LAB SAFETY

An Honestly Kinda Boring Presentation



SAFETY TOPICS

- Fire Safety
- Chemical Hygiene
- Bloodborne Pathogens



FIRE SAFETY

- In the Event of Fire
 - R. A. C. E.
 - Rescue
 - Alarm
 - Contain
 - Extinguish or evacuate
 - P. A. S. S.
 - Pull
 - Aim
 - Squeeze
 - Sweep



FIRE EXTINGUISHERS

- Classed
 - Class A
 - Common combustibles- wood, paper, cloth
 - Class B
 - Liquids and gases- gasoline, propane, solvents
 - Class C
 - Electrical equipment- computers, fax machines, beepers, adding machines...
 - Class D
 - Combustible metals- magnesium, lithium, etc
 - Class K
 - For Kooking- grease fires (oil, lard, fats)







EXTRA FIRE SAFETY

- Fire Blanket
 - To be placed over items on fire
- Flammable storage cabinet





CHEMICAL HYGIENE PLAN

- Your Responsibilities
 - Develop good personal chemical hygiene habits
 - Label secondary containers appropriately
 - Review container labels or SDS prior to working with chemicals
 - Use PPE appropriately
 - Work with hazardous chemicals in safe manner







CHEMICAL HAZARD CLASSES

- Carcinogen
- Combustible Liquid
- Corrosive/Caustic
- Flammable
- Irritant
- Organ specific

- Oxidizer
- Reactive
- Reproductive Toxin
- Sensitizer
- Toxic/highly toxic



CHEMICAL HAZARD SYMBOLS

HCS Pictograms and Hazards

Exclamation Mark Health Hazard Flame · Irritant (skin and eye) Carcinogen Flammables Mutagenicity Pyrophorics Skin Sensitizer Reproductive Toxicity Self-Heating Acute Toxicity (harmful) Respiratory Sensitizer • Emits Flammable Gas Narcotic Effects Target Organ Toxicity Self-Reactives Respiratory Tract Aspiration Toxicity Organic Peroxides Irritant Hazardous to Ozone Layer (Non-Mandatory) Gas Cylinder **Exploding Bomb** Corrosion Gases Under Pressure Skin Corrosion/ Explosives Burns Self-Reactives • Organic Peroxides • Eve Damage Corrosive to Metals Flame Over Circle Environment Skull and Crossbones (Non-Mandatory) Acute Toxicity Oxidizers Aquatic Toxicity (fatal or toxic)



CHEMICAL HAZARD LABELING

- You are responsible for ensuring that secondary containers:
 - Identify of contents
 - Word, picture, or symbol (GHS compliant) of hazard
 - Date of preparation (where applicable)
 - Date placed into use (where applicable)
 - Expiration date (where applicable)







LABORATORY ATTIRE

• NO:

- Loose, torn clothing
- Unrestrained long hair
- "skimpy" clothing
- Sandals, perforated shoes, cloth sneakers
- Cloth lab coats as outerwear

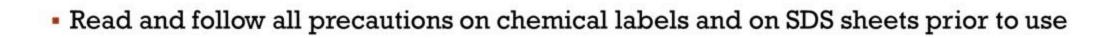
YES:

- Lab coats INSIDE lab only
- AT A MINIMUM lab coat, eye protection, proper gloves, must be worn
- Shoes that cover whole foot





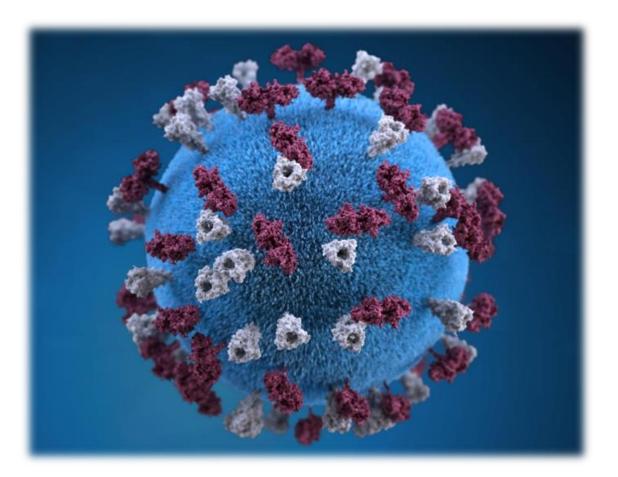
STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES





BLOODBORNE PATHOGENS

- HIV
- HBV
 - Vaccination
- HCV
 - 80% Asymptomatic
- CJD





TRANSMISSION OF BBP

- Direct contact
- Indirect Contact
- Airborne
- Fecal-Oral





PROTECTION FROM BBP

- PPE
 - Gloves, lab coat, masks etc...
- Engineering Controls
 - Shields, hoods/BSCs etc...
- Work Practice Control
 - Universal Precautions





PROTECTION FROM BBP

- Eating
- Eyes
- Cosmetics
- Personal items
- Washing hands





EXPOSURE PROTOCOL

- Did an exposure occur?
 - First Aid
 - Report exposures
 - **2**16-445-0742





NON-EXPOSURE SCENARIOS

- Contaminated Tube System
 - Pneumatic Tube System Emergency Procedure
- Medical Emergency
 - 111 pulseless
 - 122 other medical emergencies





KEY TAKEAWAYS

- Safety information can be found on intranet
- Fire-Safety: R.A.C.E. & P.A.S.S.
- Universal/Standard precautions should be followed at all times
- Develop good personal chemical hygiene habits by working carefully and labeling everything
- Any sample could be potentially hazardous, treat them with respect and caution



