

Announcements

Pset 4 due Tuesday

Pset 5 out



$$P = \bigcup_{k \geq 0} \text{TIME}(n^k) \quad \text{"polynomial time"}$$

$$NP = \bigcup_{k \geq 0} \text{NTIME}(n^k). \quad \text{"nondet. poly time"}$$

$$P \subseteq NP$$

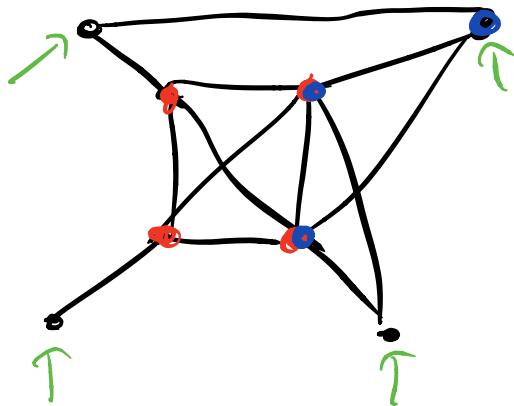
Verifier for L is a det. algorithm

✓ where

$$L = \{w \mid \exists \text{ a string } c \text{ for which } \checkmark \text{ accepts } \langle w, c \rangle\}.$$

"certificate"

A k -clique is a complete subgraph of a graph $G = (V, E)$ with k vertices.



A poly-time verifier V is a verifier that runs in poly time in $\langle w, c \rangle$.

\nearrow original graph \nearrow list of k vertices.

Thm: NP can also be defined in terms of poly time verifiers.

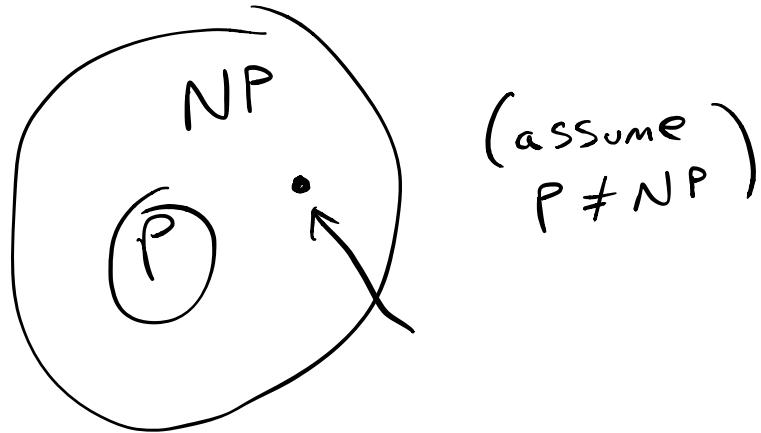
Proof:

If $L \in NP$, build a NTM that

1. Nondet. select a certificate c of poly length.

2. Det. simulate the verifier.

If $L \in NP$ and has a NTM for it, then let the certificate be the ACH of that machine on w .



A polynomial time reduction from $A \rightarrow B$
 $(A, B \in NP)$ is a function $f: A \rightarrow B$

so that $w \in A \Leftrightarrow f(w) \in B$.

We write this as $A \leq_p B$.

Say L is NP-hard if for

every $B \in NP$, $B \leq_p L$.

(\Rightarrow if $L \in P$, then $P = NP$)

L is NP-complete if L is NP-hard
 and $L \in NP$.

CNF Satisfiability

input: boolean variables x_1, \dots, x_n
boolean operations AND, OR, NOT

vars can appear in

positive form: x_i } literals
negative form: \bar{x}_i }

clause = or / "disjunction" of literals

$$(x_1 \vee \bar{x}_2 \vee \bar{x}_3 \vee x_4 \vee x_2) = T$$

$\begin{matrix} \uparrow \\ T \end{matrix}$ "or" $\begin{matrix} \uparrow \\ T \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} \uparrow \\ F \end{matrix}$

formula: and / "conjunction" of clauses

$$\underbrace{(x \vee y \vee \bar{z})}_{\text{"and"} \atop \uparrow} \wedge \underbrace{(\bar{x} \vee y)}_{\text{one assignment} = \atop \uparrow} \wedge \underbrace{(y \vee z \vee \bar{z})}_{\atop \uparrow}$$

$\begin{matrix} x = T \\ y = T \\ z = F \end{matrix}$

satisfiable if there exists an assignment to
the vars to make the formula eval to true.

$CNF_{SAT} = \{ \langle \phi \rangle : \phi \text{ is a boolean CNF formula} \\ \text{that is satisfiable} \}$.

$CNF_{SAT} \in TIME(2^n)$.

CNF-SAT is NP-complete [Cook, Levin 1971]

CNF-SAT EN P:

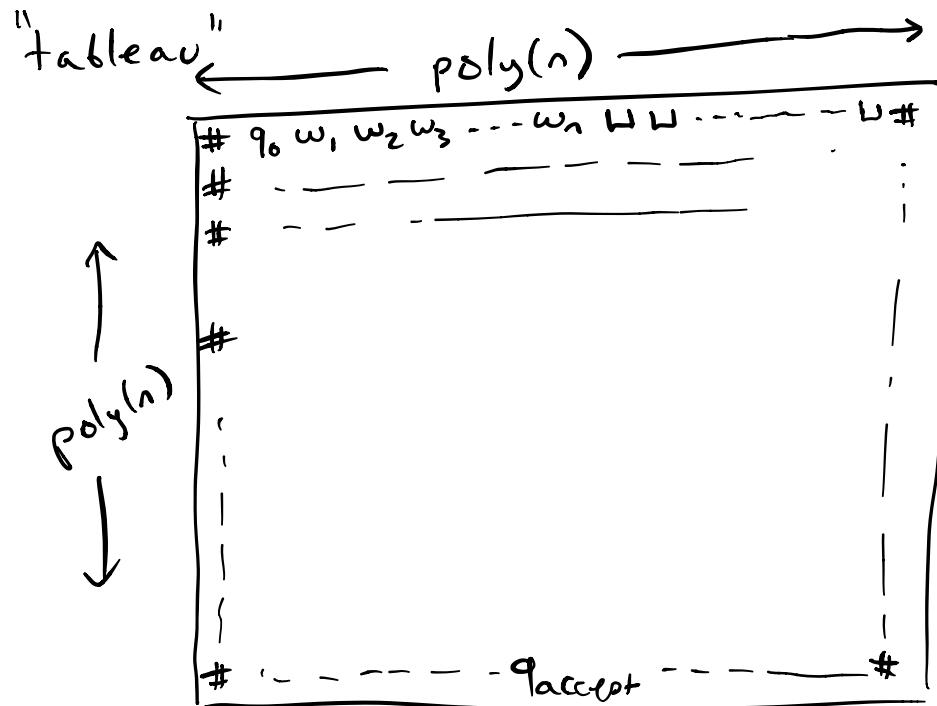
the certificate is the assignment to the vars.

Then verify if the formula is satisfied by this assignment.

CNFSAT is NP-hard:

Let B be any language in NP.
 $\Rightarrow \exists$ a NTM T for B that runs in $O(\text{poly}(n))$ time.

Idea: build a formula that is satisfiable iff $w \in B$.



Want: make
 a formula
 based off this
 that is satisfiable
 iff T accepts
 $w_1 \dots w_n$.

1. formula for start config (1st row)
 2. formula for accepting config (last row)
 3. formula to make sure each row yields the next.
- There are S symbols (tape chars, states, & #).
- Make a var. $X_{i,j,l}$ where i is any row
 $(1 \leq i \leq \text{poly}(n))$
- j is any column
 $(1 \leq j \leq \text{poly}(n))$
- and l is any of the symbols

Q: Could both $X_{i,j,l}$ and $X_{i,j,l'}$ ($l \neq l'$)

be both true?

$$\phi_{\text{cell}} = \bigwedge_{i=1}^{\text{poly}(n)} \bigwedge_{j=1}^{\text{poly}(n)} \left[\bigvee_{l=1}^S X_{i,j,l} \wedge \right.$$

$$\left. \bigwedge_{\substack{1 \leq \sigma_1, \sigma_2 \leq S \\ \sigma_1 \neq \sigma_2}} \left(\overline{X_{i,j,\sigma_1}} \vee \overline{X_{i,j,\sigma_2}} \right) \right]$$

$$\boxed{\# q_0 \text{ } w, \text{ } - \text{ } - \text{ } -}$$

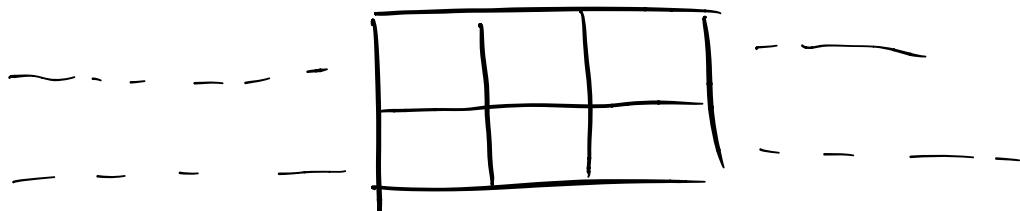
$$\underbrace{(\overline{X_{1,1,\#}} \vee \overline{X_{1,1,q_0}})}_{\text{---}} \wedge \text{---}$$

formula for start config

$$\phi_{\text{start}} = X_{1,1,\#} \wedge X_{1,2,q_0} \wedge \bigwedge_{i=1}^{\text{poly}(n)-1} X_{1,i+2,w_i} \\ \wedge \bigwedge_{i=n+1}^{\text{poly}(n)} X_{1,i,w} \wedge X_{1,\text{poly}(n),\#}$$

formula for accept config

$$\phi_{\text{accept}} = \bigvee_{j=1}^{\text{poly}(n)} X_{\text{poly}(n), j, q_{\text{accept}}}$$



Define $\phi_{\text{legal}, i, j}$ to be true iff row i yields row j .

$$\phi_{\text{move}} = \bigwedge_{i=1}^{\text{poly}(n)-1} \bigwedge_{j=2}^{\text{poly}(n)-1} \phi_{\text{legal}, i, j}$$

Make

$$\phi = \phi_{\text{cell}} \wedge \phi_{\text{start}} \wedge \phi_{\text{accept}} \wedge \phi_{\text{move}}$$

ϕ is satisfiable iff T accepted w .

CNF-SAT is NP-hard.



CLIQUE is NP-complete.

CLIQUE \in NP — done.

CLIQUE is NP-hard:

CNF-SAT \leq_p CLIQUE.

Let ϕ be a CNF formula
with n vars and m clauses.

For each of the m clauses, make
a "vertex gadget" $= (x_1 \vee x_2 \vee \dots \vee x_n)$

$x_1 \quad x_2 \quad x_3 \quad x_4 \quad \dots \quad x_n$

Ex:



Connect all pairs of vertices iff they are
not in the same clause nor are they
complements of the same variable.

Claim: the graph has an m-clique iff
the original formula is satisfiable.

Office Hours / Problem Solving

