



Université Libre de Bruxelles

# Implementation of High-Level Cryptographic Protocols using a SoC platform

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- 2 Cryptographic protocols
- 3 Platform
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# Objectives

- Real life use cases.
- Decrease CPU load.
- Improve performance.

# Cryptographic protocols

## VPN

- TLS
- IPsec

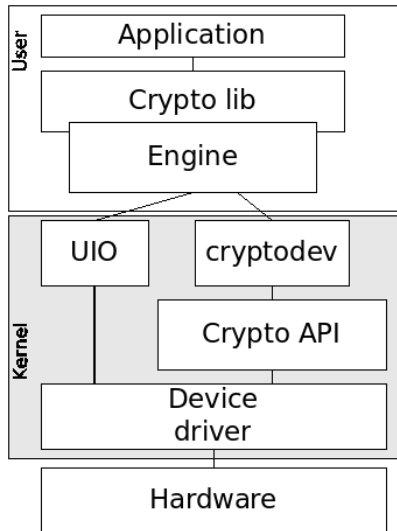
## Schemes

- AES
- SHA-2
- Diffie-Hellman
- RSA

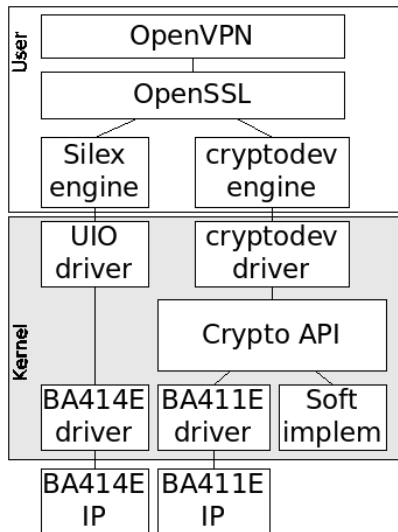
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# Linux structure



# Linux structure (Cont'd)

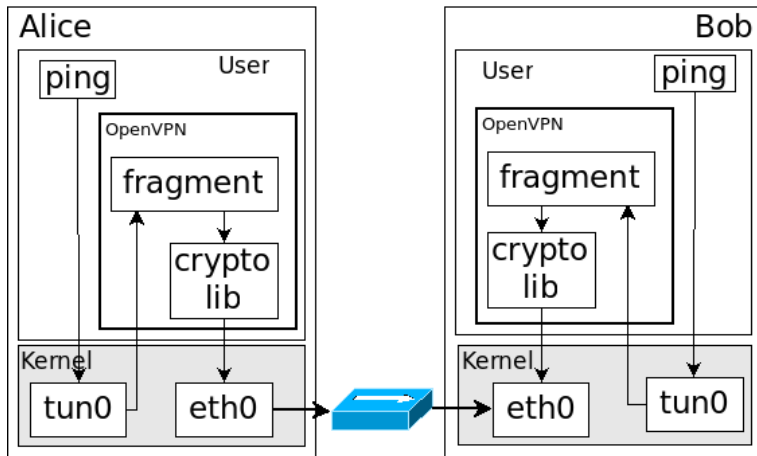


# Contents

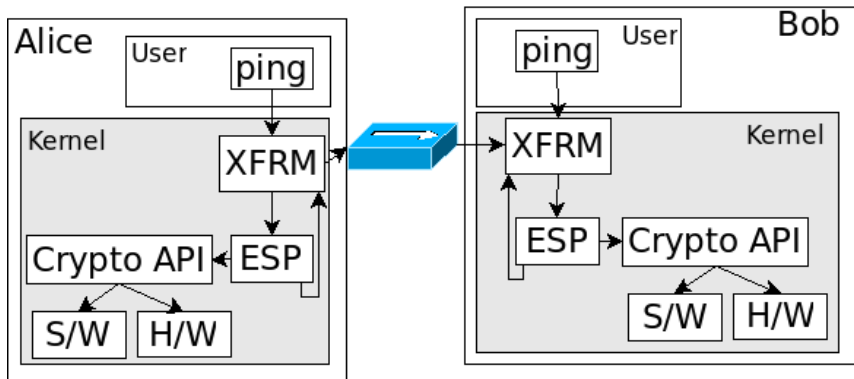
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# OpenVPN



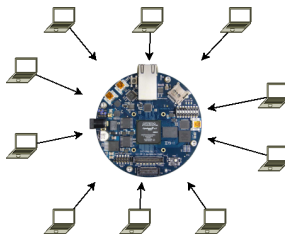
## IPsec



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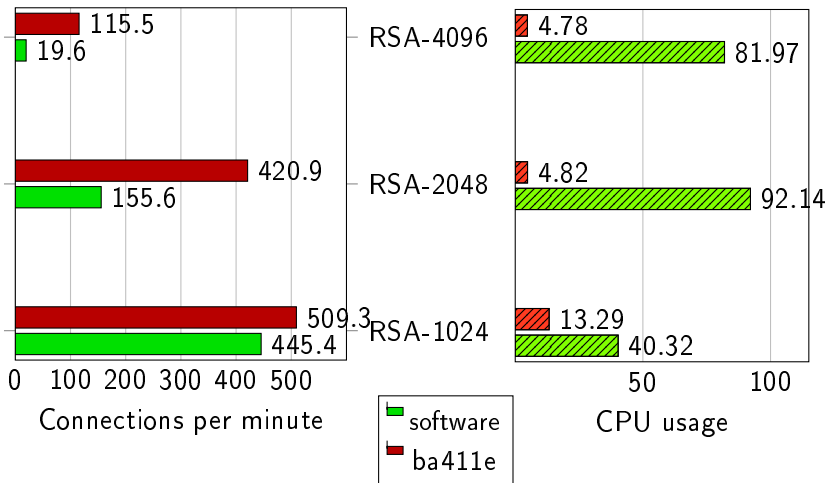
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  - TLS connections
  - File transfer
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# TLS connections – Context

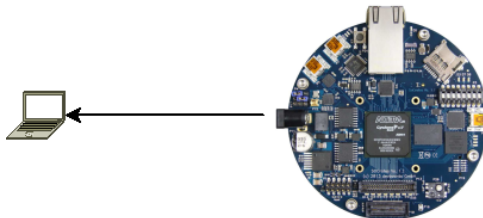


- 1 server, 10 clients
- 1-second connections
- RSA-1024/2048/4096
- OpenVPN

# TLS connections – OpenVPN

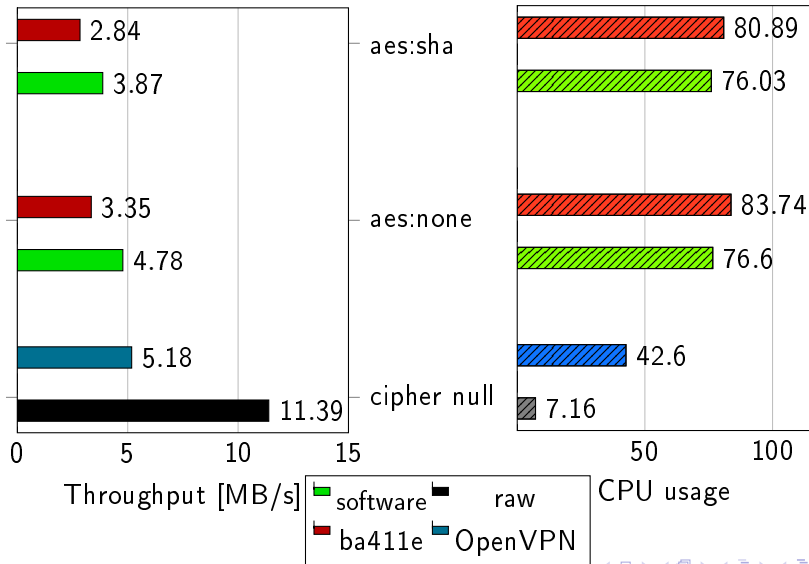


# File transfer – Context

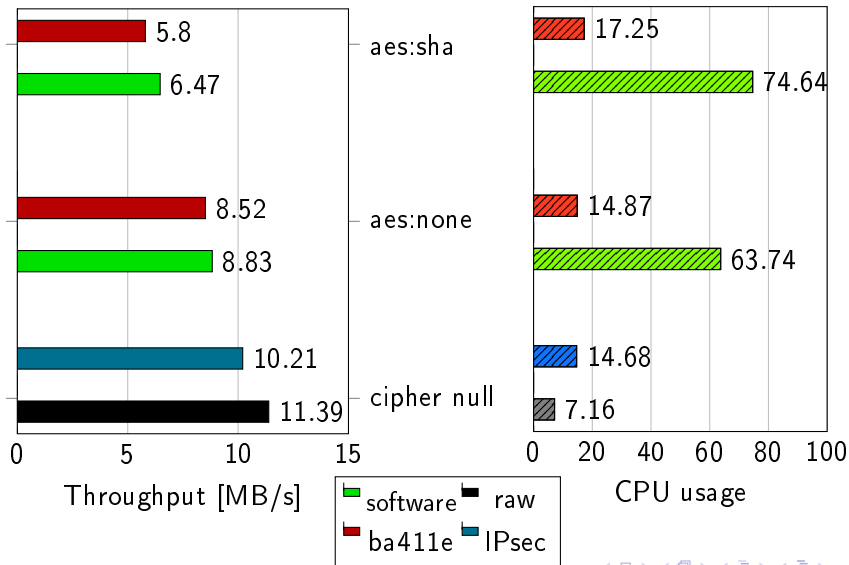


- 128MB file
- AES-256-CBC/SHA-256
- OpenVPN/IPsec

# File transfer – OpenVPN



# File transfer – IPsec





# Conclusion

## TLS connections

- 589% connections
- 5% the CPU usage

## File transfer

- Drop OpenVPN
- 89% performance
- 23% the CPU usage

# Conclusion

- Ongoing development