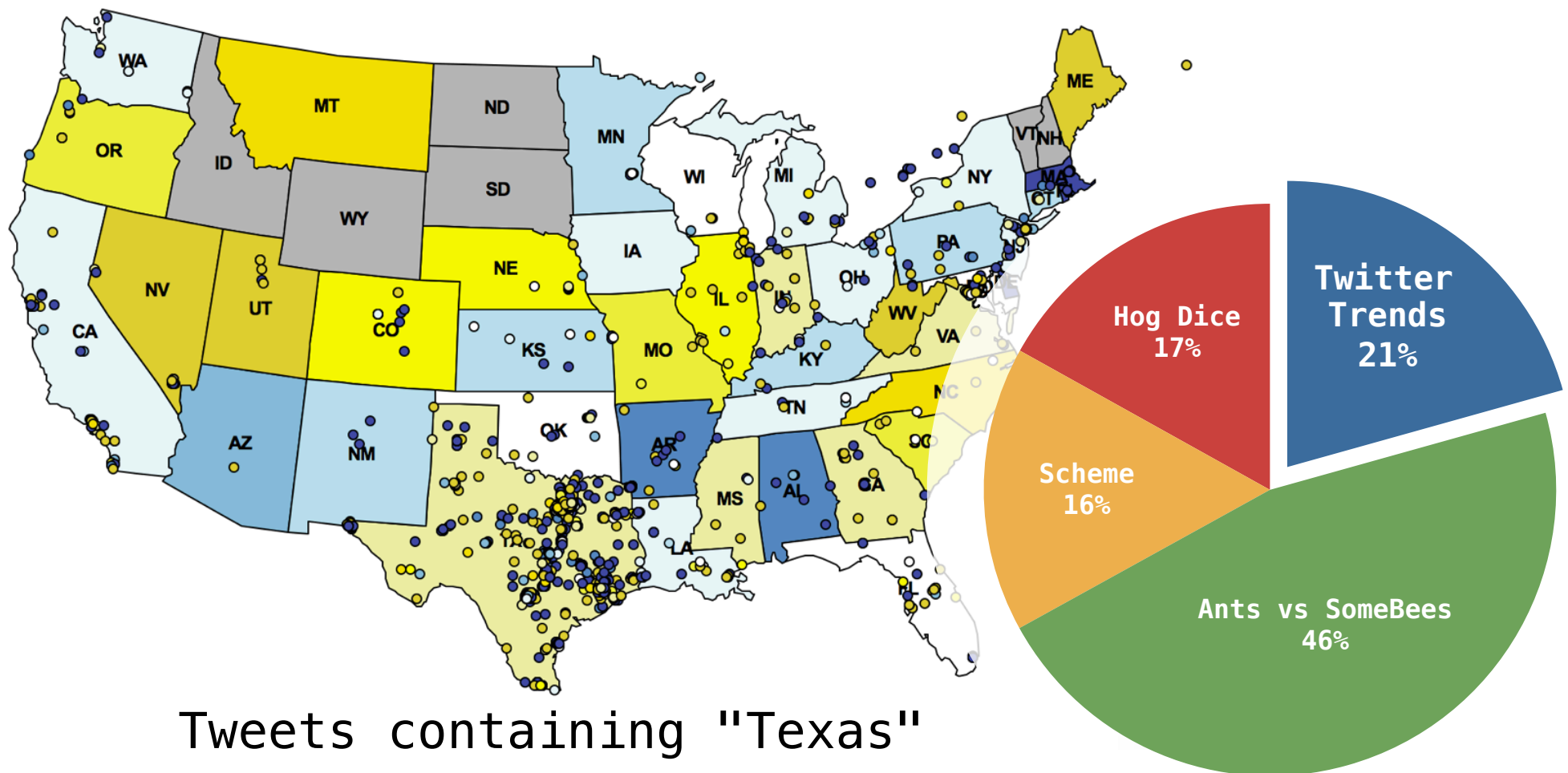
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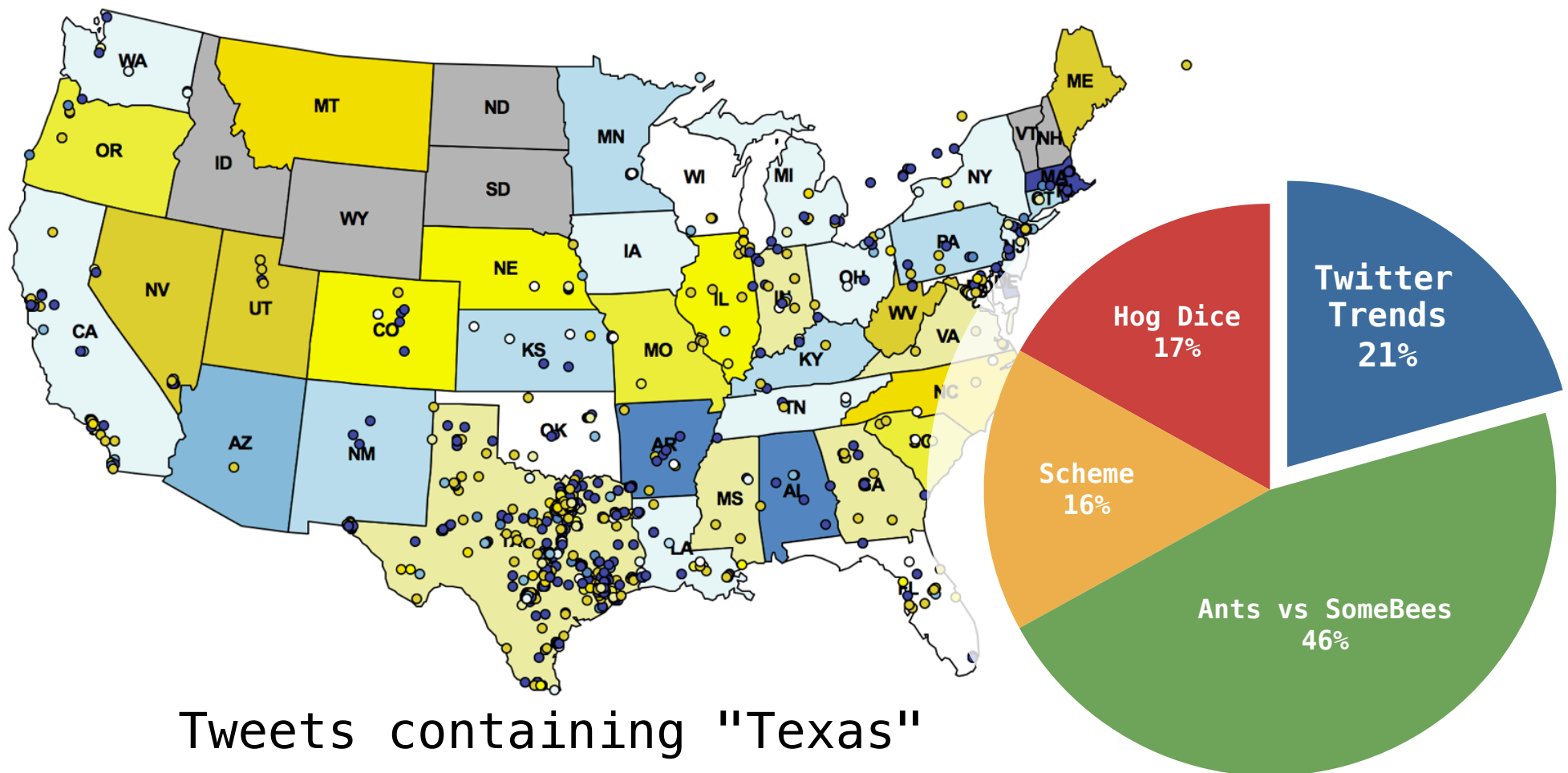
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Tweets containing "Texas"

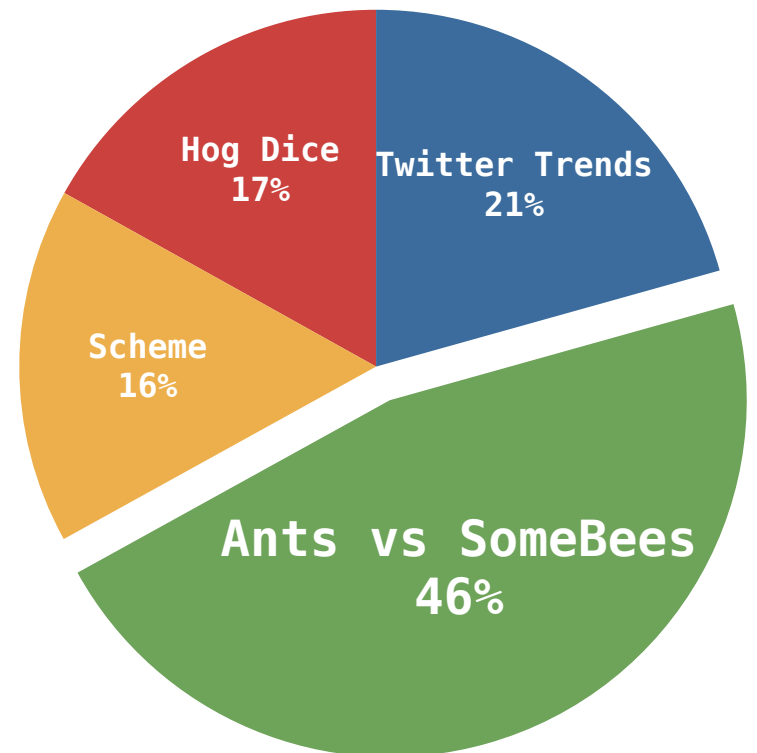
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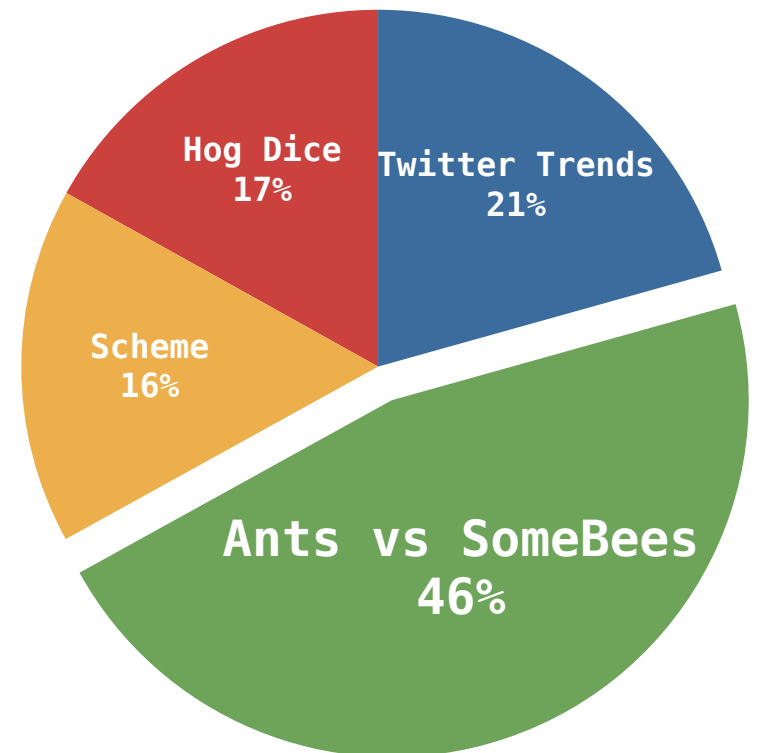
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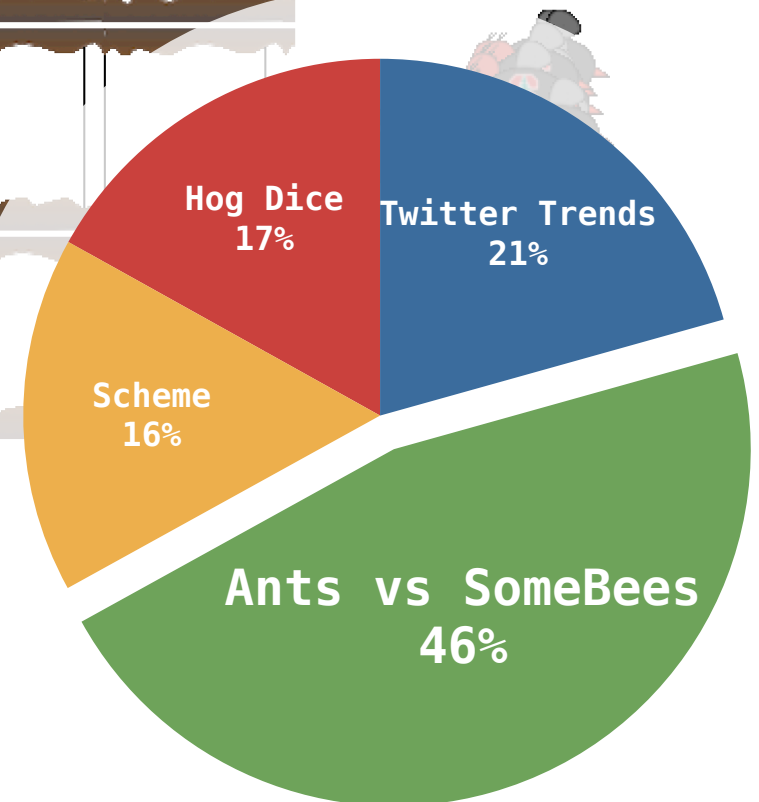
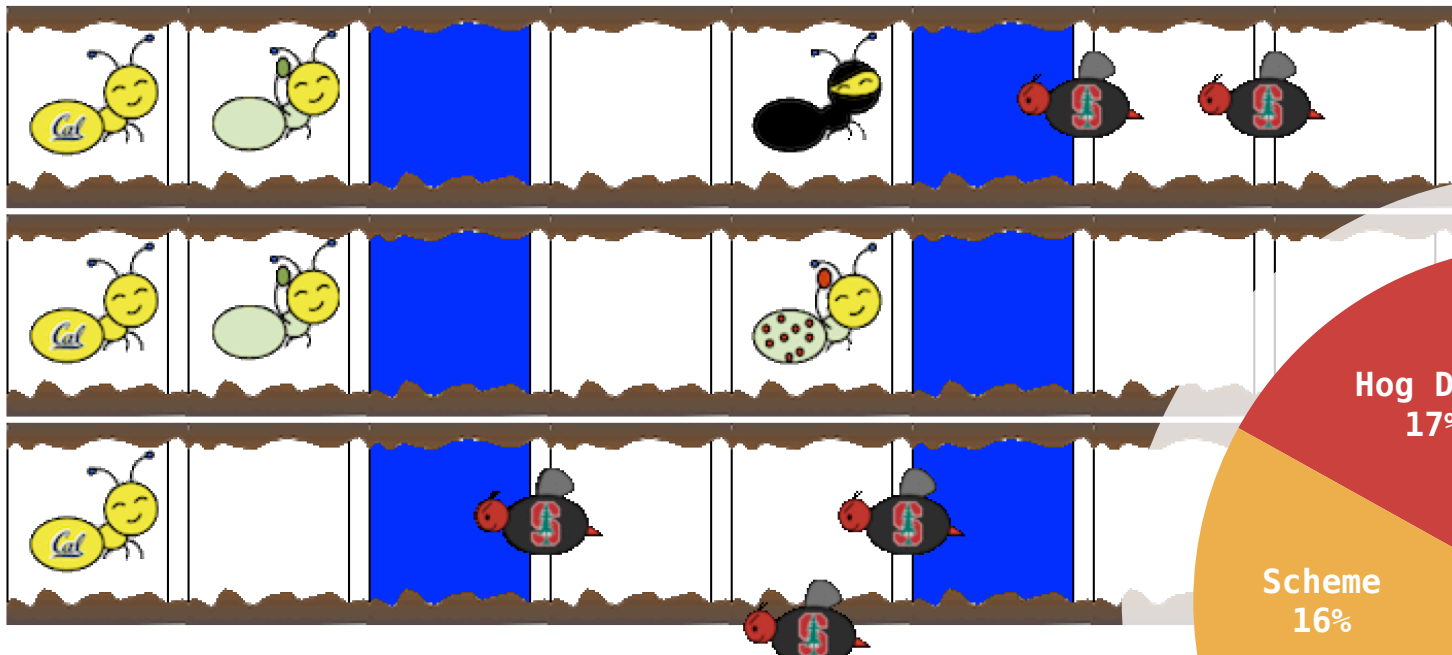
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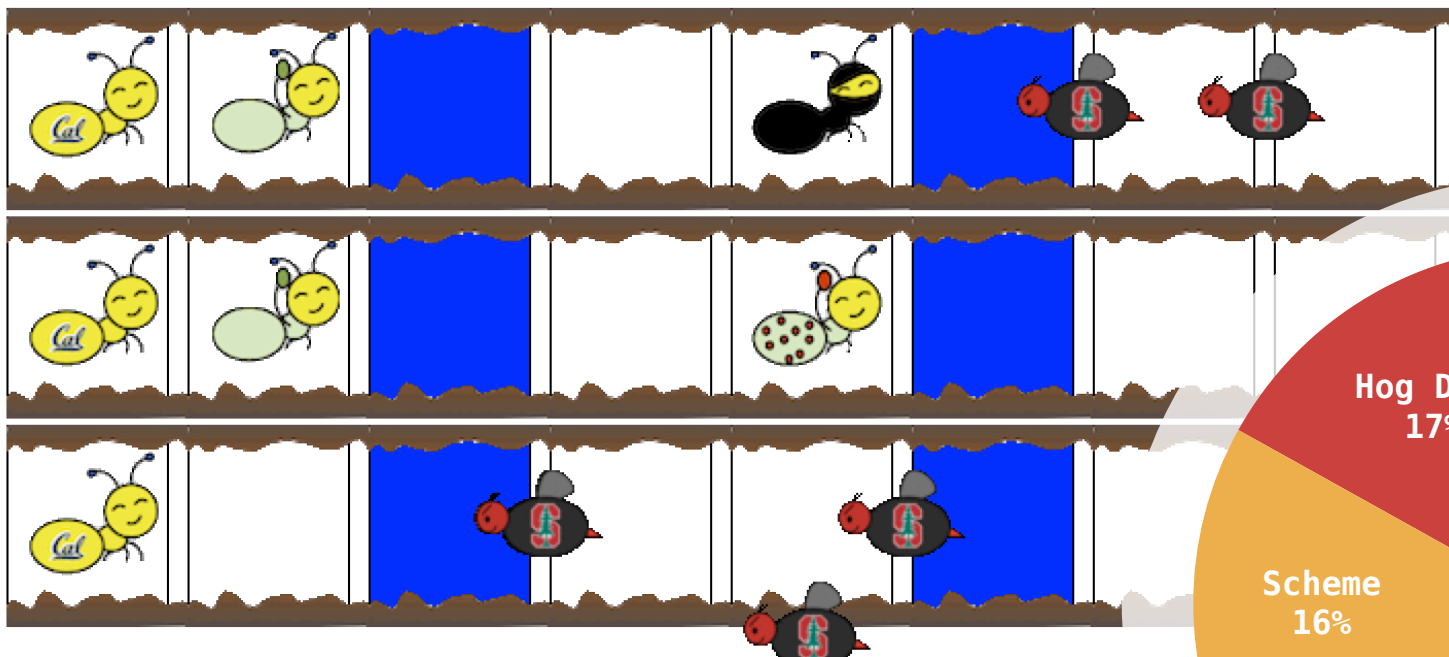
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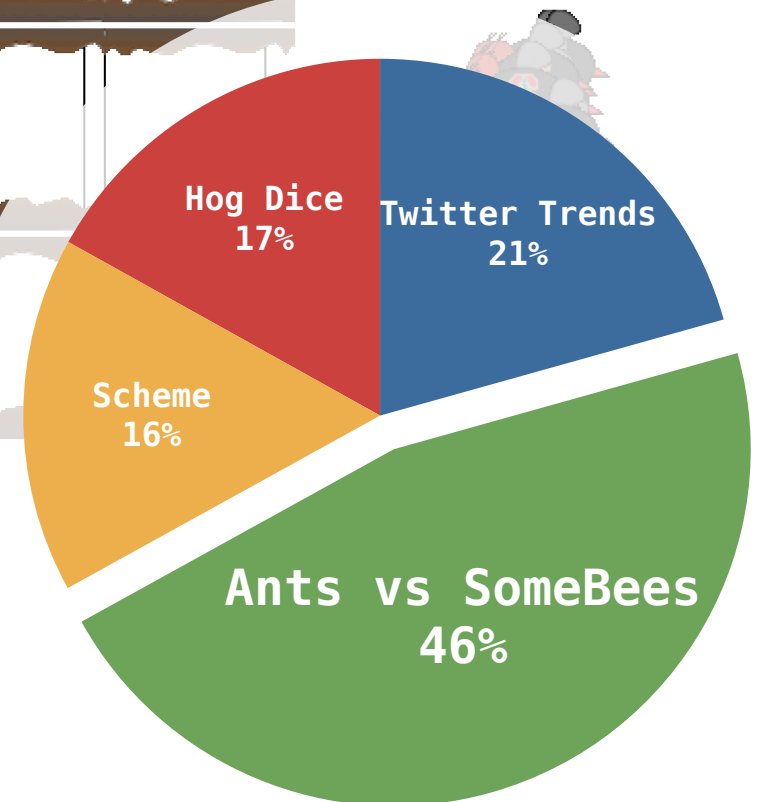


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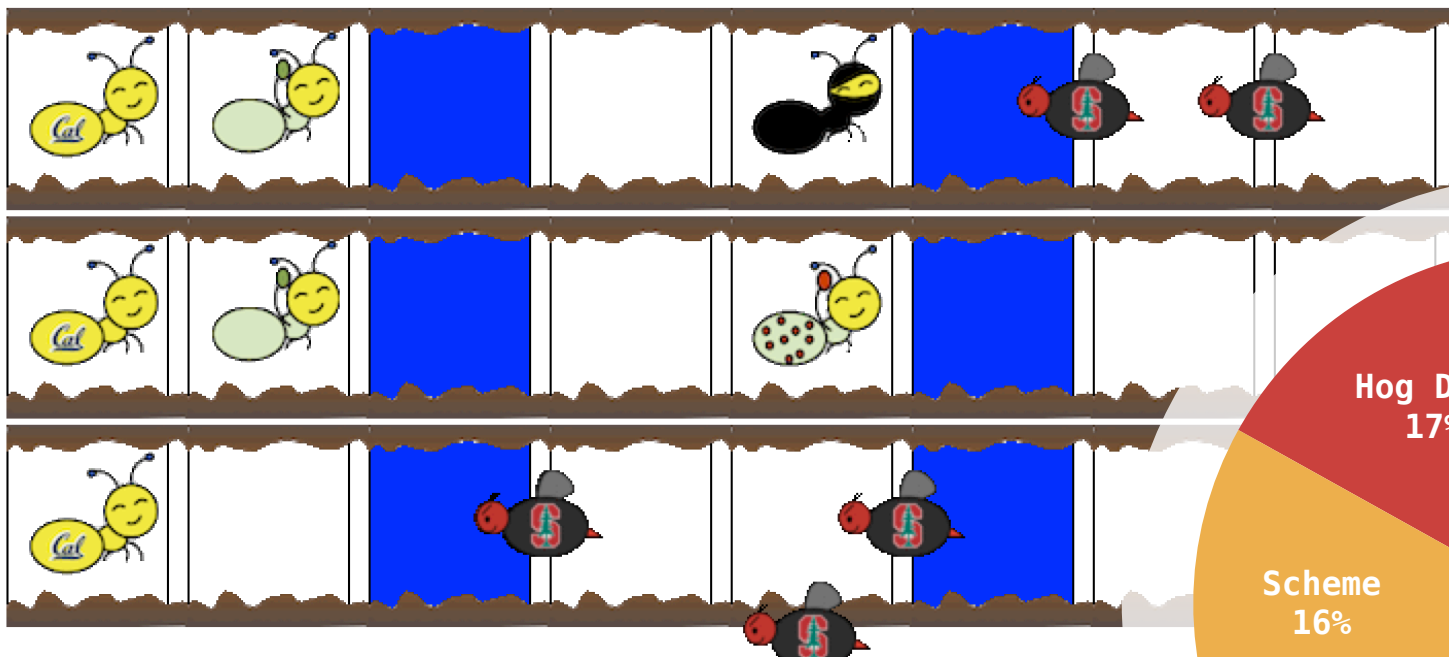


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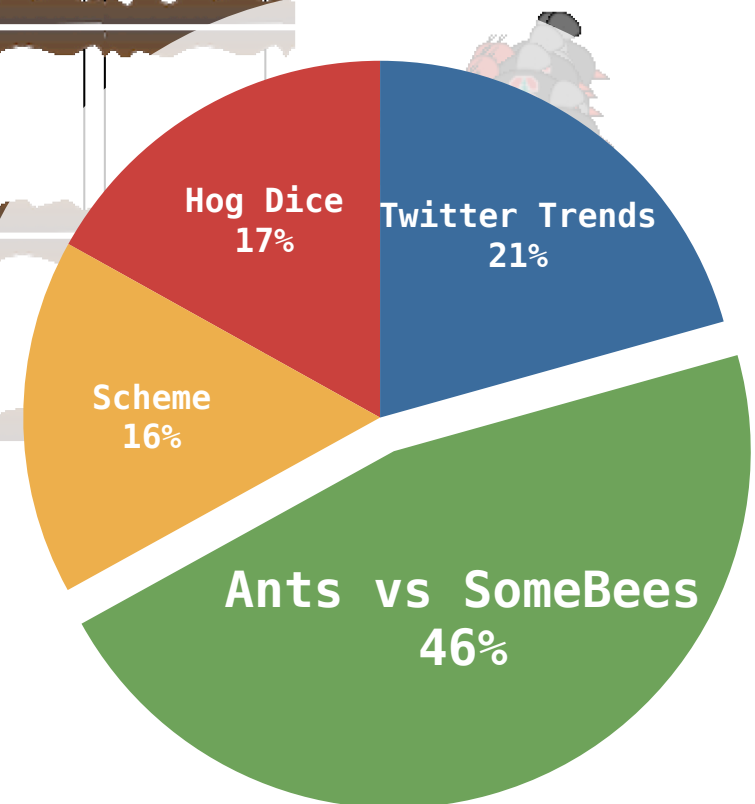


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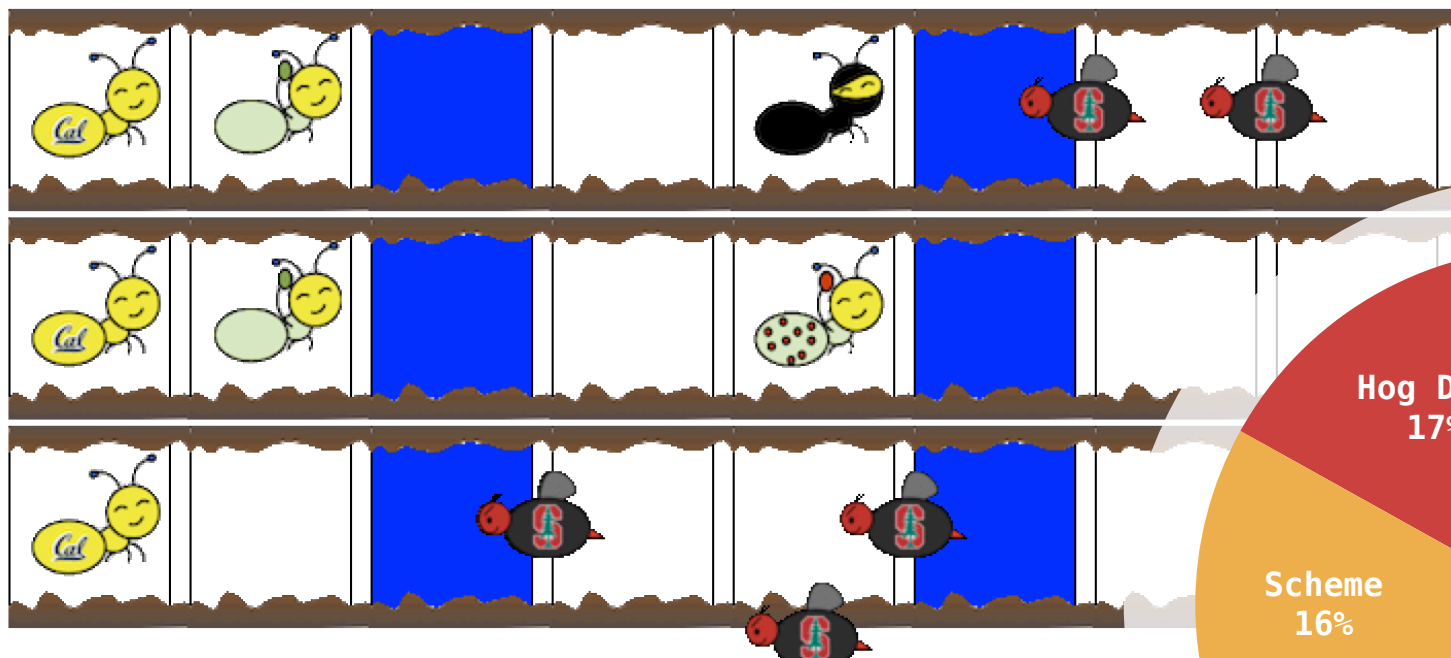


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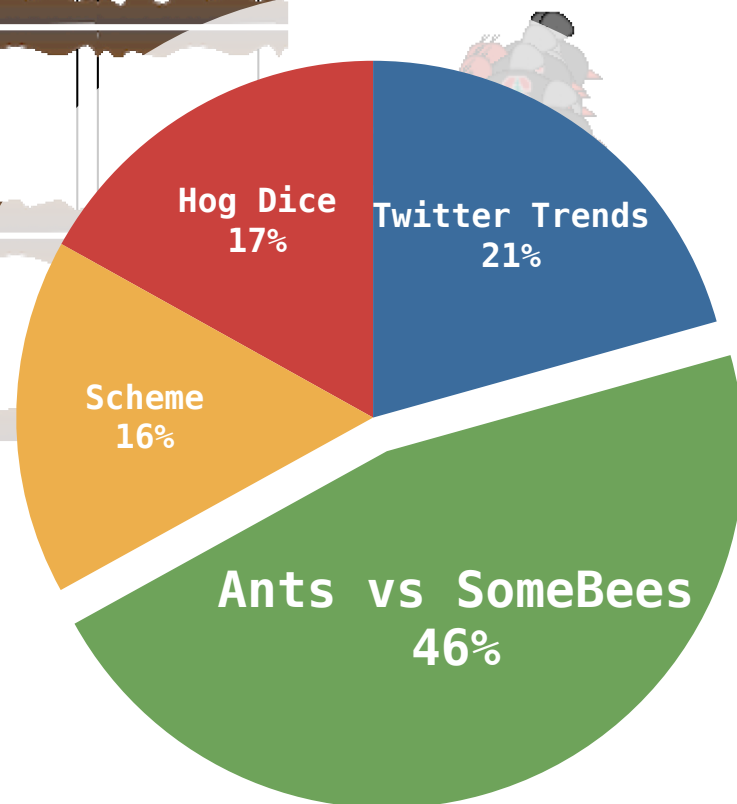


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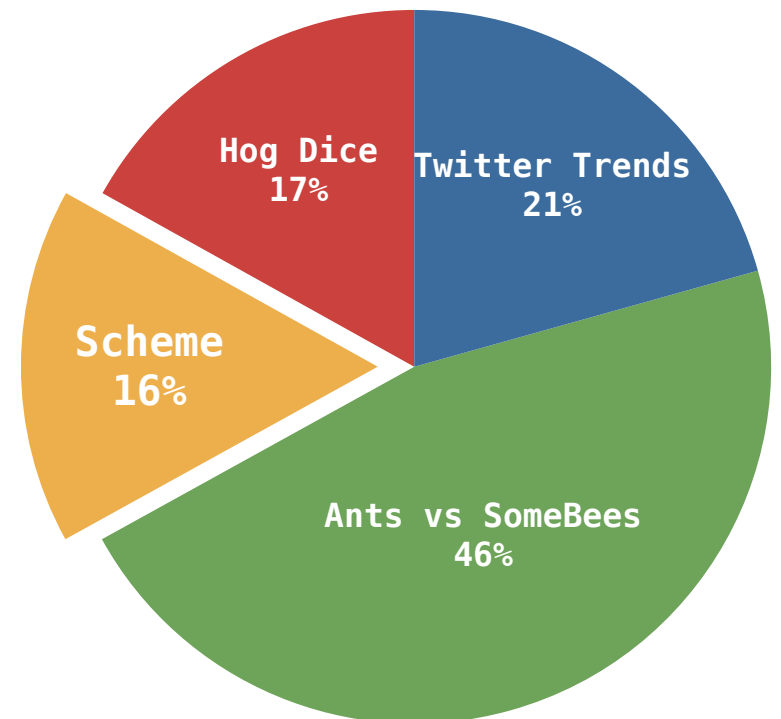


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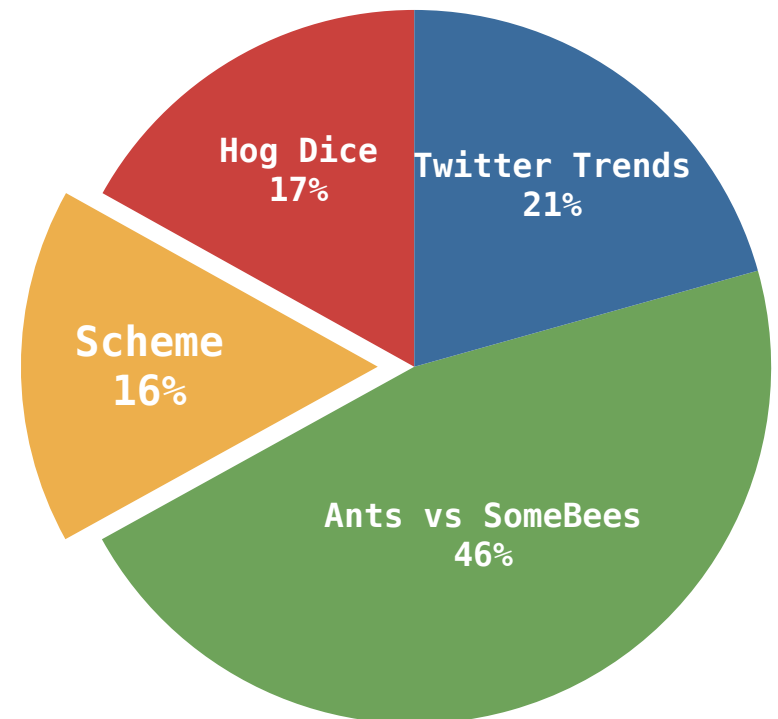
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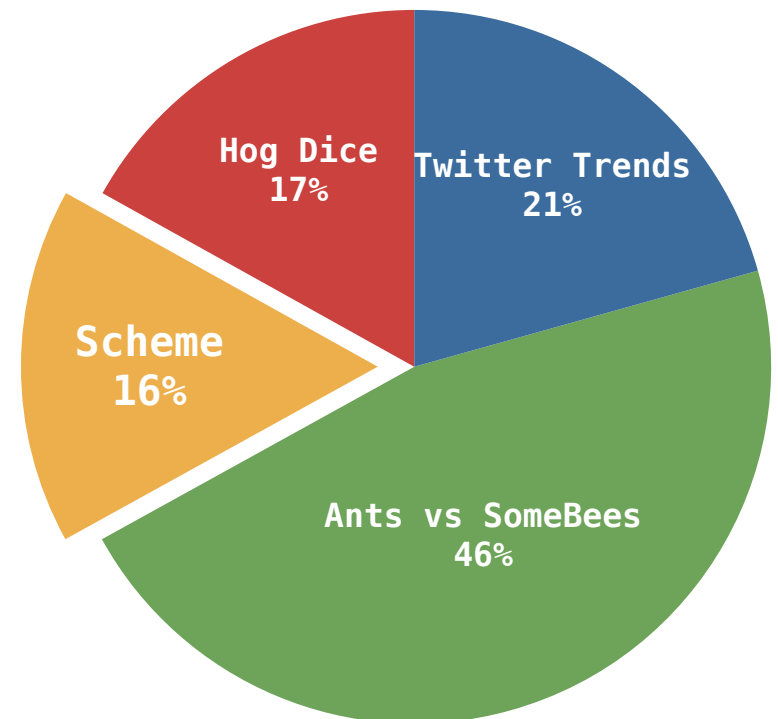
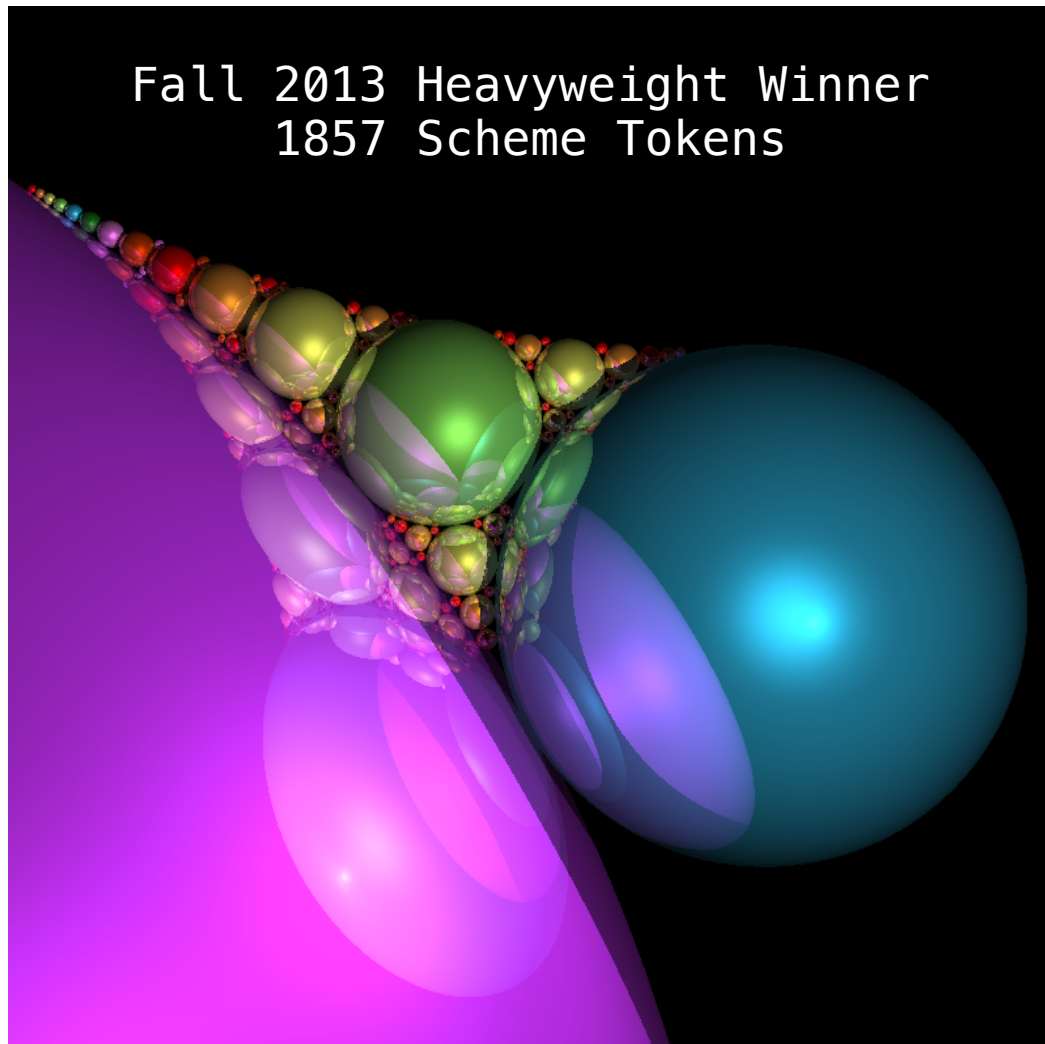
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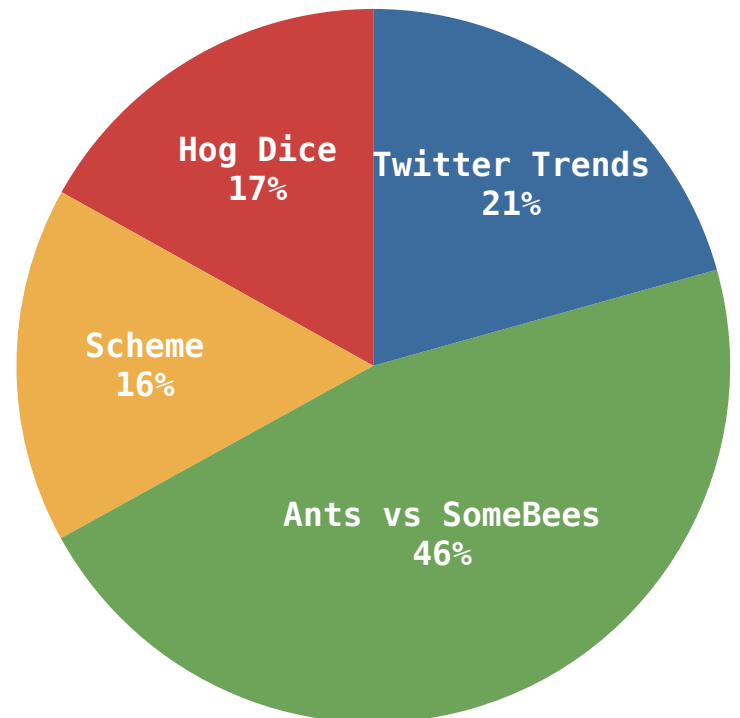
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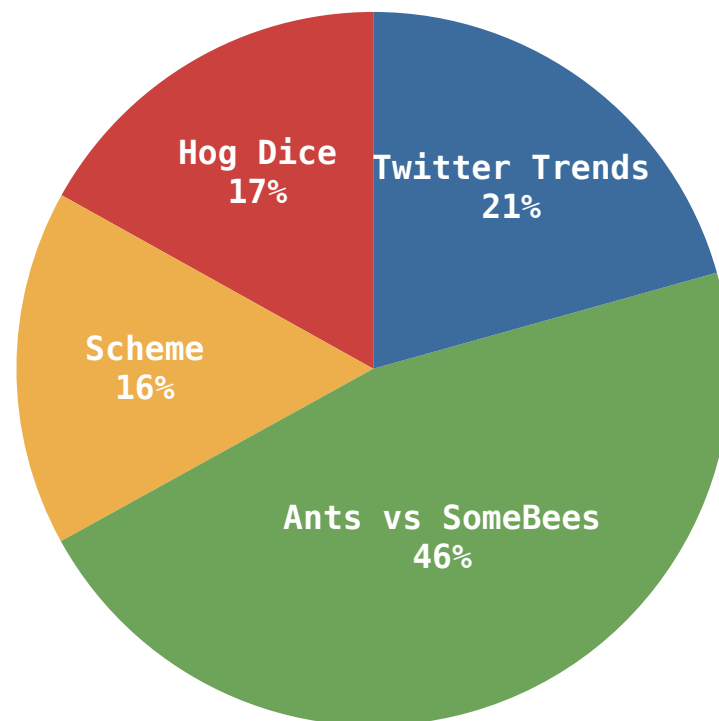
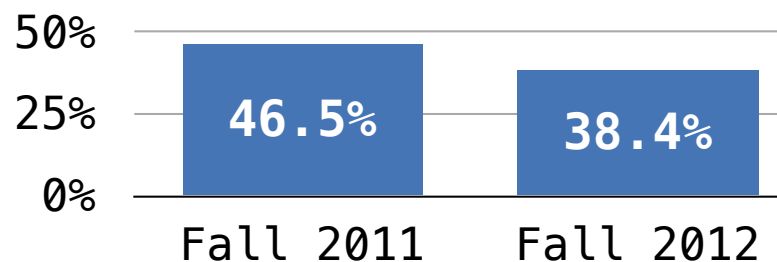
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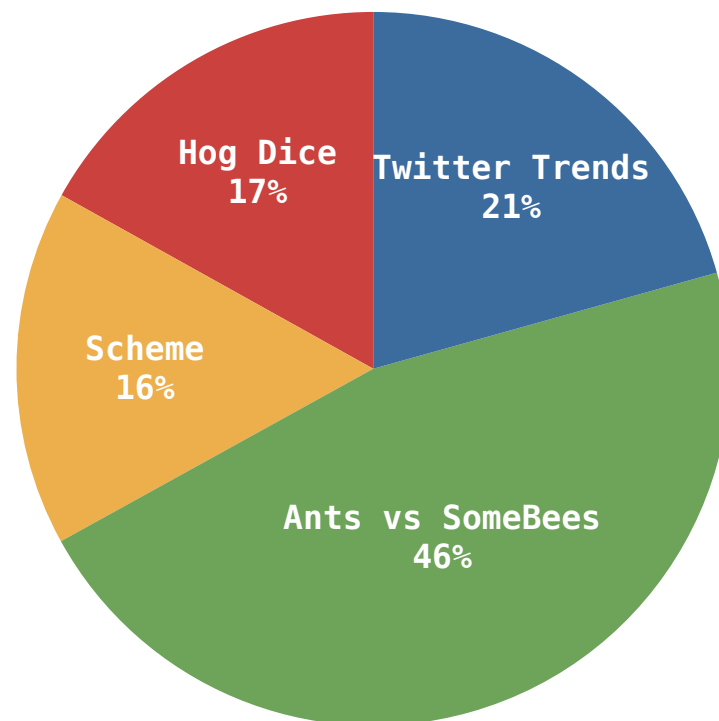
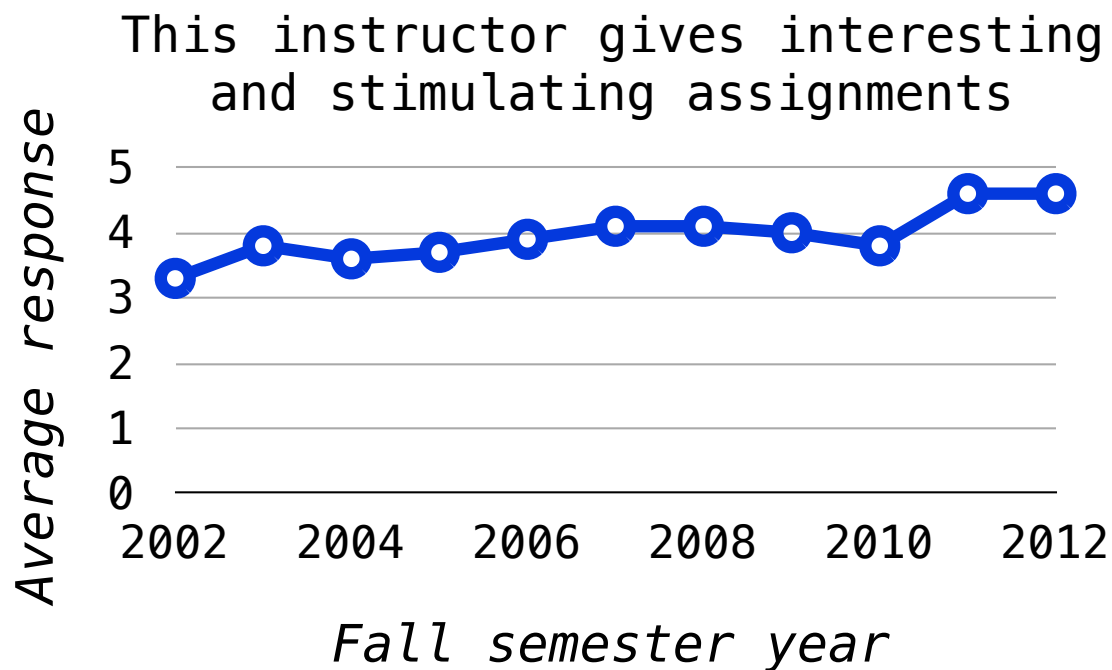
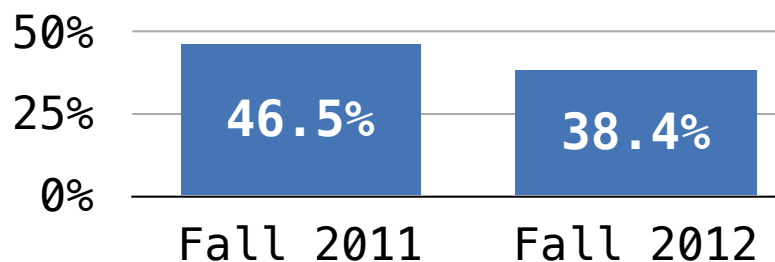
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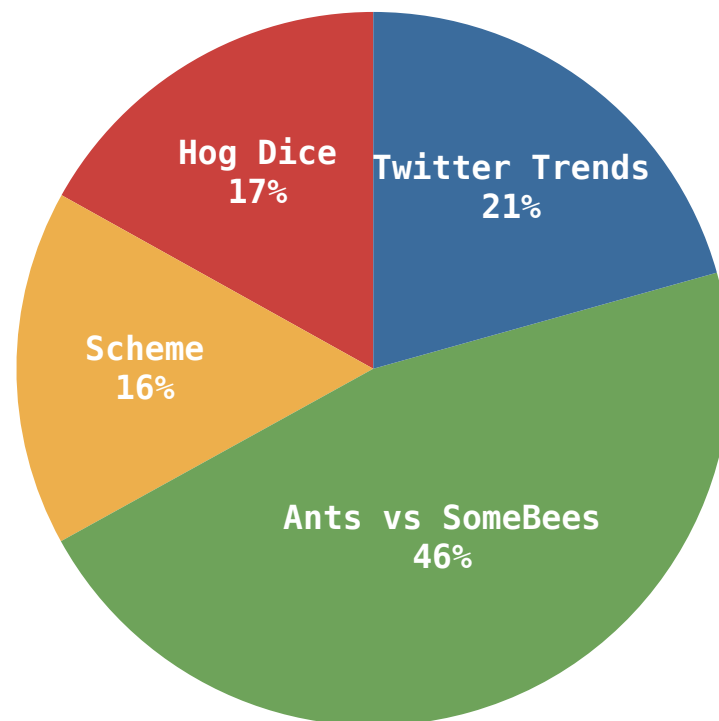
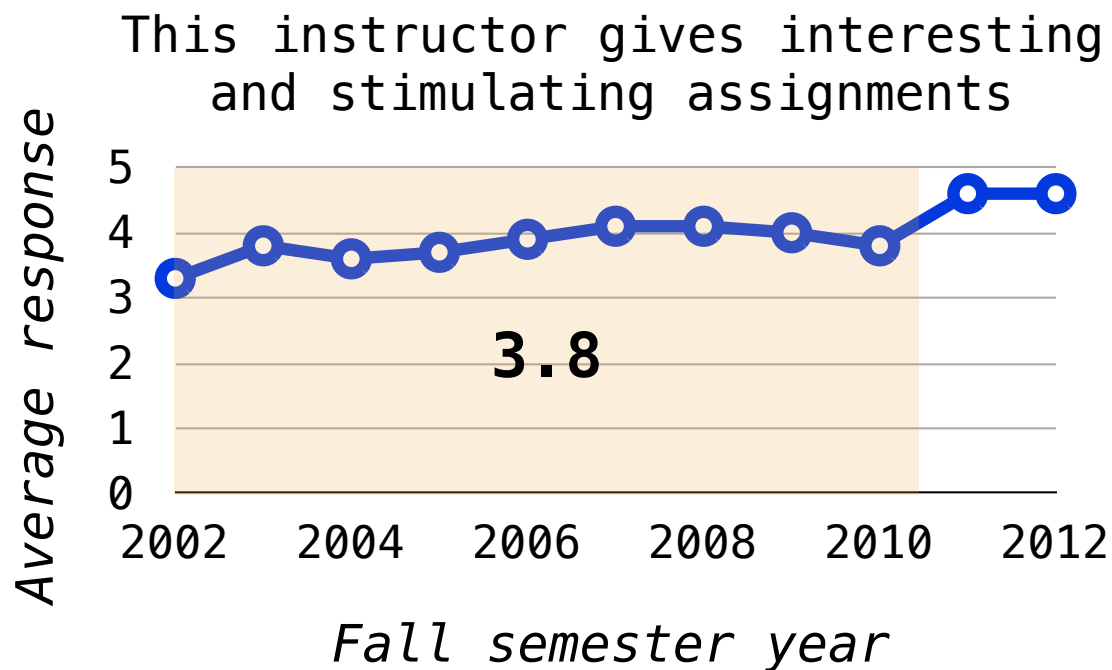
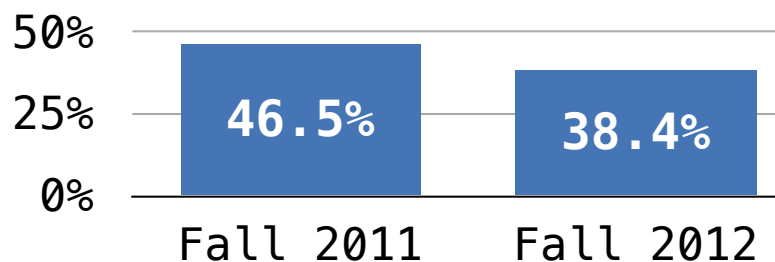
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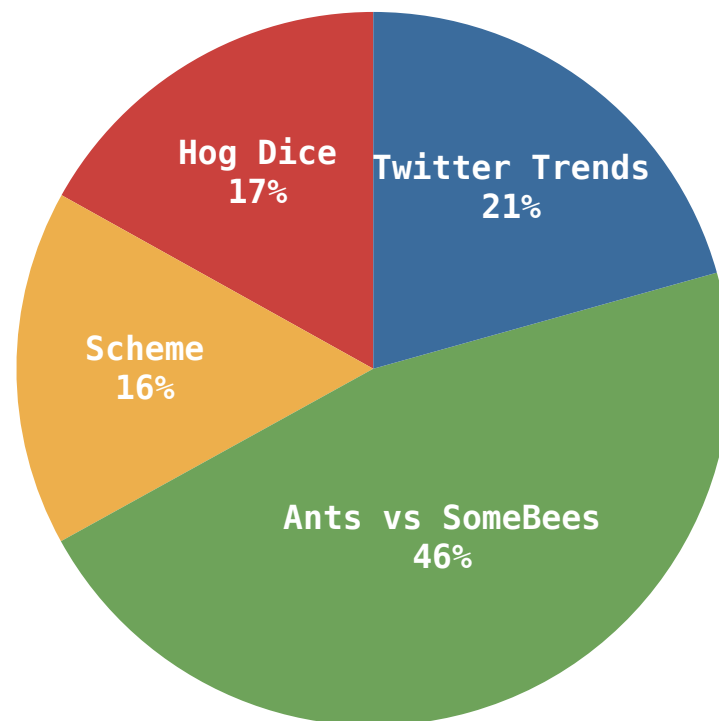
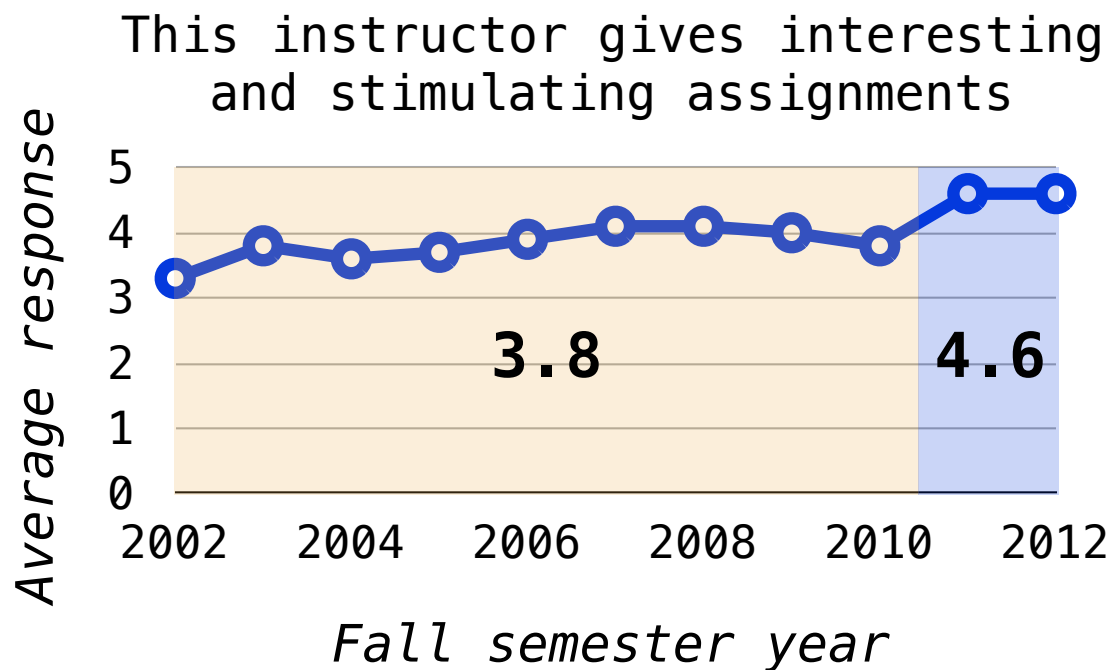
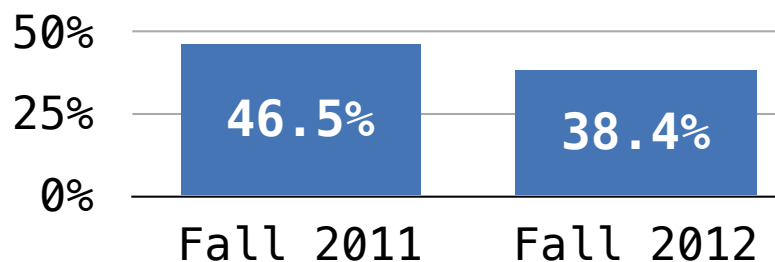
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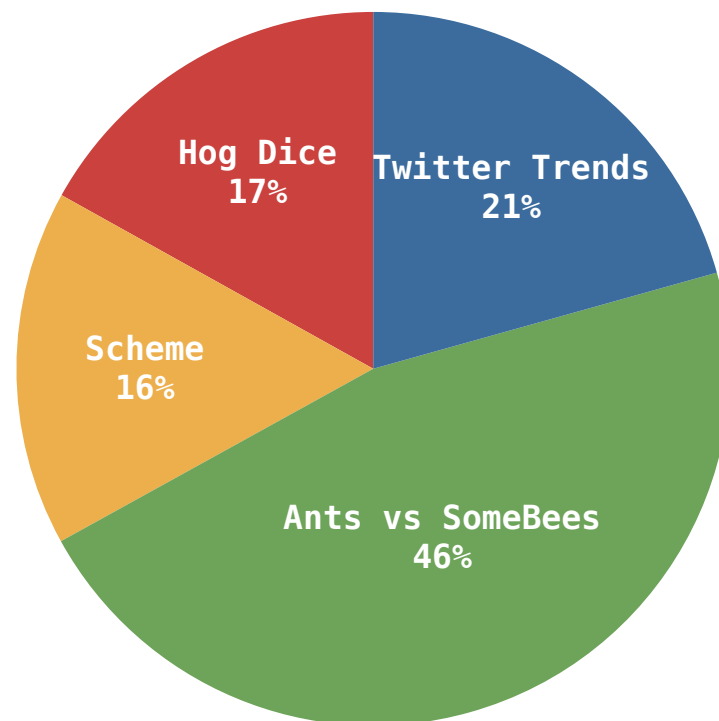
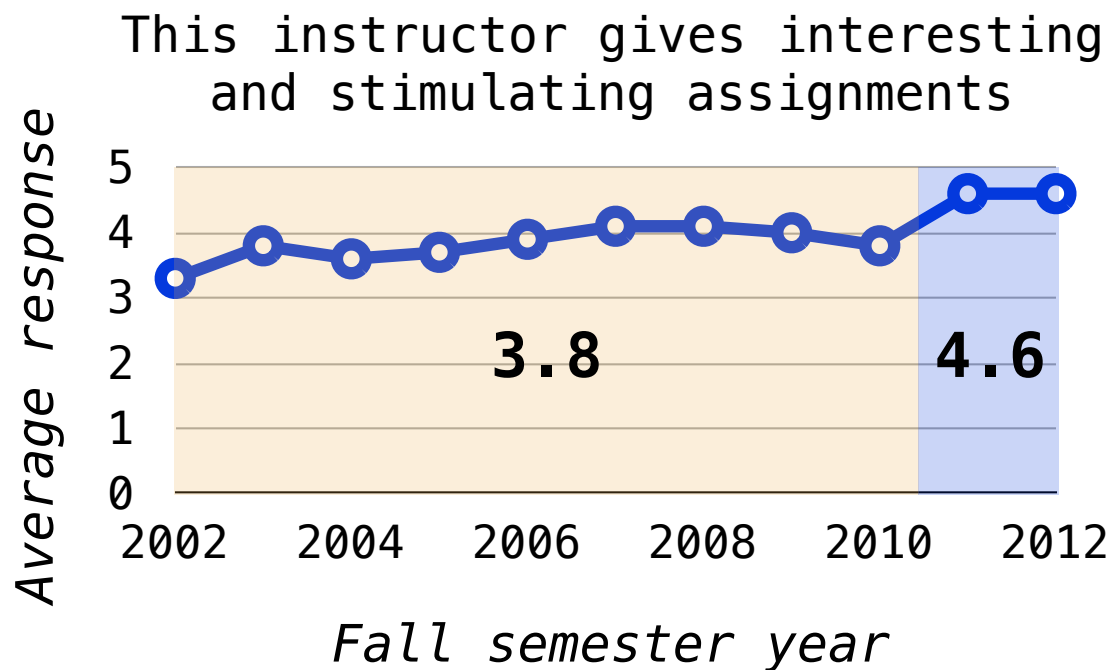
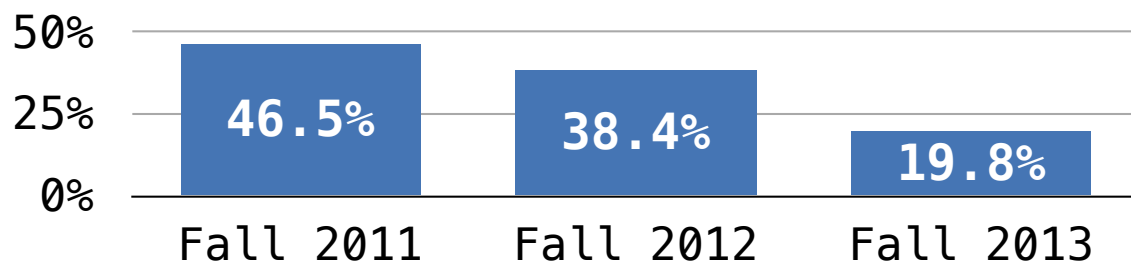
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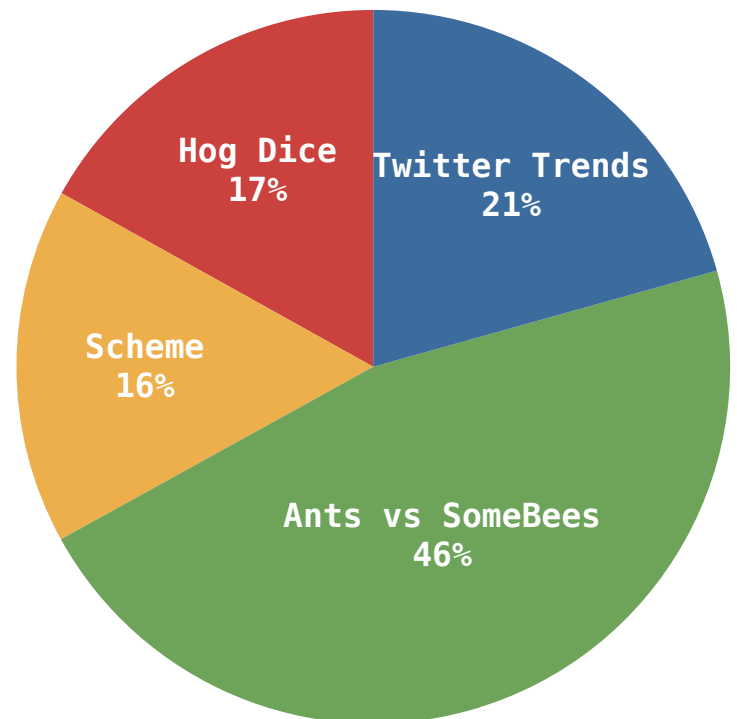
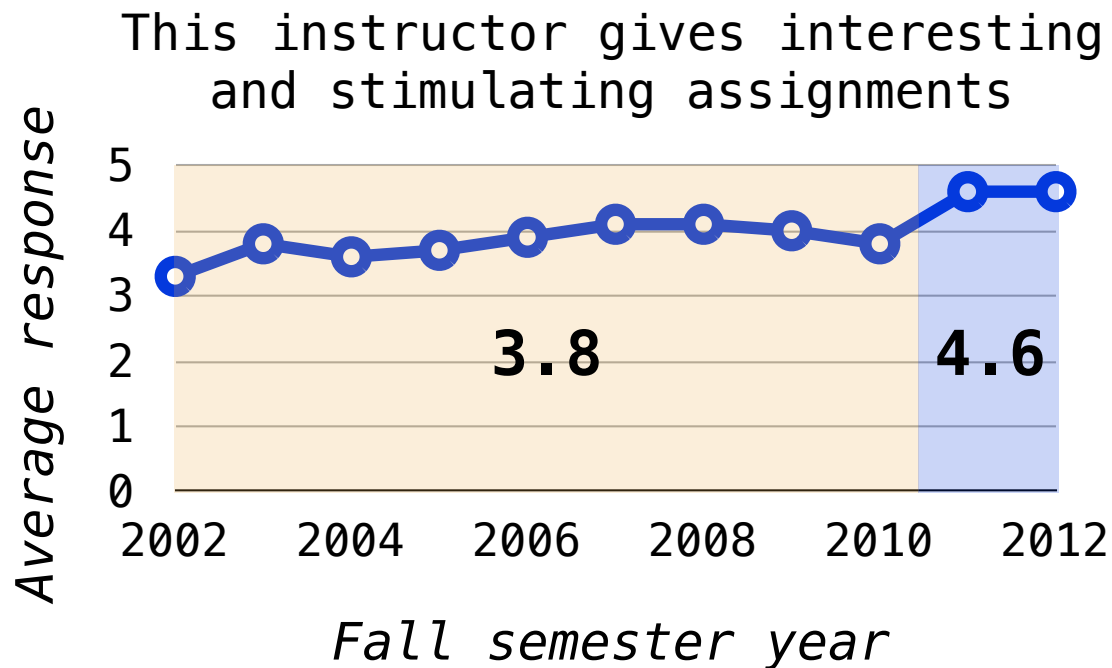
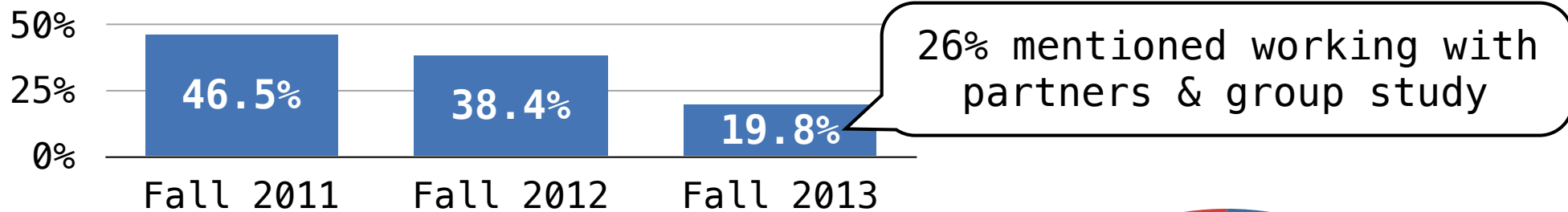
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True for **67%** of students with no prior programming experience

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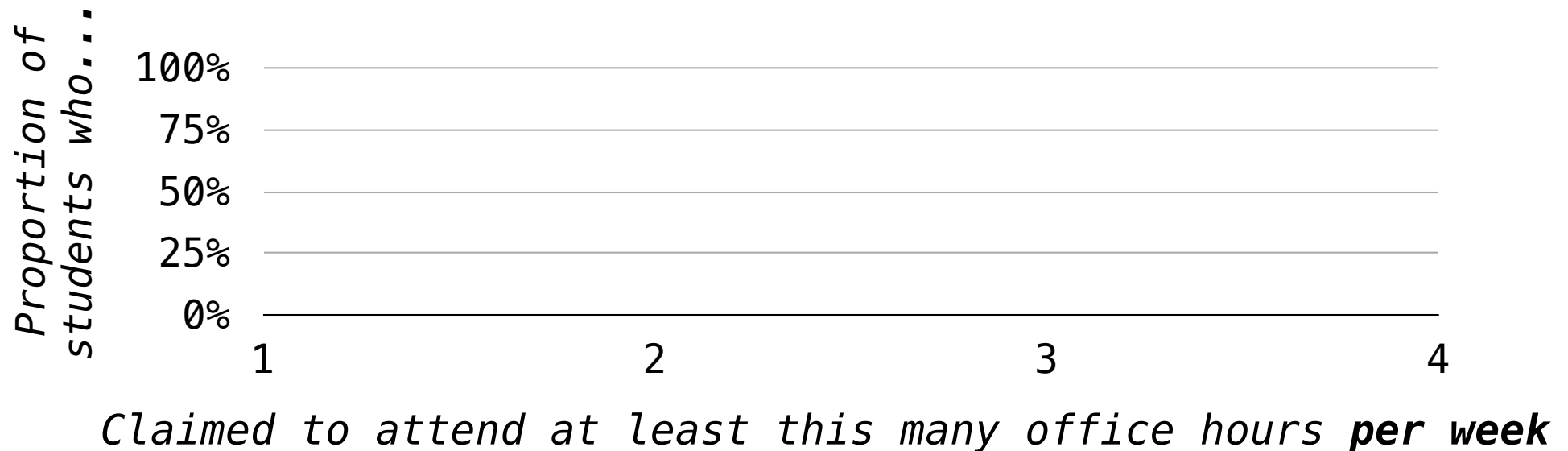
Computing is a collaborative, social discipline

I strongly encourage students to:

- Work with a partner on projects
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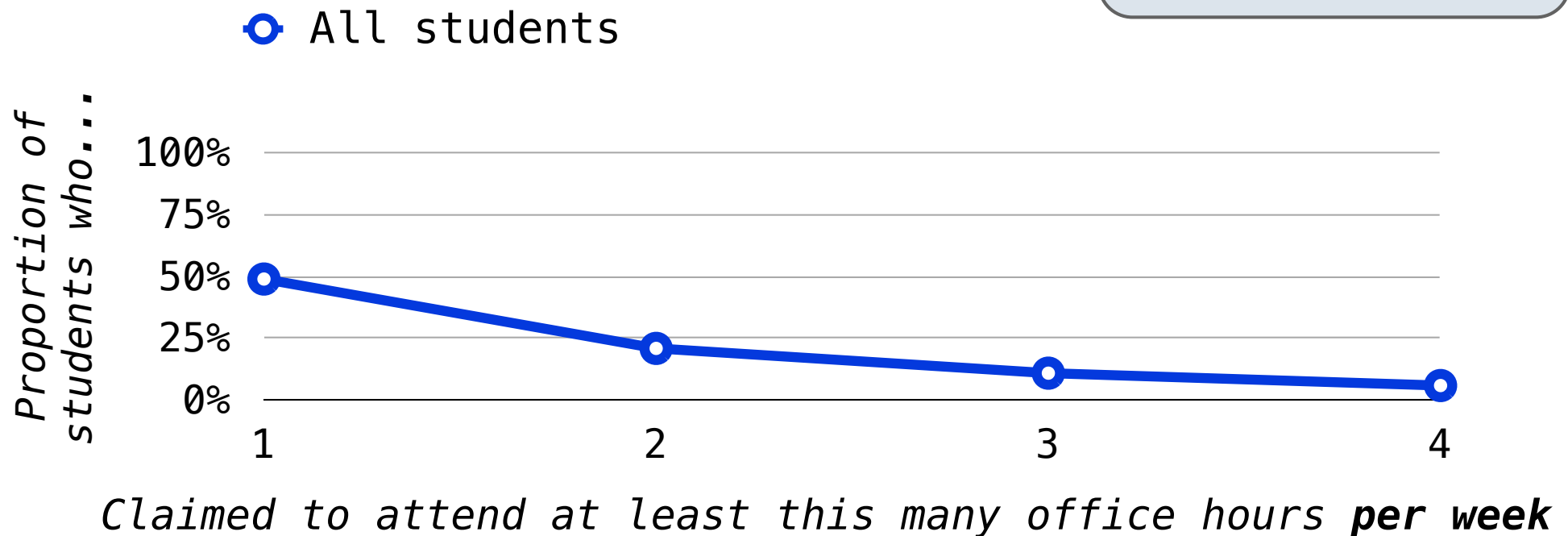
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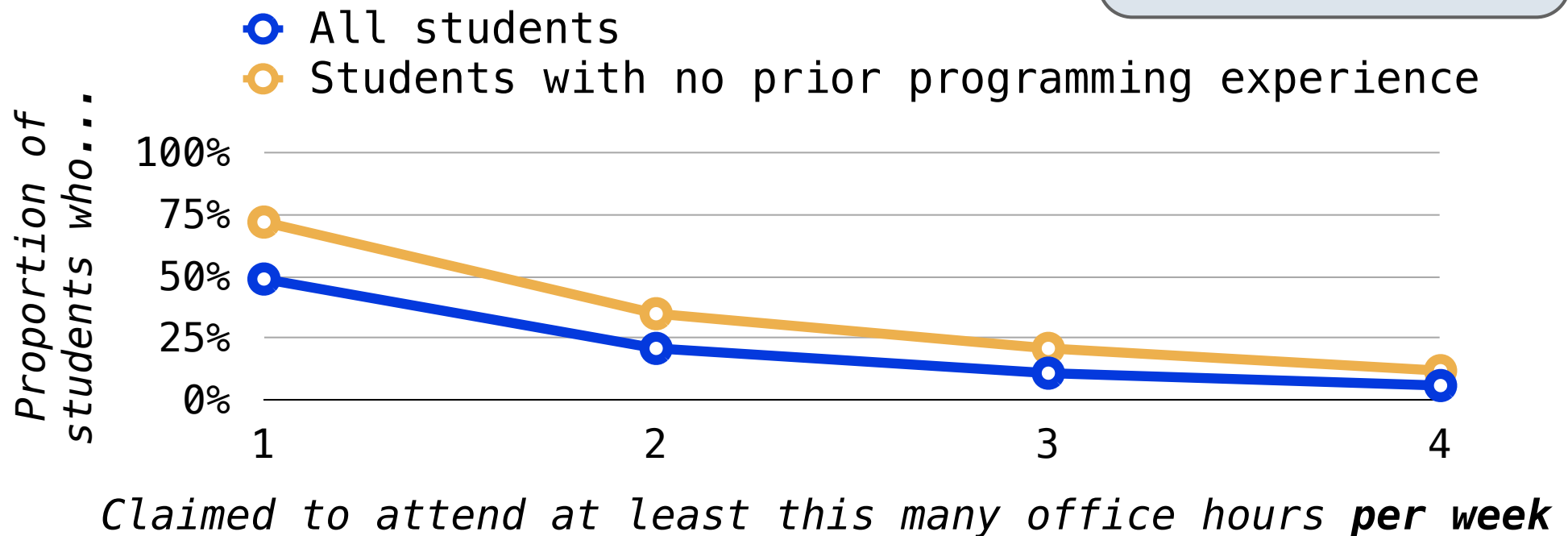
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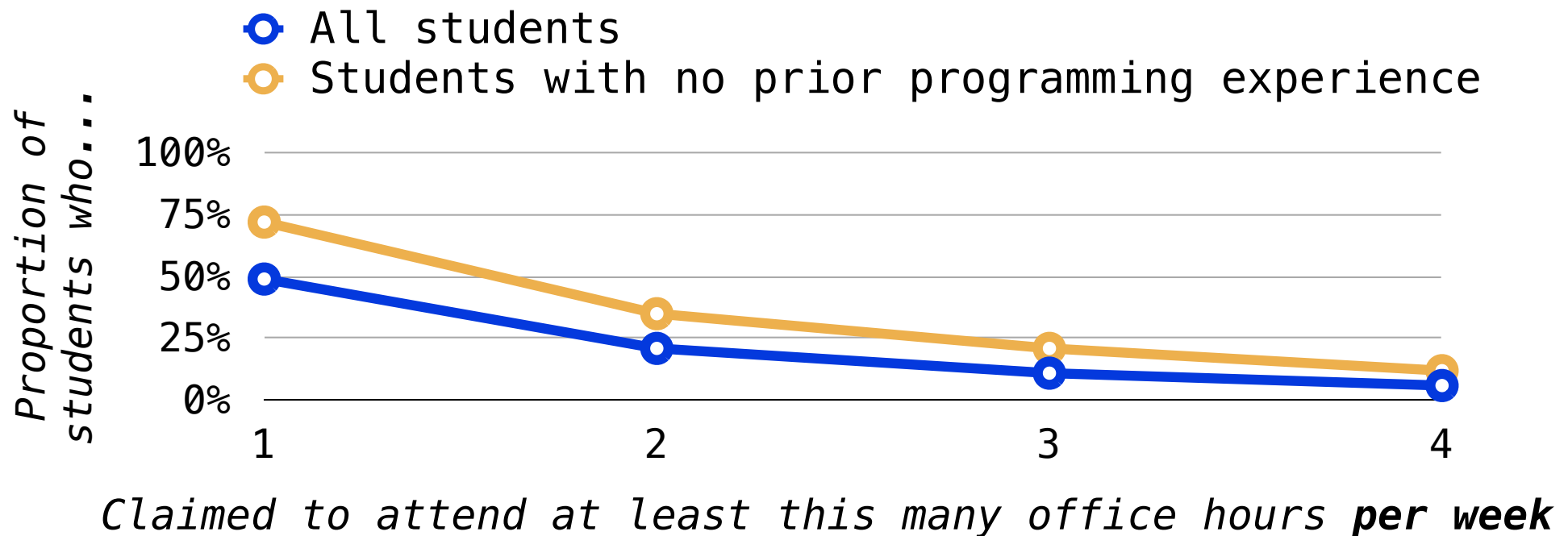
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# Community and Collaboration Guidelines

Computing is a collaborative, social discipline

"I attended office hours religiously to get help with homework, projects, and key concepts of the class from all the TA's. Moreover, I worked with other students in office hours to further my understanding of the material by explaining concepts I already understood to them."



# Connecting Students to External Communities

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# Materials & Tools

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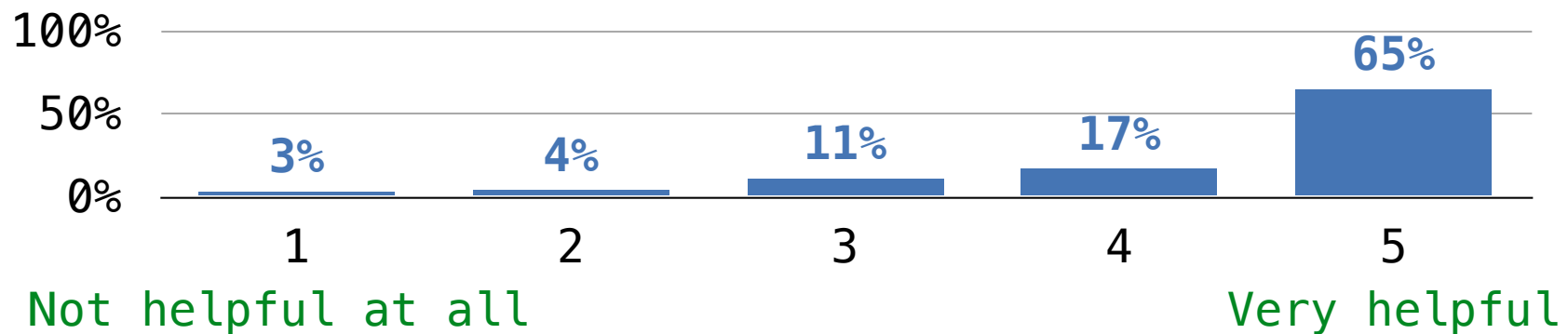
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*How helpful did you find the online tool for drawing environment diagrams in understanding course material?*



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# Expanding Beyond the Lecture Hall

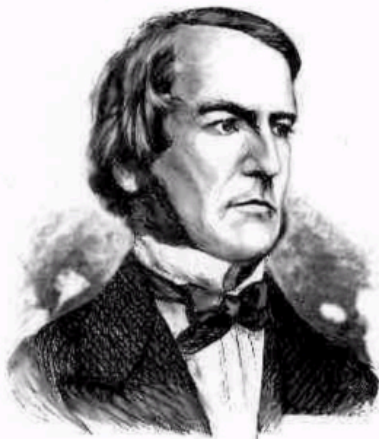
# Expanding Beyond the Lecture Hall

Video lectures allow students to pause & experiment.

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## While Statements



George Boole

(Demo)

```
▶ 1 i, total = 0, 0
▶▶▶ 2 while i < 3:
▶▶▶ 3     i = i + 1
▶▶▶ 4     total = total + i
```

Global frame

i	<del>0</del>	<del>1</del>	<del>2</del>	3
total	<del>0</del>	<del>1</del>	<del>2</del>	3

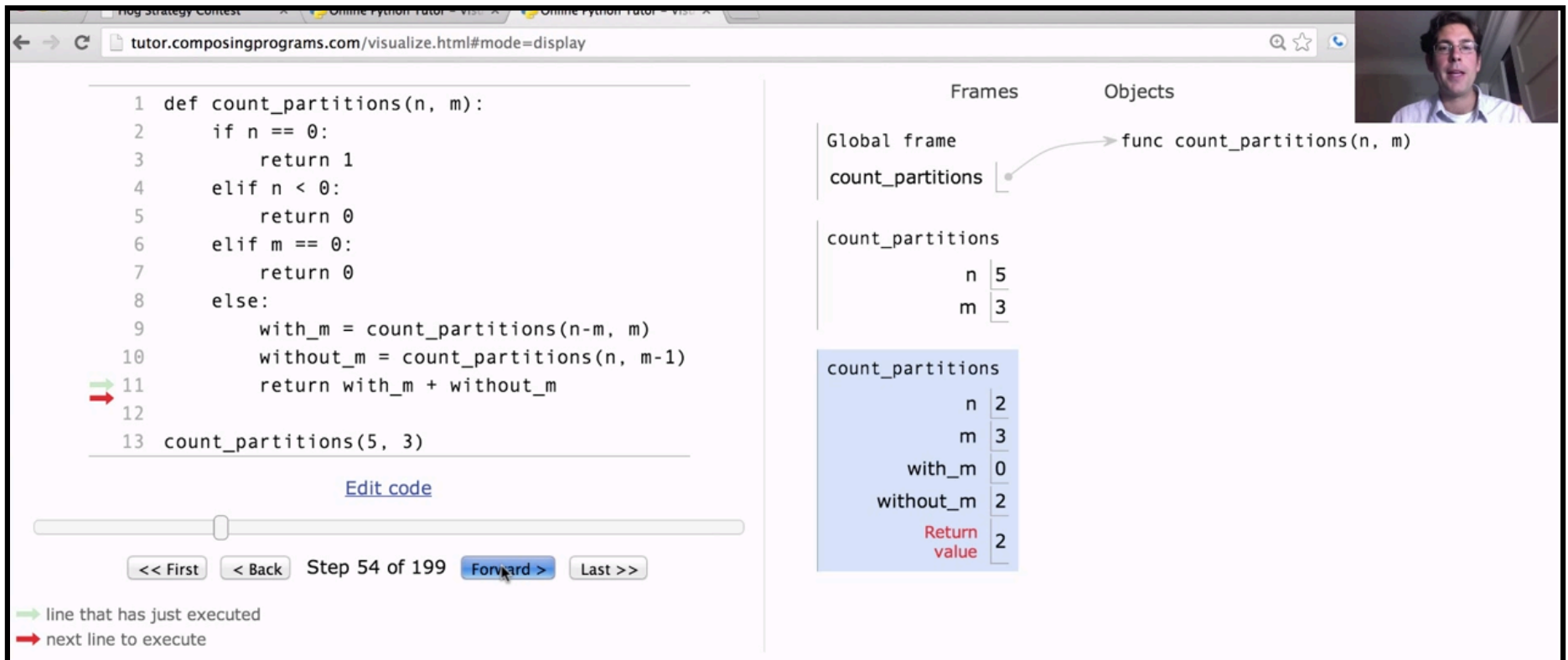
**Execution rule for while statements:**

1. Evaluate the header's expression.
2. If it is a true value, execute the (*whole*) suite, then return to step 1.



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The screenshot displays a web-based Python tutor interface. The main window shows a Python function `count_partitions(n, m)` being executed. The code is as follows:

```
1 def count_partitions(n, m):
2     if n == 0:
3         return 1
4     elif n < 0:
5         return 0
6     elif m == 0:
7         return 0
8     else:
9         with_m = count_partitions(n-m, m)
10        without_m = count_partitions(n, m-1)
11        return with_m + without_m
12
13 count_partitions(5, 3)
```

The execution progress is shown at the bottom: Step 54 of 199. Navigation buttons include << First, < Back, Forward >, and Last >>. A legend indicates that a green arrow points to the line that has just executed, and a red arrow points to the next line to execute.

On the right side, there are two panels: "Frames" and "Objects". The "Frames" panel shows the current frame stack:

- Global frame
- count\_partitions (n=5, m=3)

The "Objects" panel shows the current object state:

Object	Value
count_partitions	
n	5
m	3

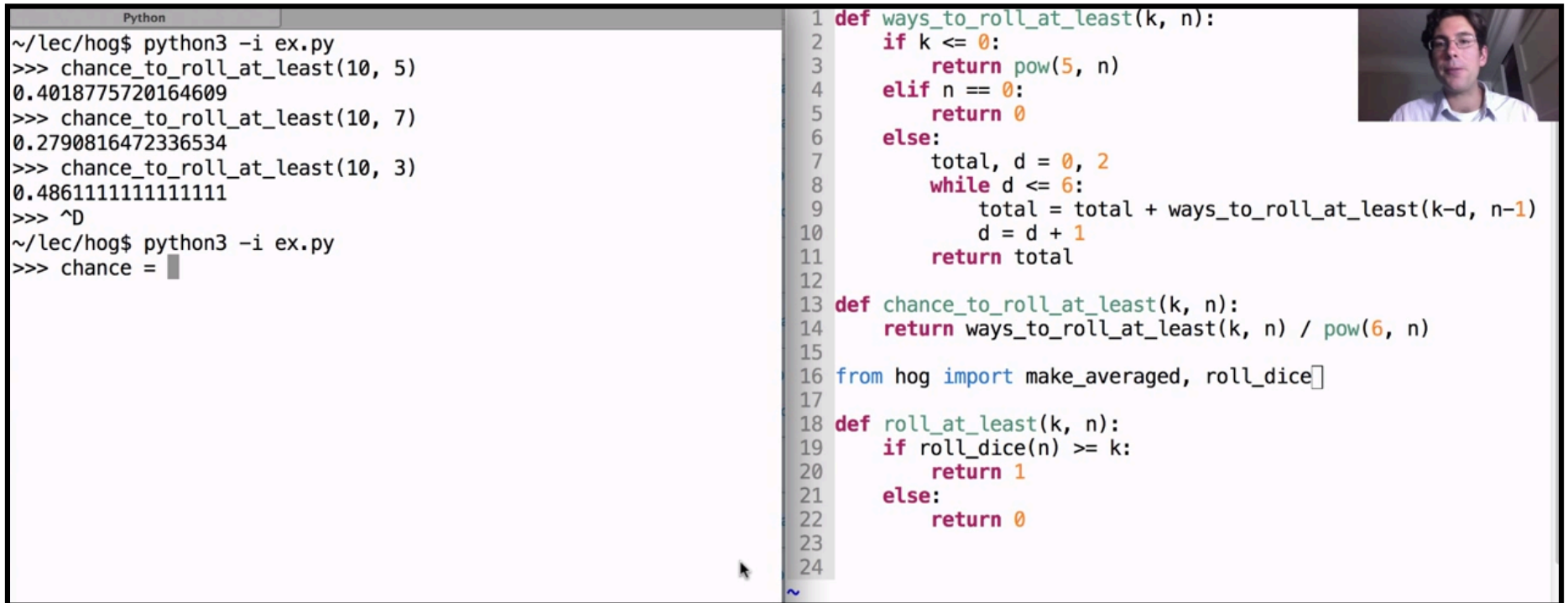
Below this, a blue box highlights the current object state for the `count_partitions` function:

Object	Value
count_partitions	
n	2
m	3
with_m	0
without_m	2
Return value	2

A small video inset in the top right corner shows a person speaking.

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```
Python
~/lec/hog$ python3 -i ex.py
>>> chance_to_roll_at_least(10, 5)
0.4018775720164609
>>> chance_to_roll_at_least(10, 7)
0.2790816472336534
>>> chance_to_roll_at_least(10, 3)
0.4861111111111111
>>> ^D
~/lec/hog$ python3 -i ex.py
>>> chance =
```

```
1 def ways_to_roll_at_least(k, n):
2     if k <= 0:
3         return pow(5, n)
4     elif n == 0:
5         return 0
6     else:
7         total, d = 0, 2
8         while d <= 6:
9             total = total + ways_to_roll_at_least(k-d, n-1)
10            d = d + 1
11        return total
12
13 def chance_to_roll_at_least(k, n):
14     return ways_to_roll_at_least(k, n) / pow(6, n)
15
16 from hog import make_averaged, roll_dice
17
18 def roll_at_least(k, n):
19     if roll_dice(n) >= k:
20         return 1
21     else:
22         return 0
23
24
```

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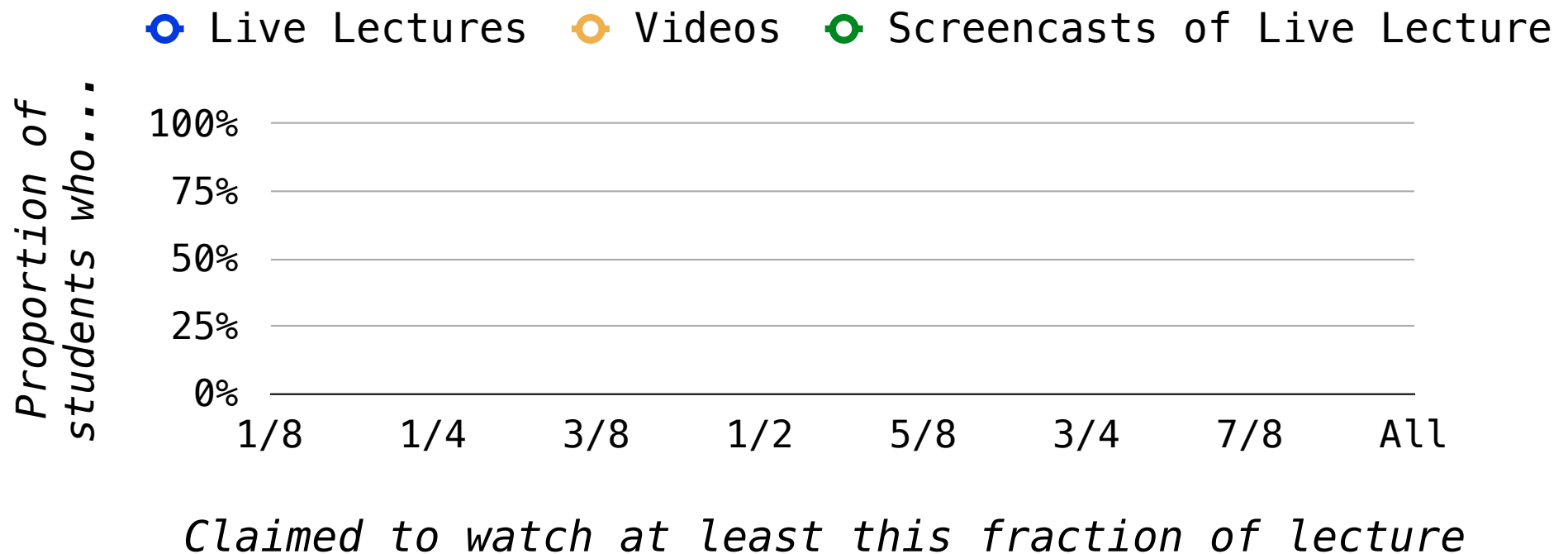
 Live Lectures    Videos    Screencasts of Live Lecture



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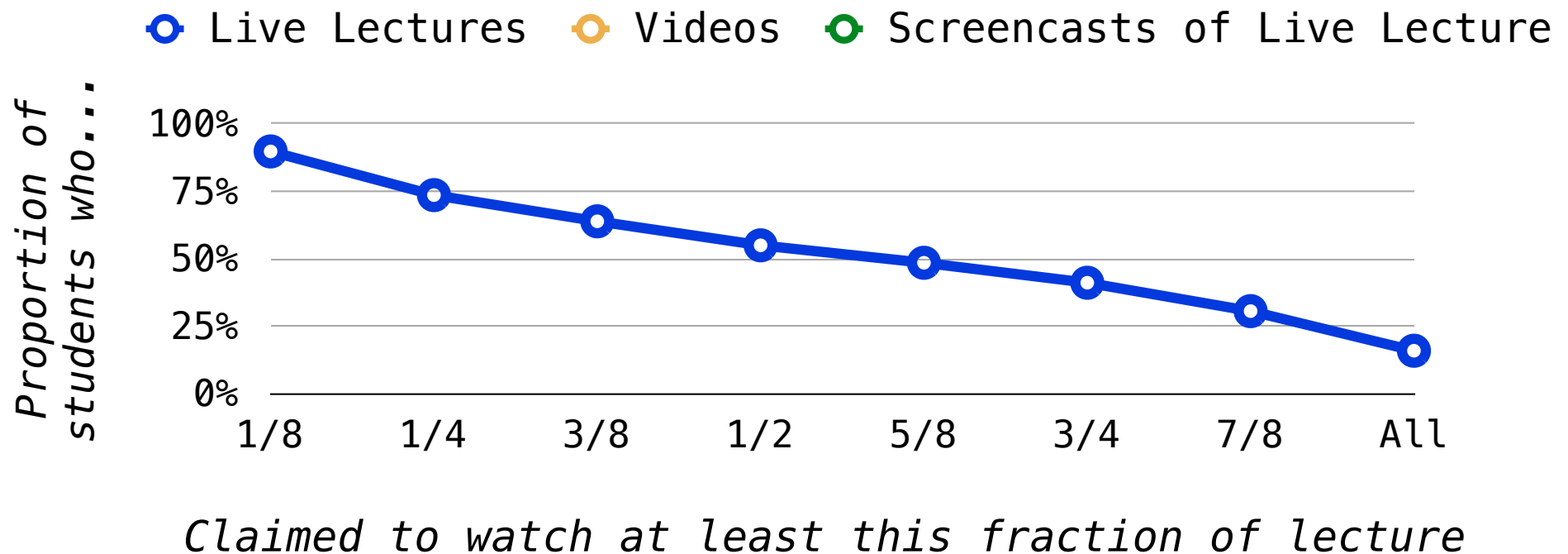
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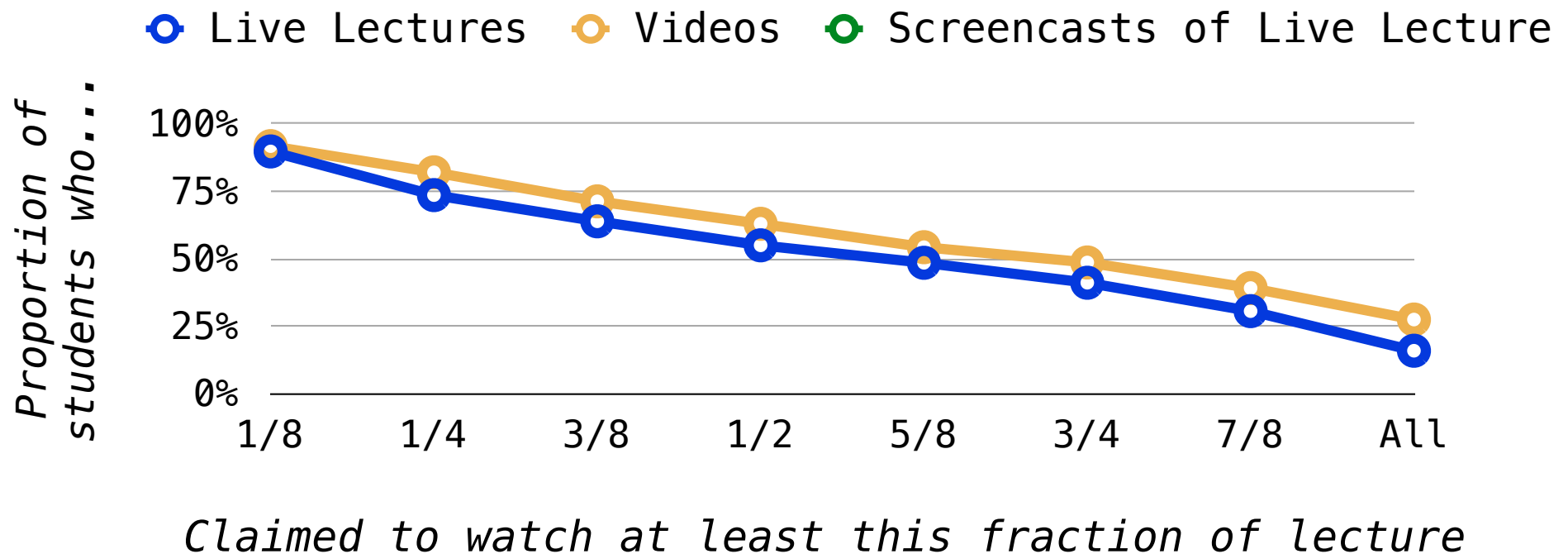
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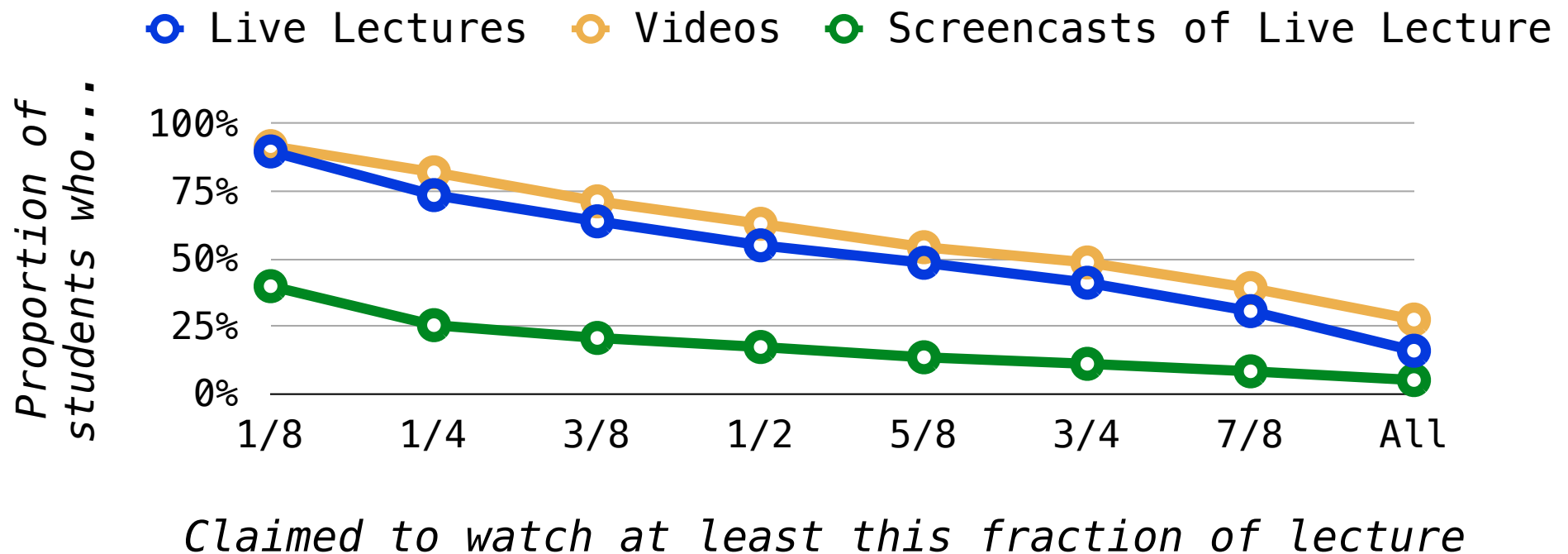
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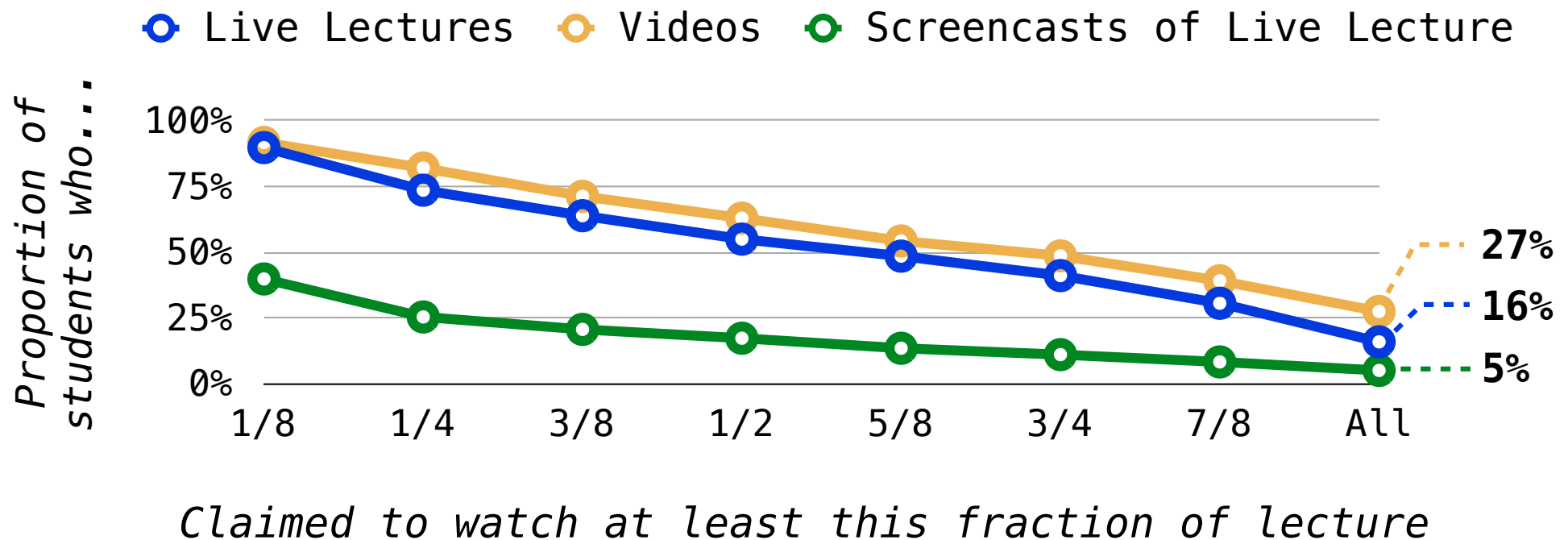
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48         if insect.is_ant():
49             # Phase 2: Special handling for BodyguardAnt
50             "*** YOUR CODE HERE ***"
51         if self.ant != None and self.ant.can_contain(insect):
52             self.ant.contain_ant(insect)
53
54         elif self.ant != None and insect.can_contain(self.ant):
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56             self.ant = insect
57
58         else:
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**STAFF USERNAME HERE DATE HERE**

This assert statement is supposed to be used for all cases: It makes sure there is no ant already in the place before you add another ant. Putting this in the else clause unnecessarily limits its ability to check your code. Instead, you should put this outside the if/else clauses and avoid reassigning self.ant until you have passed through the assert statement.

[Reply](#) [Done](#)

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[Reply](#) [Down](#)

The Student  
can reply

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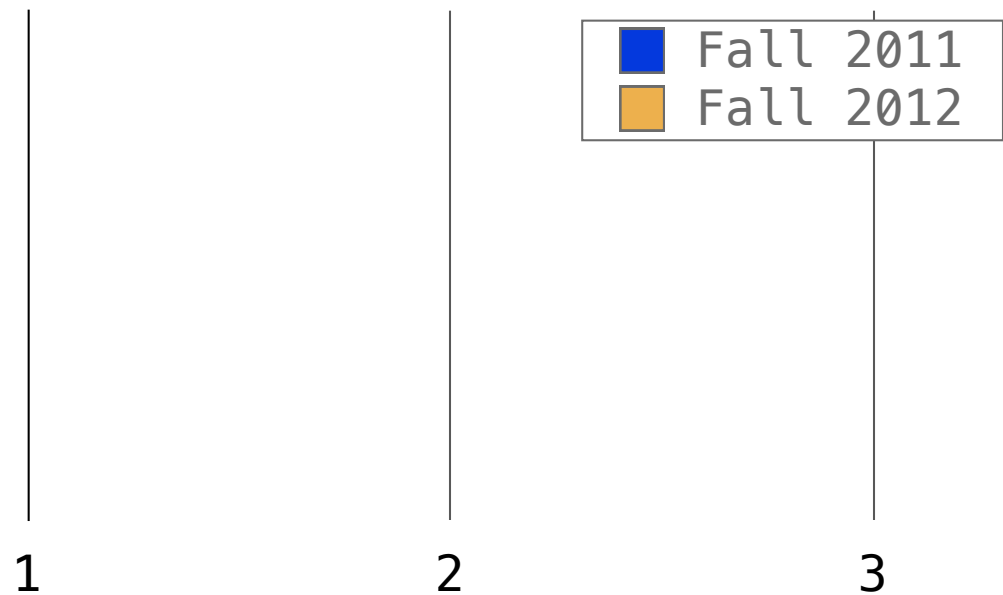


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Blind evaluation of a sample of submissions





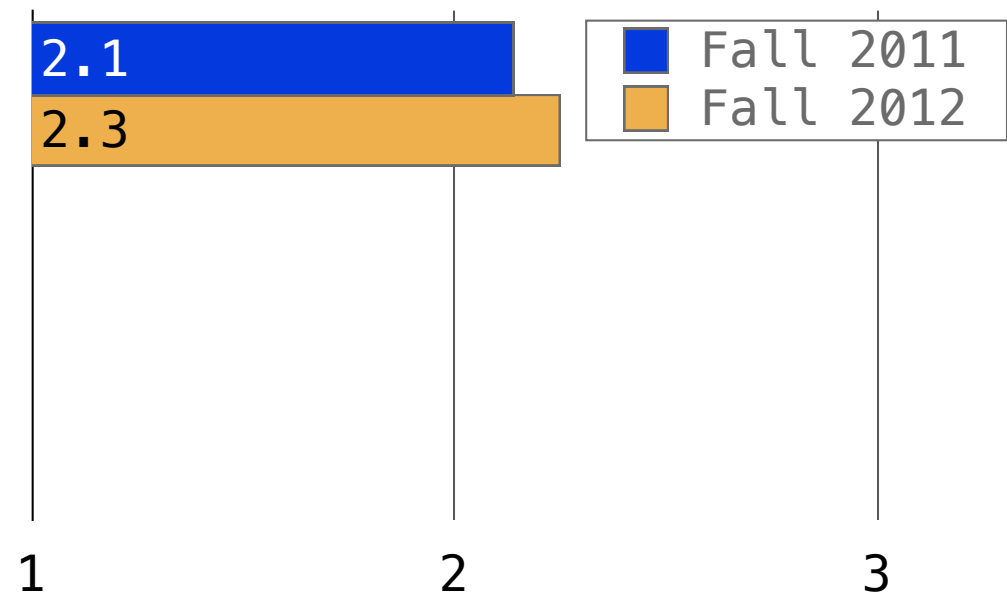
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Do names convey the meaning &  
purpose of their values?

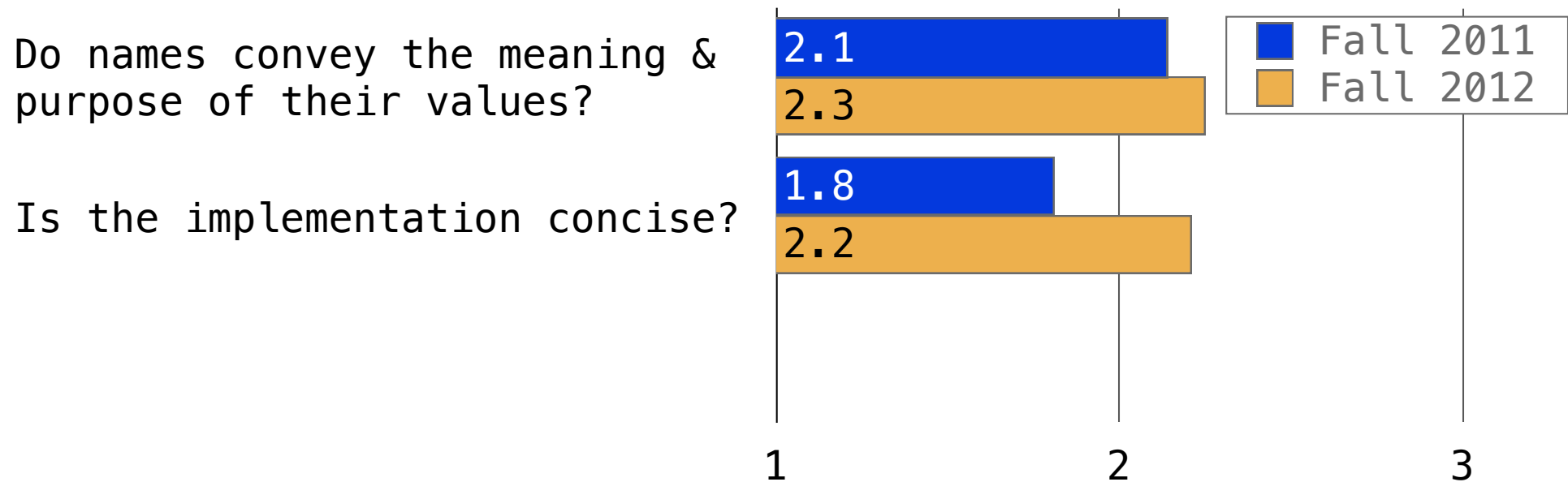


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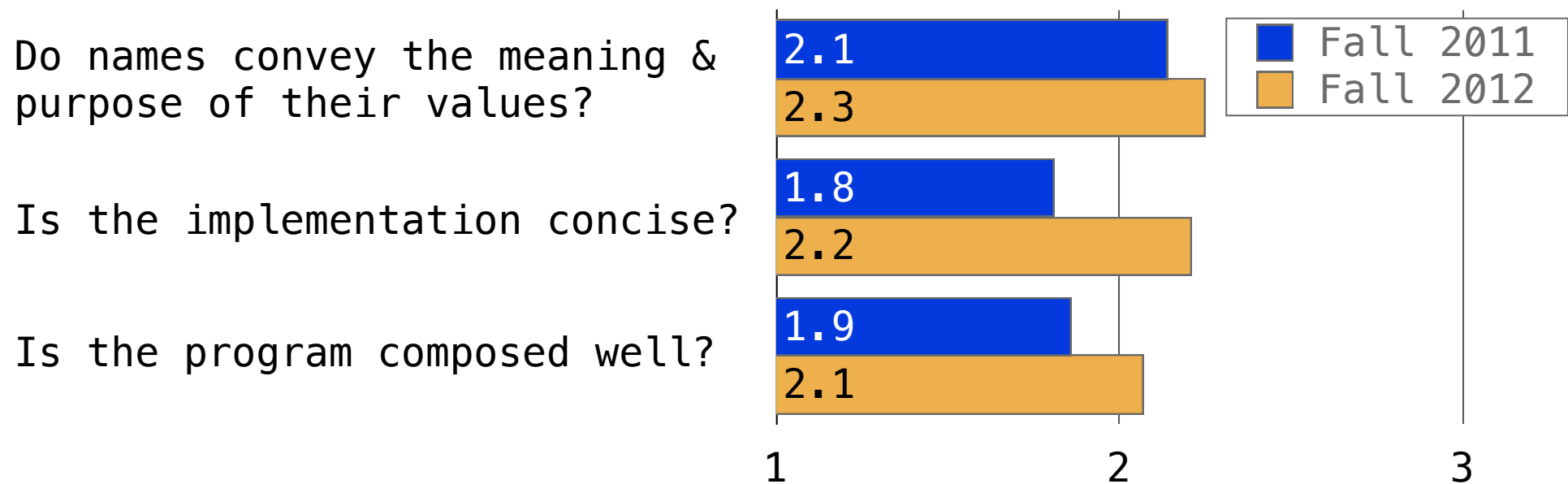


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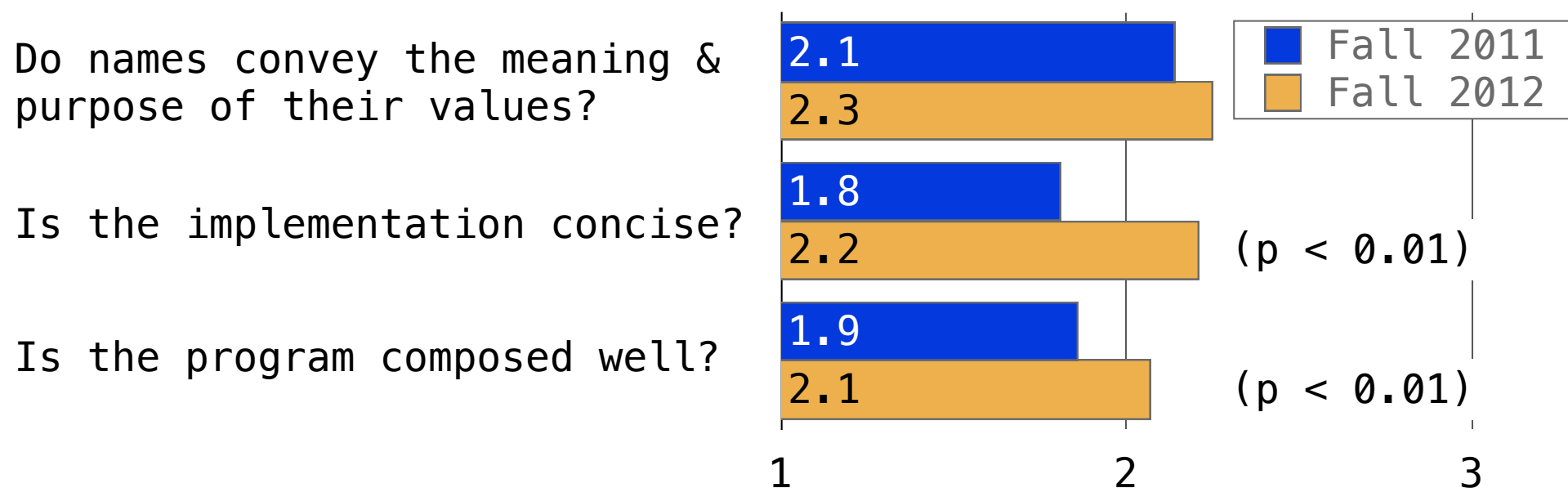


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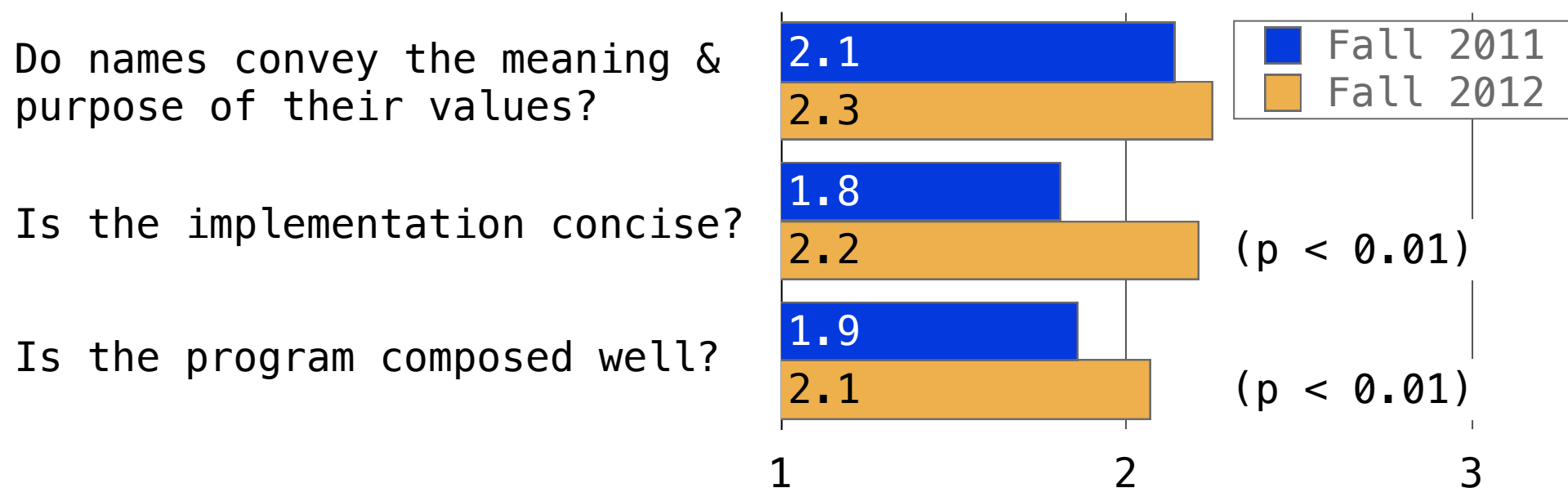


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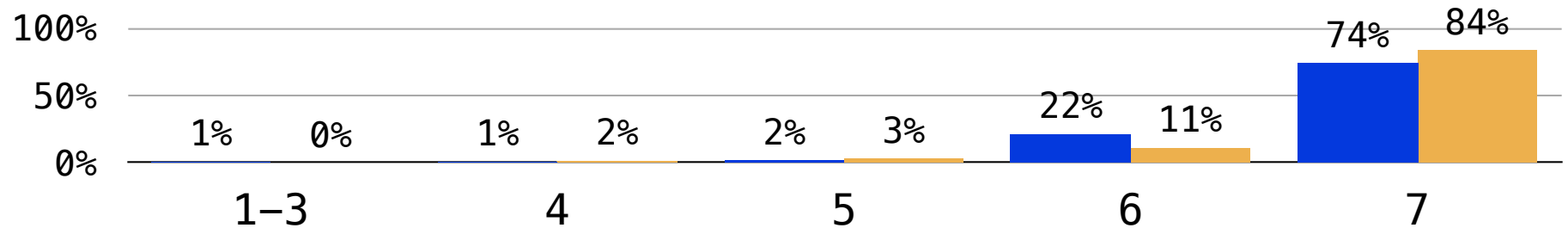
# Course Trends

# Overall Student Experience

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■ Fall 2011 ■ Fall 2012

How worthwhile was this course compared with others at U.C.?

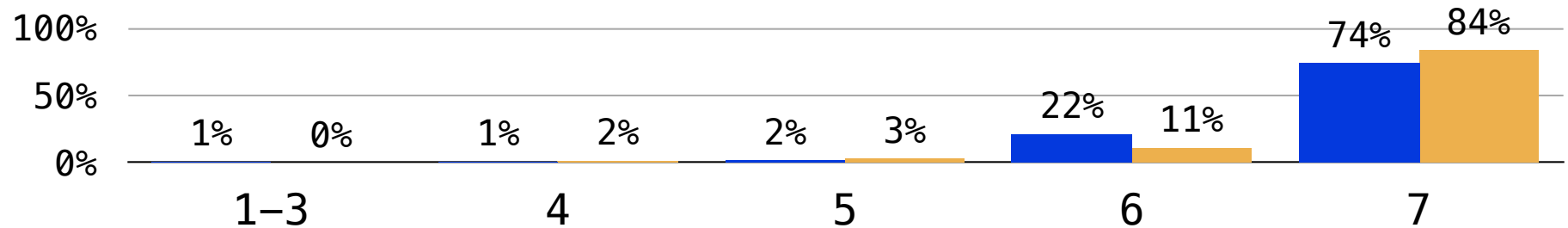




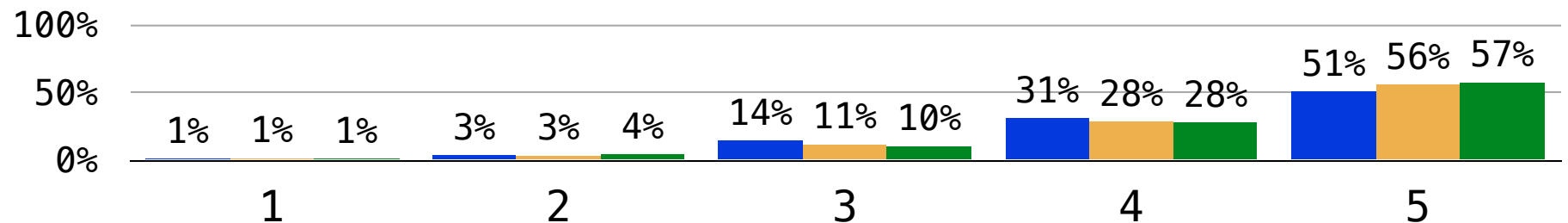
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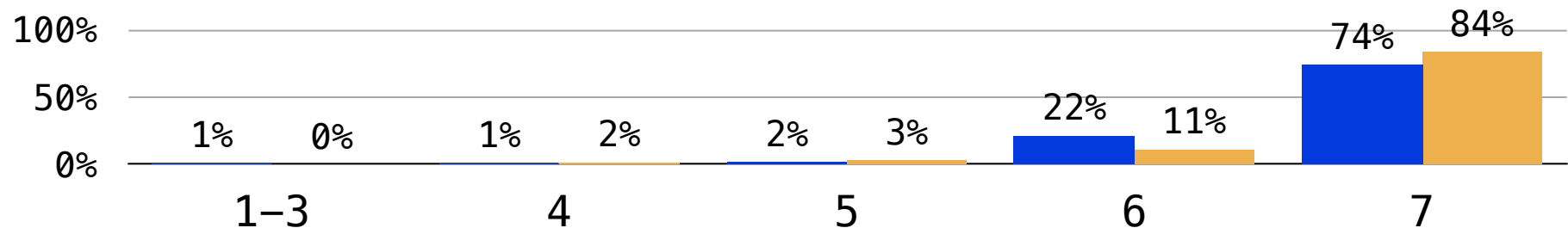
How much do you feel you learned (new ideas and skills)?



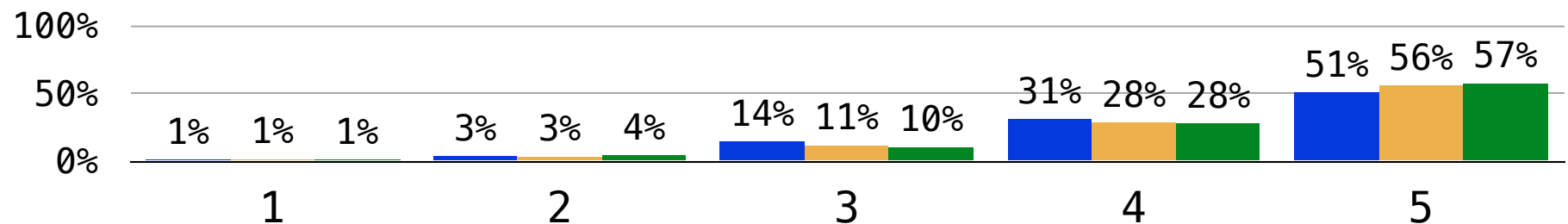
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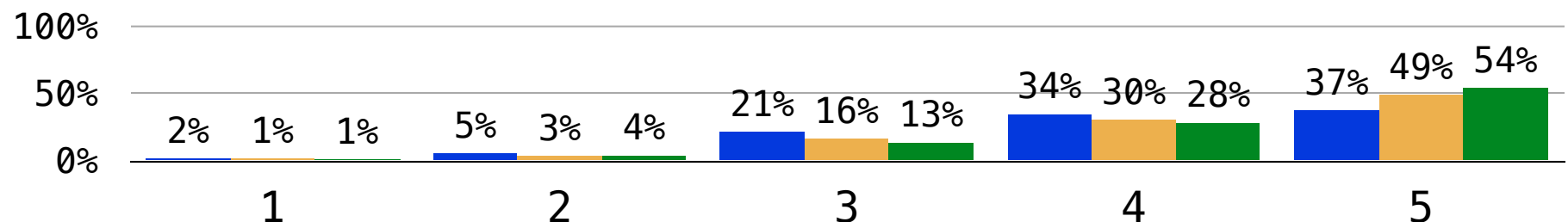
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How much do you feel you learned (new ideas and skills)?



Relative to your expectations, how much do you feel you learned?



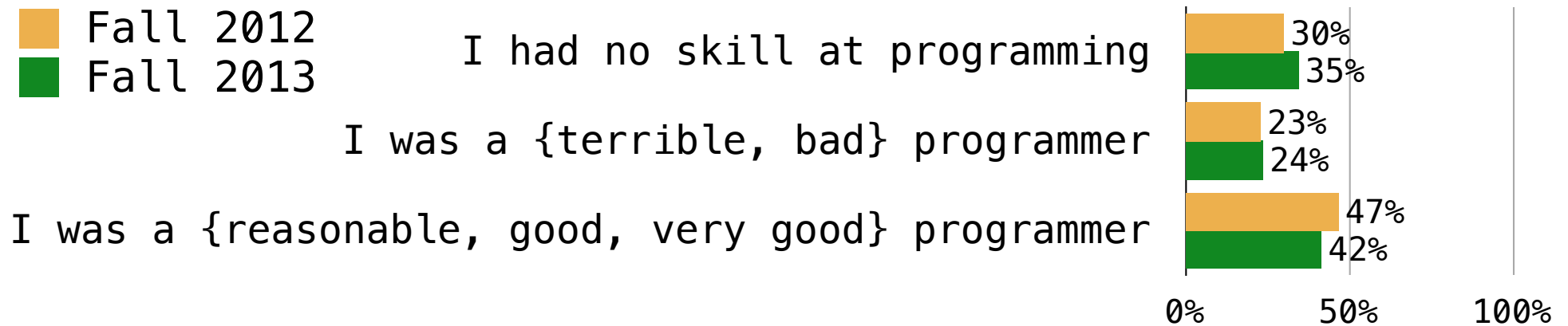
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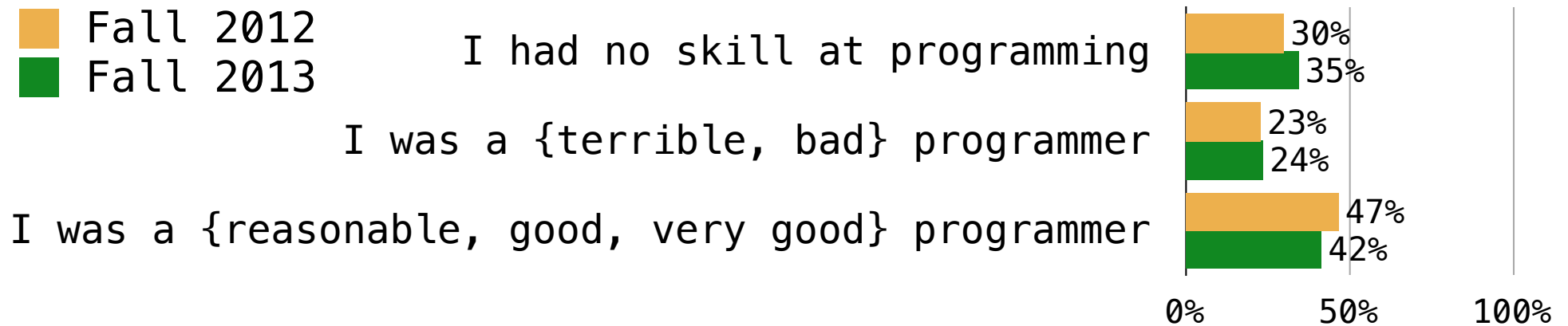
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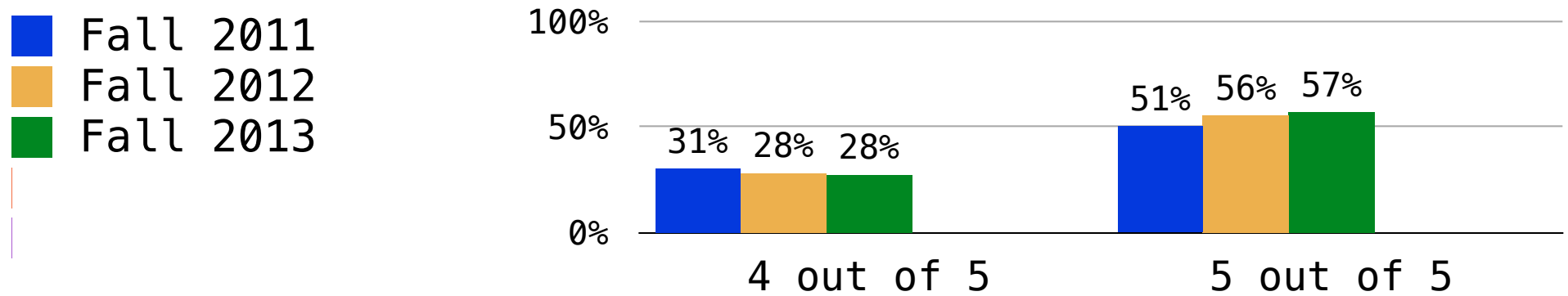


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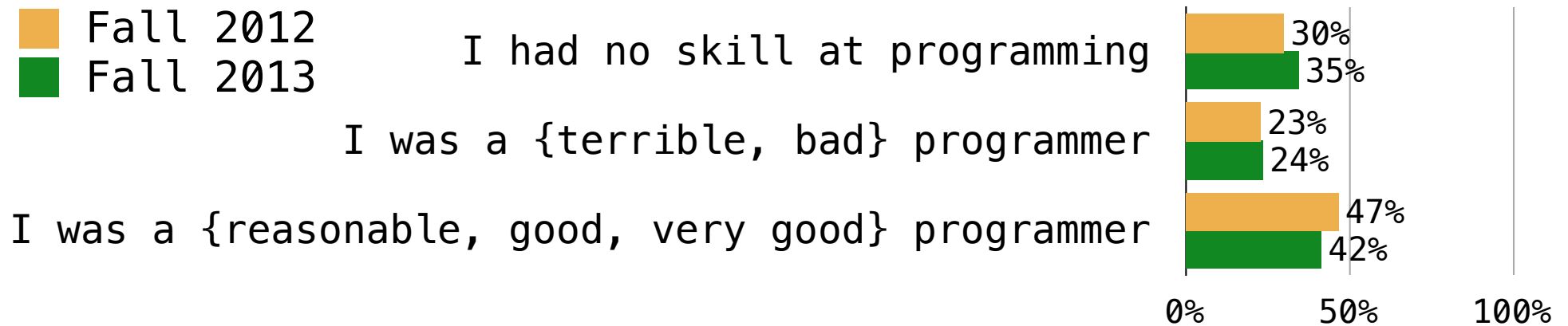


How much do you feel you learned (new ideas and skills)?

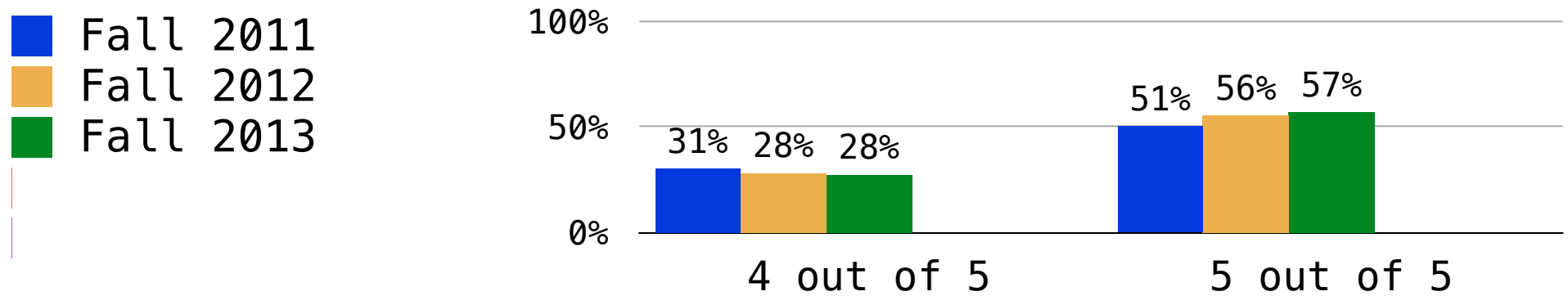


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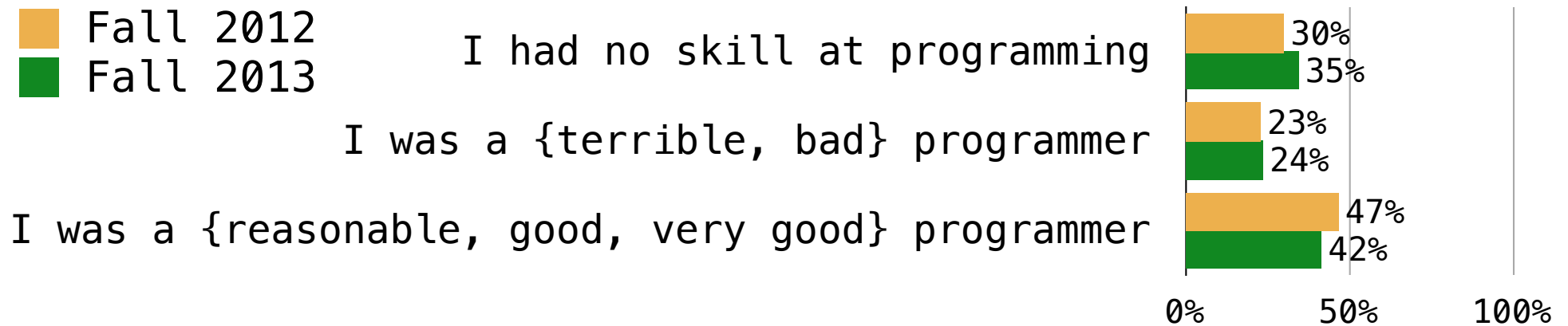
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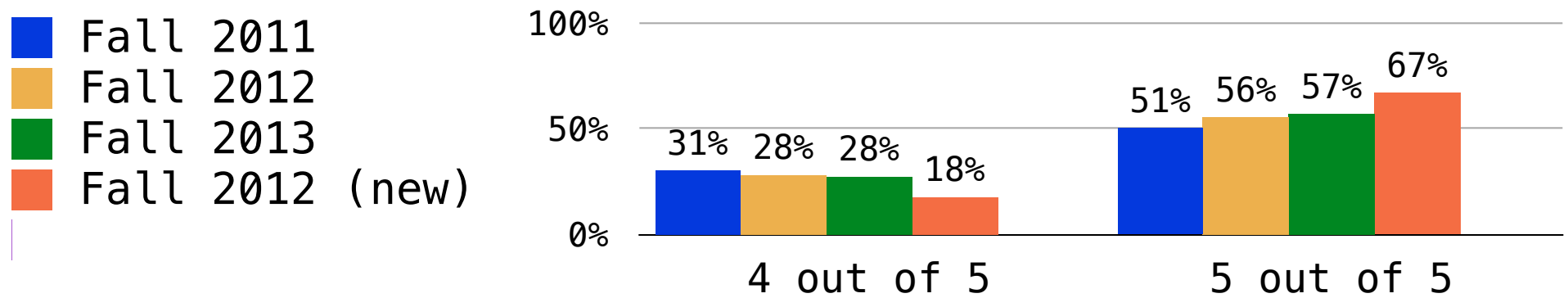
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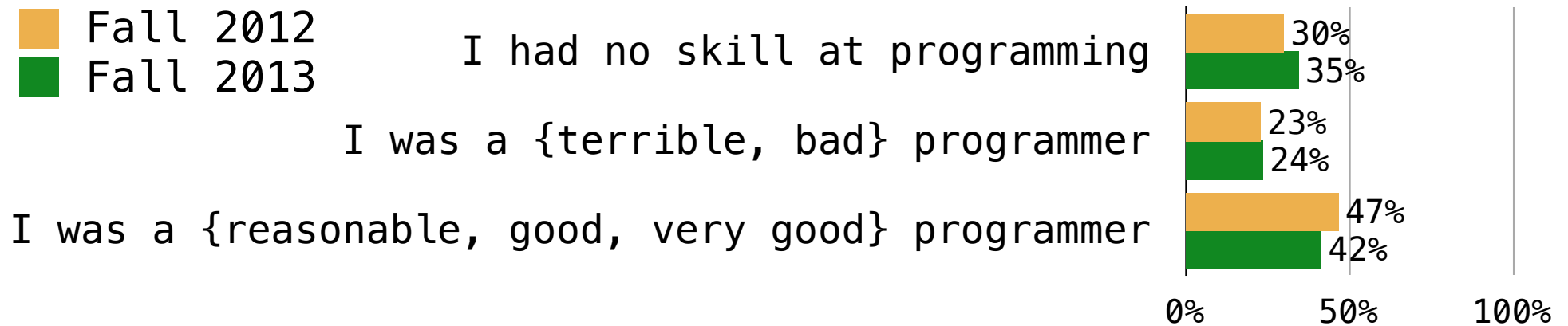


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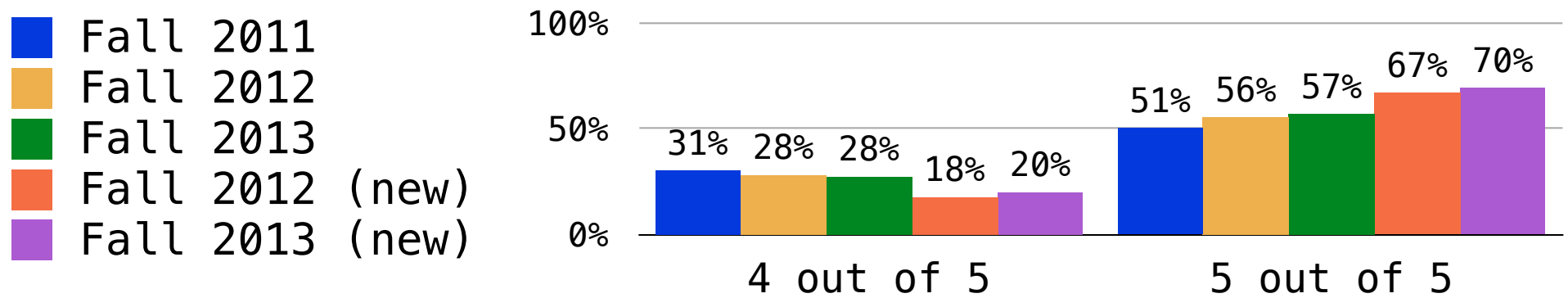


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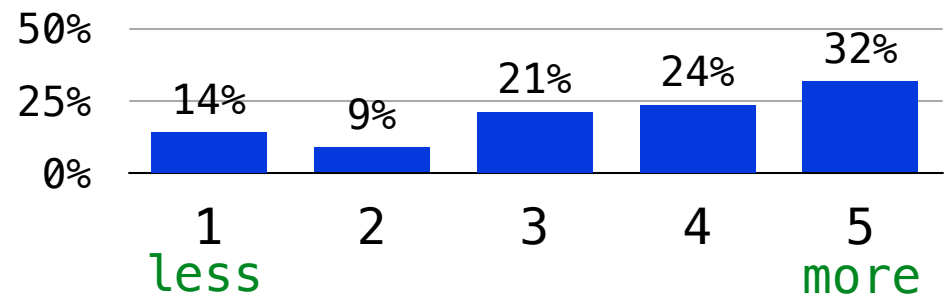
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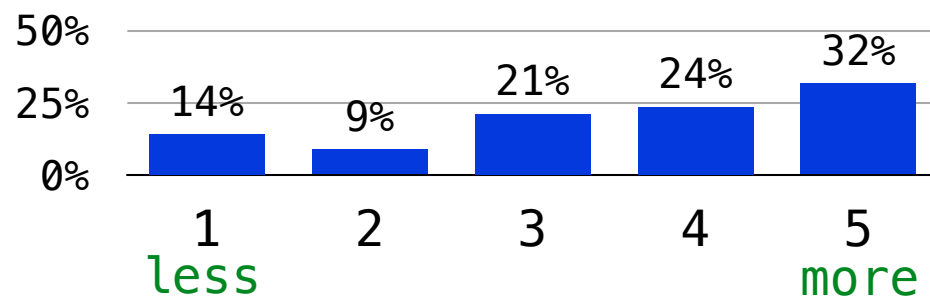
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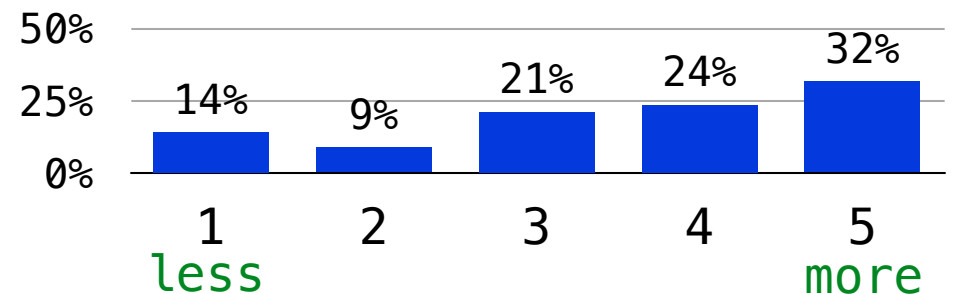
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