

STAT 8010 - Final Exam:-

Chaitanya Mandre

Q1) In this question, the Parameter of interest is the difference of means.

Since we are performing a hypothesis test on difference of means with an extraneous variable i.e. Same patient, we need to choose dependent (or) paired experimental design.

Patient	Before	After	Difference (di) (Before - After)
1	22.86	16.11	6.75
2	7.74	-4.02	11.76
3	15.49	8.04	7.45
4	9.97	3.29	6.68
5	1.44	-0.77	2.21

Let μ_B be the average of the readings before the treatment and μ_A be the average of the readings after the treatment.

$$\mu_D = \mu_B - \mu_A$$

Hypothesis:-

$$H_0: \mu_D = 0$$

$$H_a: \mu_D > 0$$

Test Statistic:-

$$t_{\text{obs}} = \frac{\bar{d} - D_0}{S_d / \sqrt{n}}$$

$$\bar{d} = \frac{d_1 + d_2 + \dots + d_5}{5} = \frac{6.75 + 11.76 + 7.45 + 6.68 + 2.21}{5} = 6.97$$

$$D_0 = 0$$

$$S_d = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (d_i - \bar{d})^2}{n-1}}$$
$$= \sqrt{\frac{(6.75 - 6.97)^2 + (11.76 - 6.97)^2 + (7.45 - 6.97)^2 + (6.68 - 6.97)^2 + (2.21 - 6.97)^2}{5-1}}$$

$$= 3.38.$$

$$n = 5$$

$$t_{obs} = \frac{6.97 - 6}{3.38/\sqrt{5}} = 4.61$$

Rejection Region:-

$$t_{obs} > t_{n-1, \alpha} = t_{5-1, 0.05} = t_{4, 0.05} = 2.132$$

$$t_{obs} > 2.132$$

Decision:-

$$t_{obs} > 2.132$$

$$\Rightarrow 4.61 > 2.132 \checkmark$$

Therefore we reject H_0 .

Conclusion:-

There is sufficient evidence to conclude H_a .

<u>Brand</u>	<u>Sample size</u>	<u>Sample mean</u>	<u>Sample S.D.</u>
Low-tar	100	8	
A	100	10	0.3
B	100	10	0.5
			0.4

a) This is a special case or the sample size of all brands are equal.

Hypothesis:

$$H_0: \mu_{\text{Low-tar}} = \mu_A = \mu_B$$

H_a : Not all the means are equal.

Test Statistic:-

$$F_{\text{obs}} = \frac{s^2_B}{s^2_w}$$

$$s^2_B = n \times (\text{Variance of Sample mean})$$

$$\text{Average of Sample mean}, \bar{Y} = \frac{8 + 10 + 10}{3} = 9.33$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Variance of Sample mean} &= \frac{(9.33 - 8)^2 + (9.33 - 10)^2 + (9.33 - 10)^2}{3-1} \\ &= \frac{(1.33)^2 + (-0.67)^2 + (-0.67)^2}{2} = 1.33 \end{aligned}$$

$$s^2_B = 100 \times 1.33 = 133$$

$$s^2_w = s^2_{\text{Low-tar}} + s^2_A + s^2_B = \frac{0.3^2 + 0.5^2 + 0.4^2}{3} = 0.16$$

$$F_{\text{obs}} = \frac{133}{0.16} = 831.25$$

Rejection Region:-

$$F_{\text{obs}} > F_{t-1, nt-t, \alpha} = F_{2, 297, 0.05} = 3.03$$

Decision:-

$$831.2 > 3.03 \checkmark (\text{True})$$

\therefore We Reject H_0 .

Conclusion:- There is sufficient evidence to conclude H_a .

b) Assumption - 1:- The samples are independent random samples.

The above assumption is satisfied for this problem.

Assumption - 2:- Each sample is selected from a normal population

The above assumption is also satisfied.

Assumption - 3:-

$$\text{Hypothesis: } H_0: \sigma^2_{1+} = \sigma^2_A = \sigma^2_B$$

H_a : Not all Variances are equal.

Test Statistic:-

$$F_{\text{max}} = \frac{s^2_{\text{max}}}{s^2_{\text{min}}} = \frac{0.5^2}{0.3^2} = 2.77$$

Rejection Region:-

$$F_{\text{max}} > F_{\text{max}, f_{1, n-1, \alpha}} = F_{\text{max}, 3, 99, 0.05}$$

$$= 1.85$$

Decision:-

$$F_{\text{obs}} > 1.85$$

$$2.77 > 1.85$$

\therefore We Reject H_0 .

Conclusion: There is sufficient evidence to conclude H_a .

3.)

a.)

Randomized block design.

b.)

Given that TSS = 682.25

$$SST = \sum_{i=1}^t \frac{y_i^2}{b} - \frac{y^2}{bt}$$

$$= \frac{(90.4)^2 + (74.3)^2 + (88)^2}{4} - \frac{(253.7)^2}{4 \times 3}$$

$$= 5403.413 - 5363.641$$

$$\boxed{SST = 39.772}$$

$$SSB = \sum_{i=1}^b \frac{y_i^2}{t} - \frac{y^2}{bt}$$

$$= 5800.703 - 5363.641$$

$$\boxed{SSB = 437.062}$$

$$SSE = TSS - SST - SSB$$

$$= 682.25 - 39.772 - 437.062$$

$$\boxed{SSE = 205.416}$$

$$\text{Calculating MST} = \frac{SST}{(t-1)} = 19.886$$

$$MSB = \frac{SSB}{(b-1)} = \frac{437.062}{3} = 145.68$$

$$MSE = \frac{SSE}{(b-1)(t-1)} = \frac{205.416}{3 \times 2} = 34.236$$

$$F_{\text{obs}} (\text{treatments}) = \frac{MST}{MSE} = \frac{19.886}{34.236} = 0.58$$

$$F_{\text{obs}} (\text{Blocks}) = \frac{MSB}{MSE} = \frac{145.68}{34.236} = 4.25$$

ANOVA Table:-

Source Due to	Sum Squares	df	Mean Square	F
Treatment	39.772	2	19.886	0.58
Block error.	437.062	3	145.6873	4.25
Total	682.25	11	34.236	

c) Hypothesis:-

$$H_0: \alpha_A = \alpha_B = \alpha_C$$

$H_a:$ Not all means are equal.

Test Statistic:-

$$F_{\text{obs}} (\text{treatments}) = 0.58$$

P-value:-

$$P(F_{t-1, (b-1)(t-1)} > F_{\text{obs}})$$

$$P(F_{2, 6} > 0.58)$$

$$> 0.25$$

Decision:-

$$P\text{-value} > \alpha(0.05)$$

\therefore we fail to reject H_0 .

Conclusion:- There is no sufficient evidence to conclude that ^{all} mean are not equal.

d.) Hypothesis:

$$H_0: \beta_1 = \beta_2 = \beta_3 = \beta_4$$

H_a : Not all of them are equal.

Test Statistics:-

$$F_{\text{obs}} (\text{Block}) = 4.25$$

P-value:-

$$P(F_{b-1, (b-1)(t-1)} > F_{\text{obs}})$$

$$P(F_{3,6} > 4.25)$$

$$< 0.10 \notin > 0.05$$

$$\text{P-value} > \alpha (0.05)$$

Decision:-

We fail to reject H_0 .

Conclusion:-

We don't have enough evidence to conclude there is a significance difference in between block effects.

c) Relative efficiency = $\frac{MSE_{CR}}{MSE_{RB}}$

$$= \frac{(b-1)MSE_B + b(t-1)MSE_{RB}}{(b+t-1)MSE_{RB}}$$

$$= \frac{(3)(145.68) + (4)(2)(34.236)}{(3(4)-1)34.236} = 1.88$$

4.) a) This is Completely Randomized design.

b) $TSS = 6.93$

$$SSB = \sum_{i=1}^t \frac{y_i^2}{n_i} - \frac{y_{..}^2}{n_T}$$

$$n_T = 12$$

$$SSB = \frac{10.6^2 + 15.9^2 + 17.5^2}{4} - \frac{43.8^2}{12}$$
$$= 6.24$$

$$SSW = TSS - SSB = 6.93 - 6.24 = 0.69$$

$$t = 3$$

$$S_B^2 = SSB / t-1 = 6.24 / 3-1 = 3.12$$

$$S_W^2 = SSW / n_{t-1} = \frac{0.69}{12-3} = 0.07$$

$$F_{obs} = \frac{S_B^2}{S_W^2} = 3.12 / 0.07 = 44.57$$

ANOVA Table:-

Source Due to	Sum of Squares (SS)	df	Mean Square (MS)	F
Between Samples	6.24	2	3.12	44.57
within Samples	0.69	9	0.07	
Total	6.93	11		

c) Hypothesis:-

$$H_0: \mu_A = \mu_B = \mu_C$$

H_a : Not all the means are equal.

Test Statistic:-

$$F_{\text{obs}} = 44.57$$

P-value:-

$$\text{P-value} = P(F_{f-1, m-1} > F_{\text{obs}})$$

$$= P(F_{2,9} > 44.57)$$

$$< 0.01$$

Decision:-

$$\alpha = 0.05$$

P-Value $< \alpha$, therefore we reject H_0 .

Conclusion:-

There is sufficient evidence to conclude H_a .

5) a) Dependent Variable - Price - y

Independent Variable - Mileage - x .

b) Given that $S_{xx} = 20$, $S_{xy} = 60$.

$$\hat{\beta} = \frac{S_{xy}}{S_{xx}} = \frac{60}{20} = 3$$

$$\hat{y} = \beta_0 + \hat{\beta}_1 \bar{x}$$

$$14 = \beta_0 + (3)(19)$$

$$\beta_0 = 2$$

∴ equation is $\boxed{\hat{y} = 2 + 3x}$

c) First we need to find the value of SE

$$S_E = \sqrt{\frac{S_{SE}}{n-2}}$$

$$S_{SE} = S_{yy} - \frac{S_{xy}^2}{S_{xx}}$$

$$S_{yy} = \sum_{i=1}^n y_i^2 - \left(\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n y_i}{n} \right)^2 = 1204 - 980 = 224$$

$$S_{SE} = S_{yy} - \frac{S_{xy}^2}{S_{xx}} = 224 - \frac{60^2}{20} = 224 - 180 = 44$$

$$S_E = \sqrt{\frac{S_{SE}}{n-2}} = \sqrt{\frac{44}{3}} = 3.82$$

Hypothesis:-

$$\begin{aligned} H_0: \beta_1 &= \beta_{10} \\ H_a: \beta_1 &\neq \beta_{10} \end{aligned} \Rightarrow \begin{aligned} H_0: \beta_1 &= 0 \\ H_a: \beta_1 &\neq 0 \end{aligned}$$

Test Statistic:-

$$t_{obs} = \frac{\hat{\beta}_1 - \hat{\beta}_{10}}{SE / \sqrt{S_{xx}}} = \frac{3.0}{3.82 / \sqrt{20}} = \frac{3}{3.82 / 4.47} = \frac{3}{0.675} = 3.52$$

Rejection Region:-

$$|t_{obs}| > t_{n-2, \alpha/2}$$

$$|3.52| > t_{3, 0.025} = 3.182$$

Decision:-

$$|t_{obs}| > t_{3, 0.025}$$

$$= 3.52 > 3.182 \checkmark \text{ (True)}$$

We Reject H₀.

Inclusion:- There is sufficient evidence to conclude H_a.

6.) a) To choose between Pooled P-test and Separate t-test, we need to perform F-test.

Hypothesis:-

$$H_0: \sigma^2_M = \sigma^2_c$$

$$H_a: \sigma^2_M \neq \sigma^2_c$$

Test Statistic:-

$$F_{\text{obs}} = \frac{s_i^2}{s_j^2} \quad \text{when } s_i^2 > s_j^2$$

$$= \frac{s_c^2}{s_m^2} = \frac{480^2}{350^2} = 1.88$$

Rejection Region:-

$$F_{\text{obs}} > F_{n_c-1, n_M-1, 0.025} = F_{8, 9, 0.025} = 4.10$$

(or)

$$c \frac{1}{F_{n_M-1, n_c-1, 0.025}} = \frac{1}{F_{9, 8, 0.025}} = \frac{1}{4.36} = 0.22$$

$$F_{\text{obs}} > 4.10 \quad (\text{or}) \quad < 0.22$$

Decision:- $F_{\text{obs}} = 1.88$

It is not greater than 4.10 or less than 0.22,

\therefore we fail to reject H_0 .

Conclusion:-

There is no sufficient evidence to conclude H_a .
Therefore we conduct pooled t-test.

b.)

Hypothesis:-

$$H_0: \mu_C - \mu_M = 0$$

$$H_a: \mu_C - \mu_M > 0$$

Test - Statistics:-

$$t_{obs} = \frac{(\bar{Y}_C - \bar{Y}_M) - D_0}{S_p \sqrt{\frac{1}{n_C} + \frac{1}{n_M}}}$$

$$S_p^2 = \frac{(n_C - 1) S_C^2 + (n_M - 1) S_M^2}{n_C + n_M - 2} = \frac{8 \times 480^2 + 9 \times 350^2}{19 - 2} \\ = 173276.47$$

$$\underline{S_p = 416.26}$$

$$t_{obs} = \frac{(8540 - 7358) - 0}{416.26 \sqrt{\frac{1}{9} + \frac{1}{10}}} = 6.18$$

Rejection Region:-

$$t_{obs} > t_{n_C + n_M - 2, \alpha} = t_{17, 0.05} = 1.740$$

$$t_{obs} > 1.740$$

Decision:-

Reject H_0 Since $6.18 > 1.740$

Conclusion:-

There is sufficient evidence to conclude H_a .