



Université Libre de Bruxelles

Implementation of High-Level Cryptographic Protocols using a SoC platform

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- Context
- 2 Cryptographic protocols
- Platform
- 4 Implementation
- Results
- Conclusion

- Internet of things
- Work done with Barco Silex

Objectives

- Real life use cases.
- Decrease CPU load.
- Improve performance.

Cryptographic protocols

VPN

- TLS
- IPsec

Schemes

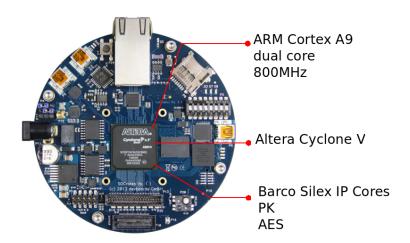
- AES
- SHA-2
- Diffie-Hellman
- RSA

Contents

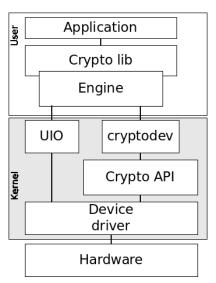
- Context
- 2 Cryptographic protocols
- Platform
 - Hardware
 - Operating System
- 4 Implementation
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- Conclusion



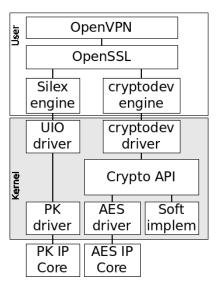
SoCrates



Linux structure



Linux structure (Cont'd)

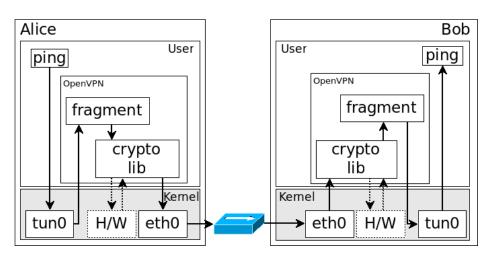


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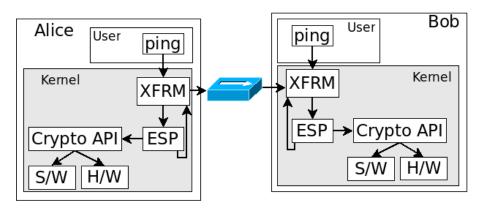
- Context
- 2 Cryptographic protocols
- Opening the second of the s
- Implementation
 - OpenVPN
 - IPsec
- Results
- Conclusion



OpenVPN



IPsec

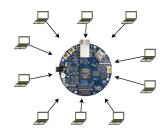


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- Cryptographic protocols
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- Results
 - TLS connections
 - File transfer
 - Interpretation
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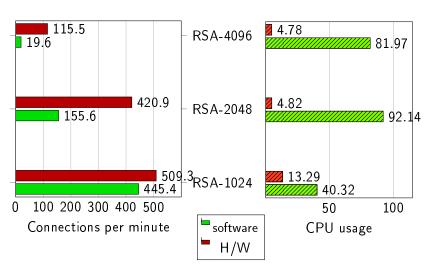
TLS connections - Context



- 1 server, 10 clients
- 1-second connections
- RSA-1024/2048/4096
- OpenVPN

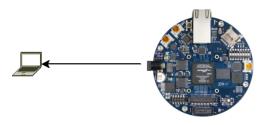


TLS connections - OpenVPN



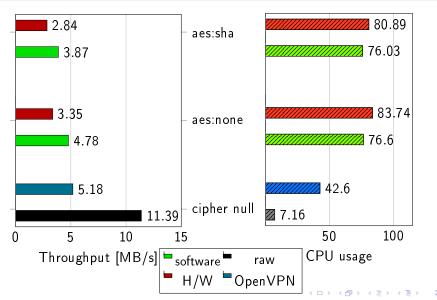


File transfer - Context

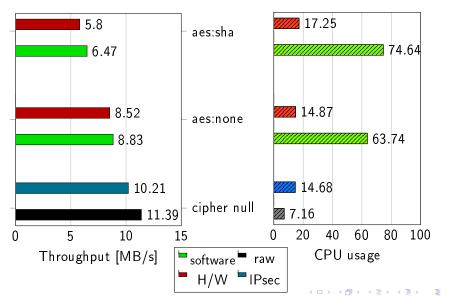


- 128MB file
- AES-256-CBC/SHA-256
- OpenVPN/IPsec

File transfer - OpenVPN



File transfer – IPsec



Results interpretation

- OpenVPN is single-threaded
- OpenVPN software overhead

Conclusion

TLS connections

- \bullet connections $\times 6$
- CPU usage $\div 20$

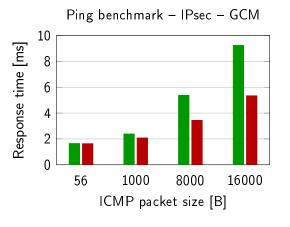
File transfer

- Drop OpenVPN
- Performance -10%
- CPU usage ÷4

Conclusion

- Ongoing development
 - Test better hardware
 - Improve the drivers
- GCM is comming

Software GCM



soft-gcm256
ba411e-cbc256:none

Figure: Software: asm kernel module mode GCM

Hardware: AES IP core mode CBC