MALARIA

Table 12.1 Household possession of mosquito nets

Percentage of households with at least one mosquito net (treated or untreated), insecticide-treated net (ITN), and long-lasting insecticidal net (LLIN); average number of nets, ITNs, and LLINs per household; and percentage of households with at least one net, ITN, and LLIN per two persons who stayed in the household last night, by background characteristics, Model DHS 6 data

		age of house st one mosq		Ave	age number per househo			least perso	ge of housel one net for e ons who stay usehold last	very two ed in the	Number of households with at least one person
	Any	Insecticide- treated	Long- lasting	Any	Insecticide- treated	Long- lasting	Number of	Any	Insecticide- treated	Long- lasting	who stayed in the
Background Characteristic	mosquito net	mosquito net (ITN) ²	insecticidal net (LLIN)	mosquito net	mosquito net (ITN) ²	insecticidal net (LLIN)	house- holds	mosquito net	mosquito net (ITN) ²	insecticidal net (LLIN)	household last night
Residence											
Urban	55.8	55.0	54.9	1.0	1.0	0.9	2,555	14.9	14.5	14.5	2,551
Rural	67.9	67.3	67.3	1.2	1.2	1.2	3,735	15.1	14.9	14.9	3,725
Region											
Region 1	65.7	65.6	65.5	1.2	1.2	1.2	2,106	12.2	12.2	12.1	2,103
Region 2	77.6	76.0	76.0	1.5	1.4	1.4	1,331	20.9	20.1	20.1	1,324
Region 3	45.7	44.9	44.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	1,501	14.1	13.6	13.6	1,497
Region 4	63.6	63.1	63.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1,352	14.9	14.7	14.7	1,352
Wealth quintile											
Lowest	62.6	61.6	61.6	1.1	1.1	1.1	1,359	17.1	16.9	16.9	1,356
Second	66.9	66.6	66.6	1.2	1.2	1.2	1,252	14.6	14.5	14.4	1,249
Middle	69.1	68.6	68.6	1.3	1.3	1.3	1,214	13.5	13.2	13.2	1,209
Fourth	63.1	62.7	62.4	1.2	1.1	1.1	1,216	14.2	14.0	14.0	1,216
Highest	53.5	52.4	52.3	1.0	0.9	0.9	1,249	15.5	14.9	14.9	1,245
Total	63.0	62.3	62.3	1.1	1.1	1.1	6,290	15.0	14.7	14.7	6,276

¹ De facto household members

² An insecticide-treated net (ITN) is (1) a factory-treated net that does not require any further treatment (LLIN) or (2) a pretreated net obtained within the past 12 months or (3) a net that has been soaked with insecticide within the past 12 months

Table 12.2 Indoor residual spraying against mosquitoes

Percentage of households in which someone has come into the dwelling to spray the interior walls against mosquitoes (IRS) in the past 12 months, the percentage of households with at least one ITN and/or IRS in the past 12 months, and the percentage of households with at least one ITN for every two persons and/or IRS in the past 12 months, by background characteristics, Model DHS 6 data

Background characteristic	Percentage of households with IRS ¹ in the past 12 months		Percentage of households with at least one ITN ² for every two persons and/or IRS in the past 12 months	Number of households
Residence				
Urban	7.2	58.2	20.3	2,555
Rural	6.1	68.6	20.1	3,735
Region				
Region 1	5.7	67.7	17.6	2,106
Region 2	8.7	76.4	27.3	1,331
Region 3	10.1	49.7	21.4	1,501
Region 4	1.7	63.5	16.0	1,352
Wealth quintile				
Lowest	5.1	62.3	20.8	1,359
Second	6.7	68.2	20.6	1,252
Middle	4.9	70.1	17.4	1,214
Fourth	7.0	65.0	20.4	1,216
Highest	9.0	56.5	21.6	1,249
Total	6.5	64.4	20.2	6,290

¹ Indoor residual spraying (IRS) is limited to spraying conducted by a government, private or non-

governmental organization ² An insecticide-treated net (ITN) is (1) a factory-treated net that does not require any further treatment (LLIN), or (2) a pretreated net obtained within the past 12 months, or (3) a net that has been soaked with insecticide within the past 12 months

Table 12.3 Access to an insecticide-treated net (ITN)

Percent distribution of the de facto household population by number of ITNs the household owns, according to number of persons who stayed in the household the night before the survey, Model DHS 6 data

	Number of persons who stayed in the household the night before the survey								
Number of ITNs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8+	Total
0	50.0	47.9	41.2	36.4	40.1	35.1	32.0	34.2	35.9
1	43.7	44.5	40.4	40.2	29.5	27.0	20.2	16.0	24.6
2	5.8	5.8	15.2	17.5	20.4	22.5	26.1	17.9	19.5
3	0.6	1.8	3.2	5.9	9.6	14.9	21.3	27.6	18.2
4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.5	0.2	1.6	0.8
5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	1.3	0.6
6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.1	0.5
7+	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Number	296	708	1,955	3,705	5,205	5,195	5,024	14,522	36,610
Percent with access to an ITN1	50.0	52.1	45.3	43.5	38.1	39.4	39.3	30.0	36.5

¹ Percentage of the de facto household population who could sleep under an ITN if each ITN in the household were used by up to two people

Table 12.4 Use of mosquito nets by persons in the household

Percentage of the defacto household population who slept the night before the survey under a mosquito net (treated or untreated), under an insecticide-treated net (ITN), under a long-lasting insecticidal net (LLIN), and under an ITN or in a dwelling in which the interior walls have been sprayed against mosquitoes (IRS) in the past 12 months; and among the defacto household population in households with at least one ITN, the percentage who slept under an ITN the night before the survey, by background characteristics, Model DHS 6 data

		Н	ousehold population	on		Household po		
Background characteristic	Percentage who slept under an ITN¹ last night or in a dwelling Percentage who Percentage who Percentage who slept under an IRS² in the past net last night ITN¹ last night LLIN last night 12 months Num					Percentage who slept under an ITN¹ last night Number		
Age (in years)								
<5	47.7	47.3	47.2	50.8	6.004	71.9	3,945	
5-14	31.6	31.3	31.2	36.0	10.580	48.1	6,879	
15-34	36.5	36.1	36.1	41.1	11.002	58.4	6,801	
35-39	52.7	51.9	51.8	55.1	4,933	81.0	3,162	
50+	50.7	50.1	50.0	52.9	4,078	76.0	2,687	
DK/Missing	*	*	*	*	13	*	5	
Sex								
Male	38.5	38.1	38.0	42.7	17,640	59.4	11,306	
Female	42.7	42.2	42.2	46.0	18,970	65.8	12,174	
Residence								
Urban	32.2	31.7	31.6	37.4	14,615	55.4	8,359	
Rural	46.3	45.9	45.8	49.0	21,995	66.7	15,121	
Region								
Region 1	42.4	42.3	42.3	45.7	13,282	63.6	8,838	
Region 2	55.1	53.9	53.9	58.0	7,545	68.5	5,934	
Region 3	23.1	22.6	22.5	31.1	8,201	48.0	3,858	
Region 4	42.3	42.0	41.9	43.0	7,581	65.6	4,849	
Wealth quintile								
Lowest	43.7	43.1	43.1	45.5	7,318	69.5	4,537	
Second	45.3	45.0	45.0	48.7	7,322	65.4	5,031	
Middle	46.1	45.8	45.8	49.5	7,350	65.1	5,175	
Fourth	40.2	39.7	39.5	44.3	7,304	62.1	4,669	
Highest	28.0	27.5	27.4	34.0	7,316	49.4	4,067	
Total	40.7	40.2	40.2	44.4	36,610	62.7	23,479	

Note: An asterisk indicates that a figure is based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases and has been suppressed.

¹ An insecticide-treated net (ITN) is (1) a factory-treated net that does not require any further treatment (LLIN), or (2) a pretreated net obtained within the past 12 months, or (3) a net that has been soaked with insecticide within the past 12 months

² Indoor residual spraying (IRS) is limited to spraying conducted by a government, private or non-governmental organization

Table 12.5 Use of existing ITNs

Percentage of insecticide-treated nets (ITNs) that were used by anyone the night before the survey, by background characteristics, Model DHS 6 data

Background characteristic	Percentage of existing ITNs ¹ used last night	Number of ITNs ¹
Residence		
Urban	84.6	2,431
Rural	94.8	4,602
Region		
Region 1	95.8	2,555
Region 2	94.0	1,893
Region 3	76.0	1,096
Region 4	91.4	1,488
Wealth quintile		
Lowest	94.4	1,453
Second	94.9	1,504
Middle	94.4	1,540
Fourth	90.0	1,385
Highest	80.1	1,151
Total	91.3	7,033

¹ An insecticide-treated net (ITN) is (1) a factory-treated net that does not require any further treatment (LLIN), or (2) a pretreated net obtained within the past 12 months, or (3) a net that has been soaked with insecticide within the past 12 months

Table 12.6 Use of mosquito nets by children

Percentage of children under five years of age who, the night before the survey, slept under a mosquito net (treated or untreated), under an insecticide-treated net (ITN), under a long-lasting insecticidal net (LLIN), and under an ITN or in a dwelling in which the interior walls have been sprayed against mosquitoes (IRS) in the past 12 months; and among children under five years of age in households with at least one ITN, the percentage who slept under an ITN the night before the survey, by background characteristics, Model DHS 6 data

		Children u	ınder age 5 in all h	ouseholds		Children und households with a	
Background characteristic	Percentage who slept under any net last night	Percentage who slept under an ITN ¹ last night	Percentage who slept under an LLIN last night	Percentage who slept under an ITN¹ last night or in a dwelling sprayed with IRS² in the past 12 months	Number of children	Percentage who slept under an ITN¹ last night	Number of children
Age (in months)							
<12	49.3	49.0	48.9	53.6	1.248	73.8	828
12-23	50.9	50.6	50.6	53.4	1.088	76.6	718
24-35	49.1	48.6	48.6	51.3	1,121	75.3	724
36-47	47.5	46.8	46.7	50.8	1,308	69.9	876
48-59	42.3	41.8	41.8	45.3	1,238	64.8	798
Sex							
Male	47.2	46.8	46.7	50.7	2,984	71.0	1,967
Female	48.2	47.7	47.7	50.9	3,019	72.9	1,979
Residence							
Urban	39.2	38.5	38.4	42.6	1,915	67.3	1,095
Rural	51.7	51.4	51.3	54.6	4,089	73.7	2,850
Region							
Region 1	48.6	48.5	48.4	51.2	2,344	72.1	1,576
Region 2	61.5	60.5	60.5	65.3	1,353	74.1	1,104
Region 3	26.7	26.0	26.0	32.9	1,005	58.2	448
Region 4	48.1	47.8	47.7	49.0	1,302	76.3	817
Wealth quintile							
Lowest	49.1	48.7	48.7	50.9	1,441	77.1	911
Second	50.6	50.2	50.2	53.4	1,320	73.6	900
Middle	52.9	52.7	52.7	56.0	1,265	73.6	906
Fourth	46.4	46.0	45.7	51.3	1,156	69.2	768
Highest	34.6	33.4	33.4	37.8	822	59.8	460
Total	47.7	47.3	47.2	50.8	6,004	71.9	3,945

Note: Table is based on children who stayed in the household the night before the interview.

¹ An insecticide-treated net (ITN) is (1) a factory-treated net that does not require any further treatment (LLIN), or (2) a pretreated net obtained within the past 12 months, or (3) a net that has been soaked with insecticide within the past 12 months.

² Indoor residual spraying (IRS) is limited to spraying conducted by a government, private or non-governmental organization

Table 12.7 Use of mosquito nets by pregnant women

Percentages of pregnant women age 15-49 who, the night before the survey, slept under a mosquito net (treated or untreated), under an insecticide-treated net (ITN), under a long-lasting insecticidal net (LLIN), and under an ITN or in a dwelling in which the interior walls have been sprayed against mosquitoes (IRS) in the past 12 months; and among pregnant women age 15-49 in households with at least one ITN, the percentage who slept under an ITN the night before the survey, by background characteristics, Model DHS 6 data

		Among pregnant	women age 15-49	in all households		Among pregnant women age 1 49 in households with at least of ITN ¹			
Background characteristic	Percentage who slept under any net last night	Percentage who slept under an ITN¹ last night	Percentage who slept under an LLIN last night	Percentage who slept under an ITN¹ last night or in a dwelling sprayed with IRS² in the past 12 months	Number of women	Percentage who slept under an ITN¹ last night	Number of women		
Residence									
Urban	41.0	40.2	40.2	43.2	247	65.4	152		
Rural	56.1	55.7	55.5	57.5	483	82.2	328		
Region									
Region 1	53.1	52.7	52.3	55.1	302	79.2	201		
Region 2	66.0	65.2	65.2	67.4	138	82.1	110		
Region 3	25.6	25.6	25.6	29.9	134	47.7	72		
Region 4	55.3	54.4	54.4	54.5	157	87.7	97		
Education									
No education	56.0	55.3	55.0	57.5	455	83.0	303		
Primary	52.0	52.0	52.0	53.5	101	74.5	71		
Secondary or higher	37.3	37.0	37.0	39.6	175	60.8	106		
Wealth quintile									
Lowest	56.1	55.8	55.8	56.3	181	85.0	119		
Second	60.1	60.1	60.1	64.6	158	82.1	116		
Middle	53.8	53.8	53.8	55.5	148	81.6	98		
Fourth	49.9	48.5	47.6	51.1	138	78.2	86		
Highest	26.1	24.8	24.8	26.9	106	42.1	62		
Total	51.0	50.5	50.3	52.7	731	76.8	480		

Note: Table is based on women who stayed in the household the night before the interview.

¹ An insecticide-treated net (ITN) is (1) a factory-treated net that does not require any further treatment (LLIN), or (2) a pretreated net obtained within the past 12 months, or (3) a net that has been soaked with insecticide within the past 12 months.

² Indoor residual spraying (IRS) is limited to spraying conducted by a government, private or non-governmental organization

<u>Table 12.8 Use of Intermittent Preventive Treatment (IPTp) by women during pregnancy</u>

Percentage of women age 15-49 with a live birth in the two years preceding the survey who, during the pregnancy preceding the last birth, received any SP/Fansidar during an ANC visit, and who took at least two doses of SP/Fansidar and received at least one dose during an ANC visit, by background characteristics, Model DHS 6 data

Background characteristic	Percentage who received any SP/Fansidar during an ANC visit	Percentage who took 2+ doses of SP/Fansidar and received at least one during ANC visit	Number of women with a live birth in the two years preceding the survey
Residence Urban Rural	67.0 60.3	46.9 44.4	796 1,523
Region Region 1 Region 2 Region 3 Region 4	62.6 65.6 66.0 56.5	50.3 48.6 43.6 34.3	918 467 449 485
Education No education Primary Secondary or higher	59.2 64.8 70.5	43.5 45.6 50.3	1,446 362 511
Wealth quintile Lowest Second Middle Fourth Highest	62.5 57.5 60.8 62.3 72.7	41.7 41.3 47.6 46.2 51.8	524 494 502 444 354
Total	62.6	45.3	2,319

Table 12.9 Prevalence, diagnosis, and prompt treatment of children with fever

Percentage of children under age five with fever in the two weeks preceding the survey; and among children under age five with fever, the percentage for whom advice or treatment was sought, the percentage who had blood taken from a finger or heel, the percentage who took any artemisinin-based combination therapy (ACT), the percentage who took ACT the same or next day following the onset of fever, the percentage who took antimalarial drugs, and the percentage who took the drugs the same or next day following the onset of fever, by background characteristics, Model DHS 6 data

-	Among chil age		Among children under age five with fever:						
Background characteristic	Percentage with fever in the two weeks preceding the survey	Number of children	Percentage for whom advice or treatment was sought ¹	Percentage who had blood taken from a finger or heel for testing	Percentage who took any ACT	Percentage who took any ACT same or next day	Percentage who took antimalarial drugs	Percentage who took antimalarial drugs same or next day	Number of children
Age (in months) <12 12-23 24-35 36-47 48-59	25.2 33.3 28.2 22.7 20.5	1,191 1,024 976 1,076 961	72.4 77.6 66.3 71.0 67.1	35.3 42.9 35.9 39.5 37.8	24.4 39.1 37.6 39.2 34.9	20.5 28.9 26.0 31.0 22.1	36.3 49.6 46.9 50.0 47.5	29.4 37.1 35.3 38.9 32.8	300 341 275 244 197
Sex Male Female	25.5 26.5	2,596 2,632	72.9 70.1	39.8 37.2	37.5 32.6	27.4 24.4	48.1 43.8	36.5 33.0	662 696
Urban Rural	27.9 25.0	1,720 3,508	73.7 70.3	30.2 42.9	32.3 36.4	20.9 28.6	44.7 46.5	30.6 37.0	480 877
Region Region 1 Region 2 Region 3 Region 4	28.1 25.7 25.3 23.2	1,965 1,169 948 1,145	66.7 67.4 67.6 89.4	40.3 39.0 24.2 46.8	32.3 33.7 26.9 49.2	29.1 22.8 12.3 34.8	45.8 38.7 39.0 60.4	39.8 26.5 21.9 45.3	553 300 239 265
Mother's education No education Primary Secondary or higher	25.9 26.4 25.8	3,516 744 968	69.2 70.3 80.6	38.0 33.7 43.8	34.3 34.1 38.2	25.3 22.0 30.8	43.9 46.6 52.3	32.8 37.4 39.8	911 197 250
Wealth quintile Lowest Second Middle Fourth Highest	24.8 23.8 28.7 28.4 24.0	1,223 1,136 1,078 1,029 761 5,228	66.9 72.1 74.3 72.2 72.2	38.9 40.5 44.6 38.1 24.7 38.4	36.8 33.8 34.3 32.0 39.2 35.0	26.2 25.9 28.1 24.5 23.5	45.8 42.7 46.0 46.0 50.3 45.9	32.3 34.3 37.3 34.1 36.0 34.7	303 271 309 292 182 1,358

¹ Excludes market and traditional practitioner

Table 12.10 Source of advice or treatment for children with fever

Percentage of children under age five with fever in the two weeks preceding the survey for whom advice or treatment was sought from specific sources; and among children under age five with fever in the two weeks preceding the survey for whom advice or treatment was sought, the percentage for whom advice or treatment was sought from specific sources, by background characteristics, Model DHS 6 data

	Percentage for whom advice or treatment was sought from each source:			
		Among children with fever for whom advice		
Background	Among children	or treatment		
characteristic	with fever	was sought		
Any public sector source	62.1	84.2		
Government hospital	10.7	14.5		
Government health center	40.6	55.2		
Government health post	9.0	12.2		
Mobile clinic	0.5	0.7		
Outreach worker	1.2	1.6		
Community health worker	2.1	2.9		
Other	0.2	0.3		
Any private sector source	11.1	15.1		
Private hospital/clinic	2.9	3.9		
Pharmacy	6.7	9.0		
Private doctor	0.2	0.3		
Mobile clinic	0.7	1.0		
Outreach worker	0.6	8.0		
Other private medical sector	0.0	0.1		
Any other source	3.7	5.0		
Shop	0.6	0.8		
Traditional practitioner	1.1	1.5		
Market	0.5	0.6		
Other	1.6	2.1		
Number of children	1,358	1,001		

Table 12.11 Type of antimalarial drugs used

Among children under age five with fever in the two weeks preceding the survey who took any antimalarial medication, the percentage who took specific antimalarial drugs, by background characteristics, Model DHS 6 data

	Percentage of children who took drug:							
Background characteristic	Any ACT	Quinine	SP/Fansidar	Chloroquine	Artesunate	Other anti- malarial	children with fever who took antimalarial drug	
Age (in months)								
<12	67.4	1.2	8.2	11.1	12.2	9.6	109	
12-23	79.0	1.1	5.4	11.1	4.7	1.1	169	
24-35	80.1	0.5	7.7	9.0	6.2	1.4	129	
36-47	78.3	1.0	3.1	12.3	6.0	0.9	122	
48-59	73.4	4.7	3.6	11.0	6.6	1.3	94	
Sex								
Male	78.0	2.0	5.8	11.0	4.6	2.0	318	
Female	74.4	1.0	5.6	10.8	9.1	3.3	305	
Residence								
Urban	72.4	1.1	9.4	13.9	5.9	4.1	215	
Rural	78.2	1.7	3.7	9.3	7.4	1.8	408	
Region								
Region 1	70.6	2.0	6.9	12.7	8.8	2.8	253	
Region 2	87.1	1.8	6.2	0.0	3.7	1.8	116	
Region 3	69.0	0.5	9.2	21.6	5.6	6.4	93	
Region 4	81.4	1.0	1.3	9.7	6.7	0.7	160	
Mother's education								
No education	78.0	1.7	6.0	8.8	6.1	1.6	400	
Primary	73.2	1.8	2.6	22.5	11.9	2.4	92	
Secondary or higher	73.0	0.7	6.9	9.0	5.5	5.9	131	
Wealth quintile								
Lowest	80.4	2.0	5.9	6.6	5.0	2.5	139	
Second	79.3	1.9	4.6	9.1	4.7	2.0	116	
Middle	74.7	1.7	4.8	13.0	6.4	1.5	142	
Fourth	69.5	0.7	5.0	10.3	14.8	2.5	134	
Highest	78.0	1.1	9.1	17.2	1.4	5.7	92	
Total	76.2	1.5	5.7	10.9	6.9	2.6	623	

ACT = Artemisinin-based combination therapy

Table 12.12 Hemoglobin <8.0 g/dl in children

Percentage of children age 6-59 months with hemoglobin lower than 8.0 g/dl, by background characteristics, Model DHS 6 data

Background characteristic	Hemoglobin < 8.0 g/dl	Number of children
Age (in months) 6-8 9-11 12-17 18-23 24-35 36-47 48-59	13.8 21.4 20.7 15.6 19.3 14.3 11.2	151 135 300 198 521 661 604
Sex Male Female	15.8 15.8	1,279 1,290
Mother's interview status Interviewed Not interviewed but in household Not interviewed, and not in the household ¹	15.7 14.2 16.4	2,035 63 472
Residence Urban Rural	11.3 17.9	821 1,748
Region Region 1 Region 2 Region 3 Region 4	18.3 9.2 9.0 22.8	1,057 556 416 540
Mother's education ² No education Primary Secondary or higher	17.2 14.5 10.5	1,452 259 386
Wealth quintile Lowest Second Middle Fourth Highest	17.0 19.5 16.4 13.6 8.8	589 594 558 511 318 2,569

Note: Table is based on children who stayed in the household the night before the interview. Prevalence of anemia is based on hemoglobin levels. Hemoglobin is measured in grams per deciliter (g/dl).

¹ Includes children whose mothers are deceased

² For women who are not interviewed, information is taken from the Household Questionnaire. Excludes children whose mothers are not listed in the Household Questionnaire.

Table 12.13 Coverage of testing for anemia and malaria in children (unweighted)

Percentage of eligible children 6-59 months who were tested for anemia and for malaria by background characteristics, Model DHS $6\ data$

Background characteristic	Anemia	Malaria with RDT	Malaria by microscopy	Number of children
Age in months				
6-8	86.0	92.7	94.9	178
9-11	89.8	95.5	94.9	157
12-17	91.4	94.5	95.4	326
18-23	93.0	96.0	97.0	201
24-35	92.1	95.3	95.8	621
36-47	93.7	94.0	95.3	698
48-59	93.1	95.3	96.4	685
Sex				
Male	92.4	94.9	95.6	1,425
Female	92.0	94.7	95.9	1,441
Mother's interview status				
Interviewed	93.7	95.2	96.1	2,223
Not interviewed but in household	71.4	92.3	93.4	91
Not interviewed, and not in the				
household ¹	89.9	93.5	94.7	552
Residence				
Urban	92.7	95.4	96.4	872
Rural	92.0	94.5	95.4	1,994
Region				
Region 1	95.6	95.4	96.2	1,205
Region 2	90.5	93.8	94.7	756
Region 3	90.6	96.4	97.6	329
Region 4	88.4	93.9	95.1	576
Mother's education ²				
No education	94.0	94.8	95.7	1,569
Primary	94.9	96.3	97.4	272
Secondary or higher	91.0	96.9	97.5	357
Wealth quintile				
Lowest	90.9	94.4	95.8	738
Second	93.5	93.6	94.4	674
Middle	91.9	95.3	96.1	615
Fourth	93.4	96.5	97.7	564
Highest	90.9	94.2	94.2	275
Total	92.2	94.8	95.7	2,866

RDT = Rapid Diagnostic Test

1 Includes children whose mothers are deceased

2 Excludes children whose mothers were not interviewed

Table 12.14 Prevalence of malaria in children

Percentage of eligible children 6-59 months classified in two tests as having malaria, by background characteristics, Model DHS 6 data

Background characteristic	Malaria prevalence according to RDT		Malaria prevalence according to microscopy	
	RDT positive	Number of children	Microscopy positive	Number of children
Age in months				
6-8	29.9	164	13.3	166
9-11	32.0	144	17.2	142
12-17	34.7	312	20.8	314
18-23	38.4	205	22.8	206
24-35	34.1	538	20.9	540
36-47	36.9	653	20.1	662
48-59	28.9	621	17.4	627
Sex				
Male	32.7	1,327	19.8	1,333
Female	34.5	1,309	18.9	1,325
Mother's interview status				
Interviewed	34.0	2,065	19.8	2,080
Not interviewed but in household	27.8	91	15.2	92
Not interviewed, and not in the				
household ¹	32.9	480	18.3	485
Residence				
Urban	22.4	865	8.6	871
Rural	39.0	1,771	24.6	1,787
Region				
Region 1	37.8	1,053	23.1	1,060
Region 2	34.5	572	21.6	577
Region 3	20.1	459	4.5	463
Region 4	35.9	552	22.1	557
Mother's education ²				
No education	35.2	1,410	21.5	1,422
Primary	34.0	261	19.0	264
Secondary or higher	28.5	364	15.0	364
Wealth quintile				
Lowest	42.5	603	25.9	610
Second	43.5	589	27.7	595
Middle	36.8	576	22.8	580
Fourth	20.1	527	9.7	532
Highest	16.0	341	2.1	340
Гotal	33.6	2,636	19.3	2,658

¹ Includes children whose mothers are deceased ² Excludes children whose mothers were not interviewed

Table 12.15 Malaria species

Among children age 6-59 months with malaria parasites, the percentage with specific species of *Plasmodium* and the percentage with mixed infections by background characteristics, Model DHS 6 data

	Species of Plasmodium					
				P. falciparum	P. falciparum	Number of
Background	P. falciparum ¹	P. malariae ²	P. ovale ³	+ P. ovale	+ P. malariae	children with malaria parasites
characteristic						
Age in months						
6-8	(100.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	22
9-11	(94.0)	(6.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	24
12-17	100.0	5.3	0.8	0.8	5.3	65
18-23	96.8	3.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	47
24-35	99.8	3.6	1.1	1.1	3.4	111
36-47	98.7	1.5	3.3	2.8	0.7	131
48-59	96.7	1.9	5.1	3.7	0.0	108
Sex						
Male	98.8	2.6	2.0	2.0	1.4	259
Female	97.9	3.1	2.5	1.7	1.9	249
Mother's interview status						
Interviewed	98.0	3.1	2.8	2.3	1.6	407
Not interviewed but in household	*	*	*	*	*	14
Not interviewed, and not in the						
household ⁴	99.6	2.1	0.3	0.3	1.7	87
Residence						
Urban	98.7	3.9	6.8	6.8	2.6	74
Rural	98.3	2.7	1.5	1.0	1.4	434
Region						
Region 1	99.0	1.9	1.4	1.4	0.9	243
Region 2	97.7	3.7	3.7	2.0	3.2	122
Region 3	(98.0)	(4.0)	(17.2)	(17.2)	(2.0)	21
Region 4	97.8	3.6	0.0	0.0	1.3	122
Mother's education ⁵						
No education	99.0	2.6	1.8	1.8	1.6	302
Primary	91.3	7.9	5.4	1.1	3.4	50
Secondary or higher	98.6	1.4	5.8	5.8	0.0	54
Wealth quintile						
Lowest	98.0	3.9	0.0	0.0	1.8	154
Second	98.2	2.3	1.3	0.0	1.8	164
Middle	99.7	1.8	3.3	3.3	1.4	132
Fourth	96.3	4.5	9.8	9.8	0.8	51
Highest	*	*	*	*	*	7
Total	98.3	2.8	2.3	1.9	1.6	508
TUIdI	90.3	2.0	2.3	1.9	0.1	506

Note: Table columns are not mutually exclusive; percentages will not add to 100%. Figures in parentheses are based on 25-49 unweighted cases. An asterisk indicates that a figure is based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases and has been suppressed.

¹ Includes cases with parasites identified as *P. falciparum* or *P. falciparum* combined with other species.

² Includes cases with parasites identified as *P. malariae* or *P. malariae* combined with other species.

³ Includes cases with parasites identified as *P. ovale* or *P. ovale* combined with other species.

⁴ Include children whose mothers are deceased.

⁵ Excludes children whose mothers were not interviewed.