```
import numpy
import numpy as np
import math
import pandas as pd
from scipy.optimize import minimize
import itertools
from functools import reduce
from gt_design import *
```

Define Ranges

Define the range for the stage loading coefficient, flow coefficient and the reaction. Using the obtained values, calculate the other values.

Use the following data:

```
1. Reaction (\Lambda) -> 0.35 - 0.65
2. Flow Coefficient (\phi) -> 0.6 - 1.0
3. Structural Limit (AN^2) -> 10000000 - 22580600 (checking for a wide range)
4. Zweifel for vane -> 0.75 - 0.90
5. Zweifel for rotor -> 0.80 - 0.95
```

```
In []: range_stage_loading = numpy.linspace(2.5, 4.5, 15)
    range_alpha_3 = numpy.linspace(10, 25, 10)
    range_mach_exit = numpy.linspace(0.3, 0.55, 10)
    range_AN_squared = numpy.linspace(15000000, 22580600, 20)
    range_zweifel_vane = numpy.linspace(0.75, 0.90, 4)
    range_zweifel_rotor = numpy.linspace(0.80, 0.95, 4)
    range_incidence = numpy.linspace(2, 4, 6)
```

int main(){}

```
In [ ]: def int_main(range_mach_exit, range_stage_loading, range_alpha_3, range_AN_squared, range_incidence, range_zweifel_vane, range_zweifel_rotol
             Design Point Angles:
             beta_2m -> rotor inlet metal angle
             beta_3m -> rotor exit metal angle
             Off Design Angles:
             beta_2 -> rotor inlet flow angle
             beta_3 -> rotor exit flow angle
             IMP -> FOR DESIGN POINT -> beta_2m = beta_2, beta_3m -> beta_3
             INCIDENCE -> incidence = beta_2 - beta_2m, DEVIATION (for the project) -> beta_3 = beta_3m
             data_meanline = []
             data_root_hub = []
             data_meanline_losses = []
             data_off_design = []
             data_efficiency = []
             data_scratch = []
             #for i, j, k, l, m, n, o, p in itertools.product(range_mach_exit, range_stage_loading, range_alpha_3, range_degree_reaction, range_AN_sc
             for i, j, k, m, n, o, p in itertools.product(range mach exit, range stage loading, range alpha 3, range AN squared, range incidence, range
                 incidence = n
                 # MEANLINE ANALYSIS
                 T_1, P_1, rho_1, C_1 = aeroturbine.calc_properties(M_1, T_01, P_01)
                  C_a_1 = C_1 * np.cos(np.radians(-10))
                  T_3, P_3, rho_3, C_3 = aeroturbine.calc_properties(i, T_03_cooled, P_03)
                  C_w_1 = numpy.sqrt(C_1**2 - C_a_1**2)
                  # Calculate U from the stage loading.
                 U = aeroturbine.calc_U(j)
                  C_a_3, C_w_3, V_3, V_w_3, flow_coefficient_3, beta_3m, a_3, M_3_rel, A_3,P_03_rel = aeroturbine.calc_stage_3(U, C_3, T_3, rho_3,P_
                 T_02,T_2, P_2, rho_2, A_2, C_a_2, flow_coefficient_2, a_2, V_w_2, beta_2m, V_2, C_w_2, C_2, alpha_2, M_2, M_2_rel,P_02, P_02_rel,l
                 if T_02 > 0:
                      # STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS
                      A_1 = m_{dot_1/(rho_1 * C_a_1)}
                      N, omega, r_hub, r_tip, r_meanline, h = aerostructural.calc_structural(m, A_2, U)
                      if V<sub>3</sub> > V<sub>2</sub> and C<sub>2</sub> > C<sub>1</sub> and rho<sub>3</sub> < rho<sub>2</sub> < rho<sub>1</sub> and T<sub>02</sub> < T<sub>01</sub> and T<sub>02</sub> > T<sub>03</sub> and T<sub>1</sub> > T<sub>2</sub> and T<sub>2</sub> > T<sub>3</sub> and P<sub>1</sub> > P<sub>2</sub>
                          # BLADE VORTEX ANALYSIS
                          alpha_2_hub, alpha_3_hub, beta_2_hub, beta_3_hub, U_hub, V_2_hub, C_2_hub, M_2_rel_hub, M_2_hub, reaction_hub = aeroturbine
                          alpha_2_tip, alpha_3_tip, beta_2_tip, beta_3_tip, U_tip, V_2_tip, C_2_tip, M_2_rel_tip, M_2_tip, M_3_rel_tip = aeroturbine.
                          #incerased alpha_2 to 73 from 70
                          if 40 < alpha_2 < 75 and U_hub < 335.28 and reaction_hub > 0 and M_2_rel_hub > M_2_rel_tip and 3150 < omega < 4500 and P_4
                              # ANGLES CHECK
                              if 0 < alpha_2_tip < alpha_2 < alpha_2_hub and 0 < beta_2_tip < beta_2m < beta_2_hub and 0 < alpha_3_tip < k < alpha_3_!</pre>
                                   # OFF DESIGN CALCULATIONS
                                   T_3_od,rho_3_od, P_3_od, alpha_3_od, beta_2_od, flow_coeff_2_od, incidence_2, v_2_od, C_w_3_od,C_a_3_od,U_mean_od,f
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```
if flow_coeff_3_od > flow_coeff_2_od and C_a_3_od > 0 and 10 <= alpha_3_od <= 40 and P_02_rel_od > P_03_rel_od:
                        # VANE AREA AND HEIGHT
                        A_{vane_mean} = (A_1 + A_2)/2
                        h_{vane_mean} = (A_{vane_mean} * N/60)/U
                        r_tip_stator = r_meanline + (h_vane_mean/2)
                        r_hub_stator = r_meanline - (h_vane_mean/2)
                        # DESIGN POINT LOSSES
                        # CALCULATE LOSSES - Stator
                        K_p_stator, pitch_chord_ratio_stator, K_accel_stator, stagger_angle_stator, pitch_chord_ratio_stator, pitch_axide
                        K_s_stator = aerodynamic_losses.secondary_losses.calc_K_s(K_accel_stator, AR_vane, -10, alpha_2)
                        K_TET_stator, N_stator, c_true_stator, c_a_stator,throat_opening_stator = aerodynamic_losses.trailing_edge_losse
                        K_stator = K_p_stator + K_s_stator + K_TET_stator
                        pitch_stator = pitch_chord_ratio_stator*c_true_stator
                        # CALCULATE LOSSES - Rotor
                        K_p_rotor, pitch_chord_ratio_rotor, K_accel_rotor, stagger_angle_rotor, pitch_chord_ratio_rotor, pitch_axial_cho
                        K_s_rotor = aerodynamic_losses.secondary_losses.calc_K_s(K_accel_rotor, AR_rotor, beta_2m, beta_3m)
                        K_TET_rotor, N_rotor, c_true_rotor, c_a_rotor, throat_opening_rotor = aerodynamic_losses.trailing_edge_losses_re
                        K_rotor = K_p_rotor + K_s_rotor + K_TET_rotor
                        pitch_rotor = pitch_chord_ratio_rotor*c_true_rotor
                        # EFFICIENCY CALCULATIONS DESIGN POINT
                        eta_tt = aerodynamic_losses.efficiency_calculations(K_stator, K_rotor, M_2, M_3_rel, C_2, V_3)
                        delta_n, eta_final = aerodynamic_losses.efficiency_final(eta_tt, h, beta_3m, r_tip, r_meanline)
                        # OFF DESIGN LOSSES
                        eta_tt_od, delta_n_od, eta_final_od = aerodynamic_losses.losses_off_design(K_p_rotor, K_s_rotor, K_stator, K_1_i
                        # EFFICIENCY CALCULATIONS OFF DESIGN
                        zxs = verify_zweifel_stator(r_hub_stator, h_vane_mean, N_stator, c_a_stator, -10, alpha_2)
                        zxr = verify_zweifel_rotor(r_hub, h, N_rotor, c_a_rotor , beta_2m, beta_3m)
                        # WORK CHECKS
                        work_Part_A = c_p_gas * 1000 * (T_01-T_03)
                        work\_check\_cw = U * (C_w_2 + C_w_3)
                        work\_check\_vw = U * (V_w_2 + V_w_3)
                        if eta_final_od > 0 and zxs < 0.89 and zxr < 0.94: # This is to filter the abnormal behavior with the graph
                           # -----
                           # START OF LOOP 2
                           # THIS LOOP PROVIDES A NEW DESIGN POINT AND ALSO UPDATES THE VALUES FOR ROTOR INLET AND OUTLET RELATIVE FLOW
                           # Change the incidence angle
                            beta_2 = -1*incidence + beta_2m
                            beta_3 = beta_3m
                           incidence_off = incidence_2 - incidence
                           # OFF DESIGN LOSSES
                            eta_tt_od_new, delta_n_od_new, eta_final_od_new = aerodynamic_losses.losses_off_design(K_p_rotor, K_s_rotor
                           if eta_final_od_new > 0 and N_rotor < 50 and eta_final_od_new > 83:
                               eta_final = eta_final/100
                               eta_final_opt = 1/eta_final
                               eta_final_od = eta_final_od/100
                               eta_final_od_new = eta_final_od_new/100
                               delta eta optimize = eta final - eta final od new
                               data_scratch.append((zxs, zxr))
                               data_meanline.append((j, 1 ,flow_coefficient_2, flow_coefficient_3, omega, m, # Non dimensional para
                                                   T_01, T_1, P_01, P_1, rho_1, T_02, T_2, P_02, P_02_rel, P_2, rho_2, T_03, T_3, P_03
                                                   M_1, C_1, C_a_1, C_w_1, -10, M_2, C_2, C_a_2, C_w_2, alpha_2, M_2_rel, V_2, V_w_2,
                               # alpha_2_hub, alpha_3_hub, beta_2_hub, beta_3_hub, U_hub, V_2_hub, C_2_hub, M_2_rel_hub, M_2_hub, react
                               # alpha_2_tip, alpha_3_tip, beta_2_tip, beta_3_tip, U_tip, V_2_tip, C_2_tip, M_2_rel_tip, M_2_tip, M_3_/
                               data_root_hub.append((reaction_hub, h, r_tip, U_tip, r_hub, r_tip_stator, r_hub_stator, h_vane_mean,
                                                 alpha_2_hub, alpha_3_hub, beta_2_hub, beta_3_hub, U_hub, V_2_hub, C_2_hub, M_2_rel_hul
                                                  alpha_2_tip, alpha_3_tip, beta_2_tip, beta_3_tip, U_tip, V_2_tip, C_2_tip, M_2_rel_ti
                               data_meanline_losses.append((c_true_stator, c_a_stator, stagger_angle_stator, K_p_stator, K_s_stator, K_
                               data_off_design.append((T_3_od, rho_3_od, P_3_od, alpha_3_od, beta_2_od, flow_coeff_2_od, incidence_2,
                               data_efficiency.append((eta_tt, eta_final, eta_final_od, eta_final_od_new, eta_final_opt, delta_eta_opt
data_scratch = pd.DataFrame(data_scratch, columns=['zweifel_stator_NEW', 'zweifel_rotor_NEW'])
data_meanline = pd.DataFrame(data_meanline, columns=['stage_loading', 'reaction_meanline', 'flow_coefficient_2', 'flow_coefficient_3',
data_root_hub = pd.DataFrame(data_root_hub, columns=['reaction_hub', 'h', 'r_tip', 'U_tip','r_hub', 'r_tip_stator', 'r_hub_stator', 'h_
                                                     'alpha_2_hub', 'alpha_3_hub', 'beta_2_hub', 'beta_3_hub', 'U_hub', 'V_2_hub', 'C_2
                                                     'alpha_2_tip', 'alpha_3_tip', 'beta_2_tip', 'beta_3_tip', 'U_tip', 'V_2_tip', 'C_2
data_meanline_losses = pd.DataFrame(data_meanline_losses, columns=['c_true_stator', 'c_a_stator','stagger_angle_stator','K_p_stator', '
data_off_design = pd.DataFrame(data_off_design, columns=['T_3_od', 'rho_3_od', 'P_3_od', 'alpha_3_od', 'beta_2_od', 'flow_coeff_2_od',
data_efficiency = pd.DataFrame(data_efficiency, columns=['eta_tt', 'eta_final', 'eta_final_od', 'eta_final_od_new', 'eta_final_opt','de
```

return data_meanline, data_root_hub, data_meanline_losses, data_off_design, data_efficiency, data_scratch

run int main

[n []: data_meanline, data_root_hub, data_meanline_losses, data_off_design, data_efficiency, data_scratch = int_main(range_mach_exit, range_stage_

Define Optimization Parameters