

Roll no 43320

Assignment 1

Aim : Write a program to implement RSA algorithm for key generation and cipher verification

Objective : 1. Study the concept of public & private keys for working of RSA algorithms.

Theory :

The two important parts are the plain text & encryption algorithm. where plaintexts is the original message, encryption algorithm performs transformations on the plaintext.

The pair of key public & private are used for encryption and decryption

The plaintext is encrypted using an encryption algorithm to form cipher text.

Encryption :

Plaintext + encryption + public key
algorithm]
↓
cipher text

Decryption :

Cipher text + decryption + private key \rightarrow
 algorithm plain text

RSA algorithm

Begin

1. choose 2 prime numbers $p \neq q$
2. compute $n = p * q$
3. calculate $\phi = (p-1)*(q-1)$
4. choose an integer such that
 $1 < e < \phi$ and $\text{gcd}(e, \phi) = 1$
 i.e. e and ϕ are coprime.
5. Calculate d : as $d = e^{-1} \pmod{\phi}$
 d is modular multiplications inverse
 of e modulo ϕ
6. For encryption $c = m^e \pmod{n}$ where
 m = original message
7. For decryption $m = c^d \pmod{n}$.

Public key is formed as $\{e, n\}$
 Private key is formed as $\{d, n\}$

Example -

$$\begin{aligned} m &= 88 & p &= 17 & q &= 11 \\ n &= p * q & & & & = 187 \\ \phi &= (p-1)*(q-1) & & & & = 160 \end{aligned}$$

$$e = 7$$

$$d = e^{-1} \pmod{\phi(n)}$$

$$\therefore d = 23$$

$$e = 11 \quad m = 88$$

public key = (7, 187)

private key = (23, 187)

Conclusion

Thus, we studied & implemented the RSA algorithm.

$$I = b_0 p + b_1$$

$$23 \cdot 615 + 81 = 14586 + 81 = 14597$$

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$$2(1-a) \cdot 1 \cdot s \cdot s \cdot 1 \cdot a^3 = n^2$$