Implement a Graph Convolutional Network in PyTorch (Node Classification)

import dgl - Library Por GNN import torch import torch. nn as nn import torch. nn as nn import rorch. nn. functional as F

inport dyl. data

dataset = dyl. data. Gra Graph Dataset () Papers & Citodions

this dataset Consist of one graph.

From holom in the Constant

from dgl. nn import Graph Conv

class G(N(nn. Module): - just like any torch module.

def __init__ (self, in_fents, h_feats, n_classes):

super (G(N, self). __ init __ ()

self. Conv1 = Graph Conv (in_feats, h_feats)

self. Gonv2 = Graph Conv (h_feats, n_classes)

def train (g, model):

opt = torch. optim. Adam (model. parameters (), lr= 0.01)

best_val - acc, best_test - acc = 0,0

feats = g. ndata ['feat']

labels = g.ndata ['label']

train_mask = g.ndata ['train_mask']

val_mask = g.ndata ['val_mask']

test_mask = g.ndata ['test_mask']

for e in epoch5:

logits = model (g, feats)

pred = logits. argmax (1)

forward

loss = F. Cross-entropy (logits [train-mask],
Libers [train-mask])

train_acc=(pred [train_mask] == labels [train_mask]) · float (). mean () val _ acc = (pred [val _ mask] == labels) val_mask) · float (). mean () test_acc=(pred [test_mask] == labels (test_mask) · float (). mean ()

if best_val_acc < val_acc: best-val_acc= val_acc best_test_acc = test_acc

opt.zero-grad ()
backward

loss.backward() opt. step()