

# Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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## NeoColab\_REC\_CS23221\_Python Programming

### REC\_Python\_Week 3\_CY

Attempt : 1  
Total Mark : 30  
Marks Obtained : 30

#### Section 1 : Coding

##### 1. Problem Statement

Raj wants to write a program that takes a list of strings as input and returns the longest word in the list. If there are multiple words with the same length, the program should return the first one encountered.

Help Raj in his task.

##### ***Input Format***

The input consists of a single line of space-separated strings.

##### ***Output Format***

The output prints a string representing the longest word in the given list.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

**Sample Test Case**

Input: cat dog elephant lion tiger giraffe

Output: elephant

**Answer**

# You are using Python

```
s=input()
```

```
l=s.split()
```

```
large=l[0]
```

```
for i in l:
```

```
    if len(i)>len(large):
```

```
        large=i
```

```
print(large)
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10

**2. Problem Statement**

Emily is a data analyst working for a company that collects feedback from

customers in the form of text messages. As part of her data validation tasks, Emily needs to perform two operations on each message:

Calculate the sum of all the digits mentioned in the message. If the sum of the digits is greater than 9, check whether the sum forms a palindrome number.

Your task is to help Emily automate this process by writing a program that extracts all digits from a given message, calculates their sum, and checks if the sum is a palindrome if it is greater than 9.

### ***Input Format***

The input consists of a string *s*, representing the customer message, which may contain letters, digits, spaces, and other characters.

### ***Output Format***

The output prints an integer representing the sum of all digits in the string, followed by a space.

If the sum is greater than 9, print "Palindrome" if the sum is a palindrome, otherwise print "Not palindrome".

If the sum is less than or equal to 9, no palindrome check is required.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: 12 books 4 pen

Output: 7

### ***Answer***

```
# You are using Python
```

```
s=input()
```

```
b=0
```

```
for i in s:
```

```
if(i.isdigit()):
    b+=int(i)
if(b>9):
    if(str(b)==str(b)[::-1]):
        print(b,'Palindrome')
    else:
        print(b,'Not palindrome')
else:
    print(b)
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10

### 3. Problem Statement

Sarah is a technical writer who is responsible for formatting two important documents. Both documents contain a certain placeholder character that needs to be replaced with another character before they can be finalized. To ensure consistency in formatting, Sarah wants you to help her write a program that processes both documents by replacing the placeholder character with the new one.

Sarah also prefers a neat and structured output, so she wants you to ensure that both modified documents are printed in a single line, separated by a space, using the `format()` function.

#### Example

Input:

Hello

World

o

a

Output:

Hella World

Explanation:

Here the character 'o' is replaced with 'a' in the concatenated string.

### ***Input Format***

The first line contains string1, the first document.

The second line contains string2, the second document.

The third line contains char1, the placeholder character that needs to be replaced.

The fourth line contains char2, the new character that will replace the placeholder.

### ***Output Format***

The output displays a single line containing the modified string1 and string2, separated by a space.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: Hello  
World

o  
a

Output: Hella World

### ***Answer***

# You are using Python

```
s1=input()
s2=input()
ch1=input()
ch2=input()
s1n=""
s2n=""
for i in s1:
    if i==ch1:
```

```
s1n+=ch2
else:
    s1n+=i
for i in s2:
    if i==ch1:
        s2n+=ch2
    else:
        s2n+=i
res=s1n+" "+s2n
print(res)
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10