 Introduction - Meaning, nature and characteristics of management, scope and Functional areas of management, goals of management, levels of management, brief overview of evolution of management theories,. Planning- Nature, importance, types of plans, steps in planning, Organizing- nature and purpose, types of Organization, Staffing- meaning, process of recruitment and selection Module – 2 Directing and controlling- meaning and nature of directing, leadership styles, motivation Theories, Communication- Meaning and importance, Coordination-meaning and importance, Controlling- meaning, steps in controlling, methods of establishing control. Module – 3 	al support Teaching Hours 10 Hours
Subject Code 15CS51 IA Marks 20 Number of Lecture Hours/Week 4 Exam Marks 80 Total Number of Lecture Hours 50 Exam Hours 03 CREDITS – 04 Course objectives: This course will enable students to • Explain the principles of management, organization and entrepreneur. • Discuss on planning, staffing, ERP and their importance • Infer the importance of intellectual property rights and relate the institutiona Module – 1 Introduction - Meaning, nature and characteristics of management, scope and Functional areas of management, goals of management, levels of management, brief overview of evolution of management theories, Planning-Nature, importance, types of plans, steps in planning, Organizing- nature and purpose, types of Organization, Staffing- meaning, process of recruitment and selection Module – 2 Directing and controlling- meaning and nature of directing, leadership styles, motivation Theories, Communication- Meaning and importance, Coordination-meaning and importance, Controlling- meaning, steps in controlling, methods of establishing control. Module – 3 Entrepreneur — meaning of entrepreneur, characteristics of entrepreneurs, classification and types of entrepreneurs, various stages in entrepreneurial	Teaching Hours 10 Hours
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Number of Lecture Hours/Week Total Number of Lecture Hours 50 Exam Hours 03 CREDITS – 04 Course objectives: This course will enable students to Explain the principles of management, organization and entrepreneur. Discuss on planning, staffing, ERP and their importance Infer the importance of intellectual property rights and relate the institutiona Module – 1 Introduction - Meaning, nature and characteristics of management, scope and Functional areas of management, goals of management, levels of management, brief overview of evolution of management theories,. Planning- Nature, importance, types of plans, steps in planning, Organizing- nature and purpose, types of Organization, Staffing- meaning, process of recruitment and selection Module – 2 Directing and controlling- meaning and nature of directing, leadership styles, motivation Theories, Communication- Meaning and importance, Coordination-meaning and importance, Controlling- meaning, steps in controlling, methods of establishing control. Module – 3 Entrepreneur – meaning of entrepreneur, characteristics of entrepreneurs, classification and types of entrepreneurs, various stages in entrepreneurial	Teaching Hours 10 Hours
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Entrepreneur – meaning of entrepreneur, characteristics of entrepreneurs, classification and types of entrepreneurs, various stages in entrepreneurial	
classification and types of entrepreneurs, various stages in entrepreneurial	10 Hours
	10 110015
The state of the s	
India and barriers to entrepreneurship. Identification of business opportunities,	
market feasibility study, technical feasibility study, financial feasibility study and	
social feasibility study.	
Module – 4	
Preparation of project and ERP - meaning of project, project identification,	10 Hours
project selection, project report, need and significance of project report, contents,	
formulation, guidelines by planning commission for project report, Enterprise	
Resource Planning: Meaning and Importance- ERP and Functional areas of	
Management – Marketing / Sales- Supply Chain Management – Finance and	
Accounting – Human Resources – Types of reports and methods of report	
generation	
Module – 5	
Micro and Small Enterprises: Definition of micro and small enterprises,	10 Hours
characteristics and advantages of micro and small enterprises, steps in establishing	
micro and small enterprises, Government of India indusial policy 2007 on micro and	
small enterprises, case study (Microsoft), Case study (Captain G R Gopinath), case	
study (N R Narayana Murthy & Infosys), Institutional support: MSME-DI, NSIC,	
SIDBI, KIADB, KSSIDC, TECSOK, KSFC, DIC and District level single window	
agency, Introduction to IPR.	
Course outcomes: The students should be able to: • Define management, organization, entrepreneur, planning, staffing, EPP and	

• Define management, organization, entrepreneur, planning, staffing, ERP and outline

their importance in entrepreneurship

- Utilize the resources available effectively through ERP
- Make use of IPRs and institutional support in entrepreneurship

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have TEN questions.

There will be TWO questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

Text Books:

- 1. Principles of Management -P. C. Tripathi, P. N. Reddy; Tata McGraw Hill, 4th / 6th Edition, 2010.
- 2. Dynamics of Entrepreneurial Development & Management -Vasant Desai Himalaya Publishing House.
- 3. Entrepreneurship Development -Small Business Enterprises -Poornima M Charantimath Pearson Education 2006.
- 4. Management and Entrepreneurship Kanishka Bedi- Oxford University Press-2017

- 1. Management Fundamentals -Concepts, Application, Skill Development Robert Lusier Thomson.
- 2. Entrepreneurship Development -S S Khanka -S Chand & Co.
- 3. Management Stephen Robbins Pearson Education / PHI 17th Edition, 2003

COMPUTER NETWORKS

[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017)

SEMESTER - V

Subject Code	15CS52	IA Marks	20	
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	4	Exam Marks	80	
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03	

CREDITS – 04

Course objectives: This course will enable students to

- Demonstration of application layer protocols
- Discuss transport layer services and understand UDP and TCP protocols
- Explain routers, IP and Routing Algorithms in network layer
- Disseminate the Wireless and Mobile Networks covering IEEE 802.11 Standard
- Illustrate concepts of Multimedia Networking, Security and Network Management

Module – 1	Teaching
	Hours
Application Layer: Principles of Network Applications: Network Application	10 Hours
Architectures, Processes Communicating, Transport Services Available to	
Applications, Transport Services Provided by the Internet, Application-Layer	
Protocols. The Web and HTTP: Overview of HTTP, Non-persistent and	
Persistent Connections, HTTP Message Format, User-Server Interaction:	
Cookies, Web Caching, The Conditional GET, File Transfer: FTP Commands &	
Replies, Electronic Mail in the Internet: SMTP, Comparison with HTTP, Mail	
Message Format, Mail Access Protocols, DNS; The Internet's Directory Service:	
Services Provided by DNS, Overview of How DNS Works, DNS Records and	
Messages, Peer-to-Peer Applications: P2P File Distribution, Distributed Hash	
Tables, Socket Programming: creating Network Applications: Socket	
Programming with UDP, Socket Programming with TCP.	
T1: Chap 2	
Module – 2	
Transport Layer: Introduction and Transport-Layer Services: Relationship	10 Hours
Between Transport and Network Layers, Overview of the Transport Layer in the	
Internet, Multiplexing and Demultiplexing: Connectionless Transport: UDP,UDP	
Segment Structure, UDP Checksum, Principles of Reliable Data Transfer:	
Building a Reliable Data Transfer Protocol, Pipelined Reliable Data Transfer	
Protocols, Go-Back-N, Selective repeat, Connection-Oriented Transport TCP:	
The TCP Connection, TCP Segment Structure, Round-Trip Time Estimation and	
Timeout, Reliable Data Transfer, Flow Control, TCP Connection Management,	
Principles of Congestion Control: The Causes and the Costs of Congestion,	
Approaches to Congestion Control, Network-assisted congestion-control	
example, ATM ABR Congestion control, TCP Congestion Control: Fairness.	
T1: Chap 3	
Module – 3	
The Network layer: What's Inside a Router?: Input Processing, Switching,	10 Hours
Output Processing, Where Does Queuing Occur? Routing control plane, IPv6,A	

Brief foray into IP Security, Routing Algorithms: The Link-State (LS) Routing Algorithm, The Distance-Vector (DV) Routing Algorithm, Hierarchical Routing,

Routing in the Internet, Intra-AS Routing in the Internet: RIP, Intra-AS Routing in the Internet: OSPF, Inter/AS Routing: BGP, Broadcast Routing Algorithms and Multicast.

T1: Chap 4: 4.3-4.7

Module – 4

Wireless and Mobile Networks: Cellular Internet Access: An Overview of Cellular Network Architecture, 3G Cellular Data Networks: Extending the Internet to Cellular subscribers, On to 4G:LTE,Mobility management: Principles, Addressing, Routing to a mobile node, Mobile IP, Managing mobility in cellular Networks, Routing calls to a Mobile user, Handoffs in GSM, Wireless and Mobility: Impact on Higher-layer protocols.

10 Hours

T1: Chap: 6: 6.4-6.8

Module – 5

Multimedia Networking: Properties of video, properties of Audio, Types of multimedia Network Applications, Streaming stored video: UDP Streaming, HTTP Streaming, Adaptive streaming and DASH, content distribution Networks, case studies: Netflix, You Tube and Kankan.

10 Hours

Network Support for Multimedia: Dimensioning Best-Effort Networks, Providing Multiple Classes of Service, Diffserv, Per-Connection Quality-of-Service (QoS) Guarantees: Resource Reservation and Call Admission

T1: Chap: 7: 7.1,7.2,7.5

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Explain principles of application layer protocols
- Recognize transport layer services and infer UDP and TCP protocols
- Classify routers, IP and Routing Algorithms in network layer
- Understand the Wireless and Mobile Networks covering IEEE 802.11 Standard
- Describe Multimedia Networking and Network Management

Ouestion paper pattern:

The question paper will have TEN questions.

There will be TWO questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. James F Kurose and Keith W Ross, Computer Networking, A Top-Down Approach, Sixth edition, Pearson, 2017.

- 1. Behrouz A Forouzan, Data and Communications and Networking, Fifth Edition, McGraw Hill, Indian Edition
- 2. Larry L Peterson and Brusce S Davie, Computer Networks, fifth edition, ELSEVIER
- 3. Andrew S Tanenbaum, Computer Networks, fifth edition, Pearson
- 4. Mayank Dave, Computer Networks, Second edition, Cengage Learning

		IENT SYSTEM	1	
- -	•	stem (CBCS) scheme	I	
(Effective fro	om tne academi SEMESTER	c year 2016 -2017)		
Subject Code	15CS53	IA Marks	20	
•				
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	4	Exam Marks	80	
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03	
	CREDITS -			
Course objectives: This course wil			1	
Provide a strong foundatio Provide SOL programmin		1	-	e.
Practice SQL programmingDemonstrate the use of contract	0	•	is.	
 Demonstrate the use of col Design and build database 	•			
Module – 1	applications for	rear world problems.		Teachin
Module – I				Hours
Introduction to Databases: Introd	luction. Characte	eristics of database apr	oroach.	10 Hour
Advantages of using the DBMS				
Overview of Database Languages	* *	•		
and Instances. Three schema arc				
languages, and interfaces, The Data	abase System en	vironment. Conceptua	l Data	
Modelling using Entities and	Relationships:	Entity types, Entity	y sets,	
attributes, roles, and structural co	onstraints, Weak	entity types, ER dia	grams,	
examples, Specialization and Gener	alization.			
Textbook 1:Ch 1.1 to 1.8, 2.1 to 2.	.6, 3.1 to 3.10			
Module – 2				
Relational Model: Relational Mo				10 Hour
and relational database schemas,				
with constraint violations. Relation	_	•		
operations, additional relational operations			-	
of Queries in relational algebra. M		. –	_	
Design: Relational Database Designation	-		_	
SQL data definition and data typ		_		
queries in SQL, INSERT, DEL	LETE, and UPI	DATE statements in	SQL,	
Additional features of SQL.	2 6 1 to 6 5 9 1	· Toythook 2. 2.5		
Textbook 1: Ch4.1 to 4.5, 5.1 to 5. Module – 3	3, 0.1 10 0.5, 8.1	; 1extbook 2: 5.5		
	complex SOI	ratriaval quarias Cna	oifving	10 Hour
SQL : Advances Queries: More constraints as assertions and action	-	-		10 Hour
statements in SQL. Database App		_	_	
from applications, An introduction				
Stored procedures, Case study: The			_	
The three-Tier application architect				
Textbook 1: Ch7.1 to 7.4; Textbook	-	<u> </u>	1101	
Module – 4	OR 2. U.I W U.U,	110 00 1111		
			•	
Normalization: Database Design	Theory – Introdi	action to Normalization	n iising	10 Han
_	-		_	10 Hour
Functional and Multivalued Dep	endencies: Info	rmal design guidelin	es for	10 Hou
Normalization: Database Design 'Functional and Multivalued Deprelation schema, Functional Deperence Keys, Second and Third Normal Formal Formal Polymer Programmer (Normal Polymer)	endencies: Info ndencies, Norm	rmal design guidelin al Forms based on P	es for Primary	10 Hou

Dependency and Fourth Normal Form, Join Dependencies and Fifth Normal

Form. **Normalization Algorithms:** Inference Rules, Equivalence, and Minimal Cover, Properties of Relational Decompositions, Algorithms for Relational Database Schema Design, Nulls, Dangling tuples, and alternate Relational Designs, Further discussion of Multivalued dependencies and 4NF, Other dependencies and Normal Forms

Textbook 1: Ch14.1 to 14.7, 15.1 to 15.6

Module – 5

Transaction Processing: Introduction to Transaction Processing, Transaction and System concepts, Desirable properties of Transactions, Characterizing schedules based on recoverability, Characterizing schedules based on Serializability, Transaction support in SQL. **Concurrency Control in Databases:** Two-phase locking techniques for Concurrency control, Concurrency control based on Timestamp ordering, Multiversion Concurrency control techniques, Validation Concurrency control techniques, Granularity of Data items and Multiple Granularity Locking. **Introduction to Database Recovery Protocols:** Recovery Concepts, NO-UNDO/REDO recovery based on Deferred update, Recovery techniques based on immediate update, Shadow paging, Database backup and recovery from catastrophic failures

10 Hours

Textbook 1: 20.1 to 20.6, 21.1 to 21.7, 22.1 to 22.4, 22.7.

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Identify, analyze and define database objects, enforce integrity constraints on a database using RDBMS.
- Use Structured Query Language (SQL) for database manipulation.
- Design and build simple database systems
- Develop application to interact with databases.

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have TEN questions.

There will be TWO questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

Text Books:

- 1. Database systems Models, Languages, Design and Application Programming, RamezElmasri and Shamkant B. Navathe, 7th Edition, 2017, Pearson.
- 2. Database management systems, Ramakrishnan, and Gehrke, 3rd Edition, 2014, McGraw Hill

- 1. Silberschatz Korth and Sudharshan, Database System Concepts, 6th Edition, Mc-GrawHill, 2013.
- 2. Coronel, Morris, and Rob, Database Principles Fundamentals of Design, Implementation and Management, Cengage Learning 2012.

[As per Choice I	Based Credit Sy	COMPUTABILITY stem (CBCS) scheme] c year 2016 -2017) – V		
Subject Code	15CS54	IA Marks	20	
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	4	Exam Marks	80	
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03	
Total Number of Lecture Hours	CREDITS -		03	
Course objectives: This course wil				
 Introduce core concepts in A Identify different Formal lant Design Grammars and Reco Prove or disprove theorems Determine the decidability a Module – 1 	nguage Classes a gnizers for differ in automata theo	nd their Relationships rent formal languages ory using their propertie		Teaching
Would - 1				Hours
Why study the Theory of Company Languages. A Language Hierard (FSM): Deterministic FSM, Nondeterministic FSMs, From FS FSMs, Minimizing FSMs, Canoni Transducers, Bidirectional Transducers Textbook 1: Ch 1,2, 3,4, 5.1 to 5.10 Module – 2	thy, Computation Regular langular langu	on, Finite State Ma guages, Designing onal Systems, Simulato	chines FSM, ors for	10 Hours
REs, Manipulating and Simplify: Regular Grammars and Regular lan regular Languages: How many RLs properties of RLs, to show some lan Textbook 1: Ch 6, 7, 8: 6.1 to 6.4,	nguages. Regul s, To show that a aguages are not I	ar Languages (RL) and a language is regular, C RLs.	l Non-	
Module – 3	, ,			
Context-Free Grammars(CFG): Into CFGs and languages, designing Grammar is correct, Derivation a Pushdown Automata (PDA): Defin and Non-deterministic PDAs, I equivalent definitions of a PDA, alto Textbook 1: Ch 11, 12: 11.1 to 11.	CFGs, simplifyind Parse trees, ition of non-determinism ernatives that are	ying CFGs, proving Ambiguity, Normal lerministic PDA, Determent and Halting, altered to PDA	that a Forms. ninistic rnative	10 Hours
Module – 4				
Context-Free and Non-Context-Fr Languages(CFL) fit, Showing a lan CFL, Important closure properties of Decision Procedures for CFLs: D Turing Machine: Turing machine m by TM, design of TM, Techniques Textbook 1: Ch 13: 13.1 to 13.5,	nguage is context of CFLs, Determodecidable question model, Represent for TM construc	xt-free, Pumping theore inistic CFLs. Algorithm ons, Un-decidable que ation, Language accept tion.	em for ms and estions.	10 Hours
Module – 5	,			
Variants of Turing Machines (TM Decidability: Definition of an al	* *			10 Hours

Undecidable languages, halting problem of TM, Post correspondence problem. Complexity: Growth rate of functions, the classes of P and NP, Quantum Computation: quantum computers, Church-Turing thesis.

Textbook 2: Ch 9.7 to 9.8, 10.1 to 10.7, 12.1, 12.2, 12.8, 12.8.1, 12.8.2

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Acquire fundamental understanding of the core concepts in automata theory and Theory of Computation
- Learn how to translate between different models of Computation (e.g., Deterministic and Non-deterministic and Software models).
- Design Grammars and Automata (recognizers) for different language classes and become knowledgeable about restricted models of Computation (Regular, Context Free) and their relative powers.
- Develop skills in formal reasoning and reduction of a problem to a formal model, with an emphasis on semantic precision and conciseness.
- Classify a problem with respect to different models of Computation.

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have TEN questions.

There will be TWO questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

Text Books:

- 1. Elaine Rich, Automata, Computability and Complexity, 1st Edition, Pearson Education, 2012/2013
- 2. K L P Mishra, N Chandrasekaran, 3rd Edition, Theory of Computer Science, PhI, 2012.

- 1. John E Hopcroft, Rajeev Motwani, Jeffery D Ullman, Introduction to AutomataTheory, Languages, and Computation, 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2013
- 2. Michael Sipser: Introduction to the Theory of Computation, 3rd edition, Cengage learning, 2013
- 3. John C Martin, Introduction to Languages and The Theory of Computation, 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw –Hill Publishing Company Limited, 2013
- 4. Peter Linz, "An Introduction to Formal Languages and Automata", 3rd Edition, Narosa Publishers, 1998
- 5. Basavaraj S. Anami, Karibasappa K G, Formal Languages and Automata theory, Wiley India, 2012
- 6. C K Nagpal, Formal Languages and Automata Theory, Oxford University press, 2012.

OBJECT ORIENTED MODELING AND DESIGN [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017)

SEMESTER - V

Subject Code	15CS551	IA Marks	20
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	80
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03

CREDITS – 03

Course objectives: This course will enable students to

Text Book-2: Chapter 8: page 292 to 346

- Describe the concepts involved in Object-Oriented modelling and their benefits.
- Demonstrate concept of use-case model, sequence model and state chart model for a given problem.
- Explain the facets of the unified process approach to design and build a Software system.
- Translate the requirements into implementation for Object Oriented design.
- Choose an appropriate design pattern to facilitate development procedure.

Module – 1	Teaching
	Hours
Introduction, Modelling Concepts and Class Modelling: What is Object	8 Hours
orientation? What is OO development? OO Themes; Evidence for usefulness of	
OO development; OO modelling history. Modelling as Design technique:	
Modelling; abstraction; The Three models. Class Modelling: Object and Class	
Concept; Link and associations concepts; Generalization and Inheritance; A	
sample class model; Navigation of class models; Advanced Class Modelling,	
Advanced object and class concepts; Association ends; N-ary associations;	
Aggregation; Abstract classes; Multiple inheritance; Metadata; Reification;	
Constraints; Derived Data; Packages.	
Text Book-1: Ch 1, 2, 3 and 4	
Module – 2	
UseCase Modelling and Detailed Requirements: Overview; Detailed object-	8 Hours
oriented Requirements definitions; System Processes-A use case/Scenario view;	
Identifying Input and outputs-The System sequence diagram; Identifying Object	
Behaviour-The state chart Diagram; Integrated Object-oriented Models.	
Text Book-2:Chapter- 6:Page 210 to 250	
Module – 3	
Process Overview, System Conception and Domain Analysis: Process Overview:	8 Hours
Development stages; Development life Cycle; System Conception: Devising a	
system concept; elaborating a concept; preparing a problem statement. Domain	
Analysis: Overview of analysis; Domain Class model: Domain state model;	
Domain interaction model; Iterating the analysis.	
Text Book-1:Chapter- 10,11,and 12	
Module – 4	Ī
Use case Realization :The Design Discipline within up iterations: Object	8 Hours
Oriented Design-The Bridge between Requirements and Implementation; Design	
Classes and Design within Class Diagrams; Interaction Diagrams-Realizing Use	
Case and defining methods; Designing with Communication Diagrams; Updating	
the Design Class Diagram; Package Diagrams-Structuring the Major	
Components; Implementation Issues for Three-Layer Design.	

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Design Patterns: Introduction; what is a design pattern?, Describing design patterns, the catalogue of design patterns, Organizing the catalogue, How design patterns solve design problems, how to select a design patterns, how to use a design pattern; Creational patterns: prototype and singleton (only); structural patterns adaptor and proxy (only).

8 Hours

Text Book-3: Ch-1: 1.1, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5, 1.6, 1.7, 1.8, Ch-3, Ch-4.

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Describe the concepts of object-oriented and basic class modelling.
- Draw class diagrams, sequence diagrams and interaction diagrams to solve problems.
- Choose and apply a befitting design pattern for the given problem.

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have TEN questions.

There will be TWO questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

Text Books:

- 1. Michael Blaha, James Rumbaugh: Object Oriented Modelling and Design with UML,2nd Edition, Pearson Education,2005
- 2. Satzinger, Jackson and Burd: Object-Oriented Analysis & Design with the Unified Process, Cengage Learning, 2005.
- 3. Erich Gamma, Richard Helm, Ralph Johnson and john Vlissides: Design Patterns Elements of Reusable Object-Oriented Software, Pearson Education, 2007.

- 1. Grady Booch et. al.: Object-Oriented Analysis and Design with Applications,3rd Edition,Pearson Education,2007.
- 2. 2.Frank Buschmann, RegineMeunier, Hans Rohnert, Peter Sommerlad, Michel Stal: Pattern –Oriented Software Architecture. A system of patterns, Volume 1, John Wiley and Sons. 2007.
- 3. 3. Booch, Jacobson, Rambaugh: Object-Oriented Analysis and Design with Applications, 3rd edition, pearson, Reprint 2013

INTRODUC	TION TO SOFT	TWARE TESTING		
		stem (CBCS) scheme]		
Effective fr		c year 2016 -2017)		
	SEMESTER			
Subject Code	15CS552	IA Marks	20	
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	80	
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03	
	CREDITS -			
Course objectives: This course wil		to		
 Differentiate the various test 	-			
 Analyze the problem and de 				
 Apply suitable technique for 	0 0	0 1		
• Explain the need for planning	ng and monitoring	g a process.		
Module – 1				Teaching
D • 60 64	1 6' '.' G 6	O 1': D :		Hours
Basics of Software Testing: Basic				8 Hours
Behaviour and Correctness, Co		• '	_	
Debugging, Test cases, Insights fr Test-generation Strategies, Test Mo				
testing, Testing and Verification, St		raun taxonomies, Le	veis oi	
Textbook 3: Ch 1:1.2 - 1.5, 3; Tex	•			
Module – 2	ibook 1. Cli 1			
Problem Statements: Generalize	od pseudo code	the triangle problem	m the	8 Hours
NextDate function, the commission	*			o mours
Teller Machine) problem, the current	-		omane	
Functional Testing: Boundary va	•	-	st-case	
testing, Robust Worst testing for		_		
commission problem, Equivalence		-		
problem, NextDate function, and	*		_	
observations, Decision tables, Tes	st cases for the	triangle problem, Ne	xtDate	
function, and the commission proble	em, Guidelines a	nd observations.		
Textbook 1: Ch 2, 5, 6 & 7, Textb	ook 2: Ch 3			
Module – 3				
Fault Based Testing: Overview,				8 Hours
analysis, Fault-based adequacy			•	
Structural Testing: Overview, S				
testing, Path testing: DD paths,	_	-	_	
guidelines and observations, Data	_	Definition-Use testing,	Slice-	
based testing, Guidelines and obser				
T2:Chapter 16, 12 T1:Chapter 9	<u>& 10</u>			
Module – 4 Test Execution: Overview of test	avacution from	test case specification	to tost	Q Harre
Test Execution: Overview of test cases, Scaffolding, Generic versus		-		8 Hours
as oracles, Capture and replay	_	=		
Sensitivity, redundancy, restriction		<u> -</u>	-	
process, Planning and monitorin	•	•		
Analysis Testing, Improving the pr		• •	r	
Planning and Monitoring the Pro	_		nalysis	
strategies and plans, Risk planni		-		

process, th	ie quality	team.
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T2: Chapter 17, 20.

Module – 5

Integration and Component-Based Software Testing: Overview, Integration testing strategies, Testing components and assemblies. System, Acceptance and Regression Testing: Overview, System testing, Acceptance testing, Usability, Regression testing, Regression test selection techniques, Test case prioritization and selective execution. Levels of Testing, Integration Testing: Traditional view of testing levels, Alternative life-cycle models, The SATM system, Separating integration and system testing, A closer look at the SATM system, Decomposition-based, call graph-based, Path-based integrations.

8 Hours

T2: Chapter 21 & 22, T1: Chapter 12 & 13

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Derive test cases for any given problem
- Compare the different testing techniques
- Classify the problem into suitable testing model
- Apply the appropriate technique for the design of flow graph.
- Create appropriate document for the software artefact.

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have TEN questions.

There will be TWO questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

Text Books:

- 1. Paul C. Jorgensen: Software Testing, A Craftsman's Approach, 3rd Edition, Auerbach Publications, 2008.
- 2. Mauro Pezze, Michal Young: Software Testing and Analysis Process, Principles and Techniques, Wiley India, 2009.
- 3. Aditya P Mathur: Foundations of Software Testing, Pearson Education, 2008.

- 1. Software testing Principles and Practices Gopalaswamy Ramesh, Srinivasan Desikan, 2 nd Edition, Pearson, 2007.
- 2. Software Testing Ron Patton, 2nd edition, Pearson Education, 2004.
- 3. The Craft of Software Testing Brian Marrick, Pearson Education, 1995.
- 4. Anirban Basu, Software Quality Assurance, Testing and Metrics, PHI, 2015
- 5. Naresh Chauhan, Software Testing, Oxford University press.

ADVANCED JAVA AND J2EE

[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017)

SEMESTER - V

Subject Code	15CS553	IA Marks	20
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	80
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03

CREDITS – 03

Course objectives: This course will enable students to

- Identify the need for advanced Java concepts like Enumerations and Collections
- Construct client-server applications using Java socket API
- Make use of JDBC to access database through Java Programs
- Adapt servlets to build server side programs
- Demonstrate the use of JavaBeans to develop component-based Java software

Module – 1	Teaching Hours
Enumerations, Autoboxing and Annotations(metadata): Enumerations,	8 Hours
Enumeration fundamentals, the values() and valueOf() Methods, java	
enumerations are class types, enumerations Inherits Enum, example, type	
wrappers, Autoboxing, Autoboxing and Methods, Autoboxing/Unboxing occurs	
in Expressions, Autoboxing/Unboxing, Boolean and character values,	
Autoboxing/Unboxing helps prevent errors, A word of Warning. Annotations,	
Annotation basics, specifying retention policy, Obtaining Annotations at run	
time by use of reflection, Annotated element Interface, Using Default values,	
Marker Annotations, Single Member annotations, Built-In annotations.	
Module – 2	
The collections and Framework: Collections Overview, Recent Changes to	8 Hours
Collections, The Collection Interfaces, The Collection Classes, Accessing a	
collection Via an Iterator, Storing User Defined Classes in Collections, The	
Random Access Interface, Working With Maps, Comparators, The Collection	
Algorithms, Why Generic Collections?, The legacy Classes and Interfaces,	
Parting Thoughts on Collections.	
Module – 3	
String Handling: The String Constructors, String Length, Special String	8 Hours
Operations, String Literals, String Concatenation, String Concatenation with	
Other Data Types, String Conversion and toString() Character Extraction,	
charAt(), getChars(), getBytes() toCharArray(), String Comparison, equals()	
and equalsIgnoreCase(), regionMatches() startsWith() and endsWith(), equals(
) Versus == , compareTo() Searching Strings, Modifying a String, substring(),	
concat(), replace(), trim(), Data Conversion Using valueOf(), Changing the	
Case of Characters Within a String, Additional String Methods, StringBuffer,	
StringBuffer Constructors, length() and capacity(), ensureCapacity(),	
setLength(), charAt() and setCharAt(), getChars(),append(), insert(), reverse(
), delete() and deleteCharAt(), replace(), substring(), Additional StringBuffer	
Methods, StringBuilder	
Text Book 1: Ch 15	
I CAL DUUN 1. CII 13	

Module – 4

Background; The Life Cycle of a Servlet; Using Tomcat for Servlet Development; A simple Servlet; The Servlet API; The Javax.servlet Package; Reading Servlet Parameter; The Javax.servlet.http package; Handling HTTP Requests and Responses; Using Cookies; Session Tracking. Java Server Pages (JSP): JSP, JSP Tags, Tomcat, Request String, User Sessions, Cookies, Session Objects

8 Hours

Text Book 1: Ch 31 Text Book 2: Ch 11

Module – 5

The Concept of JDBC; JDBC Driver Types; JDBC Packages; A Brief Overview of the JDBC process; Database Connection; Associating the JDBC/ODBC Bridge with the Database; Statement Objects; ResultSet; Transaction Processing; Metadata, Data types; Exceptions.

8 Hours

Text Book 2: Ch 06

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Interpret the need for advanced Java concepts like enumerations and collections in developing modular and efficient programs
- Build client-server applications and TCP/IP socket programs
- Illustrate database access and details for managing information using the JDBC API
- Describe how servlets fit into Java-based web application architecture
- Develop reusable software components using Java Beans

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have TEN questions.

There will be TWO questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

Text Books:

- 1. Herbert Schildt: JAVA the Complete Reference, 7th/9th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2007
- 2. Jim Keogh: J2EE-TheCompleteReference, McGraw Hill, 2007.

- 1. Y. Daniel Liang: Introduction to JAVA Programming, 7thEdition, Pearson Education, 2007.
- 2. Stephanie Bodoff et al: The J2EE Tutorial, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education,2004.
- 3. Uttam K Roy, Advanced JAVA programming, Oxford University press, 2015.

ADVANCED ALGORITHMS [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017) SEMESTER - V 15CS554 Subject Code IA Marks 20 Number of Lecture Hours/Week 3 Exam Marks 80 Total Number of Lecture Hours 40 Exam Hours 03 CREDITS - 03 Course objectives: This course will enable students to

- Explain principles of algorithms analysis approaches
- Compare and contrast a number theoretic based strategies.
- Describe complex signals and data flow in networks
- Apply the computational geometry criteria.

Module – 1	Teaching
	Hours
Analysis Techniques: Growth functions, Recurrences and solution of recurrence	8 Hours
equations; Amortized analysis: Aggregate, Accounting, and Potential methods,	
String Matching Algorithms: Naive Algorithm; Robin-Karp Algorithm, String	
matching with Finite Automata, Knuth-Morris-Pratt and Boyer-Moore	
Algorithms	
Module – 2	
Number Theoretic Algorithms: Elementary notions, GCD, Modular arithmetic,	8 Hours
Solving modular linear equations, The Chinese remainder theorem, Powers of an	
element RSA Cryptosystem, Primality testing, Integer factorization, - Huffman	
Codes, Polynomials. FFT-Huffman codes: Concepts, construction, Proof	
correctness of Huffman's algorithm; Representation of polynomials	
Module – 3	
DFT and FFT efficient implementation of FFT, Graph Algorithms, Bellman-Ford	8 Hours
Algorithm Shortest paths in a DAG, Johnson's Algorithm for sparse graphs, Flow	
networks and the Ford-Fulkerson Algorithm, Maximum bipartite matching.	
Module – 4	
Computational Geometry-I: Geometric data structures using, C, Vectors, Points,	8 Hours
Polygons, Edges Geometric objects in space; Finding the intersection of a line	
and a triangle, Finding star-shaped polygons using incremental insertion.	
Module – 5	
Computational Geometry-II: Clipping: Cyrus-Beck and Sutherland-Hodman	8 Hours
Algorithms; Triangulating, monotonic polygons; Convex hulls, Gift wrapping	
and Graham Scan; Removing hidden surfaces	

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Explain the principles of algorithms analysis approaches
- Apply different theoretic based strategies to solve problems
- Illustrate the complex signals and data flow in networks with usage of tools
- Describe the computational geometry criteria.

Ouestion paper pattern:

The question paper will have TEN questions.

There will be TWO questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each

module.

Text Books:

- 1. Thomas H. Cormen et al: Introduction to Algorithms, Prentice Hall India, 1990
- 2. Michael J. Laszlo: Computational Geometry and Computer Graphics in C' Prentice Hall India, 1996

- 1. E. Horowitz, S. Sahni and S. Rajasekaran, Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms, University Press, Second edition, 2007
- 2. Kenneth A Berman & Jerome L Paul, Algorithms, Cengage Learning, First Indian reprint, 2008

COMPUTER NETWORK LABORATORY

[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017)

SEMESTER - V

Subject Code	15CSL57	IA Marks	20
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	01I + 02P	Exam Marks	80
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03

CREDITS – 02

Course objectives: This course will enable students to

- Demonstrate operation of network and its management commands
- Simulate and demonstrate the performance of GSM and CDMA
- Implement data link layer and transport layer protocols.

Description (If any):

For the experiments below modify the topology and parameters set for the experiment and take multiple rounds of reading and analyze the results available in log files. Plot necessary graphs and conclude. Use NS2/NS3.

Lab Experiments:

PART A

- 1. Implement three nodes point to point network with duplex links between them. Set the queue size, vary the bandwidth and find the number of packets dropped.
- 2. Implement transmission of ping messages/trace route over a network topology consisting of 6 nodes and find the number of packets dropped due to congestion.
- 3. Implement an Ethernet LAN using n nodes and set multiple traffic nodes and plot congestion window for different source / destination.
- 4. Implement simple ESS and with transmitting nodes in wire-less LAN by simulation and determine the performance with respect to transmission of packets.
- 5. Implement and study the performance of GSM on NS2/NS3 (Using MAC layer) or equivalent environment.
- 6. Implement and study the performance of CDMA on NS2/NS3 (Using stack called Call net) or equivalent environment.

PART B

Implement the following in Java:

- 7. Write a program for error detecting code using CRC-CCITT (16- bits).
- 8. Write a program to find the shortest path between vertices using bellman-ford algorithm.
- 9. Using TCP/IP sockets, write a client server program to make the client send the file name and to make the server send back the contents of the requested file if present.
- 10. Write a program on datagram socket for client/server to display the messages on client side, typed at the server side.
- 11. Write a program for simple RSA algorithm to encrypt and decrypt the data.
- 12. Write a program for congestion control using leaky bucket algorithm.

Study Experiment / Project:

NIL

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Analyze and Compare various networking protocols.
- Demonstrate the working of different concepts of networking.

• Implement, analyze and evaluate networking protocols in NS2 / NS3

Conduction of Practical Examination:

- 1. All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- 2. Students are allowed to pick one experiment from part A and part B with lot.
- 3. Strictly follow the instructions as printed on the cover page of answer script
- 4. Marks distribution: Procedure + Conduction + Viva: 80

Part A: 10+25+5 =40 Part B: 10+25+5 =40

5. Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero.

DBMS LABORATORY WITH MINI PROJECT

[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017)

SEMESTER - V

Subject Code	15CSL58	IA Marks	20
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	01I + 02P	Exam Marks	80
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03

CREDITS – 02

Course objectives: This course will enable students to

- Foundation knowledge in database concepts, technology and practice to groom students into well-informed database application developers.
- Strong practice in SQL programming through a variety of database problems.
- Develop database applications using front-end tools and back-end DBMS.

Description (If any):

PART-A: SQL Programming (Max. Exam Mks. 50)

- Design, develop, and implement the specified queries for the following problems using Oracle, MySQL, MS SQL Server, or any other DBMS under LINUX/Windows environment.
- Create Schema and insert at least 5 records for each table. Add appropriate database constraints.

PART-B: Mini Project (Max. Exam Mks. 30)

• Use Java, C#, PHP, Python, or any other similar front-end tool. All applications must be demonstrated on desktop/laptop as a stand-alone or web based application (Mobile apps on Android/IOS are not permitted.)

Lab Experiments:

Part A: SQL Programming

Consider the following schema for a Library Database:

BOOK(Book_id, Title, Publisher_Name, Pub_Year)

BOOK_AUTHORS(<u>Book_id</u>, Author_Name)

PUBLISHER(Name, Address, Phone)

BOOK_COPIES(Book_id, Branch_id, No-of_Copies)

BOOK_LENDING(Book_id, Branch_id, Card_No, Date_Out, Due_Date)

LIBRARY_BRANCH(Branch_id, Branch_Name, Address)

Write SOL queries to

- 1. Retrieve details of all books in the library id, title, name of publisher, authors, number of copies in each branch, etc.
- 2. Get the particulars of borrowers who have borrowed more than 3 books, but from Jan 2017 to Jun 2017.
- 3. Delete a book in BOOK table. Update the contents of other tables to reflect this data manipulation operation.
- 4. Partition the BOOK table based on year of publication. Demonstrate its working with a simple query.
- **5.** Create a view of all books and its number of copies that are currently available in the Library.
- 2 Consider the following schema for Order Database:

SALESMAN(Salesman_id, Name, City, Commission)

CUSTOMER(Customer id, Cust Name, City, Grade, Salesman id)

ORDERS(Ord No, Purchase Amt, Ord Date, Customer id, Salesman id)

Write SOL queries to

1. Count the customers with grades above Bangalore's average.

- 2. Find the name and numbers of all salesman who had more than one customer.
- 3. List all the salesman and indicate those who have and don't have customers in their cities (Use UNION operation.)
- 4. Create a view that finds the salesman who has the customer with the highest order of a day.
- 5. Demonstrate the DELETE operation by removing salesman with id 1000. All his orders must also be deleted.
- 3 Consider the schema for Movie Database:

ACTOR(Act id, Act Name, Act Gender)

DIRECTOR(Dir_id, Dir_Name, Dir_Phone)

MOVIES(Mov_id, Mov_Title, Mov_Year, Mov_Lang, Dir_id)

MOVIE_CAST(Act_id, Mov_id, Role)

RATING(Mov_id, Rev_Stars)

Write SQL queries to

- 1. List the titles of all movies directed by 'Hitchcock'.
- 2. Find the movie names where one or more actors acted in two or more movies.
- 3. List all actors who acted in a movie before 2000 and also in a movie after 2015 (use JOIN operation).
- 4. Find the title of movies and number of stars for each movie that has at least one rating and find the highest number of stars that movie received. Sort the result by movie title.
- 5. Update rating of all movies directed by 'Steven Spielberg' to 5.
- 4 Consider the schema for College Database:

STUDENT(USN, SName, Address, Phone, Gender)

SEMSEC(SSID, Sem, Sec)

CLASS(USN, SSID)

SUBJECT(Subcode, Title, Sem, Credits)

IAMARKS(<u>USN</u>, <u>Subcode</u>, <u>SSID</u>, Test1, Test2, Test3, FinalIA)

Write SQL queries to

- 1. List all the student details studying in fourth semester 'C' section.
- 2. Compute the total number of male and female students in each semester and in each section
- 3. Create a view of Test1 marks of student USN '1BI15CS101' in all subjects.
- 4. Calculate the FinalIA (average of best two test marks) and update the corresponding table for all students.
- 5. Categorize students based on the following criterion:

If FinalIA = 17 to 20 then CAT = 'Outstanding'

If FinalIA = 12 to 16 then CAT = 'Average'

If FinalIA < 12 then CAT = 'Weak'

Give these details only for 8th semester A, B, and C section students.

5 Consider the schema for Company Database:

EMPLOYEE(SSN, Name, Address, Sex, Salary, SuperSSN, DNo)

DEPARTMENT(<u>DNo</u>, DName, MgrSSN, MgrStartDate)

DLOCATION(DNo,DLoc)

PROJECT(PNo, PName, PLocation, DNo)

WORKS_ON(SSN, PNo, Hours)

Write SQL queries to

1. Make a list of all project numbers for projects that involve an employee whose last name is 'Scott', either as a worker or as a manager of the department that controls the project.

- 2. Show the resulting salaries if every employee working on the 'IoT' project is given a 10 percent raise.
- 3. Find the sum of the salaries of all employees of the 'Accounts' department, as well as the maximum salary, the minimum salary, and the average salary in this department
- 4. Retrieve the name of each employee who works on all the projects controlledby department number 5 (use NOT EXISTS operator).
- 5. For each department that has more than five employees, retrieve the department number and the number of its employees who are making more than Rs. 6,00,000.

Part B: Mini project

- For any problem selected, write the ER Diagram, apply ER-mapping rules, normalize the relations, and follow the application development process.
- Make sure that the application should have five or more tables, at least one trigger and one stored procedure, using suitable frontend tool.
- Indicative areas include; health care, education, industry, transport, supply chain, etc.

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Create, Update and query on the database.
- Demonstrate the working of different concepts of DBMS
- Implement, analyze and evaluate the project developed for an application.

Conduction of Practical Examination:

- 1. All laboratory experiments from part A are to be included for practical examination.
- 2. Mini project has to be evaluated for 30 Marks.
- 3. Report should be prepared in a standard format prescribed for project work.
- 4. Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot.
- 5. Strictly follow the instructions as printed on the cover page of answer script.
- 6. Marks distribution:
 - a) Part A: Procedure + Conduction + Viva: 10 + 35 +5 =50 Marks
 - b) Part B: Demonstration + Report + Viva voce = 15+10+05 = 30 Marks
- 7. Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero.