

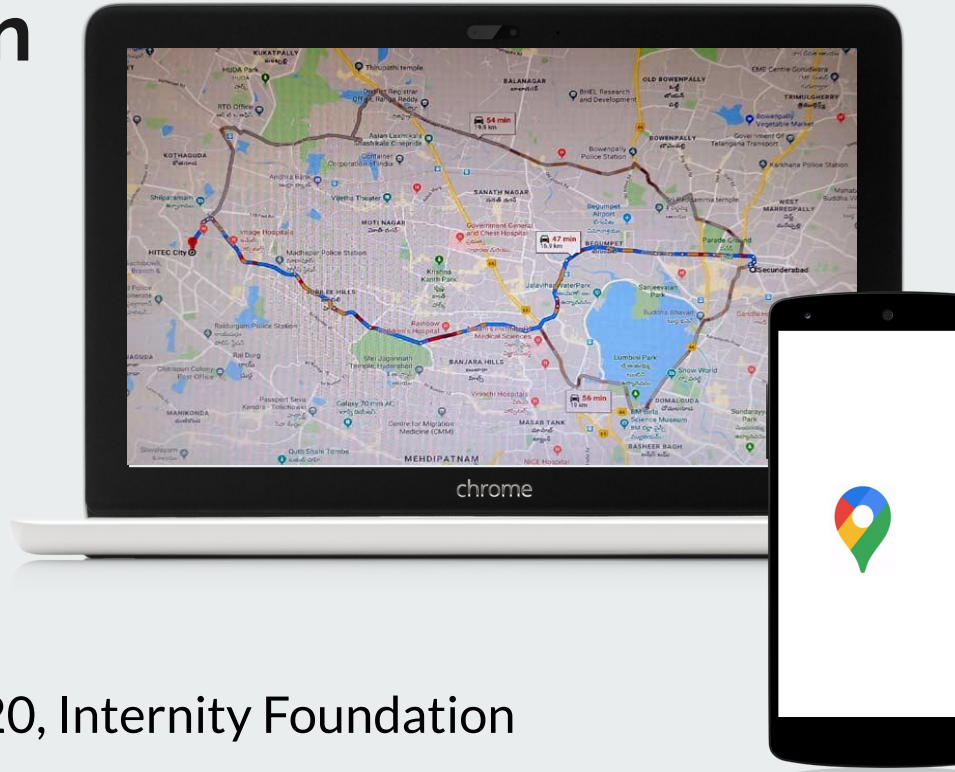
# Use of Greedy Method in Google Maps

Group 1

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# What is Greedy Method ?

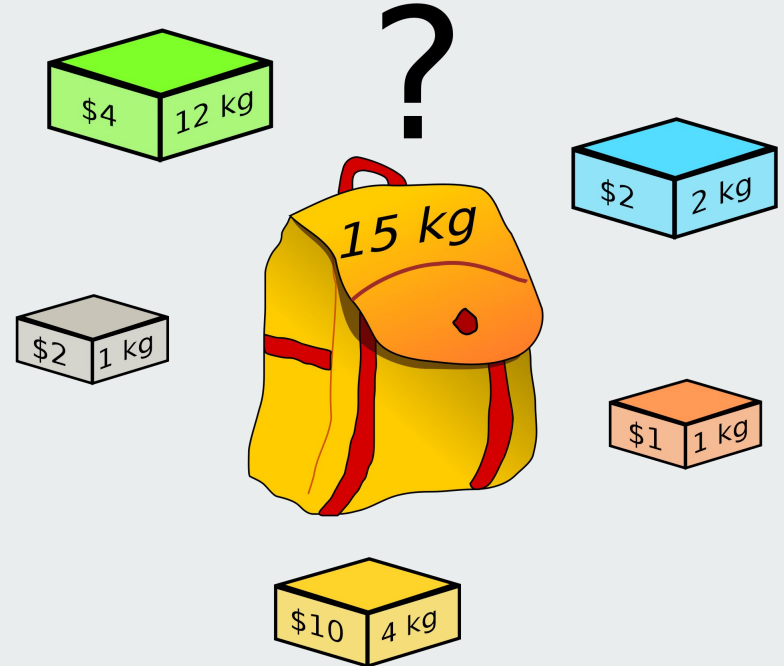


- Technique that makes a choice that looks best at the moment
- The intuition behind it is that the local optimal can be used to build an optimal solution
- It may or may not lead to an optimal solution for all the problems
- They take decisions on the basis of information at hand without worrying about the effect these decisions might have in the future
- They are easy to implement and quite efficient.

# Examples of Greedy Method

- Kruksal's Minimum Spanning Tree
- Prim's Minimum Spanning Tree
- Huffman Codes (data - compression codes)
- Dijkstra's Shortest Path Algorithm
- Dial's Algorithm
- Reverse delete Algorithm for MST

## Fractional Knapsack Problem



## What is Dijkstra Algorithm?



- Dijkstra's Algorithm was delivered by a dutch scientist "**Edsger Wybe Dijkstra**" in 1956 and published in 1959.

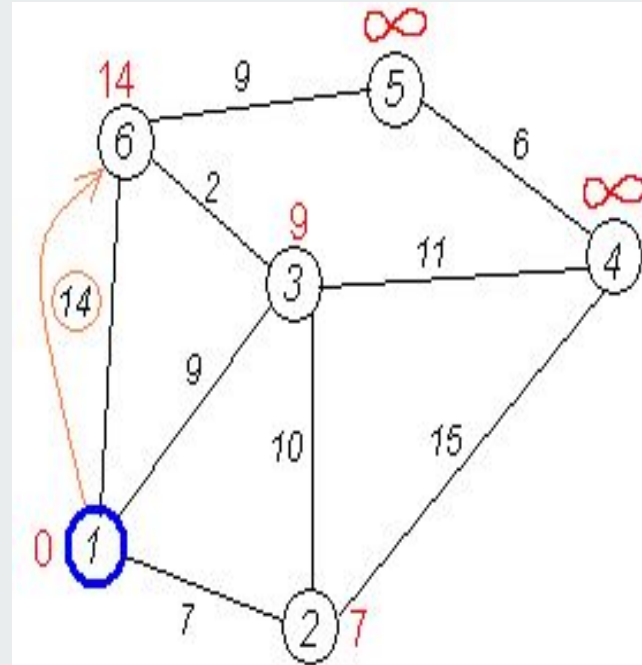


Why has elegance found so little following? That is the reality of it. Elegance has the disadvantage, if that's what it is, that hard work is needed to achieve it and a good education to appreciate it.

— *Edsger Dijkstra* —

# Dijkstra's Algorithm

- It is the solution to shortest path problem of graphs
- It is a Dynamic Approach of finding a globally optimal solution by greedily choosing locally optimal solution
- Input :** Weighted graph and source vertex s.t. all edge weights are positive
- Output :** Length of shortest path from source vertex to all other vertices



# Time Complexity



- Using **Array** or **Linked List** for storing vertices , time complexity will be :

$$O(|V|^2 + |E|)$$

- Using **adjacency list** through **Heap** or **Priority Queue** will take :

$$O(|E| + |V|) \log |V|$$

### Social Networking Application

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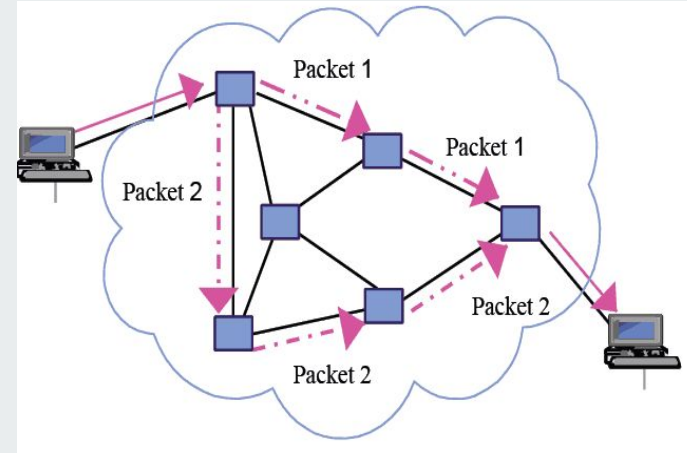
In many social networking applications, it is very common to suggest the lists of the friends that a particular user may know. The standard *Dijkstra algorithm* can be applied using shortest path between users measured in handshakes or connections between two users.



# Telephone Network

In a telephone network, we want to route the phone call via the highest Bandwidth.

The bandwidth of a transmission line is the highest frequency that can be supported by the line. Generally, the higher the frequency of the signal the more the signal is attenuated by the line. If we are transmitted a digital signal then the BW represents the highest frequency or the fastest the signal can change from 0 to 1. Bandwidth represents the amount of information that can be transmitted by the line.





# Flight Agenda

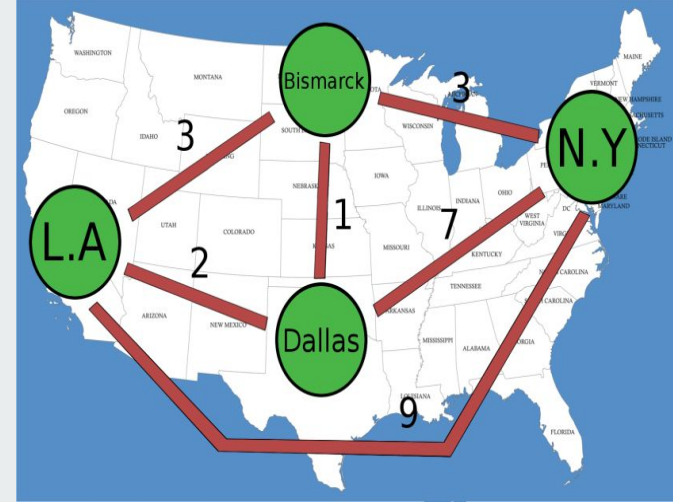
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Flight scheduling application, allows users to find the shortest path to their preference destination, based on Dijkstra's algorithm and Data Structure model. It is basically used to determine the earliest arrival time for a particular destination, given an origin airport and start time.



# Mapping

**Dijkstra's** algorithm (or **Dijkstra's** Shortest Path First algorithm) is an algorithm for finding the shortest paths between nodes in a graph, which may represent, for example, road networks.






Google Maps is a Web-based service that provides detailed information about geographical regions and sites around the world. In addition to conventional road maps, Google Maps offers aerial and satellite views of many places. In some cities, Google Maps offers street views comprising of photographs taken from vehicles.





Google Maps offers several services as part of the larger Web application, as follows.

- A route planner
- The Google Maps application program interface (API)
- Google Maps for Mobile.
- Google Street View
- Supplemental services



Like we have already mentioned that one of the most widely used application of Dijkstra's algorithm is it is used in Mapping. One of the universally used convention for the same is Google Maps. The aim of this presentation is to get a better understanding of how Dijkstra's algorithm plays a pivotal role in the working of Google Maps.



## Collect & Update data

Google collect data from following sources

- Map Partners
- Street View
- Location Service
- Google map maker(Local guides)
- Satellite
- Business owners
- sensors



## Check for current traffic status

Google shows red-green-orange lines on map according to the current traffic speed.

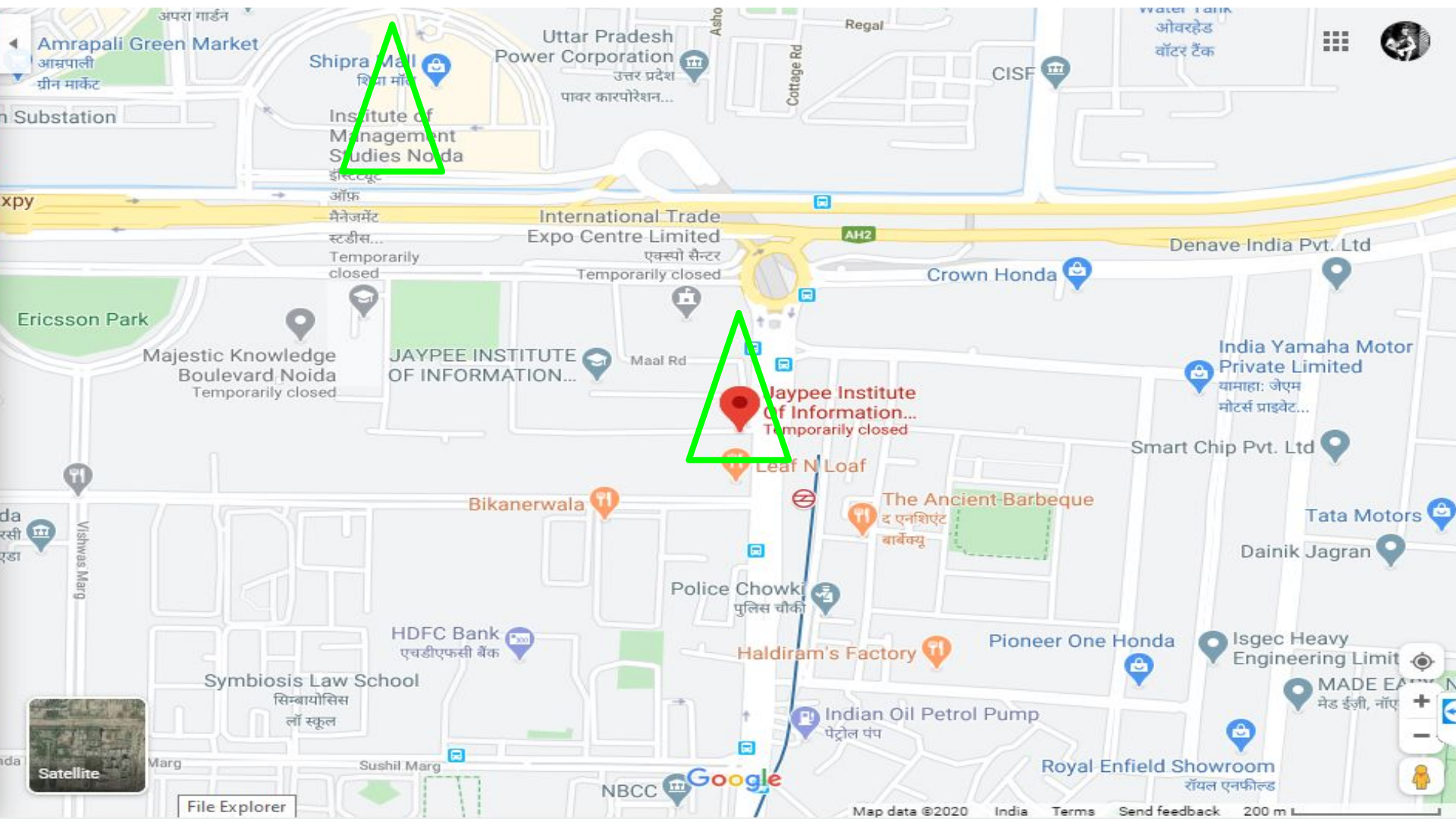
For this purpose it uses live data through-

- Crowdsourcing
- Sensors



## Apply Dijkstra Algorithm

- Analyse Current traffic status.
- Apply dijkstra for shortest paths
- Apply time constraint as objective function
- Suggest best suited directions.



Amrapali Green Market

आम्रपाली  
ग्रीन मार्केट

Shipra Mall  
शिप्रा मॉल

Institute of  
Management  
Studies Noida

इंस्टीट्यूट

ऑफिस

मेनेजमेंट

स्टडीस...

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Smart Chip Pvt. Ltd

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Dainik Jagran

Isgec Heavy  
Engineering Limit

MADE EA  
मेड ईजी, नॉए

Royal Enfield Showroom

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Symbiosis Law School

सिम्बायोसिस  
लॉ स्कूल

HDFC Bank

एचडीएफसी बैंक

Police Chowki

पुलिस चौकी

Haldiram's Factory

Pioneer One Honda

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पेट्रोल पंप

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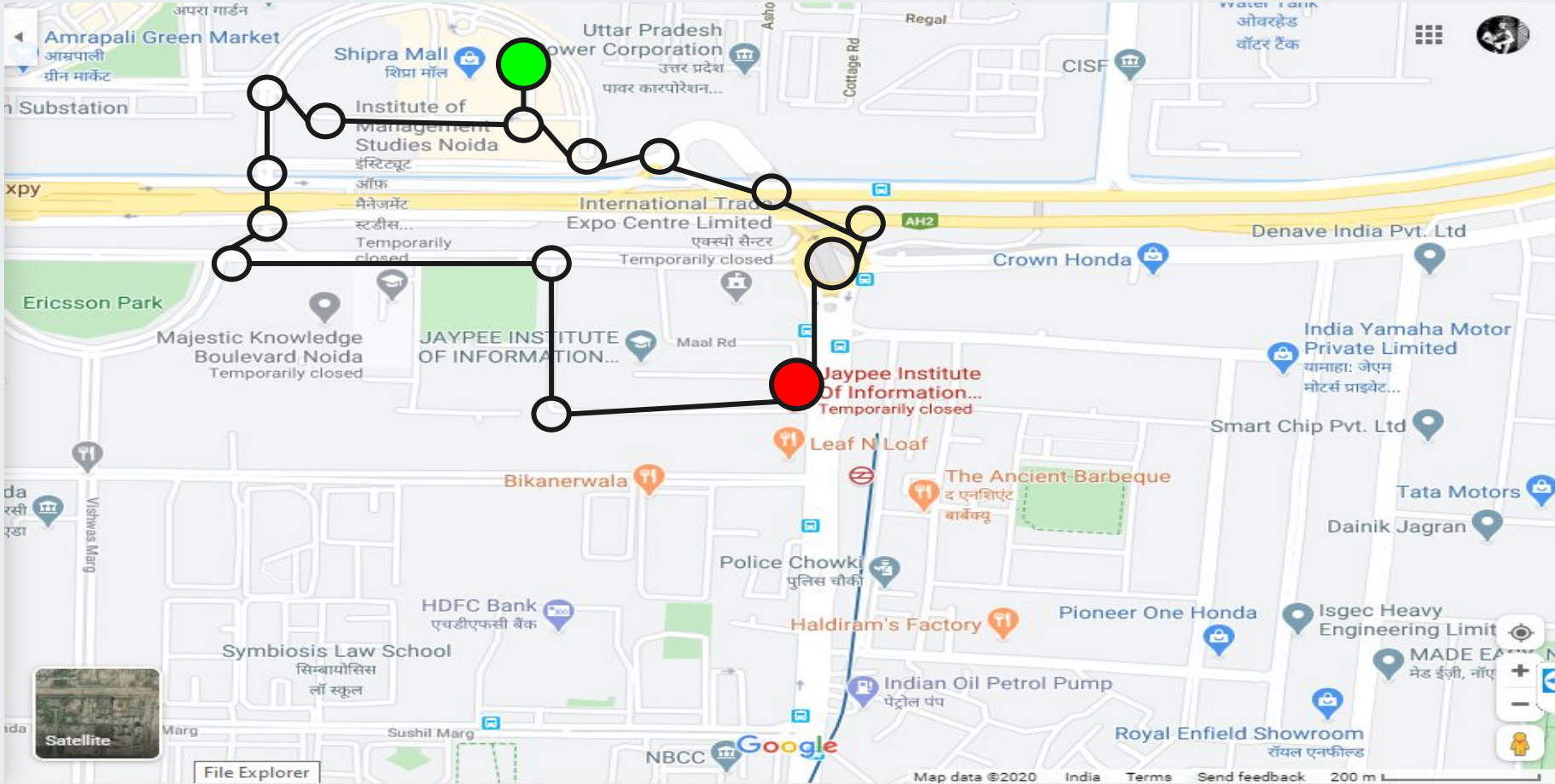
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File Explorer

Satellite

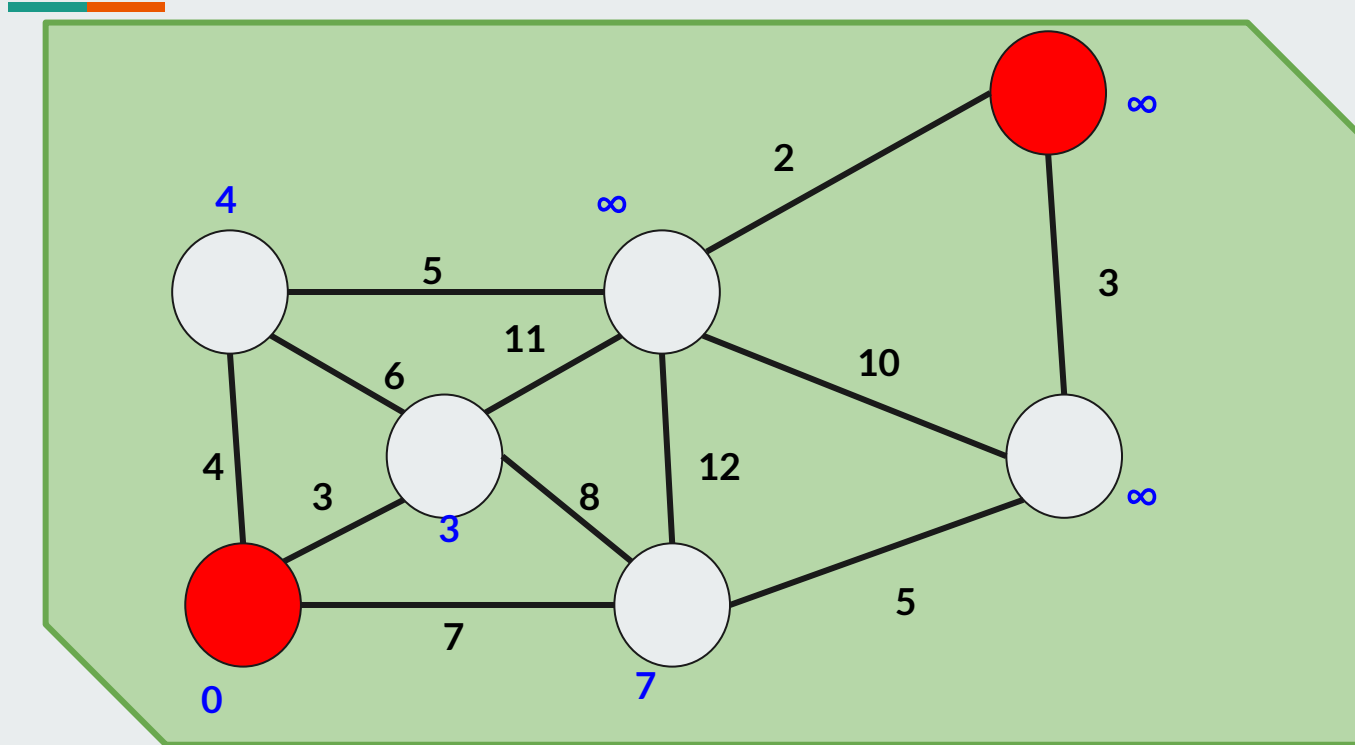


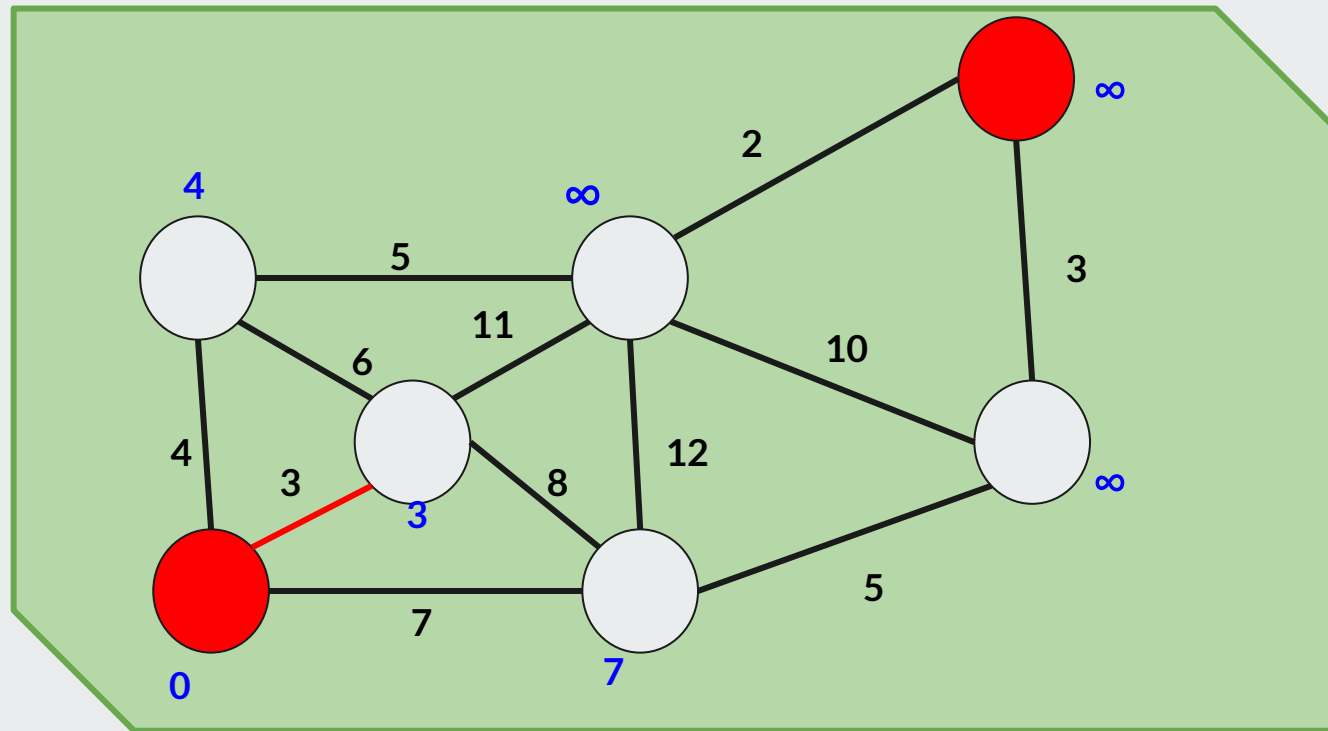
# Step 2. Replace all circles/diversions with nodes and roads with edge

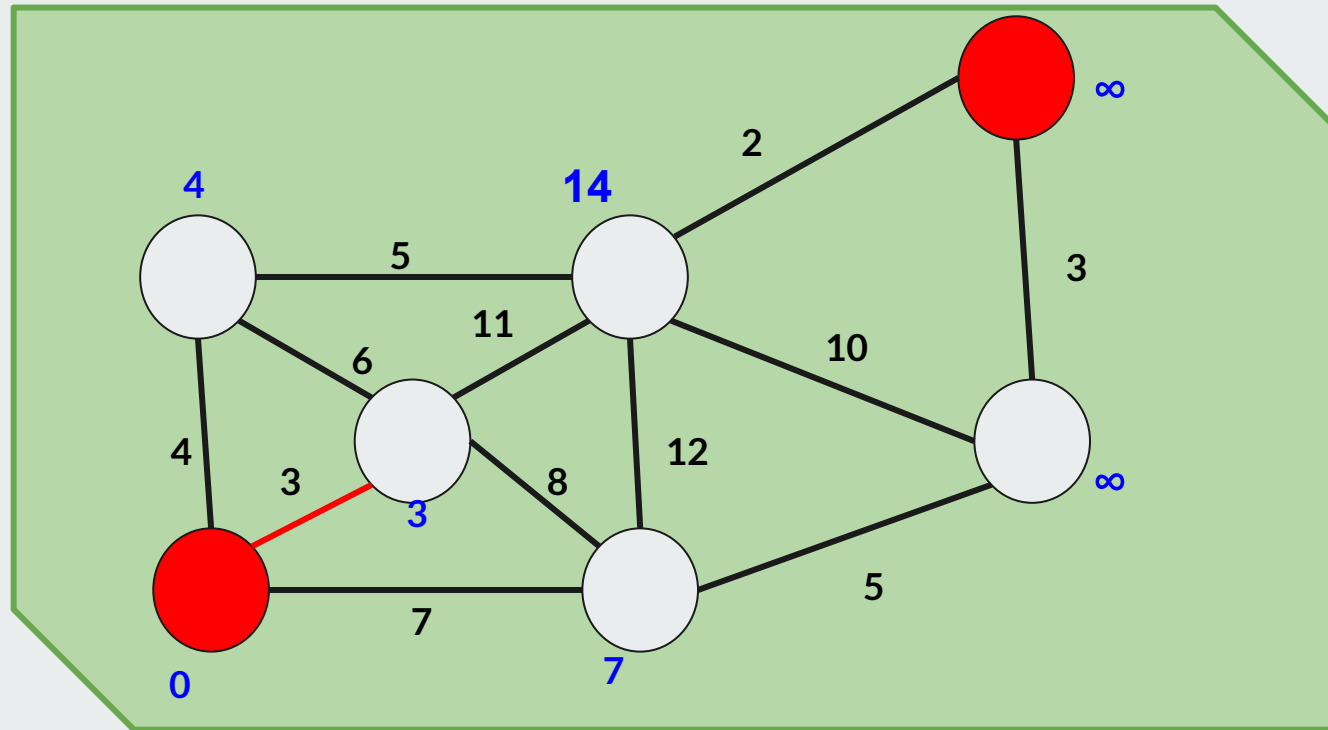


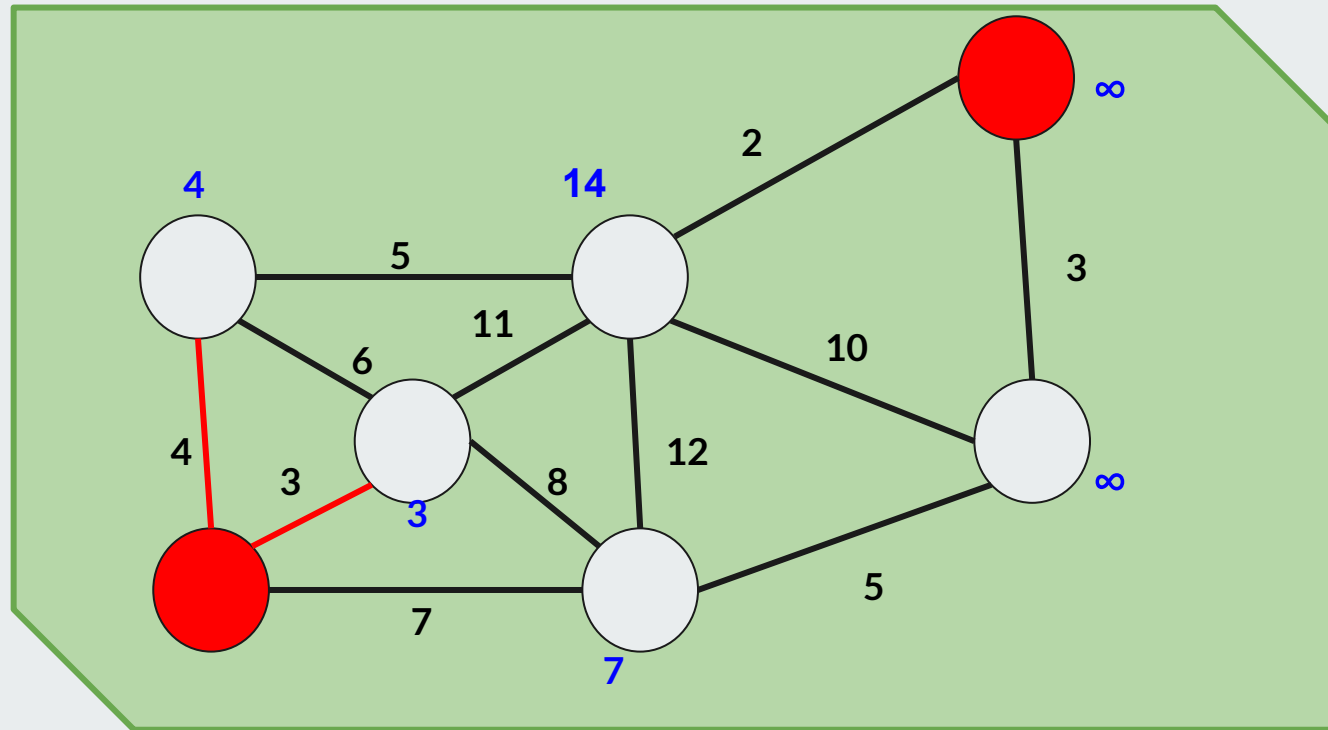
### Step 3 . Apply weights on each route & apply Algorithm

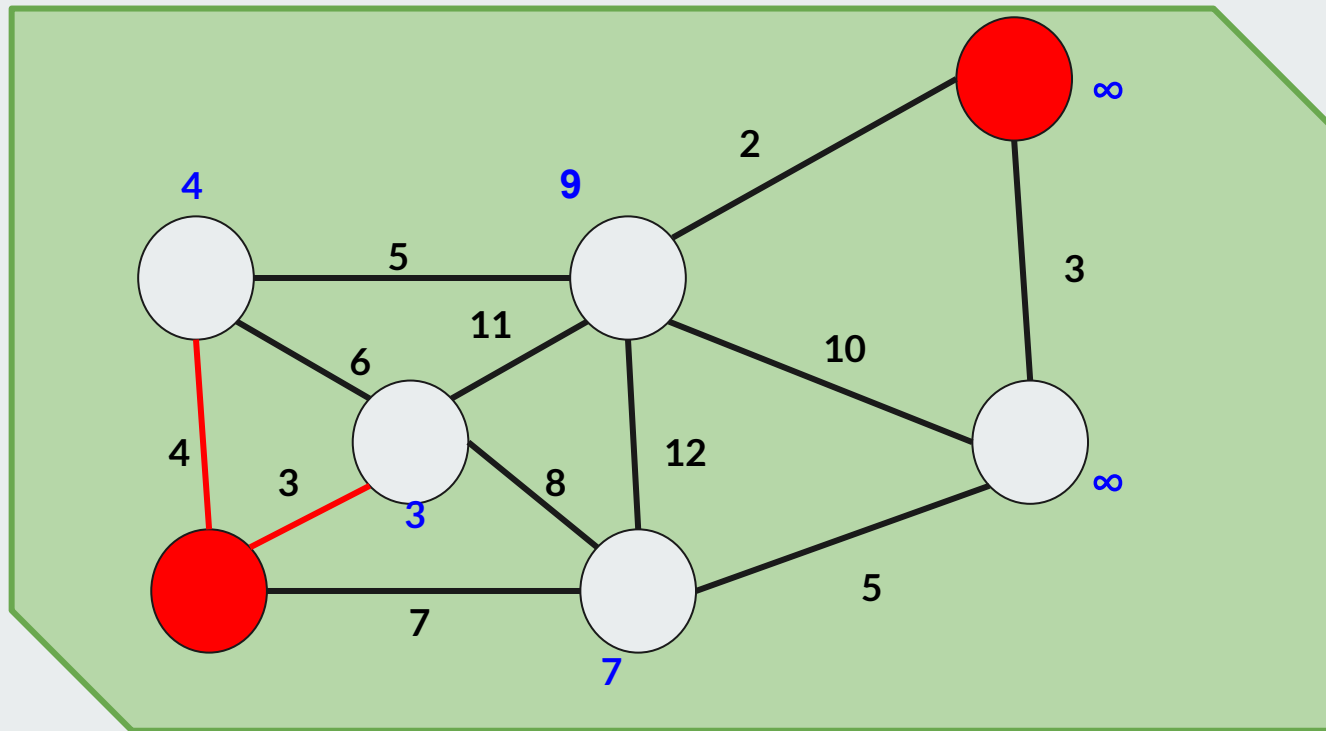
Here weights are time required to cover the distance with respect to the current traffic situation.

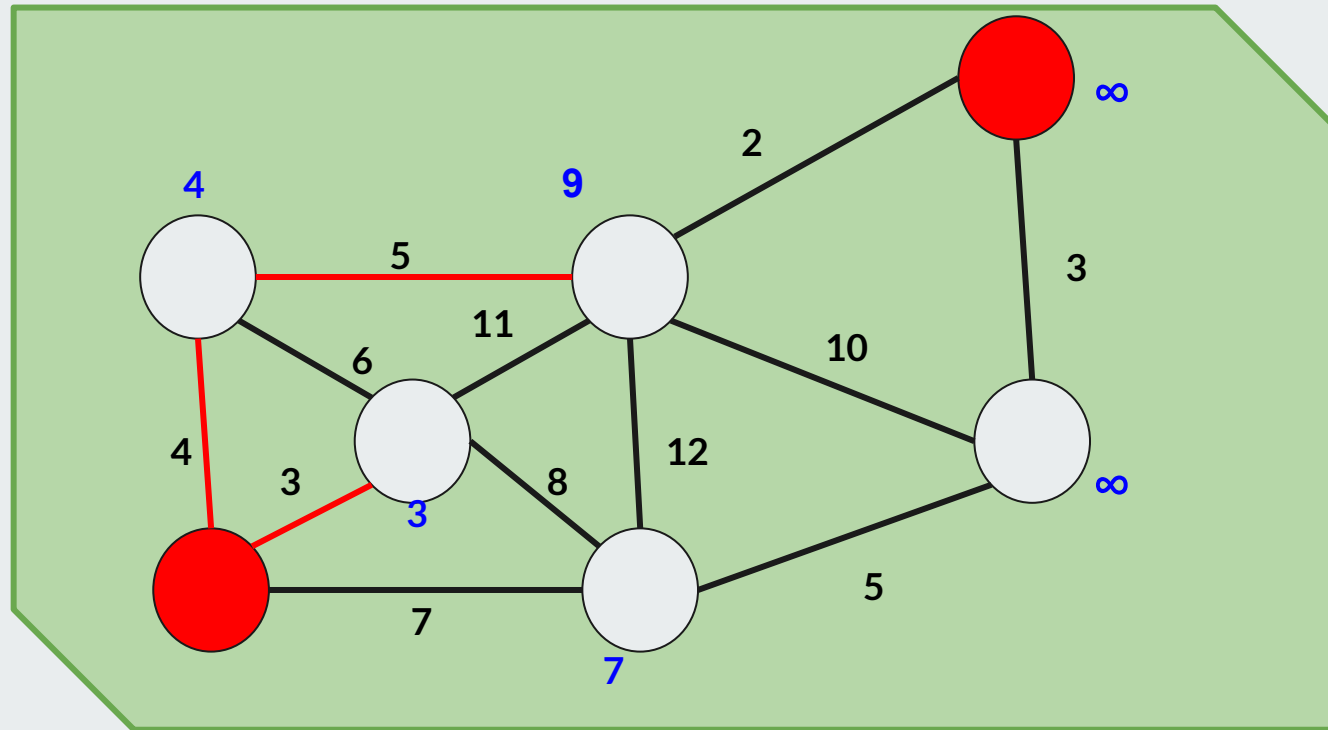


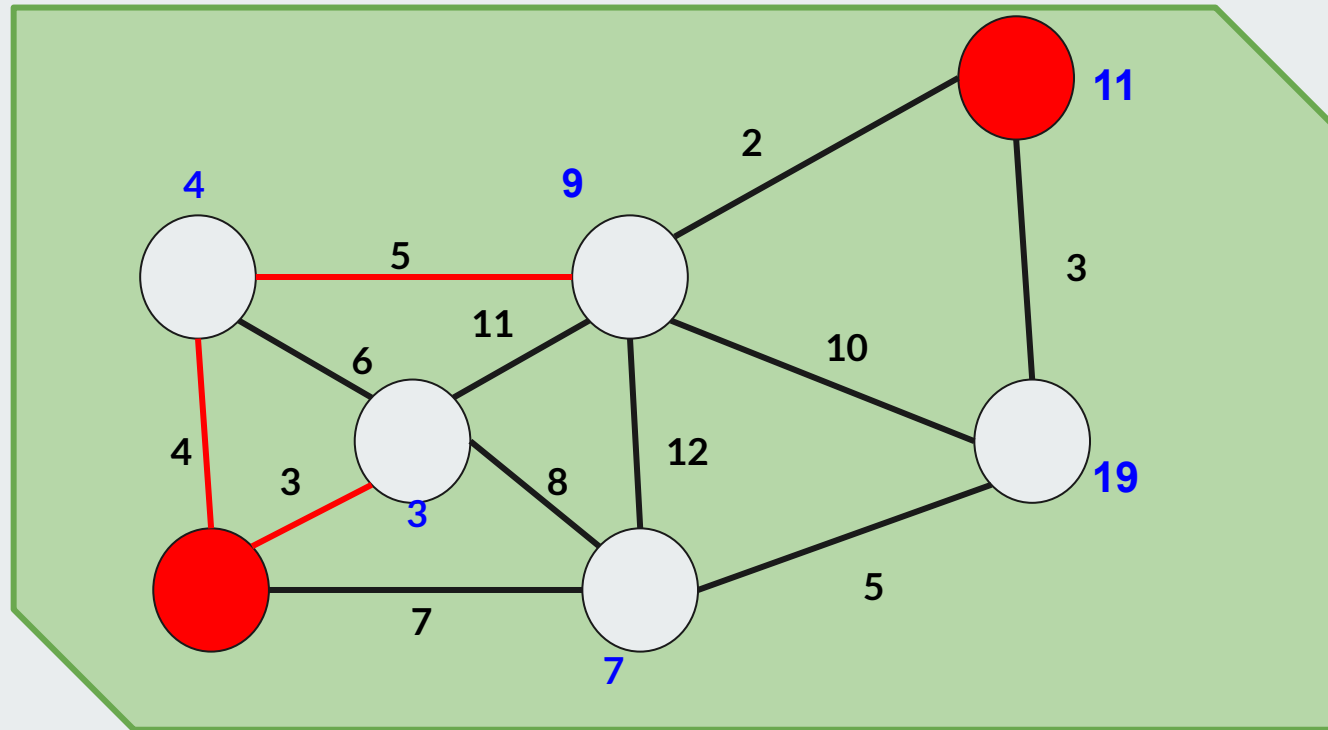




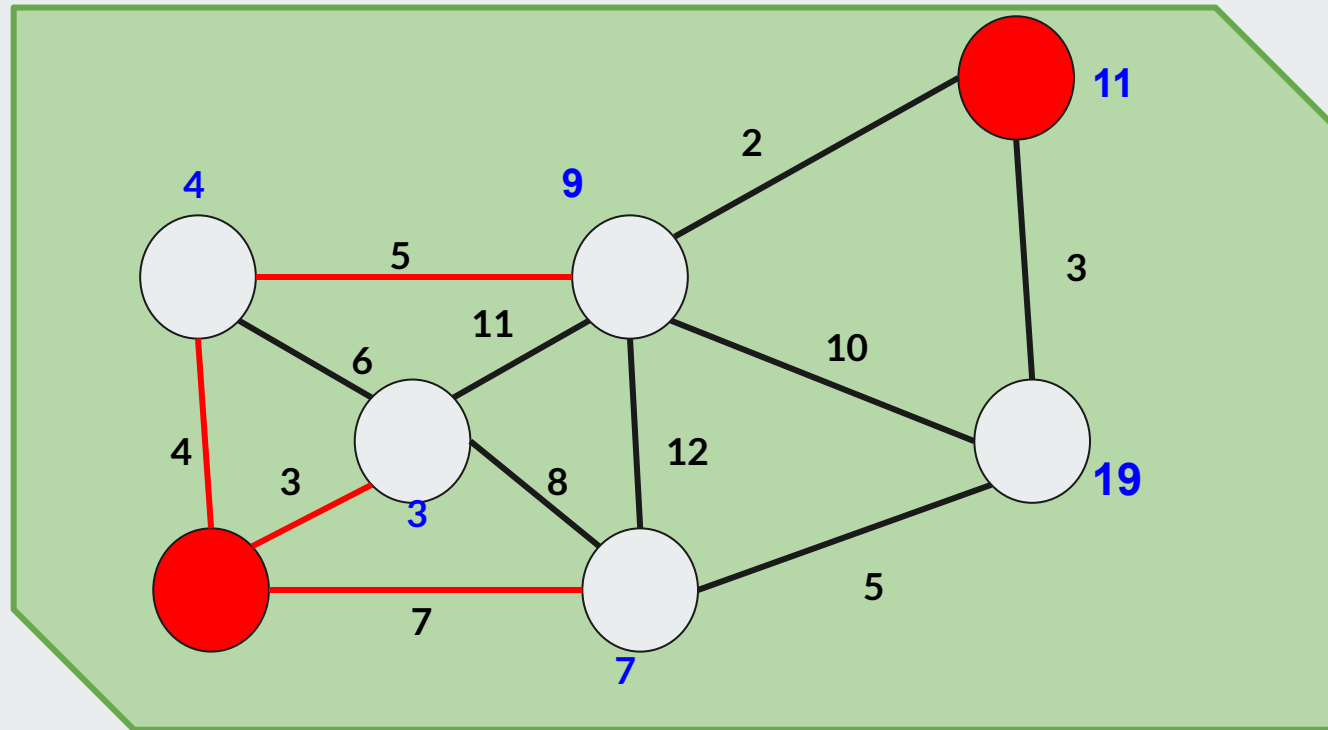


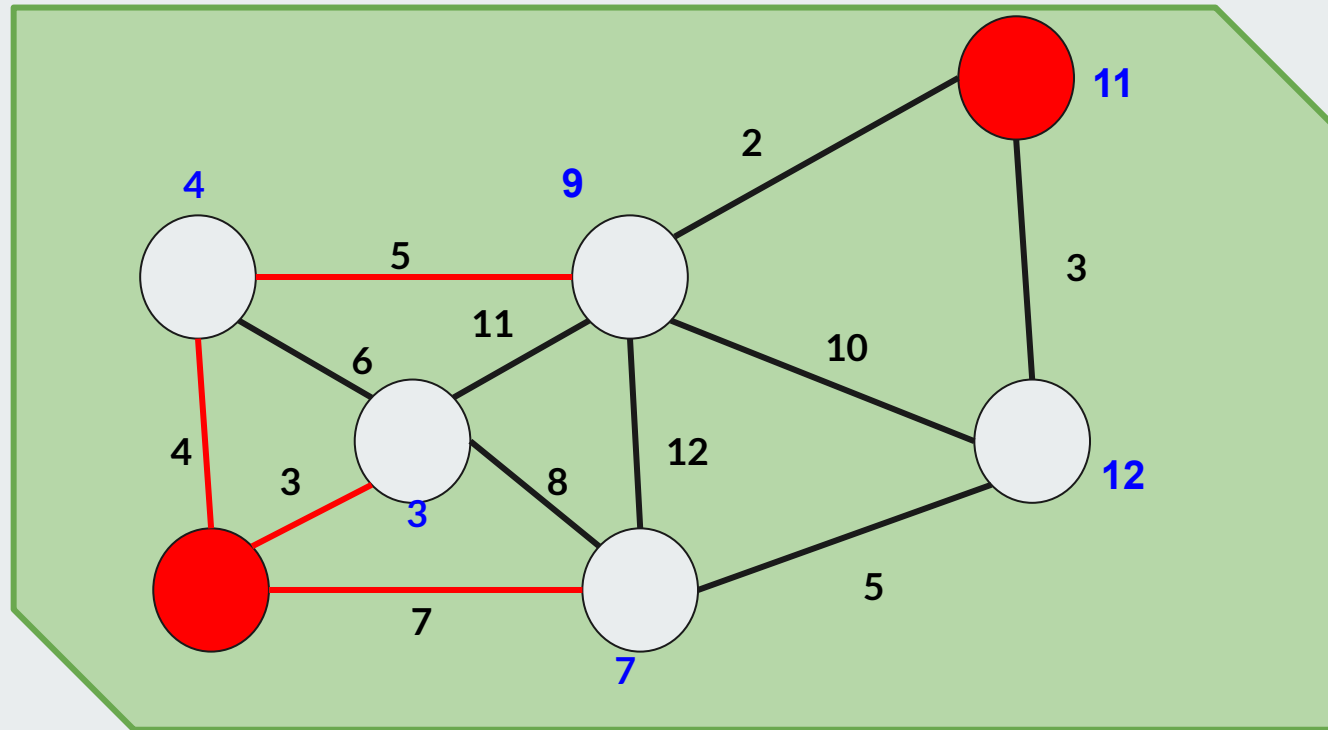


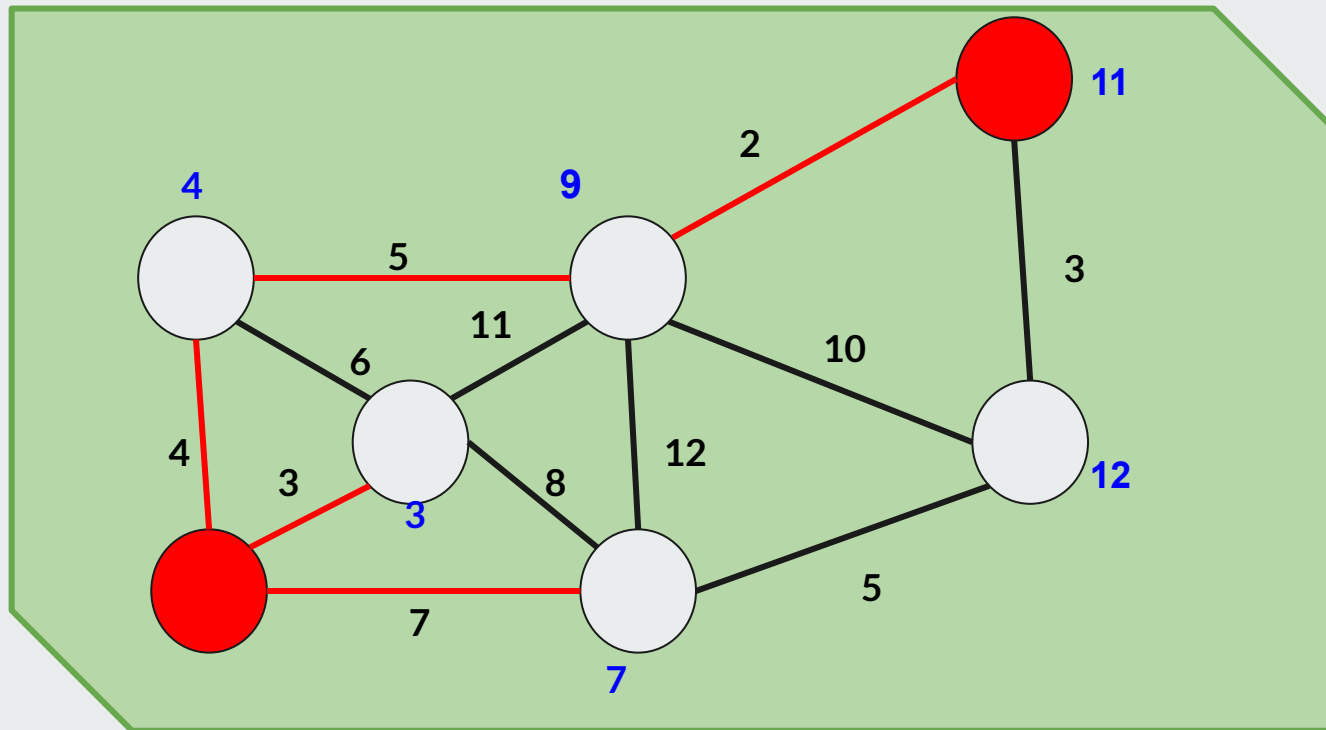




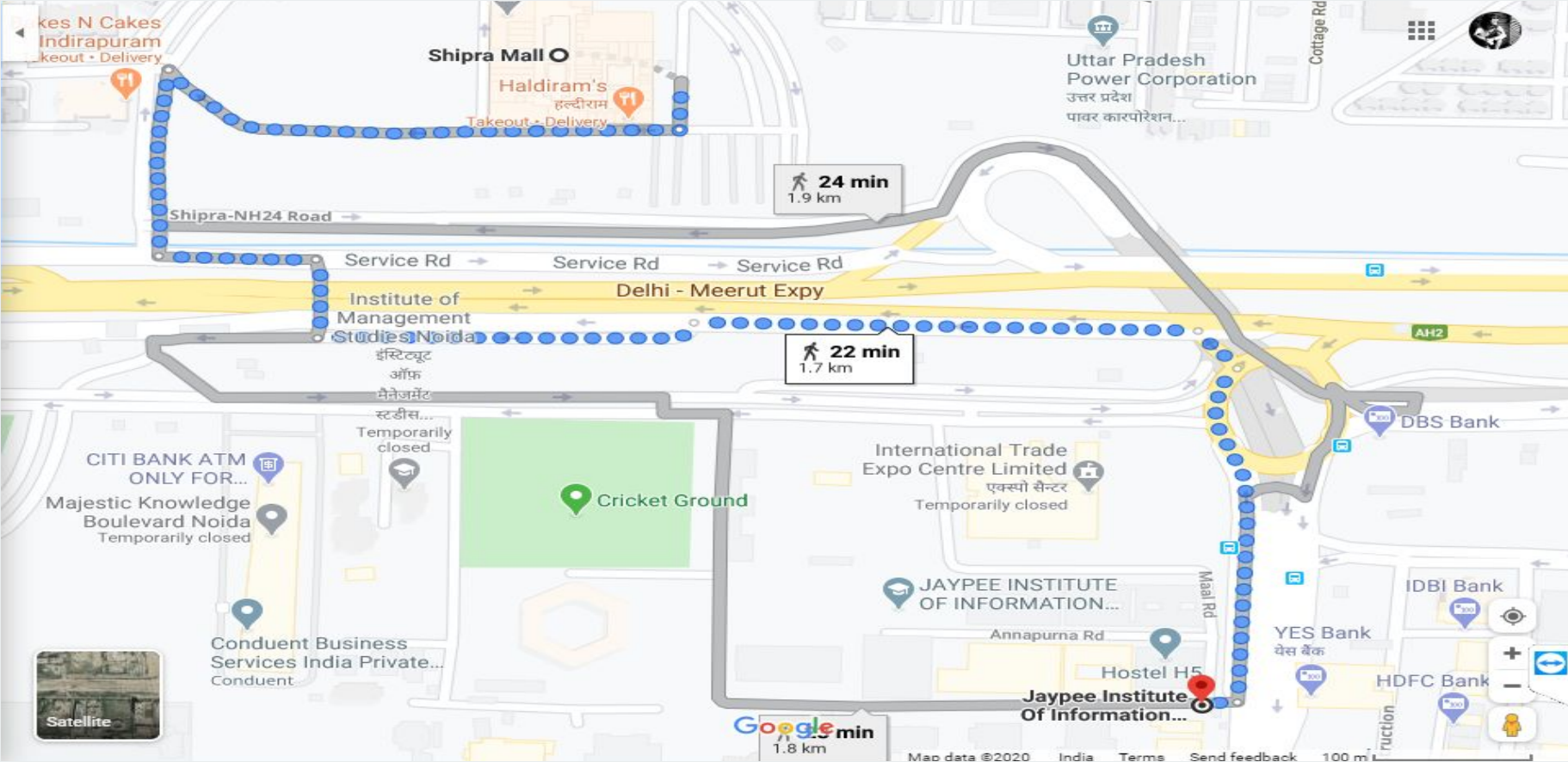









# Final Optimal Solution along with other Feasible solutions



## Some interesting Facts

- 
- A C++ program(where 2 technologies) then purely a Web-based service(transformed & owned by google inc.) , later for Mobile 2.0. Finally Google Maps app had been released for its Android operating system
  - In 2012, the Google Maps application was separately made available in the App Store, after Apple removed it from its default installation of the mobile operating system version iOS 6.
  - Google maps automatically blurs face and license plate to protect people's privacy in Street View, and users can even request additional blurring.
  - Street View camera system have 15 lenses and can produce images at about 65 Megapixels resolution.
  - The Map app also has a dark mode theme for users in line with current trends
  - Google maps show detailed view of North Korea, but doesn't work with South Korea
  - Max Zoom in and zoom out limit is upto 20 times.
  - There is an incognito mode in google maps which allowing users to enter destinations without saving entries to their Google accounts.

Now, Break the seriousness & concentrate here!

Bae: Come over

Dijkstra: But there are so many routes to take and I don't know which one's the fastest

Bae: My parent aren't home

Dijkstra:

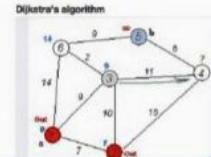
### Dijkstra's algorithm

Graph search algorithm

Not to be confused with Dijkstra's projection algorithm

**Dijkstra's algorithm** is an algorithm for finding the shortest paths between nodes in a graph, which may represent, for example, road networks. It was conceived by computer scientist Edsger W. Dijkstra in 1956 and published three years later.<sup>[1][2]</sup>

The algorithm exists in many variants; Dijkstra's original variant found the shortest path between two nodes,<sup>[2]</sup> but a more common variant fixes a single node as the "source" node and finds shortest paths from the source to all other nodes in the graph, producing a shortest-path tree.



Real reason for the invention of shortest path algorithm

