







# Hitbox & Bounding Box Fun!




Let's pause Pong and learn some cool  
game dev tricks! 🕶️🎮



# What's a Bounding Box?

-  It's an invisible box around an object.
-  Games use it to check for collisions!
-  Simple shapes = faster calculations.
-  Can a circle use a box? (Yes!)

# Why Hitboxes?

-  Hitboxes make games faster and simpler!
-  If boxes overlap, we say there's a hit!
-  Works for enemies, walls, paddles, balls...



# Bounding Box vs. Hitbox

## (General Idea)

- **Bounding Box:** A rectangle (or sometimes another shape) that contains an object.
- **Hitbox:** The part of the object that is *considered* for collisions — may or may not match the visual shape or bounding box.







# In Tkinter:

- Tkinter shapes like `create_oval`, `create_rectangle`, etc., store their positions as bounding boxes.
- `.coords()` gives you the `[x1, y1, x2, y2]` of the object's bounding box.
- We often use that bounding box directly as a **hitbox**, because it's simple and already available.



# Try It Out in Code!

-  We'll move one box left with a button.
-  If boxes touch: Collision!
-  Boxes change color to show hit.
-  What will happen when they collide?

# ?Question?

? Why does it 'collide' if the shapes aren't touching?

*Hint: Bounding Box!*




Students, write your response!

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# Bounding Box Logic

- if ( $\text{pos1}[2] \geq \text{pos2}[0]$  and  $\text{pos1}[0] \leq \text{pos2}[2]$
- and  $\text{pos1}[3] \geq \text{pos2}[1]$  and  $\text{pos1}[1] \leq \text{pos2}[3]$ ):
-  Collision!
- else: No collision



# ?Question?

? Can you imagine a time when the hitbox should be smaller than the object?

*Hint: Should you lose a life/game over because your cape touched an enemy?*



Students, write your response!

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# In Other Languages/Libraries:

✓ Examples of libraries that may use or allow custom hitboxes:

- **Pygame (Python):**
  - `Rect` objects are common for collisions, but you can define your own hitbox logic.
- **Unity (C#):**
  - Uses colliders (`BoxCollider`, `CircleCollider`, `PolygonCollider`) for hit detection.
- **Godot (GDScript):**
  - Supports bounding boxes but allows custom collision shapes per sprite.
- **Scratch (Block-based):**
  - Uses a pixel-perfect “costume touching” detection, which is more accurate than bounding boxes.



# Wrap-Up Questions

-  How does this apply in our Pong game?
-  Next up: build the Paddle!



Students, write your response!