

CS303T Theory of Computation

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Outline

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 - ▶ Course Overview
 - ▶ Introduction to Automata Theory
- Today
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 - ▶ Deterministic Finite Automata
 - ▶ DFA-Examples

Language and Problem

- In automata theory, a **PROBLEM** is the question of deciding whether a given string is a member of some particular language
- Problem can be expressed as membership in a language
- If Σ is an alphabet and L is a language over Σ then the problem L is
Given a string w in Σ^* decide whether or not w is in L
- Examples:
 - ▶ Problem 1: Is $x \in \{0, 1\}^*$ a member of the set S_1 , where $S_1 = \{w \mid w \text{ is a binary string ending in } 01\}$
 - ▶ Problem 2: Is $n \in \{0, 1\}^*$ a member of the set S_2 , where $S_2 = \{w \mid w \text{ is a binary integer that is prime}\}$

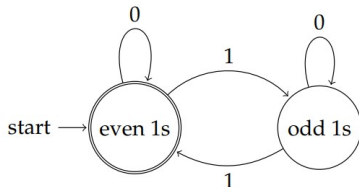
Language vs Problem

- It seems language and problem are really same! But,
- When we care only about the strings for their own sake - Here we tend to think of a **language as set of strings**
 - ▶ Ex: The set $\{0^n 1^n | n \geq 1\}$,
- In certain cases we tend to assign 'semantic' to the strings - **Things represented by the strings (rather than strings itself)**
 - ▶ Here we tend to think of a **set of strings as a problem**.
 - ▶ Ex: Strings - logical expressions, even (or odd) integers

Finite Automata

- Finite automaton has a set of **states**, and its **control** moves from state to state in response to external **inputs**.
 - ▶ **Deterministic** - automaton will be in a unique state at a particular time
 - ▶ **Non-Deterministic** - automaton could be in several states at a particular time

Example



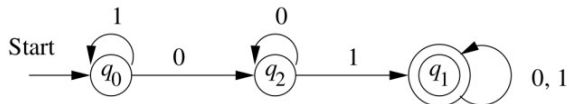
Deterministic Finite Automata (DFA)

DFA is a five tuple $(Q, \Sigma, \delta, q_0, F)$,

- A finite set of **states**, Q
- A finite set of **input symbols**, Σ
- A **transition function** (denoted δ) that takes as arguments a state and an input symbol and returns a state. i.e., $\delta : Q \times \Sigma \rightarrow Q$
- A **start state** $q_0 \in Q$
- A set of **final or accepting states** $F \subseteq Q$

DFA Representation

- Transition Diagram



- Transition Table

	0	1
$\rightarrow q_0$	q_2	q_0
$*q_1$	q_1	q_1
q_2	q_2	q_1

DFA Example

Design a DFA to accept the language $L = \{w \mid w \text{ has both an even number of 0's and an even number of 1's}\}$

