TDM and Toxicology Review

1.	The term pharmacokinetics refers to?
2.	The term pharmacodynamics refers to?
3.	What are the 5 pharmacological parameters that determine serum drug concentration?
4.	Describe first pass metabolism?
5.	For drugs with first-order elimination what factor(s) determine elimination rate?
6.	After how many half-lives can steady-state conditions be expected?
7.	At what time should trough levels of a drug be drawn?
8.	What screening test for DATs commonly uses a point-of-care approach and is identified by the usage of a specimen's $R_{\rm f}$
9.	What method of testing uses bi-chromatic analysis to quantify carboxyhemoglobin
10.	What are the pre-analytic variables that need to be taken into account when testing for legal blood alcohol?
11.	What is the reference method for lead testing?
12.	Describe the acid-base imbalance created by salicylate overdose

13. What is the most frequent cause of lower than expected TDM values?
14. Describe the concept of a pro-drug.
15. What is the major side-effect of chloramphenicol administration?
16. What form must drugs be in to exert their effects upon their site of action?
17. Why do we not measure Digoxin peaks 2 hours after administration?
18. What metabolite is also simultaneously measured along with procanimide?
19. What metabolite of cocaine is routinely measured by immunoassay as a screening test?
20. Digoxin is used in the treatment of what disease?
21. What may the sub-acute signs of lead poisoning be?
22. Please describe the consequences of a low total protein and albumin on pharmacokinetics of drugs?