

# PlaySMS Install Guide for Debian 11

Submitted by powerpbx on Tue, 02/28/2023 - 10:00



PlaySMS is an open source SMS management system. It can be used as an SMS gateway, bulk SMS provider, personal messaging system, and for corporate and group communications.

It has built in gateway connectivity to various providers such as Twilio, Nexmo, BulkSMS, Clickatell, Infobip, RouteSMS etc. It also has a generic plugin that can be adapted to work with other providers.

Our changes from the original repository are shown at the following link.

https://github.com/playsms/playsms/compare/master...powerpbx:pla ysms:php81 fix

(https://github.com/playsms/playsms/compare/master...powerpbx:playsms:php81 fix)

We have created a <u>custom gateway for Telnyx</u> (<a href="https://github.com/powerpbx/plugin-telnyx">https://github.com/powerpbx/plugin-telnyx</a>).

# Tested using the following software:

Debian 11 (Bullseye) x64 minimal install PlaySMS 1.5 Apache 2.4 PHP 8.1 MariaDB 10

# **Prerequisites**

Verify locale is set to C.UTF-8 or en US.UTF-8.

```
locale
```

If it is not then set it now. You may also set your own UTF-8 locale.

```
# Select <a href="C.UTF-8 UTF-8">C.UTF-8 UTF-8</a> apt update && apt -y install locales && dpkg-reconfigure locales
```

Log out/in or close/open shell for changes to take effect.

### Install some basics

Ensure a basic server install with intial dependencies to start with.

```
apt update && apt -y upgrade

apt -y install nano git dbus sudo wget curl dirmngr openssl ntp
dnsutils mariadb-client mariadb-server postfix gettext apache2
```

### **Postfix**

If a postfix configuration wizard pops up you can select the default <a href="Internet site">Internet site</a> and also the default mail name. These settings can be manually changed later in <a href="//etc/postfix/main.cf">/etc/postfix/main.cf</a>.

#### Set Timezone

```
## FIND YOUR TIMEZONE
tzselect

## SET TIMEZONE EXAMPLE
timedatectl set-timezone America/Vancouver

systemctl restart rsyslog
timedatectl status
```

#### **PHP**

### Install repository

```
# install this section one line at a time.
apt -y install gnupg2 apt-transport-https ca-certificates
software-properties-common
wget -0 /etc/apt/trusted.gpg.d/php.gpg
https://packages.sury.org/php/apt.gpg
echo "deb https://packages.sury.org/php/ $(lsb_release -sc) main"
> /etc/apt/sources.list.d/php.list
```

```
apt update && apt -y install php8.1 php8.1-opcache php8.1-cli php8.1-mysqli php8.1-gd php8.1-mbstring php8.1-xml php8.1-curl php8.1-zip php8.1-fpm
```

```
update-alternatives --set php /usr/bin/php8.1
```

### Configure Apache

```
cat >> /etc/apache2/sites-available/playsms.conf << EOF</pre>
<VirtualHost *:443>
  ServerAdmin webmaster@localhost
  ServerName playsms.somedomain.com
  # ServerAlias www.playsms.somedomain.com
  DocumentRoot /var/www/playsms
  SSLEngine on
  SSLCertificateFile /etc/ssl/certs/ssl-cert-snakeoil.pem
  SSLCertificateKeyFile /etc/ssl/private/ssl-cert-snakeoil.key
</VirtualHost>
<Directory /var/www/playsms>
  Options SymLinksIfOwnerMatch Indexes
  DirectoryIndex index.php
  Require all granted
</Directory>
<Directory /var/www/storage>
  Require all denied
</Directory>
EOF
```

### Enable website

```
a2dissite 000-default.conf
a2dissite default-ssl.conf
a2ensite playsms.conf
a2enmod proxy_fcgi ssl
a2enconf php8.1-fpm
systemctl restart php8.1-fpm
systemctl restart apache2
```

### **Install PlaySMS**

This is using our fork which includes updates for PHP 8.1.

```
cd /usr/src
git clone -b php81_fix <a href="https://github.com/powerpbx/playsms.git">https://github.com/powerpbx/playsms.git</a>
<a href="https://github.com/powerpbx/playsms/tree/php81_fix">(https://github.com/powerpbx/playsms/tree/php81_fix</a>)
cd playsms

DBPASS=somepassword
```

```
SERVER_IP=$(ifconfig | sed -En 's/127.0.0.*//;s/.*inet (addr:)?
(([0-9]*\.){3}[0-9]*).*/\2/p' \mid head -n1 \mid cut -d " " -f1)
cat >> /usr/src/playsms/install.conf << EOF</pre>
ADMINPASSWORD="admin"
DBUSER="playsms"
DBPASS="${DBPASS}"
DBNAME="playsms"
DBHOST="localhost"
DBPORT="3306"
URLWEB="https://${SERVER_IP}"
PATHSRC="/usr/src/playsms"
PATHWEB="/var/www/playsms"
PATHBIN="/usr/local/bin"
PATHLOG="/var/log/playsms"
PATHSTR="/var/www/storage"
PATHSRC="$(pwd)"
EOF
```

### Check configuration before running script and modify as necessary.

```
nano /usr/src/playsms/install.conf
```

## Run PlaySMS install script and answer y to all questions

```
/usr/src/playsms/install.sh
```

### Create systemd file

mysqladmin create playsms

mysql -e "flush privileges;"

mysql -e "GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON playsms.\* TO
'playsms'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY '\${DBPASS}';"

```
cat >> /etc/systemd/system/playsms.service << EOF
[Unit]
Description=playsms
After=mariadb.service

[Service]
Type=oneshot
RemainAfterExit=yes
ExecStart=/usr/local/bin/playsmsd start
ExecStop=/usr/local/bin/playsmsd stop

User=www-data
Group=www-data
[Install]
WantedBy=multi-user.target
EOF</pre>
```

```
chmod 755 /usr/local/bin/playsmsd
systemctl daemon-reload
```

```
systemctl enable playsms
systemctl restart playsms
systemctl status playsms
```

# **Post Install**

### Set ownership and permissions

Run this any time there are any changes/moves/adds/upgrades or if experiencing problems.

```
# Set owner and group to www-data
chown -R www-data. /var/log/playsms /var/www

# Directory permissions to 755 (u=rwx,g=rx,o='rx')
find /var/log/playsms -type d -exec chmod 755 {} \;
find /var/www -type d -exec chmod 755 {} \;

# File permissions to 644 (u=rw,g=r,o=r)
find /var/log/playsms -type f -exec chmod 644 {} \;
find /var/www -type f -exec chmod 644 {} \;
```

### **Firewall**

```
apt -y install firewalld

firewall-cmd --permanent --zone=public --add-service={http,https}
firewall-cmd --reload
firewall-cmd --list-all
```

### Lock down DB

```
mysql_secure_installation
```

Answer Y to everything.

## Login

```
browse to <a href="https://x.x.x">https://x.x.x</a>
username: <a href="https://x.x.x.x">admin</a>
password: <a href="https://x.x.x.x">admin</a>
Browse to <a href="https://x.x.x.x">My account > Preferences</a> and change password
```

# **Optional**

# **Optimize PHP-FPM**

```
sed -i "s/;request_terminate_timeout =
0/request_terminate_timeout = 300/"
/etc/php/8.1/fpm/pool.d/www.conf
sed -i "s/max_execution_time = 30/max_execution_time = 60/"
/etc/php/8.1/fpm/php.ini
sed -i "s/upload_max_filesize = 2M/upload_max_filesize = 20M/"
/etc/php/8.1/fpm/php.ini
sed -i "s/post_max_size = 8M/post_max_size = 20M/"
/etc/php/8.1/fpm/php.ini
sed -i "s/memory_limit = 128M/memory_limit = 512M/"
/etc/php/8.1/fpm/php.ini
```

```
systemctl restart php8.1-fpm
```

### **Setup SSL Certificate**

This assumes you already have some domain or subdomain pointed at the server IP address. For example, playsms.somedomain.com.

Edit the playsms.conf to remove the port 443 virtualhost and add a port 80 virtualhost. So the new playsms.conf should look like the following

```
systemctl reload apache2
```

### Install certbot and get letsencrypt certificate

```
apt install certbot python3-certbot-apache certbot --apache -d playsms.somedomain.com systemctl reload apache2
```

### Update the web url if necessary

```
nano /var/www/playsms/appsetup.php
```

```
$core_config['http_path']['base'] =
'https://playsms.somedomain.com';
```

Test automatic renewal.

```
certbot renew --dry-run
```

Set up the automatic renewal routine to run weekly.

```
crontab -e

0 0 * * 0 root /usr/bin/certbot renew >/dev/null 2>&1
```

### Disable Captcha

Captcha can be disabled at

```
storage/application/plugin/core/auth/config.php.
```

### **Adding Additional Gateways**

Most gateways are not installed by default and are located in /usr/src/playsms/storage/application/plugin/gateway

The generic gateway can be used as a basis for creating a new gateway for some other provider.

### **Troubleshooting**

```
error_reporting(E_ALL ^ (E_NOTICE | E_WARNING | E_DEPRECATED));
```

For verbose run time logging to <a href="https://var/log/playsms/playsms.log">(var/log/playsms/playsms.log</a>, change the following setting just below the above one.

```
$core_config['logstate'] = 4;
```

### **Sections:**

Other (/category/sections/install/other)

# Install smstools by compiled:

sudo apt install smstools

and then

sudo update-rc.d -f smstools disable

sudo update-rc.d -f smstools remove

go on my repository and download as zip the fix:

provide to set for all folders/subfolder/files, 0777 permission and as user/group: www-data, and at end execute:

sudo systemctl daemon-reload

sudo update-rc.d -f sms3 defaults

# OR better: Install smstools and comipile for debian 10/11/12 – Ubuntu 20/22/24

apt-get install build-essential libusb-1.0 libusb-1.0-dev build-essential manpages-dev

sudo apt-get update & sudo apt-get install usb-modeswitch

cd /tmp
git clone --depth=1 https://github.com/pappicio/smstools3
cd smstools3
make
make install
systemctl restars sms3

# 5.8. compiled smstools, now configure:

mkdir -p /var/log/sms/stats

mkdir -p /var/spool/sms/ {checked,failed,incoming,outgoing,sent}

mkdir /var/spool/sms/modem1

chown www-data:www-data -R /var/spool/sms

chmod 777 -R /var/spool/sms

mv /etc/smsd.conf /etc/smsd.conf.dist

## configure your own, my is:

devices = modem1

loglevel = 7

# logfiles

stats = /var/log/sms/stats

logfile = /var/log/sms/smsd.log

# Default queue directory = /var/spool/sms

outgoing = /var/spool/sms/outgoing

checked = /var/spool/sms/checked

failed = /var/spool/sms/failed

incoming = /var/spool/sms/incoming

sent = /var/spool/sms/sent

delaytime = 2

errorsleeptime = 10

blocktime = 180

autosplit = 3

# Queue configurations

### [queues]

modem1 = /var/spool/sms/modem1

### [modem1]

device = /dev/ttyUSB1

init = AT^CURC=0

###init2 = AT+CPMS="ME","ME","ME"

#pin = 1234

report = yes

incoming = yes

queues = modem1

# mode = new

smsc = 393770001016

baudrate = 115200 ###19200

memory start = 0

decode\_unicode\_text = yes

#cs\_convert = yes

report device details = no

and at end
sudo update-rc.d sms3 defaults
sudo reboot
and all works!!!
Block usb modem on same ttyUSBX for ever:
Get deviceid for the dongle
sudo Isusb
Get to know properties of the device while it is switched in:
udevadm info -q all -p \$(udevadm info -q path -n /dev/ttyUSB1)
<ul> <li>( if your system is old, try instead with this command: )</li> <li>( udevinfo -a -p \$(udevinfo -q path -n /dev/ttyUSB0) )</li> <li>Find some property that can identify the device (uniquely), for instance "serial"</li> </ul>
Create a file called
/etc/udev/rules.d/10-usb-serial
which contains the line:
BUS=="usb", ATTR{serial}=="xxxx", NAME="ttyUSB1"  Note the two equal signs for properties that are tested, and one for that which is assigned to

### Or better:

### Persistent paths for dynamic device file

### Intro.

When USB GSM modem plugged to a server Linux kernel assigned dynamic device file /dev/ttyUSB\*, such as /dev/ttyUSB0 or /dev/ttyUSB1. For example, USB GSM modem with 2 ports will then be assigned to /dev/ttyUSB0 for port 1 and /dev/ttyUSB1 for port 2.

Problem starts when we unplug the GSM modem and re-plug back afterwards. Linux kernel will then assign different device file to it, was /dev/ttyUSB0 now /dev/ttyUSB2 and was /dev/ttyUSB1 now /dev/ttyUSB3.

# Let's talk about the problem.

Put your attention to this SMSC configuration part of our Kannel:

```
## SMSC gsm1
group = smsc
smsc = at
smsc-id = qsm1
modemtype = wavecom
device = /dev/ttyUSB0
log-file = /var/log/kannel/smsc-gsm1.log
log-level = 0
## SMSC gsm2
group = smsc
smsc = at
smsc-id = gsm2
modemtype = wavecom
device = /dev/ttyUSB1
log-file = /var/log/kannel/smsc-gsm2.log
log-level = 0
```

Note that SMSC ID gsm1 is mapped to /dev/ttyUSB0, and SMSC ID gsm2 is mapped to /dev/ttyUSB1.

# Here's how to get what you want.

With the help of <u>udev</u> configuration and a script we can dynamically map device file to a specific, and persistent, path, upon plugging the physical device.

Create /etc/udev/rules.d/80-ttyusb-map.rules:

nano /etc/udev/rules.d/80-ttyusb-map.rules

And fill it with this:

ACTION=="add", KERNEL=="ttyUSB[0-9]\*", PROGRAM="/etc/udev/rules.d/ttyusb-map.sh %p", SYMLINK+="gsm%c"

Then create /etc/udev/rules.d/ttyusb-map.sh:

touch /etc/udev/rules.d/ttyusb-map.sh

chmod 755 /etc/udev/rules.d/ttyusb-map.sh

nano /etc/udev/rules.d/ttyusb-map.sh

And fill it with this:

```
#!/usr/bin/perl -w
@items = split("/", $ARGV[0]);
for ($i = 0; $i < @items; $i++) {
    if ($items[$i] =~ m/^usb[0-9]+$/) {
        print $items[$i + 1] . "\n";
        last;
    }
}</pre>
```

That is all.

Now try to plug GSM modem, and then plug it back. We should see that /dev/gsm1-1 symlink to /dev/ttyUSB0 and /dev/gsm2-1 symlink to /dev/ttyUSB1.

See example below:

```
[anton@srv ~]$ Is -I /dev/gsm*

Irwxrwxrwx 1 root root 7 Mei 4 15:40 /dev/gsm1-1 -> ttyUSB0

Irwxrwxrwx 1 root root 7 Mei 4 15:40 /dev/gsm2-1 -> ttyUSB1
```

Those symlinks can be different each time you plug and re-plug the GSM modem, or restart the server, but the name of those device files are persistent.

We can then use /dev/gsm1-1 as our map to physical USB port 1 and /dev/gsm2-1 as our map to physical USB port 2.

```
Your Kannel configuration would then be like this:
## SMSC gsm1
group = smsc
smsc = at
smsc-id = gsm1
modemtype = wavecom
device = /dev/gsm1-1
log-file = /var/log/kannel/smsc-gsm1.log
log-level = 0
## SMSC gsm2
group = smsc
smsc = at
smsc-id = gsm2
modemtype = wavecom
device = /dev/gsm2-1
log-file = /var/log/kannel/smsc-gsm2.log
```

Restart your Kannel and tail SMSC log files, see if Kannel works properly.

tail -f /var/log/kannel/smsc-gsm1.log tail -f /var/log/kannel/smsc-gsm2.log

log-level = 0

# Other way to assign ttyUSBX to modem:

The following script updates the modem device path in /etc/gammu-smsdrc whenever needed. You can configure it as cron task every 15 minutes or so

```
#!/usr/bin/env bash
log_file="/var/log/modem_update.log"
gammu config file="/etc/gammu-smsdrc"
modem=""
# Optional command when modem port change detected
optional cmd="systemctl restart gammu-smsd"
function log {
    line="${1}"
    echo "${line}" >> "${log_file}"
    echo "${line}"
}
for tty in $(ls /dev/ttyUSB*); do
    log "Checking $tty"
    picocom -qrX -b 9600 $tty
    sleep 1
    result=$(echo "AT&F" | picocom -qrix 1000 $tty)
    if [ "${result}" = "AT&F" ]; then
        log "Found AT compatible modem at $tty"
        modem="${tty}"
    else
        log "No AT compatible modem at $tty"
    fi
done
curr_gammu_modem=$(cat "${gammu_config_file}" | grep "device = " | awk -F'='
'{gsub(/ /,""); print $2}')
if [ "${modem}" != "" ]; then
    if [ "${modem}" != "${curr_gammu_modem}" ]; then
        log "Updating modem from ${curr_gammu_modem} to ${modem}"
        sed -i "s%${curr_gammu_modem}%${modem}%" "${gammu_config_file}"
        if [ "${optional cmd}" != "" ]; then
            log "Running ${optional_cmd}"
            ${optional_cmd} >> "${log_file}"
            if [ $? -ne 0 ]; then
                log "Could not restart service, exitcode: $?"
            fi
        fi
    fi
fi
```

# MANAGE ACL per menu limitati per gli users/subusers: per gli USERS:

inc=feature\_phonebook, inc=core\_user&route=subuser\_mgmnt, inc=core\_user&route=user\_pref&op=user\_pref, inc=feature\_queuelog&op=queuelog\_list

### o meglio ancora:

inc=feature\_phonebook,
inc=core\_user&route=subuser\_mgmnt,
inc=core\_user&route=user\_pref&op=user\_pref,
inc=feature\_report&route=user\_inbox&op=user\_inbox,
inc=feature\_queuelog&op=queuelog\_list

# per i subuser:

inc=core\_sendsms,
inc=feature\_report&route=user,
inc=feature\_schedule,
inc=feature\_msgtemplate,
inc=core\_user&route=user\_pref&op=user\_pref,
inc=feature\_queuelog

## o meglio ancora:

inc=core\_sendsms,
inc=feature\_report&route=user,
inc=feature\_schedule,
inc=core\_user&route=user\_pref&op=user\_pref,
inc=feature\_report&route=user\_inbox&op=user\_inbox,
inc=feature\_queuelog

### **SUBUSERS CON PHONEBOOK:**

inc=feature\_phonebook,
inc=core\_sendsms,
inc=feature\_report&route=user,
inc=feature\_schedule,
inc=feature\_msgtemplate,
inc=core\_user&route=user\_pref&op=user\_pref,
inc=feature\_queuelog

### o meglio ancora:

inc=feature\_phonebook,
inc=core\_sendsms,
inc=feature\_report&route=user,
inc=feature\_schedule,
inc=core\_user&route=user\_pref&op=user\_pref,
inc=feature\_report&route=user\_inbox&op=user\_inbox,
inc=feature\_queuelog

# Playsms trick on php-html files/functions

### /plugin/core/user/fn.php

// commentando questa funzione si possono aggiungere quanti subuser (addetti all'INVIO SMS) si vuole, con lo stesso numero telefonico (magari quello del centralino COC).

//che è il minimo comun denominatore per vedere la rubrica che crea l'utente del compartimento!!!

Quindi basta aggiungere un contatto nella rubrica tipo "f\_a\_k\_e\_n\_a\_p\_o\_l\_i\_u\_s\_e\_r" con lo stesso numero telefonico (081000000) e tutti gli utenti addetti all'invio SMS che saranno creati dall'user di turno, avranno lo stesso numero telefonico personale (esempio: 081000000), cosi inserito "fakenapoliuser" in rubrica e nel gruppo NAPOLI, potranno vedere la rubruca!!!

E seguendo questo discorso logico (aggiiungendo un nuovo gruppo con nuovi contatti e nuovi subuser / utente con stesso numero, esempio f\_a\_k\_e\_p\_g\_n\_a\_p\_o\_l\_i (081111111)) si puo creare quante ribriche si vuole e ognuno vedra solo il feuppo cui fa parte (con il fakenumebr, diciamo!)

```
// check mobile, must check for duplication only when filled
//
                if ($ret['status'] && $data['mobile']) {
//
                        if (dba_isexists(_DB_PREF_ . '_tblUser', array(
//
                                'flag deleted' => 0,
//
                                'mobile' => $data['mobile']
//
                        ), 'AND')) {
//
                                if ($data['mobile'] != $existing['mobile']) {
                                        $ret['error string'] = ('Account with this mobile already exists')
//
   (" . ('mobile') . ": " . $data['mobile'] . ")";
//
                                        $ret['status'] = false;
II
                                }
II
                        }
//
                }
        }
```

# Per dare tutti i gruppi imitati (ACL) anche ai subusers cambiare le seguenti righe di codice:

in: /plugin/core/user/subuser\_mgmnt.php

# FACOLTATIVI (hidden by ACL)

per rendere readonly il telefono di un subuser (che ricordiamo deve essere fisso e uguale al fake-contatto in ribrica e nel gruppo, senno addio invio sms con ricerca....)

# qui: /plugin/core/user/user\_prefs.php

```
{{ Mobile }}

<input type=text maxlength=20 name=up_mobile value="{{ mobile }}" readonly>

In pratica aggiungere "readonly"

per rendere readonly la "firma" del subuser qui:
```

# in: /plugin/core/user/template/user\_config.html

```
<{{ Default message footer }}</td>
```

In pratica aggiungere "readonly".

# **Install Adminer project homepage**

Newer versions are offered here, such as 4.2.1.

sudo mkdir /usr/share/adminer

sudo wget "http://www.adminer.org/latest.php" -O /usr/share/adminer/latest.php
sudo In -s /usr/share/adminer/latest.php /usr/share/adminer/adminer.php
echo "Alias /adminer /usr/share/adminer/adminer.php" | sudo tee /etc/apache2/conf-available/adminer.conf

sudo a2enconf adminer.conf

Once the installation completes, restart Apache.

### sudo service apache2 restart

At this point, the setup is complete. You can access Adminer at either of the following addresses.

http://[SERVER\_IP]/adminer

or:

http://[SERVER IP]/adminer.php