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Computer Networks Lab

Assignment -2 (Socket Programming)

Server Side Code:

```
//Submitted By Paras Jain (2018KUCP1006)
//Server side code
#include <stdio.h>
// It is standard input and output library
#include <stdlib.h>
// It includes functions regarding memory allocation
#include <string.h>
// It contains string functions
#include <errno.h>
//It defines macros for reporting and retrieving error conditions through error codes
#include <time.h>
// It contains various functions for manipulating date and time
#include <unistd.h>
//It contains various constants
#include <sys/types.h>
//It contains a number of basic derived types that should be used whenever appropriate
#include <arpa/inet.h>
// It defines in_addr structure
#include <sys/socket.h>
// It is for socket creation
#include <netinet/in.h>
//It contains constants and structures needed for internet domain addresses

int main(){
    char dataSending[1025];
    // This is basically declaring data variable.
    //This is called packet in Network Communication, which contain data and send through.
    memset(dataSending, '0', sizeof(dataSending));
    //Initialising the dataSending array to char '0'
```

```

int clintConnt = 0;
// Client connection for file descriptor of the accepted socket
//creating socket
//socket() function creates a new socket inside kernel and returns an integer which used as socket descriptor.
int clintListn = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);
// AF_INET is for IPV4 address, SOCK_STREAM is for connection-
oriented,it confirms that we are using TCP as a protocol in this communication, 0 telling kernel to
use default protocol

struct sockaddr_in ipOfServer;
//Creating a variable of datatype struct sockaddr_in to Provide IP address of server
memset(&ipOfServer, '0', sizeof(ipOfServer));
//Initialising all the member variables of structure ipOfServer with '0'
ipOfServer.sin_family = AF_INET;
//same as socket call (AF_INET) i.e for IPV4 address.
ipOfServer.sin_addr.s_addr = htonl(INADDR_ANY); //bind to any local address
ipOfServer.sin_port = htons(2017);
// specify port to listen on, this is basically the port number of running server
// Network'order'is'big-endian'
// Host'order'can'be'big-'or'little-endian'
// conversion is done using htons(), htonl():'host'to'network'short/long'
bind(clintListn, (struct sockaddr *)&ipOfServer, sizeof(ipOfServer));
//to bind the created socket to structure ipOfServer, we are calling bind() function,
//which includes port, ip addresses as arguments.
listen(clintListn, 20);
//Telling willingness to accept connections,
//the 2nd argument 20 says that maximum 20 number of clients can connect to that server.
//So maximum 20 queue process can be handled by server.
time_t clock; // for storing time in seconds. It is a integral value.
while(1){
    //Now the server has started.
    //Next server waits for client request by accept() function.
    clintConnt = accept(clintListn, (struct sockaddr *)NULL, NULL);
    //Whenever successfully complets (a client hits), accept()
    //returns the non-negative file descriptor of the accepted socket
    printf("\n\nHi,Iam running server.Some Client hit me\n");
}

```

```
// whenever a request from client came. It will be processed here.
clock = time(NULL);
//This is basically used to get the current time i.e the time at which a client hit the server.
//This function returns the time since 00:00:00 UTC, January 1, 1970 in seconds
//snprintf() function formats and stores a series of characters and values in the array buffer
snprintf(dataSending, sizeof(dataSending), "%.24s\r\n", ctime(&clock));
// It is storing the time data in the character array dataSending
//The write() function is used to write object or record (sequence of bytes) to the file.
//A record may be an array, structure or class.
write(clientConnt, dataSending, strlen(dataSending));
//It is writing the data from character array dataSending in the file whose descriptor was
//returned by the accept() function which was basically sent by the client
close(clientConnt); // closing the above file.
sleep(1);
// accept() runs infinite loop to keep server running always.
//But it may eat up all CPU processing, to avoid that we have written sleep(1),
//which server went to sleep for 1 sec.
}
return 0;
```

```
}
```

Client Side Code:

```
//Submitted By Paras Jain (2018KUCP1006)
//client side code
#include <stdio.h>
// It is standard input and output library
#include <stdlib.h>
// It includes functions regarding memory allocation
#include <string.h>
// It contains string functions
#include <errno.h>
//It defines macros for reporting and retrieving error conditions through error codes
#include <unistd.h>
//It contains various constants
#include <sys/types.h>
//It contains a number of basic derived types that should be used whenever appropriate
#include <arpa/inet.h>
// It defines in_addr structure
#include <sys/socket.h>
// It is for socket creation
#include <netinet/in.h>
//It contains constants and structures needed for internet domain addresses

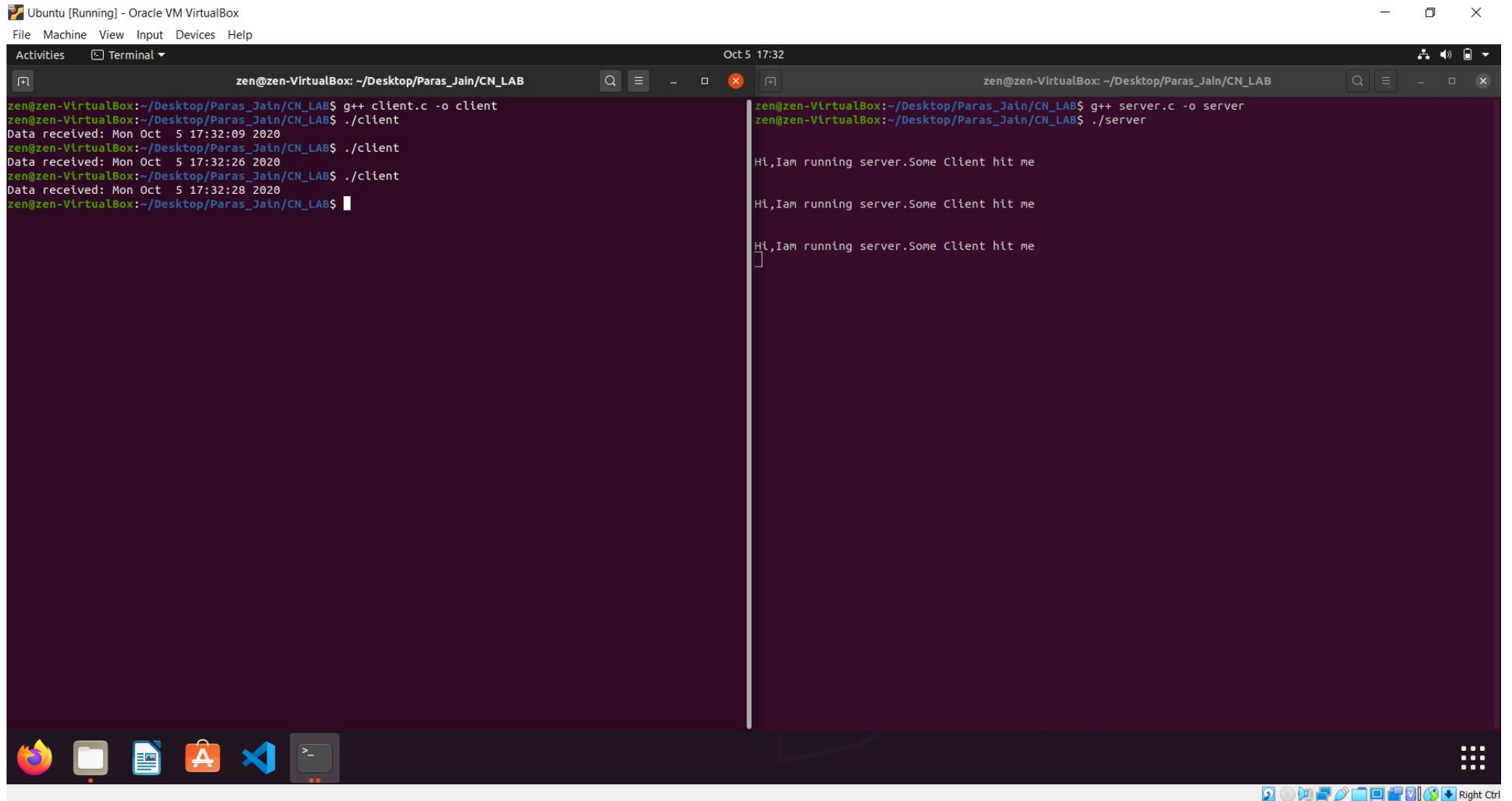
int main(){
    char dataReceived[1024];
    // This is basically declaring data variable. This is called packet in Network Communication, which contain data and send through
    .
    memset(dataReceived, '\0' ,sizeof(dataReceived));
    //Initialising the character array with '\0' i.e null character;
    int CreateSocket = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);
    //Since this communication is through socket, here also, we created socket.
    // AF_INET is for IPV4 address, SOCK_STREAM is for connection-
    oriented,it confirms that we are using TCP as a protocol in this communication, which is reliable communication, 0 telling kernel to
    use default protocol
    if(CreateSocket < 0){ // Socket function returns -ve value if it is not created
        printf("Socket not created \n");
    }
```

```

    return 1;
}
struct sockaddr_in ipOfServer;
ipOfServer.sin_family = AF_INET; //(AF_INET) i.e for IPV4 address.
ipOfServer.sin_port = htons(2017); // This is the port to connect with.
ipOfServer.sin_addr.s_addr = inet_addr("127.0.0.1");
// loopback address return address of server
if(connect(CreateSocket, (struct sockaddr *)&ipOfServer, sizeof(ipOfServer))<0){
//connecting to server, -ve value implies unsuccessful
    printf("Connection failed due to port and ip problems\n");
    return 1;
}
recv(CreateSocket, dataReceived, sizeof(dataReceived),0); //Recieving data from the server
printf("Data received: %s", dataReceived); //Printing recieved data
return 0;
}

```

Output:



The image shows two terminal windows side-by-side in an Oracle VM VirtualBox environment. The left window shows a C++ client program being compiled and executed, which receives data from the server. The right window shows a C++ server program being compiled and executed, which sends data to the client.

```
zen@zen-VirtualBox: ~/Desktop/Paras_Jain/CN_LAB
zen@zen-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/Paras_Jain/CN_LAB$ g++ client.c -o client
zen@zen-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/Paras_Jain/CN_LAB$ ./client
Data received: Mon Oct 5 17:32:09 2020
zen@zen-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/Paras_Jain/CN_LAB$ ./client
Data received: Mon Oct 5 17:32:26 2020
zen@zen-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/Paras_Jain/CN_LAB$ ./client
Data received: Mon Oct 5 17:32:28 2020
zen@zen-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/Paras_Jain/CN_LAB$
```

```
zen@zen-VirtualBox: ~/Desktop/Paras_Jain/CN_LAB
zen@zen-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/Paras_Jain/CN_LAB$ g++ server.c -o server
zen@zen-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/Paras_Jain/CN_LAB$ ./server

Hi,Iam running server.Some Client hit me

Hi,Iam running server.Some Client hit me

Hi,Iam running server.Some Client hit me

```