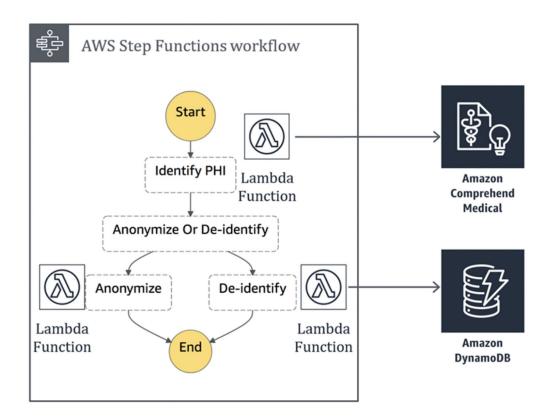
The Architecture



Lambda Functions

- IdentifyPHI: Uses the Amazon Comprehend Medical API to detect and identify PHI entities from a body of text, such as a medical note.
- MaskEntities: Takes the entities from IdentifyPHI as input and masks them in the body of text
- DeidentifyEntities: Takes the entities from IdentifyPHI and applies a hash to each entity and stores that mapping in DynamoDB.

Building the Boto3 Lambda layer

```
pip install boto3 --target python/.
pip install botocore --target python/.
```

```
(base) Vidhis-MBP:~ viee$ pip install boto3 --target python/.
Collecting boto3
  Downloading boto3-1.16.11-py2.py3-none-any.whl (129 kB) | 129 kB 2.6 MB/s
Collecting jmespath<1.0.0,>=0.7.1
  Using cached jmespath-0.10.0-py2.py3-none-any.whl (24 kB)
Collecting satransfer<0.4.0,>=0.3.0

Using cached satransfer-0.3.3-py2.py3-none-any.whl (69 kB)

Collecting botocore<1.20.0,>=1.19.11
   Downloading botocore-1.19.11-py2.py3-none-any.whl (6.7 MB)
Collecting urllib3<1.26,>=1.25.4; python_version != "3.4"
Downloading urllib3-1.25.11-py2.py3-none-any.whl (127 kB)
                                                       | 127 kB 27.9 MB/s
Collecting python-dateutil<3.0.0,>=2.1
  Using cached python_dateutil-2.8.1-py2.py3-none-any.whl (227 kB)
Collecting six>=1.5
  Using cached six-1.15.0-py2.py3-none-any.whl (10 kB)
Installing collected packages: jmespath, urllib3, six, python-dateutil, botocore, s3transfer, boto3
Successfully installed boto3-1.16.11 botocore-1.19.11 jmespath-0.10.0 python-dateutil-2.8.1 s3transfer-0.3.3 six-
(base) Vidhis-MBP:~ viee$ pip install botocore --target python/.
Collecting botocore
  Using cached botocore-1.19.11-py2.py3-none-any.whl (6.7 MB)
Collecting urllib3<1.26,>=1.25.4; python_version != "3.4"
Using cached urllib3-1.25.11-py2.py3-none-any.whl (127 kB)
Collecting jmespath<1.0.0,>=0.7.1
Using cached jmespath-0.10.0-py2.py3-none-any.whl (24 kB)
Collecting python-dateutil<3.0.0,>=2.1
   Using cached python_dateutil-2.8.1-py2.py3-none-any.whl (227 kB)
Collecting six>=1.5
  Using cached six-1.15.0-py2.py3-none-any.whl (10 kB)
Installing collected packages: urllib3, jmespath, six, python-dateutil, botocore
Successfully installed botocore-1.19.11 jmespath-0.10.0 python-dateutil-2.8.1 six-1.15.0 urllib3-1.25.11
```

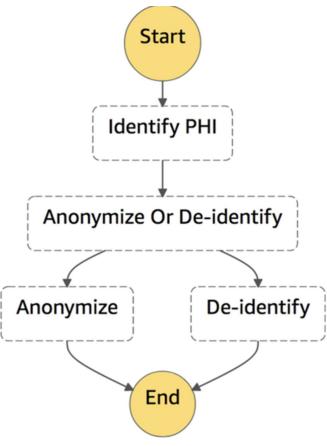
```
# zip to four layer
zip boto3layer.zip -r python/
```

```
(Chase) Vidhis-MBP:- viee$ zip boto3layer.zip -r python/
adding: python/stored 0%)
adding: python/s3transfer/(delete.py (deflated 63%)
adding: python/s3transfer/takes.py (deflated 72%)
adding: python/s3transfer/compat.py (deflated 72%)
adding: python/s3transfer/compat.py (deflated 78%)
adding: python/s3transfer/compat.py (deflated 78%)
adding: python/s3transfer/compat.py (deflated 78%)
adding: python/s3transfer/compat.py (deflated 78%)
adding: python/s3transfer/_init__.py (deflated 78%)
adding: python/s3transfer/_pycache__/init__.cpython-38.pyc (deflated 58%)
adding: python/s3transfer/_pycache__/init__.cpython-38.pyc (deflated 66%)
adding: python/s3transfer/_pycache__/tils.cpython-38.pyc (deflated 56%)
adding: python/s3transfer/_pycache__/picack.python-38.pyc (deflated 56%)
adding: python/s3transfer/_pycache__/picack.python-38.pyc (deflated 65%)
adding: python/s3transfer/_pycache__/picack.python-38.pyc (deflated 66%)
adding: python/s3transfer/_pycache__/poplad.cpython-38.pyc (deflated 66%)
adding: python/s3transfer/_pycache__/scompat.cpython-38.pyc (deflated 66%)
adding: python/s3transfer/_pycache__/tompat.cpython-38.pyc (deflated 66%)
adding: python/s3transfer/_pycache__/compat.cpython-38.pyc (deflated 56%)
adding: python/s3transfer/_pycache__/compat.cpython-38.pyc (deflated 56%)
adding: python/s3transfer/_pycache__/compat.cpython-38.pyc (deflated 56%)
adding: python/s3transfer/_pycache__/compat.cpython-38.pyc (deflated 56%)
addi
```

aws lambda publish-layer-version --layer-name boto3-layer --zip-file fileb://boto3layer.zip

```
(base) Vidhis-MBP:~ viee$ aws stepfunctions start-execution --state-macteMachine-khjwgWV7CssW --input file://Users/viee/BDIS/example_note.json
                                                                             execution --state-machine-arn arn:aws:states:us-east-1:362654931460:stateMachine:DeIdandMaskSta
Error parsing parameter '--input': Unable to load paramfile file://Users/viee/BDIS/example_note.json: [Errno 2] No such file or directory: 'Users
/viee/BDIS/example_note.json'
(base) Vidhis-MBP:~ viee$ ls
Anaconda3-2020.07-MacOSX-x86_64.pkg
Applications
                                                             Java 8 Update 261.app
Library
                                                                                                                           hadoop-3.2.1.tar.gz
ideaIC-2020.2.2.dmg
Audax
BDIS
                                                             Movies
Music
                                                                                                                            launcher
Desktop
Documents
                                                                                                                           mongodb
mongodb-macos-x86_64-4.4.1.tgz
                                                              Pictures
                                                              Presentation1.pptx
Downloads
EBDS
                                                             Public
aws-cli
                                                                                                                           python
python-3.8.6-macosx10.9.pkg
 JDK
                                                             boto3layer.zip
 (base) Vidhis-MBP:~ viee$ cd BDIS
(base) Vidhis-MBP:BDIS viee$ ls
Assignment_1
__pycache__
                                                auth.json
cloudauth.py
                                                                                                  fastapi-aws-lambda-example
                                                                                                                                                   tutorial2_1.py
tutorial2_2.py
Assignment_1 auth.json rastapi=aws-lambua-example tutorialz_i.py
__pycache__ cloudauth.py main.py tutorialz_c.py
archive example_note.json tutorial2.py wildrydes-site
([base] Vidhis-MBP:BDIS viee$ aws stepfunctions start-execution --state-machine-arn arn:aws:states:us-east-1:362654931460:stateMachine:DeIdandMask
StateMachine-khjwgWV7CssW --input file://example_note.json
      "executionArn": "arn:aws:states:us-east-1:362654931460:execution:DeIdandMaskStateMachine-khjwgWV7CssW:3d24c10b-8341-4b12-9ff6-50a7a5291219", "startDate": "2020-11-05T16:41:55.460000-05:00"
((base) Vidhis-MBP:BDIS viee$ go version
-bash: go: command not found
((base) Vidhis-MBP:BDIS viee$ ls
                                                 auth.json
cloudauth.py
                                                                                                  fastapi-aws-lambda-example
                                                                                                                                                    tutorial2_1.py
tutorial2_2.py
__pycache__
archive
                                                                                                  main.py
tutorial2.py
                                                 example_note.json
                                                                                                                                                    wildrydes-site
```

Building the state machine



Define State Machine Code

```
"Comment": "State Machine that anonymizes or deidentifies PHI",
 "StartAt": "Identify PHI",
 "States": {
    "Identify PHI": {
      "Type": "Task",
     "Resource":
"arn:aws:lambda:us-east-1:123456789012:function:IdentifyPHILambda",
      "InputPath": "$",
      "ResultPath": "$.body.entities",
     "Next": "Anonymize Or De-identify"
    },
    "Anonymize Or De-identify": {
     "Type": "Choice",
     "Choices": [
          "Variable": "$.body.anonymizeOrDeidentify",
          "StringEquals": "anonymize",
          "Next": "Anonymize"
```

```
},
          "Variable": "$.body.anonymizeOrDeidentify",
          "StringEquals": "deidentify",
          "Next": "De-identify"
      ],
      "Default": "Anonymize"
    },
    "Anonymize": {
      "Type": "Task",
      "Resource":
"arn:aws:lambda:us-east-1:123456789012:function:MaskEntitiesLambda",
      "InputPath": "$",
      "ResultPath": "$.maskedMessage",
      "OutputPath": "$.maskedMessage",
      "End": true
    },
    "De-identify": {
      "Type": "Task",
      "Resource":
"arn:aws:lambda:us-east-1:123456789012:function:DeidentifyLambda",
      "InputPath": "$",
      "ResultPath": "$.maskedMessage",
      "OutputPath": "$.maskedMessage",
      "End": true
 }
}
Launch Stack
```

https://console.aws.amazon.com/cloudformation/home?region=us-east-1#/stack
s/create/template?stackName=phi-detect-blog&templateURL=https://s3.amazona
ws.com/aws-ml-blog/artifacts/phi-detect/phi-detect.yaml

Testing the state machine

```
Example_note.json
{
    "body": {
```

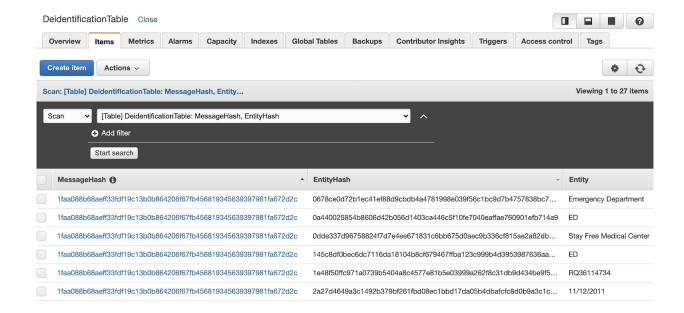
"message": " Stay Free Medical Center \nEmergency Department \nClinical Summary \n12341 W. Bohannon Rd, Grantville, GA\nPhone: (770) 922-9800 \n\n\nPERSON INFORMATION\nName: SALAZAR, CARLOS\nMRN: RQ36114734 \nED Arrival Time: 11/12/2011 18:15\n \nSex: Male \nDOB: 2/11/1961\n Age: 50 Years \nVisit Reason: New onset A Fib, SOB\n Emergent Disposition: Home/Self-Care \nAddress: 186 VALETINE, NE 69201\nPhone: 402 213-2221 \n \nSUBJECTIVE:\nCarlos came to the ED via ambulance accompanied by son, Jorge. He is a 50 yo male who was working at Food Corp when he had sudden onset of palpitations. Carlos stated his fater, Diego, also had palpitations through his life.\n \nProvider Contact Time: 11/12/2011 19:00\n Decision to Admit: Not entered\n ED Departure Time: 11/23/2011 00:07\n \nDIAGNOSIS: Hyperthyroidism \n Attending Provider: \nSaanvi Sarkar, MD\n \n Primary Nurse(s): \nJackson; Mateo\n \n\n Fill New Prescriptions:\nnepafenac (nepafenac 1 mg / 1mL Ophthalmic Suspension) 1 drop left eye every 12 hours 14 day(s)\nzofran (Ondansetron 4 mg oral tablet) 4 mg ORAL PRN\natropine sulfate 0.05 mcg / hyopscyamine sulfate 3.1 mcg / phenobartbital 48.6 MG / scopolamine hydrobromide 0.0195 mg (Donnata ER oral tablet) 1 table PO PRN\nacetaminophen - hydrocodone (Vicodin 5 mg -500 mg oral tablet) 2 tablet(s) by Mouth every 6 hours as needed for pain\ndocusate sodium 100 mg oral capsule 100 mg by Mouth twice daily as needed for constipation\n\n \nAllergies:\n penicillins\n ibuprofen\n bee pollen\n \nPatient Education and Follow-up Information\n Instructions:\n ED, Nausea (Custom) \n Follow up:\n \n With:\nAddress:\nWhen:\n\nReturn to Emergency Department\n\n\nComments:\n\nNausea Vomiting\n\nNausea persists without control from anti-nausea medications Projectile vomiting Uncontrolled , consistent nausea & vomiting Blood or "coffee grounds" appearing material in vomit Medicine not kept down because of vomiting Weakness or dizziness along with nausea/vomiting Severe stomach pain while vomiting\n\nPain \nSevere Chest / Arm pain Severe squeezing or pressure in chest Severe sudden headache\nNew or uncontrolled pain New headache Chest discomfort Pounding heart Heart "flip - flop" feeling Painful Central Line site or area of "tunnel" Burning in chest or stomach Pain or burning while urinating Pain with infusion of medications or fluids into Central Line\n\n\nDiarrhea \n\nConstant or uncontrolled diarrhea New onset diarrhea Diarrhea with fever and abdominal cramping Whole pills passed in stool Greater than 5 times each day Stool which is bloody , burgundy or black Abdominal cramping\n\nFatigue\nUnable to wake\nDizziness Fatigue is getting worse Too tired to get out of bed or walk to the bathroom Staying in bed all day \n Fever / Chills \n Shaking chills , temperature may be normal Temperature greater than 38.3° C or 100.9° F by mouth Fever greater than 1 degree above usual if on steroids 24 Cold symptoms (runny nose , watery eyes , sneezing , coughing) \n\n\nWith:\nAddress:\nWhen:\n\nFollow up with primary care

\n\n\n\mWith:\nAddress:\nWhen:\n\nFollow up with primary care provider\n\n\nComments:\n\nCall tomorrow to make an appointment for the

Execute The following command

aws stepfunctions start-execution --state-machine-arn
YOUR STATEMACHINE ARN --input file://example note.json

Graph inspector H Anonymize Or De-identify Anonymize De-identify End In Progress Succeeded Failed Cancelled Caught Error



Assignment 2 Documentation

Summary	In this codelab, you'll explain the tutorials.
URL	your-first-pwapp
Category	Web
Environment	web, kiosk, io2016, pwa-dev-summit, pwa-roadshow, chrome-dev-summit-2016, io2017, typtwd17, gdd17, cds17, io2018, tag-web, jsconfeu, devfest18, io2019
Status	Published
Feedback Link	https://github.com/googlecodelabs/your-first-pwapp/issues
Author	Aishwarya
Author LDAP	
Analytics Account	UA-52746336-1

Activity1

Activity 2

Activity 3

Activity 4

Activity 5

Activity 1

Duration: 2:00

We will first see how we write small blocks of code in the jupyter notebooks and run a simple program.

After observing the output incase we need any modifications we could make changes in the desired blocks and re-run only the necessary blocks and not the code from start to finish.

```
[24]: # Step 3: Denote y as a function of x
       y = np.sqrt((x*x + np.sin(15*x)*np.sin(15*x))) / (1-x)
      print("y: ", y)
                        0.07547371 0.1512852 0.22701527 0.30224103 0.37653818
        0.44948337 0.52065653 0.58964326 0.65603716 0.71944223 0.77947513
        0.83576749 0.88796814 0.93574527 0.97878851 1.016811
                                                                  1.04955126
        1.07677509 1.0982773 1.11388335 1.12345095 1.12687156 1.12407181
        1.11501492 1.09970218 1.07817449 1.05051419 1.01684728 0.97734645
       0.26603572 0.29372843 0.34706363 0.41636018 0.49459458 0.57748016
        0.66238513 0.74757275 0.83179307 0.91407326 0.9936084 1.06970313
        1.14173959 1.20915963 1.27145501 1.32816231 1.37886052 1.42317049
       1.46075542 1.49132213 1.51462288 1.53045762 1.53867664 1.53918362 1.53193929 1.51696576 1.4943518 1.46425954 1.42693321 1.38271067
        1.33203923 1.27549748 1.21382602 1.14797093 1.07914504 1.0089132
       0.9393054 0.87295269 0.81321212 0.76418595 0.73045478 0.71633255 0.72471797 0.75613439 0.80867484 0.87886122 0.96272695 1.05654868
        1.15714049 1.26187696 1.36860818 1.47555499 1.58121854 1.68431138
        1.7837082 1.87841171 1.96752976 2.05026036 2.12588236]
[25]: # Step 4: PLot y plt.plot(x, y, '-o')
       plt.show()
       2.0
       15
       1.0
       0.5
       0.0
[22]: # Step 5: Change domain x
       x = np.linspace(0.0, 0.5, 101, endpoint=True)
      print("x: ", x)
          [0.
                  0.005 0.01 0.015 0.02 0.025 0.03 0.035 0.04 0.045 0.05 0.055
        0.06 0.065 0.07 0.075 0.08 0.085 0.09 0.095 0.1 0.105 0.11 0.115
        0.12 0.125 0.13 0.135 0.14 0.145 0.15 0.155 0.16 0.165 0.17 0.175
        0.18 0.185 0.19 0.195 0.2 0.205 0.21 0.215 0.22 0.225 0.23 0.235
        0.24 0.245 0.25 0.255 0.26 0.265 0.27 0.275 0.28 0.285 0.29
                                                                              0.295
              0.305 0.31 0.315 0.32 0.325 0.33 0.335 0.34 0.345 0.35
       0.36 0.365 0.37 0.375 0.38 0.385 0.39 0.395 0.4 0.405 0.41 0.415 0.42 0.425 0.43 0.435 0.44 0.445 0.45 0.45 0.46 0.465 0.47 0.475
```

Advantages: You can break your code into different cells and have immediate outputs. It's good for validating ideas and variable values.

You can see your changes in real-time.

0.48 0.485 0.49 0.495 0.5]

You can go back to a cell and modify variables/functions at any time instead of rerunning the entire notebook.

Drawback: We could forget to change a corresponding variable/function, run other cells, or which variable you've modified before.

Activity 2

Duration: 2:00

After going through the two notebooks [i.e Notebook1 and Notebook2] we understand as the code gets more and more complex we would prefer writing scripts than executing small blocks

Some of the key reasons to use py scripting for complex coding are as follows:

- Lightweight: The .py file is 11 KB
- Version control: .ipynb files are hard to version and track diffs
- Linear development cycle
- Used in actual dev environment

Note:- As the code becomes huge and complex its becomes difficult to keep a track of errors and handle them in notebooks.

Activity 3

Duration: 1:30

Notebook to script improves performance but that is not enough.

We can further make use of python libraries to make our code efficient.

```
[3]: import time
     import random
     import numpy as np
     A = 1.33
     N = 1000000
     B = [random.random() for _ in range(N)]
     start = time.time()
     dist = []
     for b in B:
       d = abs(A-b)
       dist.append(d)
     minDist = min(dist)
     end = time.time()
     print('The smallest distance is ', minDist)
     print('Time elapsed: ', end - start, ' s.')
     The smallest distance is 0.3300000949087559
     Time elapsed: 0.22688603401184082 s.
 C = np.array(B) # convert to a numpy array
 start = time.time()
 minDist = np.min(np.abs(C-A)) # use "vectorized" numpy functions
 end = time.time()
 print('The smallest distance is ', minDist)
 print('Time elapsed: ', end - start, ' s.')
 The smallest distance is 0.3300000949087559
```

Tip: Also as seen in this example code--the numpy array functions instead of simple array helps reduce execution time sa observed in this tutorial

Activity 4

Time elapsed: 0.011965513229370117 s.

We can make use of profilers to get detailed runtime information on each function- this helps us narrow down on which part of the code is to be modified to improve the performance

Activity 5

Comparing the scripts runtime:

```
reating Frame 55
       2416041 function calls in 109.297 seconds
 Ordered by: standard name
 ncalls tottime percall cumtime percall filename:lineno(function) 241000 0.500 0.000 0.500 0.000 :0(append)
    301
                                     0.000 :0(array)
          0.000
                   0.000
                            0.000
                  0.000
                           0.000 0.000 :0(copy)
           0.000
                   0.000 109.297 109.297 :0(exec)
0.000 8.562 0.000 :0(implement_array_function)
           0.000
 157730
          0.719
 139115
          6.094
                   0.000
                            6.094
0.391
                                     0.000 :0(index)
 157730
           0.391
                   0.000
                                     0.000 :0(isinstance)
                            0.234
0.344
                                     0.000 :0(items)
 157730
           0.234
                   0.000
 120500
           0.344
                   0.000
                                     0.000 :0(keys)
           6.609
                   0.000
                            6.609
                                     0.000 :0(min)
                            4.031
                                     0.000 :0(reduce)
           4.031
                   0.000
                   0.000
           0.000
 120500
           0.281
           1.859
           1.047
 157730
           0.000
           0.016
                   0.000
                                     0.000 fromnumeric.py:2105(sum)
 157730
           1.703
                   0.000
                             6.328 0.000 fromnumeric.py:70(_wrapreduction)
           0.359
                   0.000
                            0.359
                                     0.000 fromnumeric.py:71(<dictcomp>)
                   0.000 \quad 109.297 \quad 109.297 \quad profile: 0 (morph = regenerative\_morph (source1, source2, target, ws, 0.5))
           0.000
                            0.000
                                           profile:0(profiler)
```

Conclusion:

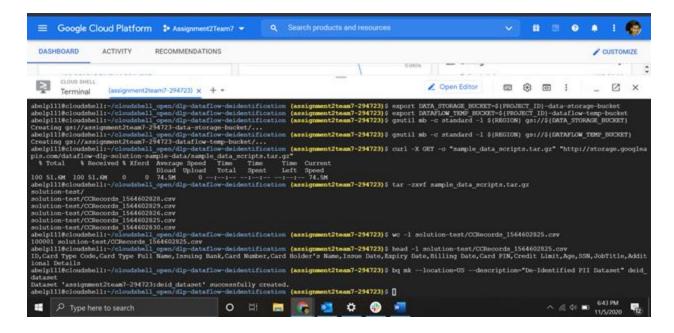
There are pros and cons to using notebooks and switching from notebook to scripting does

not solve all the problems.

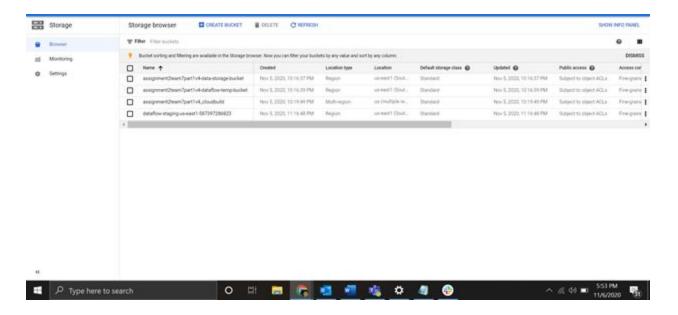
For complex codes like transfering images it would take 2-3 hours on a CPU to generate a result, whereas on AWS EC2 GPU it takes a couple minutes.

De-identifying and Re-identifying Data

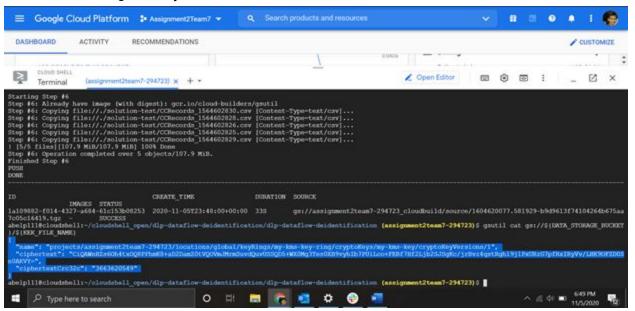
Configured services, downloaded datasets and Created buckets and BigQuery



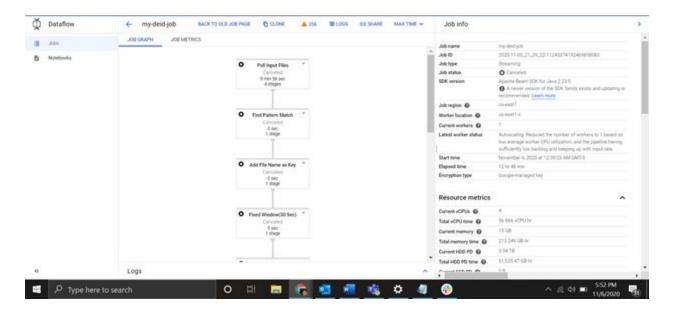
Created Buckets -



Created and configured keys



Dataflow to de-identify data-



Re-identifying DataFlow -

