

Adversarial Search Project Report

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Search Strategy

Implemented a simple **Minimax Algorithm** with **Alpha-Beta pruning** and Iterative Deepening.

Heuristic / Evaluation Function

In this project, I have implemented 6 heuristics - one from the course and the other is a variation of the same.

Please find below specifics on the experiment:

Number of Game Rounds: 40

Fair Match Flag: True (as mentioned in the project description)

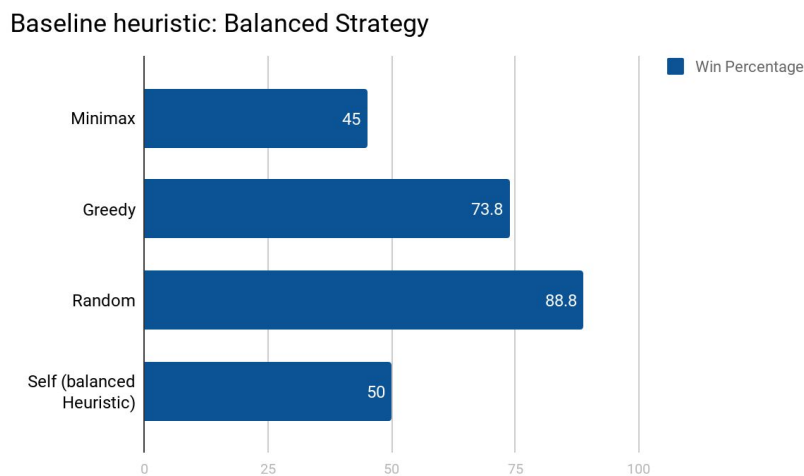
Baseline Heuristic: Balanced Strategy

This is the baseline Heuristic against which we will compare all the other Heuristics.

Formula

number_of_player_moves - number_of_opponent_moves

Performance Comparison



Heuristic 0: Defensive Strategy

Maximizes the strategy that our player having more moves will always win. Here, we give more impact to the number of player moves available than the number of opponent moves. This leads to the agent playing more defensively.

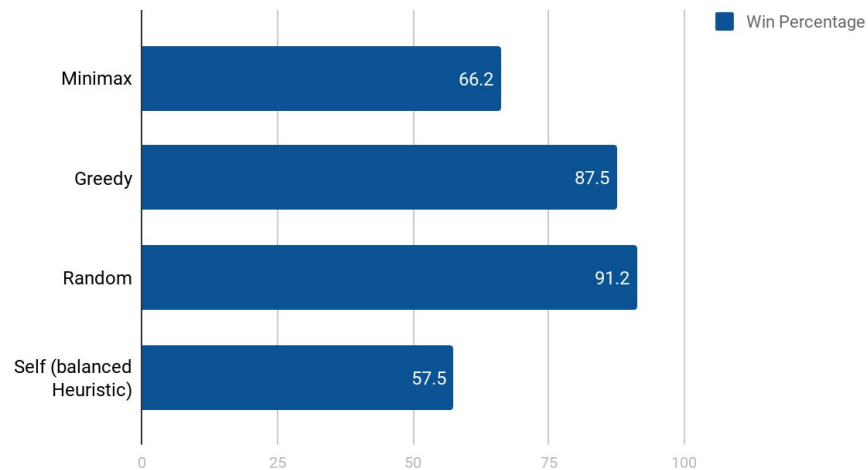
The factor 2 can be changed and see which is most effective.

Formula

$2 * \text{number_of_player_moves} - \text{number_of_opponent_moves}$

Performance Comparison

Heuristic 0: Defensive Strategy



Heuristic 1: Offensive Strategy

This is totally opposite to the defensive strategy. Here we give more weight to the opponent, hence letting our player play more aggressively to minimize the opponent winning.

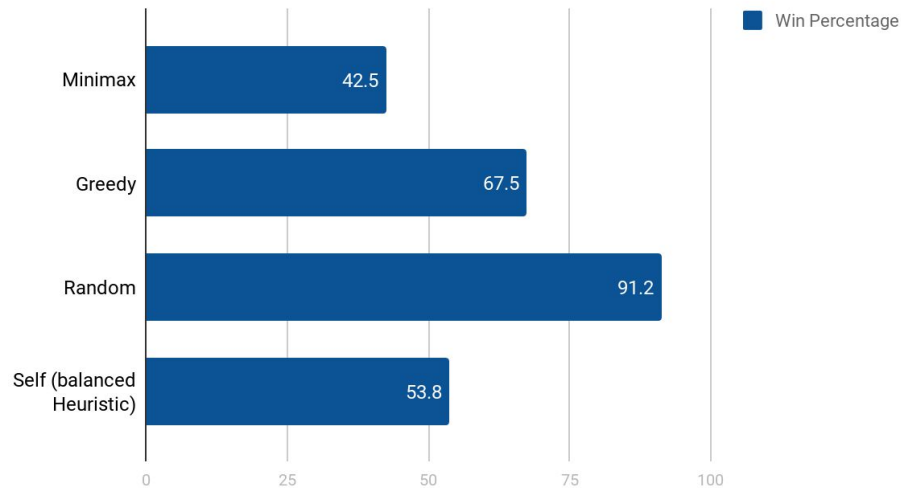
The factor 2 can be changed and see which is most effective.

Formula

$\text{number_of_player_moves} - 2 * \text{number_of_opponent_moves}$

Performance Comparison

Heuristic 1: Offensive Strategy



Heuristic 2: Moves to Board Strategy

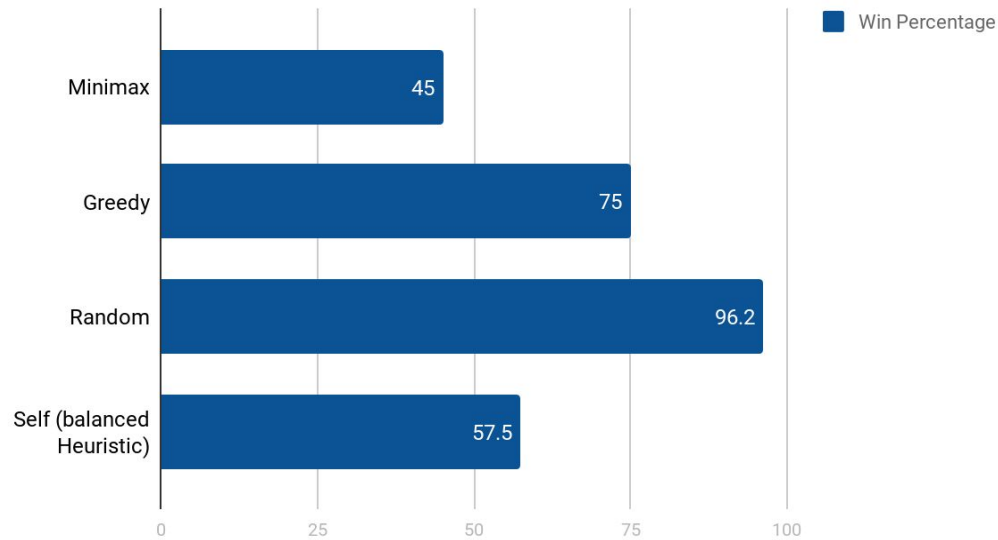
In this heuristic, we give our agent sense of how much deep down we are in the search. We estimate this by finding the ratio of **(number of rounds / total blocks on the board)**.

Formula

$$2 * \text{num_of_rounds} / \text{board_size} * \text{number_of_player_moves} - \text{number_of_opponent_moves}$$

Performance Comparison

Heuristic 2: Moves to Board Strategy



Heuristic 3: Defensive To Offensive Strategy

This approach again provides the agent with an idea on how much down the search the agent is. Here at the same time, we tell the agent to first be defensive and when the game is half way done, we ask the agent to get offensive.

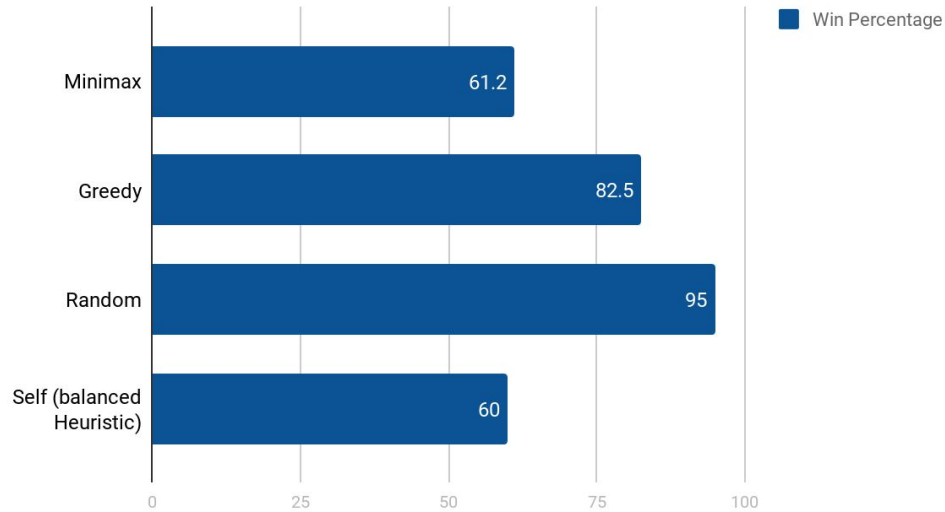
Formula

If (rounds/board_size < 0.5) -> Defensive

else -> Offensive

Performance Comparison

Heuristic 4: Defensive to Offensive Strategy



Heuristic 4: Offensive To Defensive Strategy

It is the inverse of the above approach. This approach again provides the agent with an idea on how much down the search the agent is. Here at the same time, we tell the agent to first be offensive and when the game is half way done, we ask the agent to get defensive.

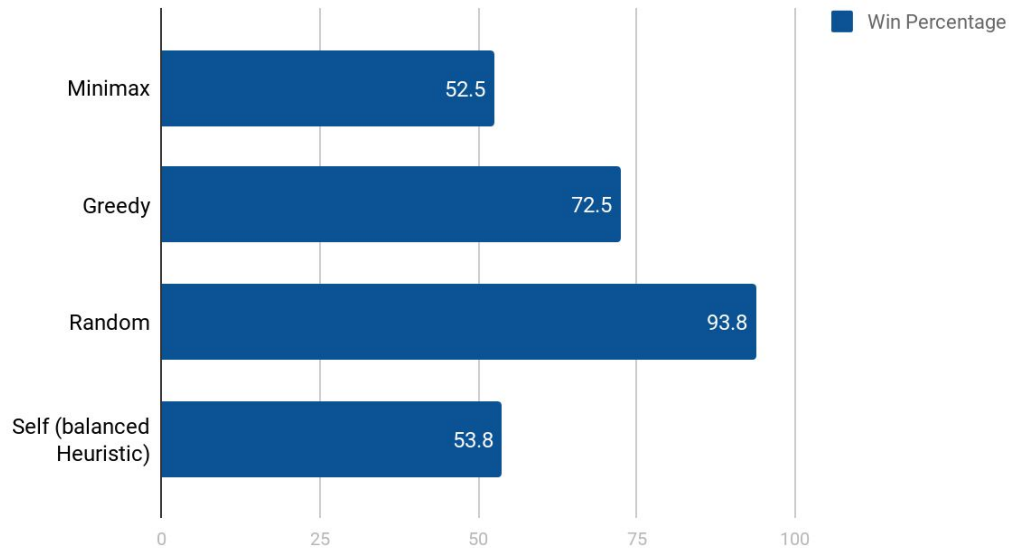
Formula

If $(\text{rounds}/\text{board_size} < 0.5)$ -> Offensive

else -> Defensive

Performance Comparison

Heuristic 3: Offensive to Defensive Strategy



Heuristic 5: Blank Space Strategy

This heuristic is a variation of the above Heuristic, which also takes into consideration the number of empty spaces.

Intuition: In a scenario where the game runs till all the block wears out, it can be considered that if there are an odd number of empty spaces left, then the current player will always win.

Considering this, we can assume that we give more weight to odd number solutions when it is the current player's turn. Again, as the round passes, the number of blocks decreases, but it is still odd.

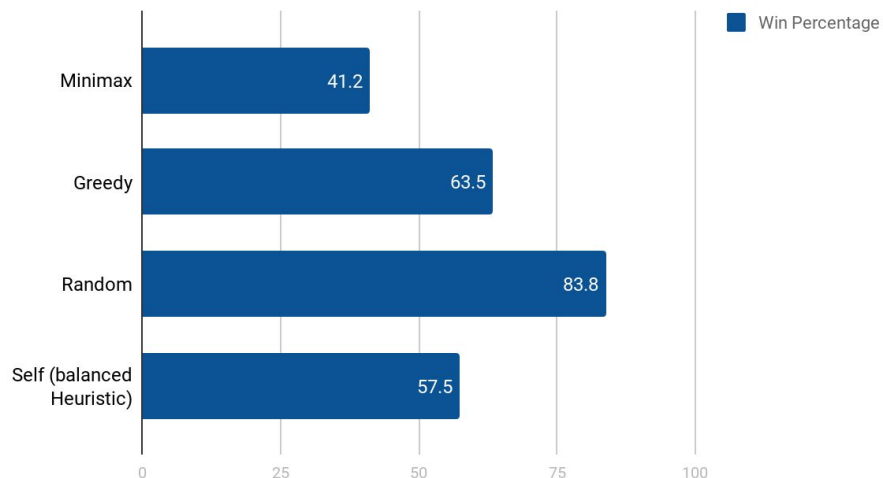
So we will give more weight to odd numbers first and then even numbers.

Formula

$\text{number_of_player_moves} - 2 * \text{number_of_opponent_moves} - (-1.1^{**}\text{num_of_blank_spaces})$

Performance Comparison

Heuristic 5: Blank Space Strategy



Depth v/s Player's Speed

Here, I have an analysis for the speed of the agent v/s the depth of the search tree. Please find below specifics on this experiment:

Number of Game Rounds: 40

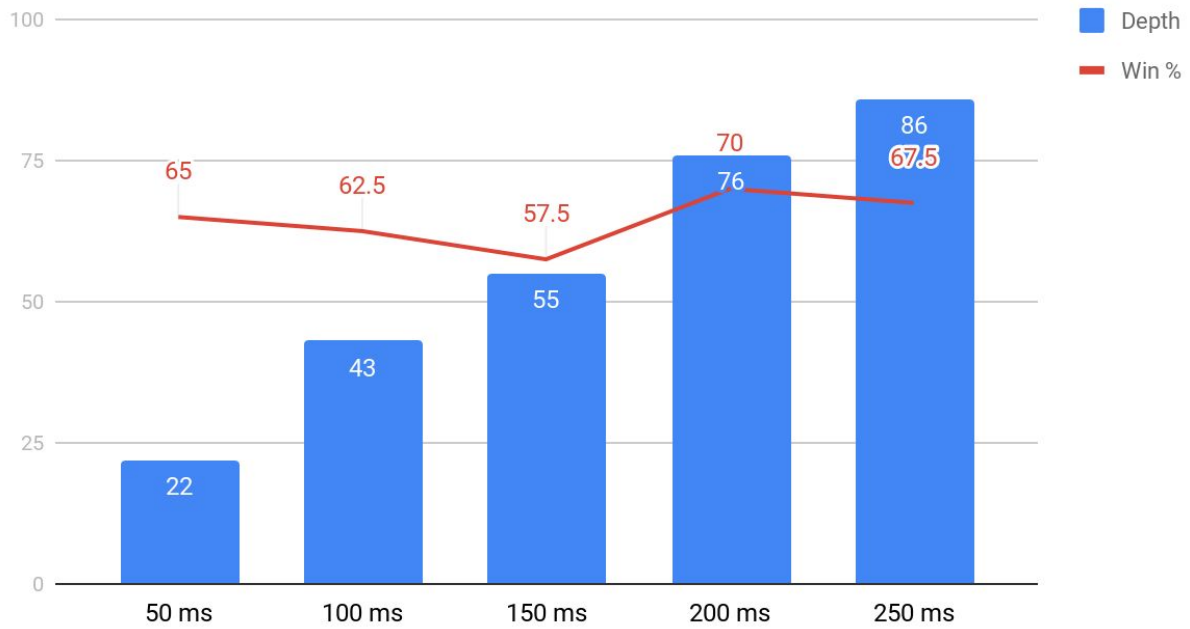
Fair Match Flag: False

Our Agent Used: Custom with Heuristic4

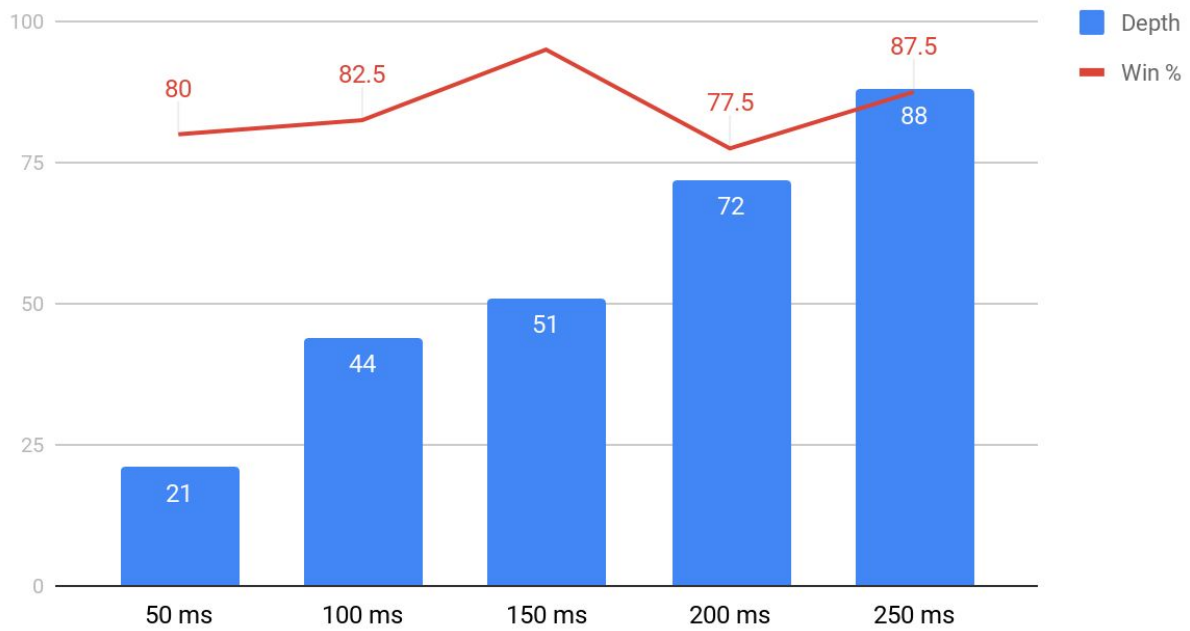
I have made this analysis against 2 agents:

1. Greedy Agent
2. Minimax Agent

Time v/s Depth - Against Minimax Agent



Time v/s Depth - Against Greedy Agent



Questions

- **What features of the game does your heuristic incorporate, and why do you think those features matter in evaluating states during search?**

Explained above

- **Does search speed matter more or less than accuracy to the performance of your heuristic?**

Yes, I feel that speed matters more as more the speed, more we will be able to explore. If the agents keep on running, then that is not helpful at all. Again these are exponentially difficult problems. So to solve it, we need to give more weight to speed rather than accuracy.

References

http://ajulio.com/assets/documents/Adversarial_Game.pdf