Detecting TLS Interception in the Wild

Okan Saracbasi

Supervisor: Prof. Dr. Kevin Borgolte Advisor: Dr. Talha Paracha

Agenda

- Motivation
- Transport Layer Security
- Methodology
- Server Architecture
- Detection Method
- Design Choices
- Results
- Reproducibility
- Future Work

Motivation

- End-to-end security of data sent between applications over the Internet
- Ensuring data confidentiality, integrity, and authentication
- Past showed many vulnerabilities:
 - Heartbleed
 - FREAK
 - Bleichenbacher
 - Logjam
 - •

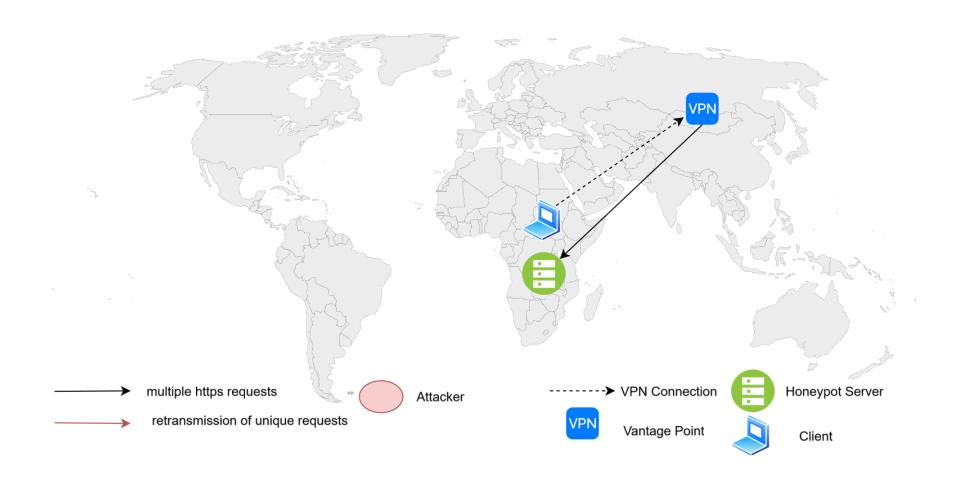
Motivation

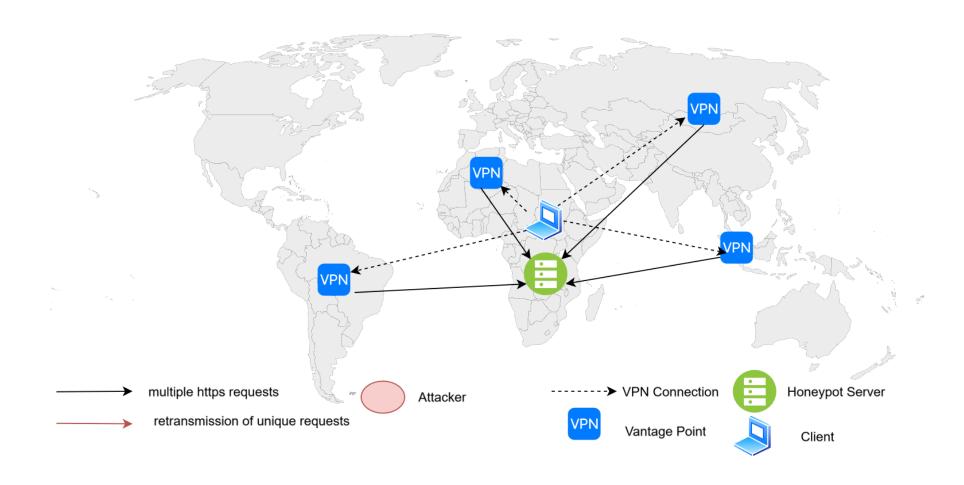
- Legitimate interceptions: government, enterprise
- Estimated 5–10% of connections are intercepted (in general)*

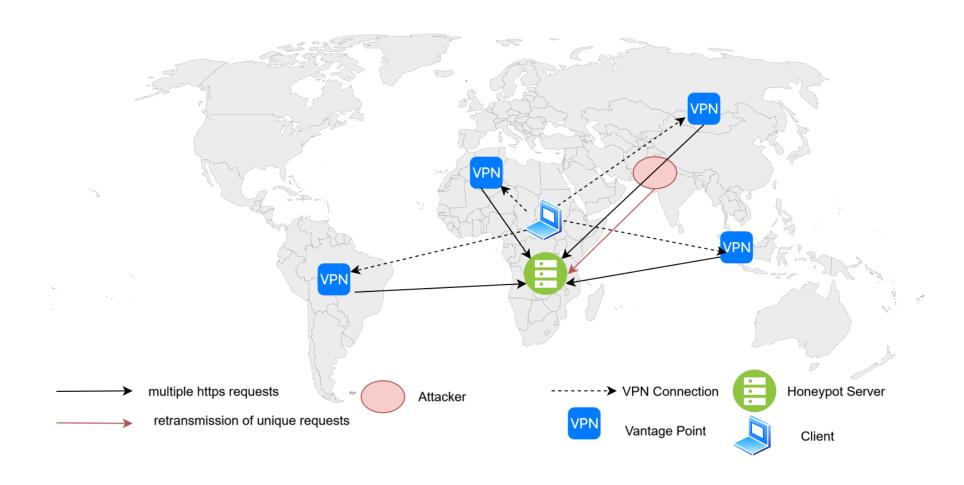
• Goal: detect (harmful) TLS interceptions in the wild

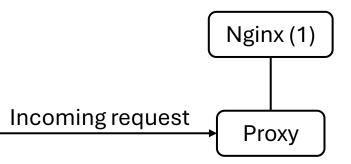
Transport Layer Security

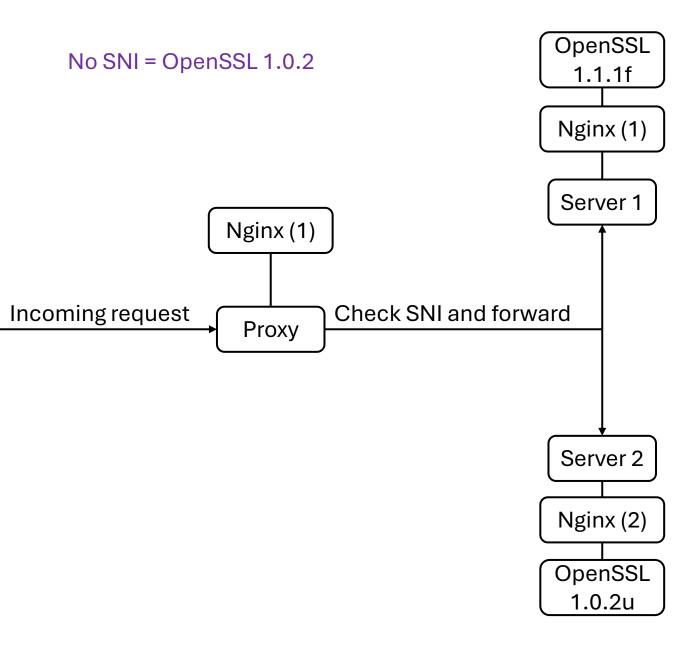
- Handshake protocol
 - Authenticate
 - Encryption techniques
 - Key exchange
- Record protocol
 - confidentiality, integrity, and authentication of application data
 - Fragmentation
 - Encryption
 - Message Authentication

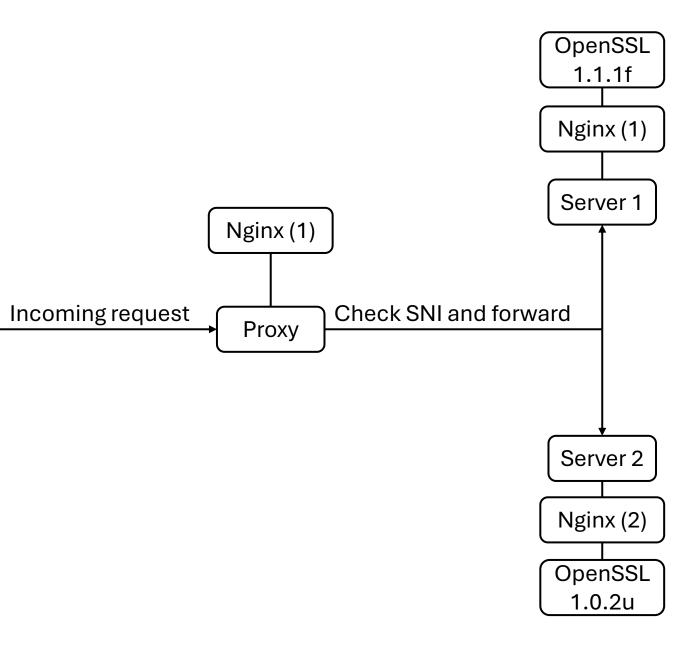




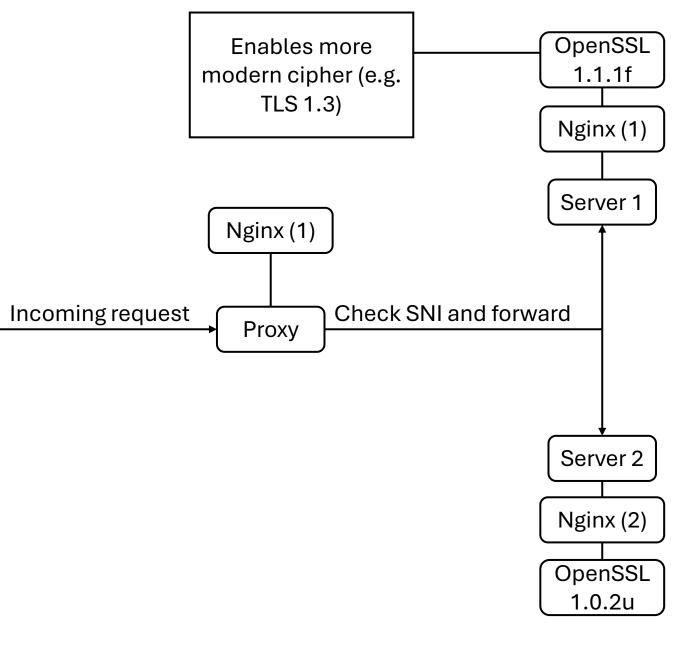


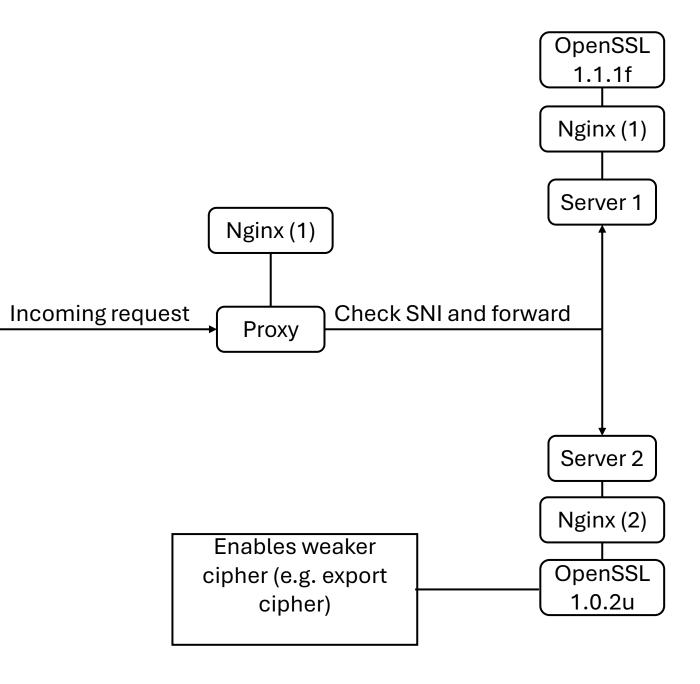


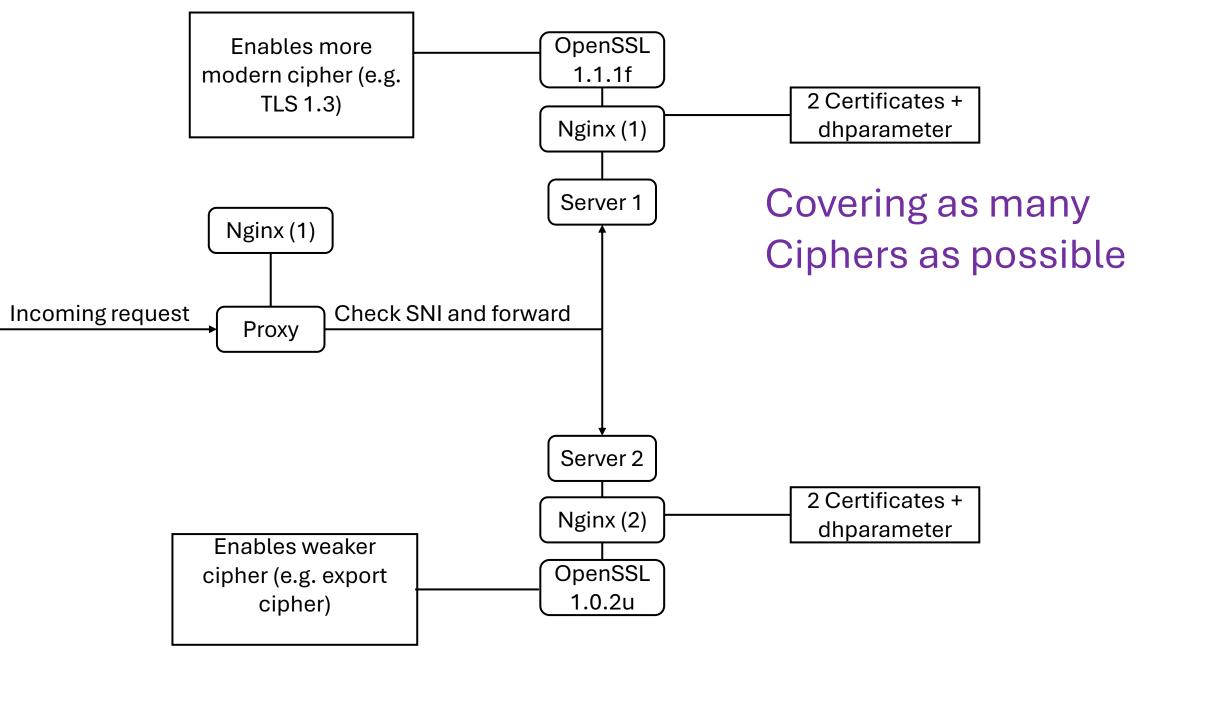


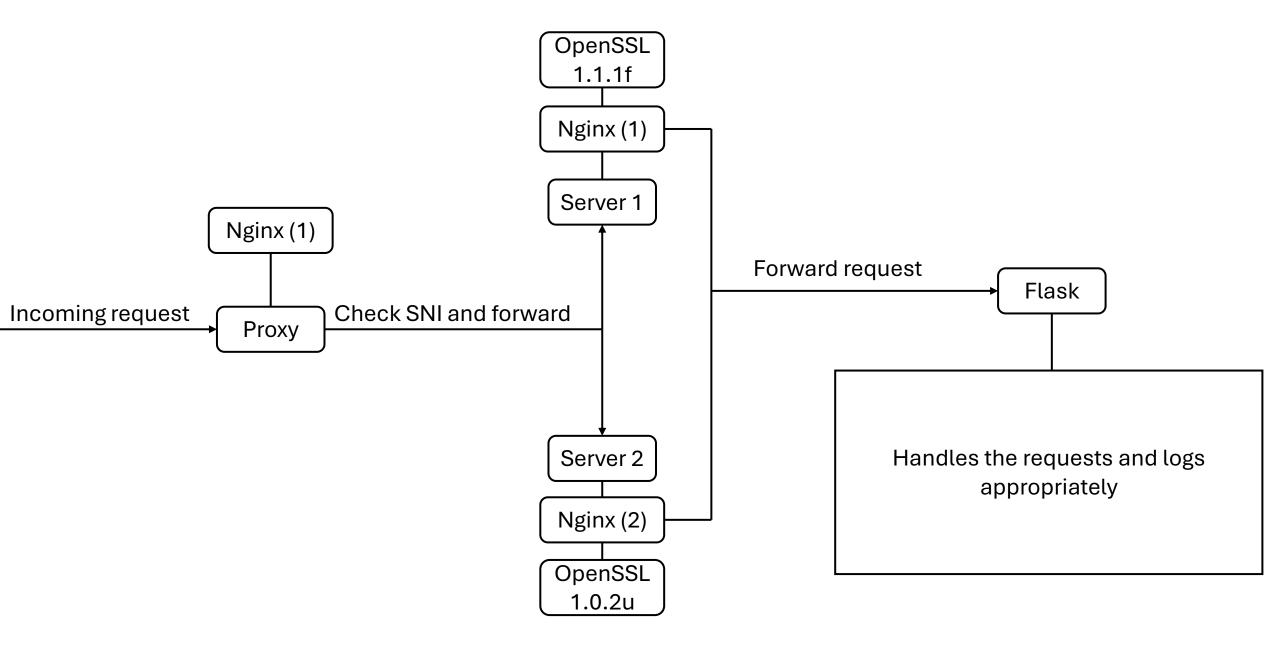


Using two Nginx instances / 2 vHost => to utilize two OpenSSL versions









Client

GET

/path/<AES-encrypted: time&tlsversion&cipher>(1)

Server

/path/<AES-encrypted:time&tlsversion&cipher>(1) + <Client IP>, <Time>, <Cipher>, <Host>, <User-Agent>, <Version> <inside-path>(1) = /c/<AES-encrypted: Path>

Client

GET

/path/<AES-encrypted: time&tlsversion&cipher>(1)

iframe : src = <inside-path>(1)

Server

/path/<AES-encrypted:time&tlsversion&cipher>(1) + <Client IP>, <Time>, <Cipher>, <User-Agent>, <Version> <inside-path>(1) = /c/<AES-encrypted: Path>

Client GET

/path/<AES-encrypted: time&tlsversion&cipher>(1)

iframe: src = <inside-path>(1)

GET

/path/<AES-encrypted: time&tlsversion&cipher>(2)

iframe: src = <inside-path>(2)

Server

/path/<AES-encrypted:time&tlsversion&cipher>(1) + <Client IP>, <Time>, <Cipher>, <Host>, <User-Agent>, <Version> <inside-path>(1) = /c/<AES-encrypted: Path>

iframe: src = <inside-path>(n)

Client **GET** /path/<AES-encrypted: time&tlsversion&cipher>(1) iframe: src = <inside-path>(1) **GET** /path/<AES-encrypted: time&tlsversion&cipher>(2) iframe: src = <inside-path>(2) **GET** /path/<AES-encrypted: time&tlsversion&cipher>(n)

```
/path/<AES-encrypted:time&tlsversion&cipher>(1) +
<Client IP>, <Time>, <Cipher>, <Host>, <User-Agent>, <Version>
<inside-path>(1) = /c/<AES-encrypted: Path>,
/path/<AES-encrypted:time&tlsversion&cipher>(2) +
<Client IP>, <Time>, <Cipher>, <Host>, <User-Agent>, <Version>
<inside-path>(2) = /c/<AES-encrypted: Path>
```

```
/path/<AES-encrypted:time&tlsversion&cipher>(1) +
<Client IP>, <Time>, <Cipher>, <Host>, <User-Agent>, <Version>
<inside-path>(1) = /c/<AES-encrypted: Path>,

/path/<AES-encrypted:time&tlsversion&cipher>(2) +
<Client IP>, <Time>, <Cipher>, <Host>, <User-Agent>, <Version>
<inside-path>(2) = /c/<AES-encrypted: Path>, ... ,
/path/<AES-encrypted:time&tlsversion&cipher>(n) +
<Client IP>, <Time>, <Cipher>, <Host>, <User-Agent>, <Version>
<inside-path>(n) = /c/<AES-encrypted: Path>
```

Attacker GFT Server

/path/<AES-encrypted: time&tlsversion&cipher>(x)

iframe: src = <inside-path>(x)

Attacker GFT Server

/path/<AES-encrypted: time&tlsversion&cipher>(x)

iframe : src = <inside-path>(x)

er

```
/path/<AES-encrypted:time&tlsversion&cipher>(1) +
<Client IP>, <Time>, <Cipher>, <Host>, <User-Agent>, <Version>
<inside-path>(1) = /c/<AES-encrypted: Path>,

/path/<AES-encrypted:time&tlsversion&cipher>(2) +
<Client IP>, <Time>, <Cipher>, <Host>, <User-Agent>, <Version>
<inside-path>(2) = /c/<AES-encrypted: Path>, ... ,
/path/<AES-encrypted:time&tlsversion&cipher>(n) +
<Client IP>, <Time>, <Cipher>, <Host>, <User-Agent>, <Version>
<inside-path>(n) = /c/<AES-encrypted: Path>
```

Check Logs:

Attacker GFT Server

/path/<AES-encrypted: time&tlsversion&cipher>(x)

iframe: src = <inside-path>(x)

```
/path/<AES-encrypted:time&tlsversion&cipher>(1) +
<Client IP>, <Time>,<Cipher>,<Host>,<User-Agent>,<Version>
<inside-path>(1) = /c/<AES-encrypted: Path>,

/path/<AES-encrypted:time&tlsversion&cipher>(2) +
<Client IP>, <Time>,<Cipher>,<Host>,<User-Agent>,<Version>
<inside-path>(2) = /c/<AES-encrypted: Path>, ...,
/path/<AES-encrypted:time&tlsversion&cipher>(n) +
<Client IP>, <Time>,<Cipher>,<Host>,<User-Agent>,<Version>
<inside-path>(n) = /c/<AES-encrypted: Path>
```

```
Check Logs:
```

(Cipher(Path), Version(Path))

==

(Cipher(Log), Version(Log))

Attacker GFT Server

/path/<AES-encrypted: time&tlsversion&cipher>(x)

iframe : src = <inside-path>(x)

```
/path/<AES-encrypted:time&tlsversion&cipher>(1) +
<Client IP>, <Time>, <Cipher>, <Host>, <User-Agent>, <Version>
<inside-path>(1) = /c/<AES-encrypted: Path>,

/path/<AES-encrypted:time&tlsversion&cipher>(2) +
<Client IP>, <Time>, <Cipher>, <Host>, <User-Agent>, <Version>
<inside-path>(2) = /c/<AES-encrypted: Path>, ... ,
/path/<AES-encrypted:time&tlsversion&cipher>(n) +
<Client IP>, <Time>, <Cipher>, <Host>, <User-Agent>, <Version>
<inside-path>(n) = /c/<AES-encrypted: Path>
```

Check Logs:

(Cipher(Path), Version(Path))

==

(Cipher(Log), Version(Log))

If not equal: indicative of Interception

Attacker GFT Server

/path/<AES-encrypted: time&tlsversion&cipher>(x)

iframe : src = <inside-path>(x)

```
/path/<AES-encrypted:time&tlsversion&cipher>(1) +
<Client IP>, <Time>, <Cipher>, <Host>, <User-Agent>, <Version>
<inside-path>(1) = /c/<AES-encrypted: Path>,

/path/<AES-encrypted:time&tlsversion&cipher>(2) +
<Client IP>, <Time>, <Cipher>, <Host>, <User-Agent>, <Version>
<inside-path>(2) = /c/<AES-encrypted: Path>, ... ,
/path/<AES-encrypted:time&tlsversion&cipher>(n) +
<Client IP>, <Time>, <Cipher>, <Host>, <User-Agent>, <Version>
<inside-path>(n) = /c/<AES-encrypted: Path>
```

Additional:

Check if diff(Time(Path),Time(Log)) ,,too great"

Check if Path already in log

Attacker GET

iframe: src = <inside-path>(n)

Server

<inside-path>(n)+
/path/<AES-encrypted:time&tlsversion&cipher>(n) +
<Client IP>, <Time>,<Cipher>,<Host>,<User-Agent>,<Version>

Inside path should never get accessed

Attacker GET

iframe : src = <inside-path>(n)

Server

<inside-path>(n)+
/path/<AES-encrypted:time&tlsversion&cipher>(n) +
<Client IP>, <Time>,<Cipher>,<Host>,<User-Agent>,<Version>

Inside path should never get accessed

=>Interception/leakage of iframe path

Design Choices

- Using Nginx stream module
 - => to use it as proxy without terminating TLS
- Using Nginx stream preread module
 - => To read SNI without needing TLS
- Using Nginx proxy_protocol
 - =>To ensure the proxy can forward the real IP

Design Choices

- Using AES-GCM
 - =>Make sure that path content stays hidden
 - =>Random nonce => unique paths

Client Script

- Uses OpenSSL 1.1.1f and OpenSSL 1.0.2u
- Tries out every (cipher, version) combination
- Sends path request

VPN

- Diverse network paths
- Different Country = more interception?

- In this experiment:
 - 25 different VPN configurations using NordVPN
 - 24 different Countries

Experiment

- Running client script with each VPN
- On 14 different days between January 22 and February 15
- Regulary checking logs for anomalies

Results

- Total of 22,758 connections
- 144 distinct IP addresses
- No retransmission
- No access to iframe
- Embedded information in path match with logs
- No unexpected dropped connections

Results

- Total of 22,758 connections
- 144 distinct IP addresses
- No retransmission
- No access to iframe
- Embedded information in path match with logs
- No unexpected dropped connections



Results

- Total of 22,758 connections
- 144 distinct IP addresses
- No retransmission
- No access to iframe
- Embedded information in path match with logs
- No unexpected dropped connections

No interception?

maybe

Interpretation

- No manipulation on Ciphersuite or TLS version
 - More potential ways to intercept (e.g. decrpyting weak cipher encryption)
- No retransmission
 - No reason to: response just consists of iframe
- No access to iframe
 - does an attacker even care?

Limitations

- Heavily relies on attacker behavior
- No valuable content
- Short duration
- Only a few VPN servers

Reproducibility Client

- Requirements client:
 - (install OpenSSL 1.1.1f or higher)
 - Build OpenSSL 1.0.2u configured to support weak cipher
- Script uses subprocesses to get ciphers

```
result = subprocess.run([openssl_path, "ciphers", "-v", "ALL"], capture_output=True, text=True)
```

 Script uses every (cipher,version) combination to send encrypted path

```
for cipher in legacy_ciphers:
    for tls_version in ["tls1", "tls1_1", "tls1_2"]:
        if (tls_version, cipher) not in tested_combinations:
        result = test_connection(args.legacy_openssl, cipher, tls_version, args.host, args.port,args.ignore_cert, "proxy1.com")
        results.append(result)
        tested_combinations.add((tls_version, cipher))
```

Reproducibility Client

Logging depending of the http response

SUCCESS WITH PATH: TLS=tls1, Cipher=eNULL, Path=/path/d6eeed65c387be58337122b7591d841fe7db8705580bf9056a79e85428e9246c40 990185f6259ffa63ceeaaa2106d3e9fc8cb74472fe59b7ca2b220042c642e5b873fbee29635d859559022ed8fef6fbf2, Path_Elements=time=202 5-02-15T16:02:19.043808&tls=tls1&cipher=eNULL SUCCESS WITH PATH: TLS=tls1_1, Cipher=eNULL, Path=/path/e0aa3bdab9c87e6d085143b2eb3330fefd25eb77ffe4df3504c8045bd4c6343a 278a7a5bed306c98768c242ab0b5c9d299290c12dfef1c27de5ae50b74878244802403e0765e979b633bfceafbaf97bcff8651, Path_Elements=time=2025-02-15T16:02:20.237951&tls=tls1_1&cipher=eNULL SUCCESS WITH PATH: TLS=tls1_2, Cipher=eNULL, Path=/path/282fdd7b234c9a51d56b2e08d03f15eb50e6daa7453bc7b24cd07a20e35b3f8c d1bb569857bced7699cdd748171f1b4bd76e00b3cfba26c313b378dc341e63dc2d6db98a1ba4d9c67171153c86926297c6c1bc, Path_Elements=time=2025-02-15T16:02:21.511567&tls=tls1_2&cipher=eNULL

Using OpenVPN

Bash script used to connect to VPNs and run client script

- Requirements:
 - 2 Nginx instances built with OpenSSL1.1.1f and OpenSSL 1.0.2u (with weak cipher)

```
/home/okan/openssl-1.0.2u/.openssl/include/openssl/ssl.h: objs/Makefile cd /home/okan/openssl-1.0.2u \
&& if [ -f Makefile ]; then $(MAKE) clean; fi \
&& ./config --prefix=/home/okan/openssl-1.0.2u/.openssl \
no-shared no-threads zlib \
enable-weak-ssl-ciphers enable-ssl2 enable-rc5 enable-rc2 \
enable-cms enable-md2 enable-mdc2 enable-ec enable-ec2m \
enable-ecdh enable-ecdsa enable-seed enable-camellia enable-idea \
enable-rfc3779 \
&& $(MAKE) \
&& $(MAKE) install_sw LIBDIR=lib
```

- Configure Nginx with stream, ssl, preread, realip module
- Flask

One Nginx instance proxy and webserver

```
server {
    listen 8002 ssl proxy_protocol;
    listen 443;
    proxy_pass $upstream_server;
    ssl_preread on;
    proxy_protocol on;
}
```

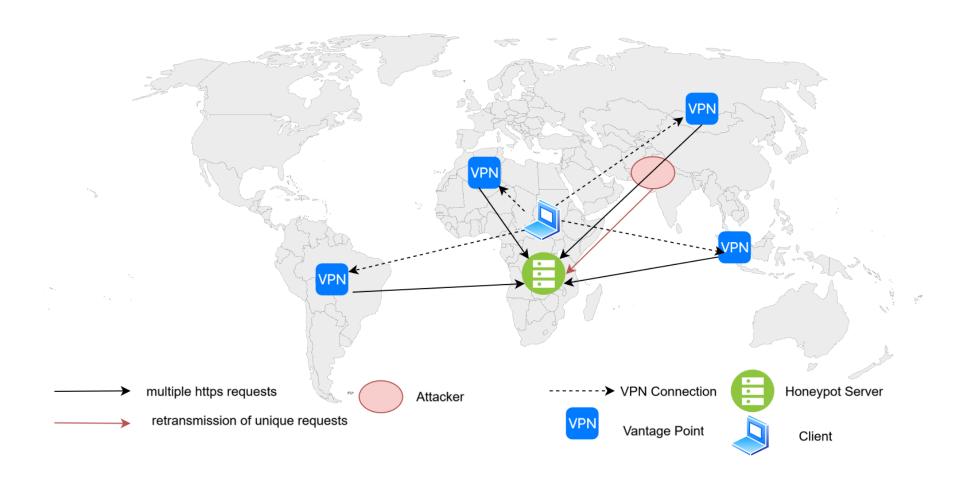
- Other Nginx instance webserver
- Certificates OpenSSL generated

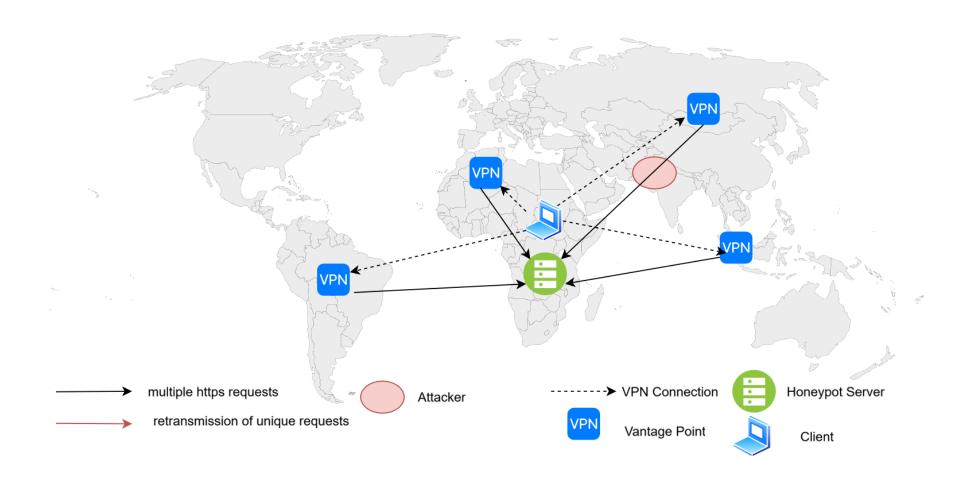
Flask handles requests

Flask logs accordingly

```
log.write(
f"Accessed path: {decrypted_path_elements}\n"
f"Client IP: {client_ip}\n"
f"x_real_ip: {x_real_ip}\n"
f"x_forwarded_for: {x_forwarded_for}\n"
f"Host: {vHost}\n"
f"User-Agent: {user_agent}\n"
f"TLS Version: {tls_version}\n"
f"Cipher Suite: {cipher_suite}\n"
f"Timestamp: {datetime.utcnow().isoformat()}\n"
f"Encrpted Path: {encrypted_path_hex}\n"
f"Inside Path: {inside_path}\n"
f"{'-'*60}\n"
)
```

```
log.write(
f"Accessed Main path: {decrypt(encrypted_data,key)}\n"
f"Main path Elements: {decrypt(decrypt(encrypted_data,key),key)}\n"
f"Client IP: {client_ip}\n"
f"x_real_ip: {x_real_ip}\n"
f"x_forwarded_for: {x_forwarded_for}\n"
f"Host: {vHost}\n"
f"User-Agent: {user_agent}\n"
f"TLS Version: {tls_version}\n"
f"Cipher Suite: {cipher_suite}\n"
f"Timestamp: {datetime.utcnow().isoformat()}\n"
f"Inside Path Value: {encrypted_data}\n"
f"{'-'*60}\n"
)
```





ServerHello Fingerprinting

- Contains: TLS Version, Ciphersuite, Extensions
- Integratable to Honeypot
- Needs "unique" ServerHello
- Assumes attacker doesnt replicate original ServerHello



"Unique" Server Hello

- Extension order
- Custom extensions

Questions?