

Artificial Intelligence (A.L.) Project #1

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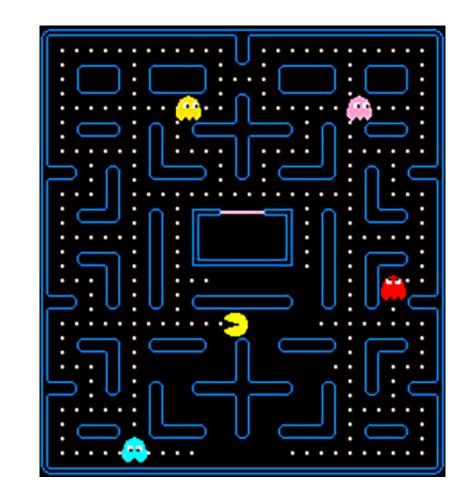
Let's use A.l. to win a game!



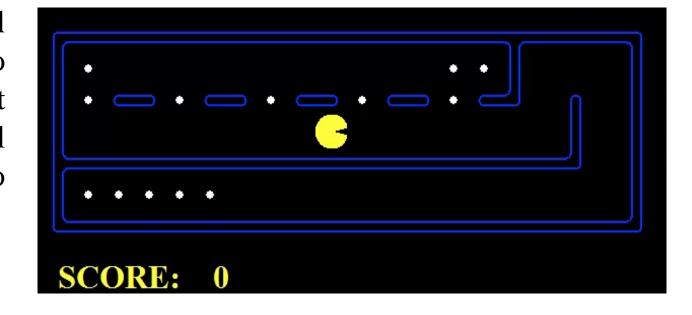
PacMan World

The player navigates Pac-Man through a maze containing dots, known as Pac-Dots, and four multi-colored ghosts: Blinky, Pinky, Inky and Clyde.

The goal of the game is to accumulate as many points as possible by collecting the dots and eating ghosts. When all of the dots in a stage is eaten, that stage is completed.



In this project, your Pacman agent will find paths through his maze world, both to reach a particular location and to collect food efficiently. You will build general search algorithms and apply them to Pacman scenarios.

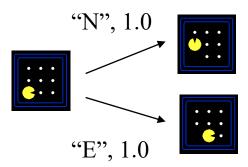


Help the Pacman agent to navigate effectively in the Pacman world by implementing depth-first, breadth-first, uniform cost, and A* search algorithms.

This project is based on http://ai.berkeley.edu

The search problem is defined by:

- 1. A state representation, *i.e.* {Pacman Position, Food Positions, Ghosts Positions}
- 2. A successor function including actions and cost
- 3. A final goal



How to solve the problem?

✓ A solution includes a series of sequential actions that transform the start state (state 0) to the final goal.



Q1: Finding a Fixed Food Dot using Depth First Search (3 points)

Q2: Breadth First Search (3 points)

Q3: Varying the Cost Funtion (3 points)

Q4: A* Search (3 points)

Q5: Finding All the Corners (3 points)

Q6: Corners Problem: Heuristic (3 points)

Q7: Eating All the Dots (4 points)

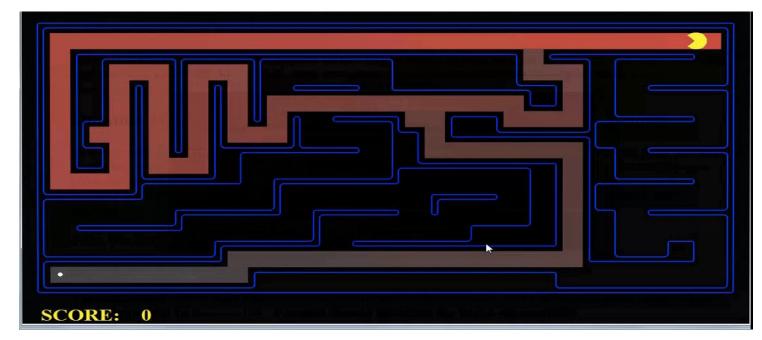
Q8: Suboptimal Search (3 points)





Questions 1-4

- Problem: Navigation
 - **States:** The current location (x,y).
 - Successor: update the location of Pacman by taking appropriate actions.
 - **Goal test:** Navigate Pacman agent to the food position, *i.e.* (x,y)==Food Position

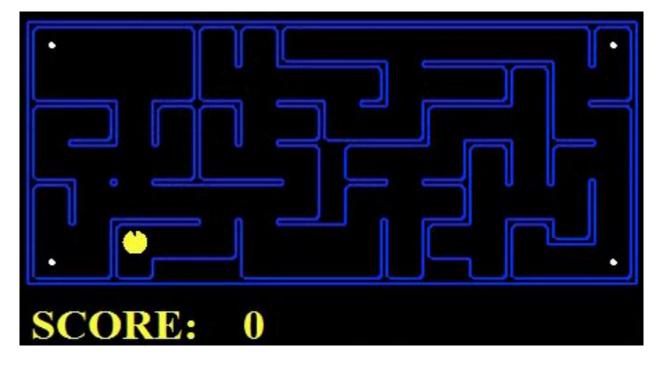


A sample solution for the mandatory questions.

Questions 5 & 6

In corner mazes, there are four dots, one in each corner. Our new search problem is to find the shortest path through the maze that touches all four corners (whether the maze actually has food there or not).

- Problem: Finding All the Corners
 - **States:** {(x,y), corners booleans}
 - Successor: update location and possibly a corner boolean
 - Goal test: all corners are true

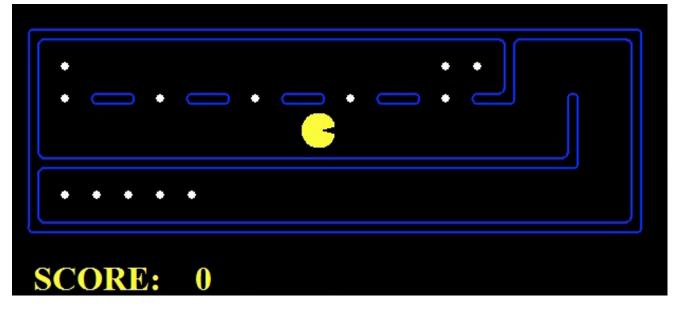


A sample solution for the questions 5 and 6.

Questions 7 & 8

Eating all the Pacman food in as few steps as possible. For this, we'll need a new search problem definition which formalizes the food-clearing problem. A solution is defined to be a path that collects all of the food in the Pacman world.

- Problem: Eating All The Dots
 - **States:** {(x,y), dots booleans}
 - Successor: update location and possibly a dot boolean
 - Goal test: all dots are true



A sample solution for the questions 7 and 8.

Implementation

• The projects for this class assume you use Python 3.6



- Python Tutorial can be found in https://docs.python.org/3.6/tutorial/
- A crash course for beginners https://youtu.be/JJmcL1N2KQs
- No need for any extra libraries or packages!

Implementation

✓ Files you'll edit:

search.py: Where all of your search algorithms will reside.

searchAgents.py: Where all of your search-based agents will reside.

(successor, goal function).

✓ Files you might want to look at:

pacman.py: The main file that runs Pacman games. This file describes a Pacman GameState type, which you use in this project.

game.py: The logic behind how the Pacman world works. This file describes several supporting types like AgentState, Agent, Direction, and Grid.

util.py: Useful data structures for implementing search algorithms.



Implementation (Library)

- start=problem.getStartState(): get the starting position
- succ=problem.getSuccessors(state): get successors of state (state)
- stack=util.Stack(): Define a Stack structure
- queue=util.Queue(): Define a Queue
- Pqueue=util.PriorityQueue (): Define a PriorityQueue **Pqueue**.
- util.Stack.push(stack, state))/ util.Queue.push(queue, state)): push the state (state) into the Stack (satck) or Queue (queue)
- state=util.Stack.pop(stack): pop the last element from a Stack (stack)
- state=util.Queue.pop(queue): pop the last element from the Queue (queue)
- problem.isGoalState(state)): check if the state (state) is a final state



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✓ You can check your implementation using the provided autograder function.

```
Command Prompt
*** PASS: test_cases\q1\graph_manypaths.test
                                ['2:A->B2', '0:B2->C', '0:C->D', '2:D->E2', '0:E
        solution:
2->F', '0:F->G']
                                ['A', 'B2', 'C', 'D', 'E2', 'F']
        expanded_states:
*** PASS: test_cases\q1\pacman_1.test
        pacman layout:
                                nediunMaze
       solution length: 130
×××
       nodes expanded:
                                146
×××
### Question q1: 3/3 ###
Finished at 17:30:18
Provisional grades
Question g1: 3/3
Total: 3/3
Your grades are NOT yet registered. To register your grades, make sure
to follow your instructor's guidelines to receive credit on your project.
P:\Courses\AI Course\AI Projects\Project_1_solution>
```

python autograder.py (for checking the whole project) python autograder.py –q q1 (for a specific question, e.g. Q1)



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Administrative Points

- The submission deadline: **February 20, 2020** (23:59 PM, Finland Time)
- Meet me during my office hours (Wednesday 10.00-12.00) at TS322
- All the tasks are mandatory. You need to get at least 40 points from two assignments to pass the project.
- Total points $> 45 \rightarrow +1$ bounce point the final grade.
- You should send the project files (code in Python 3.6) as a single zip file to mohammad.tavakolian@oulu.fi by the due date.
- The subject of email: "AI Project 1: Student ID, Full Name"

For example: AI Project 1: 123456, Average Joe

Note: Submissions that do not follow the above template will be considered as **SPAM**.

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