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# Boston University

# Metropolitan College

## CS699 Data Mining

### Project Report

## PC1 Software Defect Classification

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## Introduction

One of the NASA Metrics Data Program defect data sets. Data from flight software for earth orbiting satellite. Data comes from McCabe and Halstead features extractors of source code. These features were defined in the 70s in an attempt to objectively characterize code features that are associated with software quality.

"McCabe's cyclomatic complexity is a software quality metric that quantifies the complexity of a software program. Complexity is inferred by measuring the number of linearly independent paths through the program. The higher the number the more complex the code."

([http://www.chambers.com.au/glossary/mc\\_cabe\\_cyclomatic\\_complexity.php](http://www.chambers.com.au/glossary/mc_cabe_cyclomatic_complexity.php))

"Halstead's metrics depends upon the actual implementation of the program and its measures, which are computed directly from the operators and operands from source code, in a static manner. It allows evaluating testing time, vocabulary, size, difficulty, errors, and efforts for source code."

([https://www.tutorialspoint.com/software\\_engineering/software\\_design\\_complexity.htm](https://www.tutorialspoint.com/software_engineering/software_design_complexity.htm))

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## Attribute Information

1. *loc*: numeric % McCabe's line count of code
2. *v(g)*: numeric % McCabe "cyclomatic complexity"
3. *ev(g)*: numeric % McCabe "essential complexity"
4. *iv(g)*: numeric % McCabe "design complexity"
5. *n*: numeric % Halstead total operators + operands
6. *v*: numeric % Halstead "volume"
7. *l*: numeric % Halstead "program length"
8. *d*: numeric % Halstead "difficulty"
9. *i*: numeric % Halstead "intelligence"
10. *e*: numeric % Halstead "effort"
11. *b*: numeric % Halstead
12. *t*: numeric % Halstead's time estimator
13. *IOCode*: numeric % Halstead's line count
14. *IOComment*: numeric % Halstead's count of lines of comments
15. *IOBlank*: numeric % Halstead's count of blank lines
16. *IOCodeAndComment*: numeric
17. *uniq\_Op*: numeric % unique operators
18. *uniq\_Opnd*: numeric % unique operands
19. *total\_Op*: numeric % total operators
20. *total\_Opnd*: numeric % total operands
21. *branchCount*: numeric % of the flow graph
22. *branchCount*: numeric % of the flow graph
23. *defects* : {false,true} % module has/not one or more reported defects

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## Data Mining Goal

To classify whether the module has one or more defect or not i.e true or false.

## Data-Preprocessing

- Binning

Performed equal width binning on each attribute of the dataset using the R Script which can be found in the attached documents or over [here](#).

Attribute	Minimum Value	Maximum Value	Number of Bins
Loc	0	602	10
v.g.	1	136	10
ev.g.	1	123	10
iv.G.	1	123	10
N	1	2785	10
V	0	25942.69	10
L	0	2	3
D	0	270.66	10
I	0	598.33	10

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E	0	4279633	10
B	0	8.65	10
T	0	237757.4	10
I	0	598.33	10
IOCode	0	600	6
IOComment	0	159	10
IoCodeandComment	0	48	5
IoBlank	0	225	9
Uniq_Op	1	99	10
Uniq_Opnd	0	538	9
total_Op	1	1641	10
total_Opnd	0	1144	10
branchCount	1	236	10

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- Splitting the dataset

Splitting the dataset into training and test dataset (2/3 of the dataset is the training set = 744 instances, 1/3 of the dataset is the test set = 365 instances ) out of these in order to avoid the class imbalance problem 6.94 % of the total instances should be 'TRUE' the remaining would be 'FALSE'.

#### Training dataset

'TRUE' instances:	52
'FALSE' instances:	692
Total number of instances:	744

#### Test dataset

'TRUE' instances:	25
'FALSE' instances:	340
Total number of instances:	365

#### Resulting datasets

Training dataset: pc1\_bin\_training\_dataset\_weka.arff

Test dataset: pc1\_bin\_test\_dataset\_weka.arff

Note: For splitting the dataset using the WEKA software the instructions given in the "Splitting Dataset While Preserving Class Distribution" document are followed.

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## Attribute selection algorithms used

**Gain Ratio:** To reduce a bias towards multi-valued attributes, we use gain ratio. In this technique, we take into consideration the number and size of branches whenever choosing an attribute.

(Han, J., Kamber, M., Pei, J., "Data mining: concepts and techniques," 3rd Ed., Morgan Kaufmann, 2012)

**WrapperSubsetEval:** In the wrapper approach to feature subset selection, a search for an optimal set of features is made using the induction algorithm as a black box. The estimated future performance of the algorithm is the heuristic guiding the search. Statistical methods for feature subset selection including forward selection, backward elimination, and their stepwise variants can be viewed as simple hill-climbing techniques in the space of feature subsets".

(<http://www.aaai.org/Papers/KDD/1995/KDD95-049.pdf>)

**SymmetricalUncertAttributeEval:** Evaluates the worth of an attribute by measuring the symmetrical uncertainty with respect to the class.

(<http://weka.sourceforge.net/doc.dev/weka/attributeSelection/SymmetricalUncertAttributeEval.html>)

**CfsSubsetEval:** Evaluates the worth of a subset of attributes by considering the individual predictive ability of each feature along with the degree of redundancy between them. Subsets of features that are highly correlated with the class while having low intercorrelation are preferred.

(<http://weka.sourceforge.net/doc.dev/weka/attributeSelection/CfsSubsetEval.html>)

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## Classification algorithms used

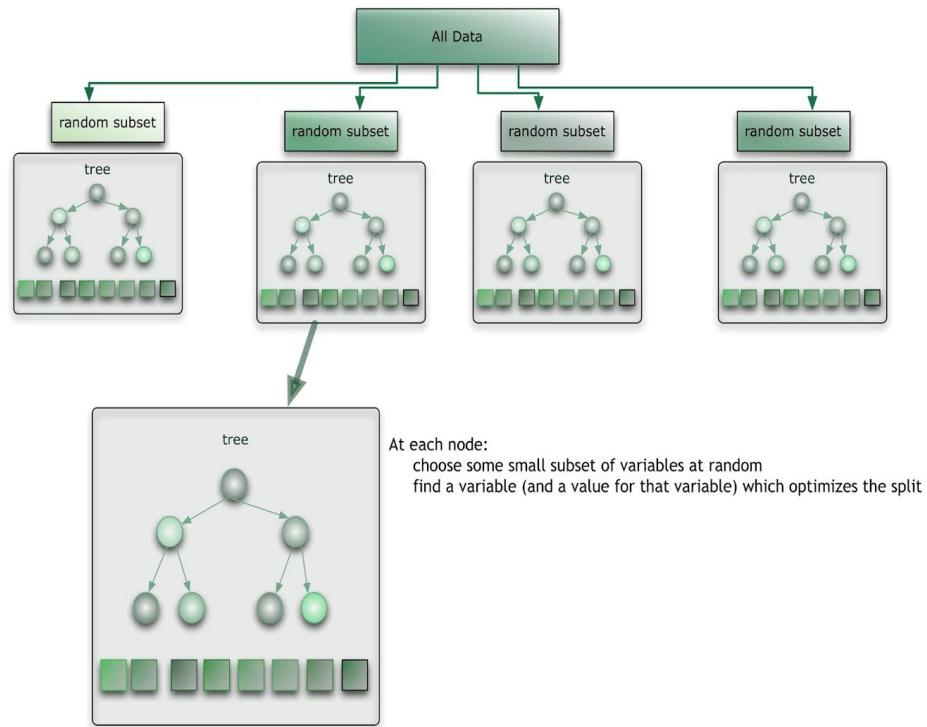
**Multilayer Perceptron:** A multilayer perceptron (MLP) is a deep, artificial neural network. It is composed of more than one perceptron. They are composed of an input layer to receive the signal, an output layer that makes a decision or prediction about the input, and in between those two, an arbitrary number of hidden layers that are the true computational engine of the MLP. MLPs with one hidden layer is capable of approximating any continuous function. Multilayer perceptrons are often applied to supervised learning problems. They train on a set of input-output pairs and learn to model the correlation (or dependencies) between those inputs and outputs. Training involves adjusting the parameters, or the weights and biases, of the model in order to minimize error. Backpropagation is used to make those weights and bias adjustments relative to the error, and the error itself can be measured in a variety of ways, including by root mean squared error (RMSE). (<https://skymind.ai/wiki/multilayer-perceptron>)

**J48:** The C4.5 algorithm for building decision trees is implemented in WEKA as a classifier called J48. First, C4.5 uses information gain when generating the decision tree. Second, although other systems also incorporate pruning, C4.5 uses a single-pass pruning process to mitigate over-fitting. Pruning results in many improvements. Third, C4.5 can work with both continuous and discrete data. Our understanding is it does this by specifying ranges or thresholds for continuous data thus turning continuous data into discrete data. Finally, incomplete data is dealt with in its own way.

(<https://hackerbits.com/data/c4-5-data-mining-algorithm/>)

**Random Forest:** The random forest starts with a standard machine learning technique called a “decision tree” which, in ensemble terms, corresponds to our weak learner. In a decision tree, an input is entered at the top and as it traverses down the tree the data gets bucketed into smaller and smaller sets. Thus, in ensemble terms, the trees are weak learners and the random forest is a strong learner.

(<http://blog.citizen.net/blog/2012/11/10/random-forests-ensembles-and-performance-metrics>)



**IBK:** The k-nearest neighbors algorithm (KNN) is a non-parametric method used for classification and regression. In both cases, the input consists of the k closest training examples in the feature space. In KNN classification, the output is a class membership. An object is classified by a majority vote of its neighbors, with the object being assigned to the class most common among its k nearest neighbors ( $k$  is a positive integer, typically small). If  $k = 1$ , then the object is simply assigned to

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the class of that single nearest neighbor. In KNN regression, the output is the property value for the object. This value is the average of the values of its k nearest neighbors.

KNN is a type of instance-based learning, or lazy learning, where the function is only approximated locally and all computation is deferred until classification.

([http://sciencewise.info/resource/lbk\\_algorithm/lbk\\_algorithm\\_by\\_Wikipedia](http://sciencewise.info/resource/lbk_algorithm/lbk_algorithm_by_Wikipedia))

**Naive Bayes:** Naive Bayesian classifier assumes that the effect of an attribute value on a given class is independent of the values of the other attributes. This assumption is called class conditional independence. It is made to simplify the computations involved in this algorithm.

Bayesian Theorem:

- The purpose of the Bayesian theorem is to predict the class label for a given tuple.
- Let X be a data tuple.
- In Bayesian terms, X is considered "evidence."
- It is described by measurements made on a set of n attributes.
- Let H be some hypothesis, such as that the data tuple X belongs to a specified class C.
- For classification problems, we are looking for the probability that tuple X belongs to class C, given that we know the attribute description of X.

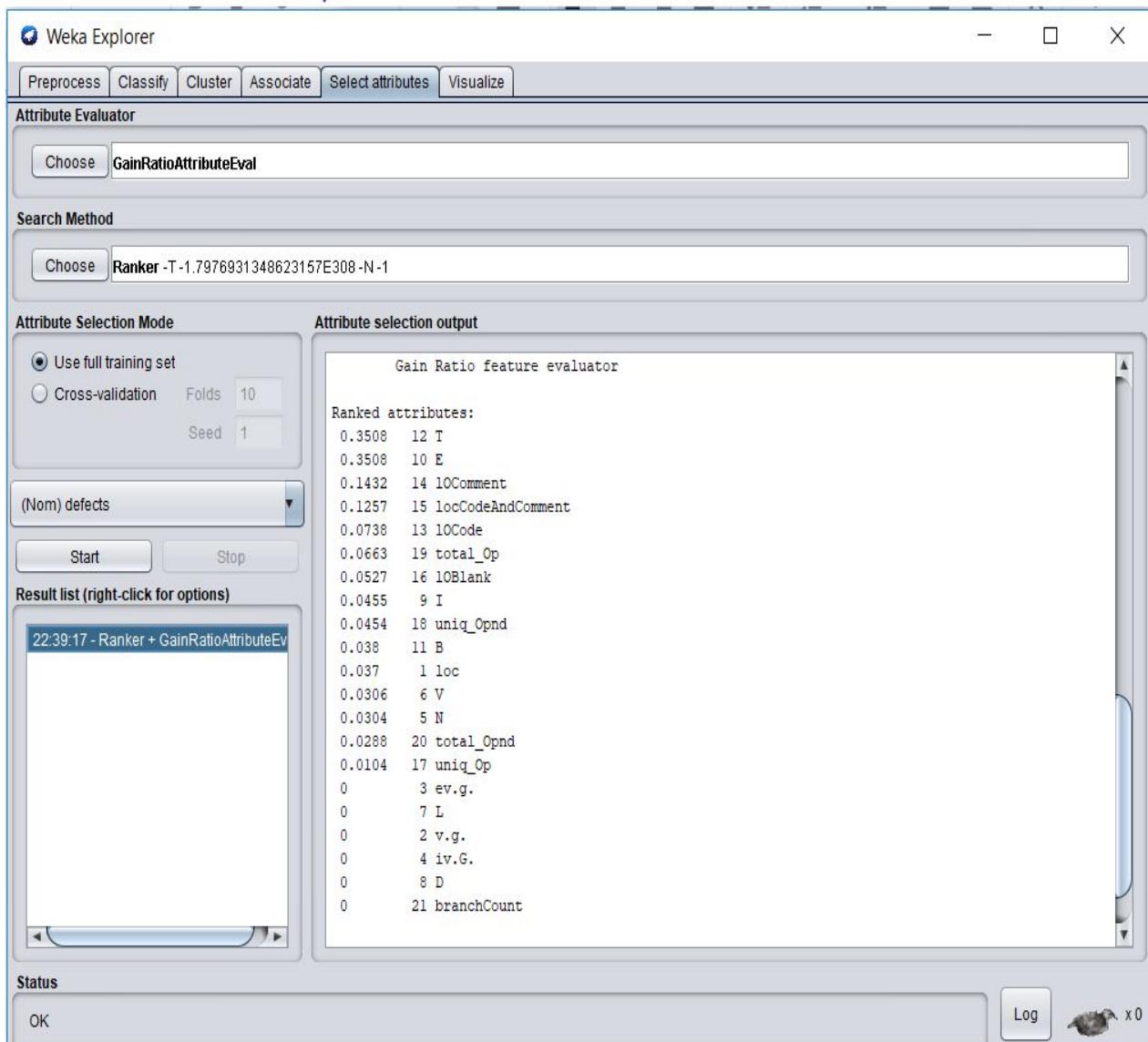
$$\text{Bayesian theorem is } P(H \setminus X) = \frac{P(X \mid H)P(H)}{P(X)}$$

(<http://www.ques10.com/p/166/write-short-note-on-bayesian-classification/>)

## Building Classifier Models

Screenshots of Attribute Selection Algorithms and their corresponding Classifier models

### Gain Ratio



Selected Attributes: T, E, IOComment, IOCodeAndComment and IOCode

## Multilayer Perceptron

Weka Explorer

Preprocess Classify Cluster Associate Select attributes Visualize

Classifier

Choose MultilayerPerceptron -L 0.3 -M 0.2 -N 500 -V 0 -S 0 -E 20 -H a

Test options

Use training set  
 Supplied test set Set...  
 Cross-validation Folds 10  
 Percentage split % 66  
More options...

(Nom) defects

Start Stop

Result list (right-click for options)

22:46:55 - misc.InputMappedClassifier  
22:49:28 - misc.InputMappedClassifier  
22:51:12 - misc.InputMappedClassifier  
22:53:17 - misc.InputMappedClassifier  
22:55:08 - misc.InputMappedClassifier  
00:07:07 - misc.InputMappedClassifier

Classifier output

==== EVALUATION ON TEST SET ====  
Time taken to test model on supplied test set: 0.52 seconds

==== Summary ====  
Correctly Classified Instances 342 93.6986 %  
Incorrectly Classified Instances 23 6.3014 %  
Kappa statistic 0.1916  
Mean absolute error 0.1  
Root mean squared error 0.2283  
Relative absolute error 77.0303 %  
Root relative squared error 90.3602 %  
Total Number of Instances 365

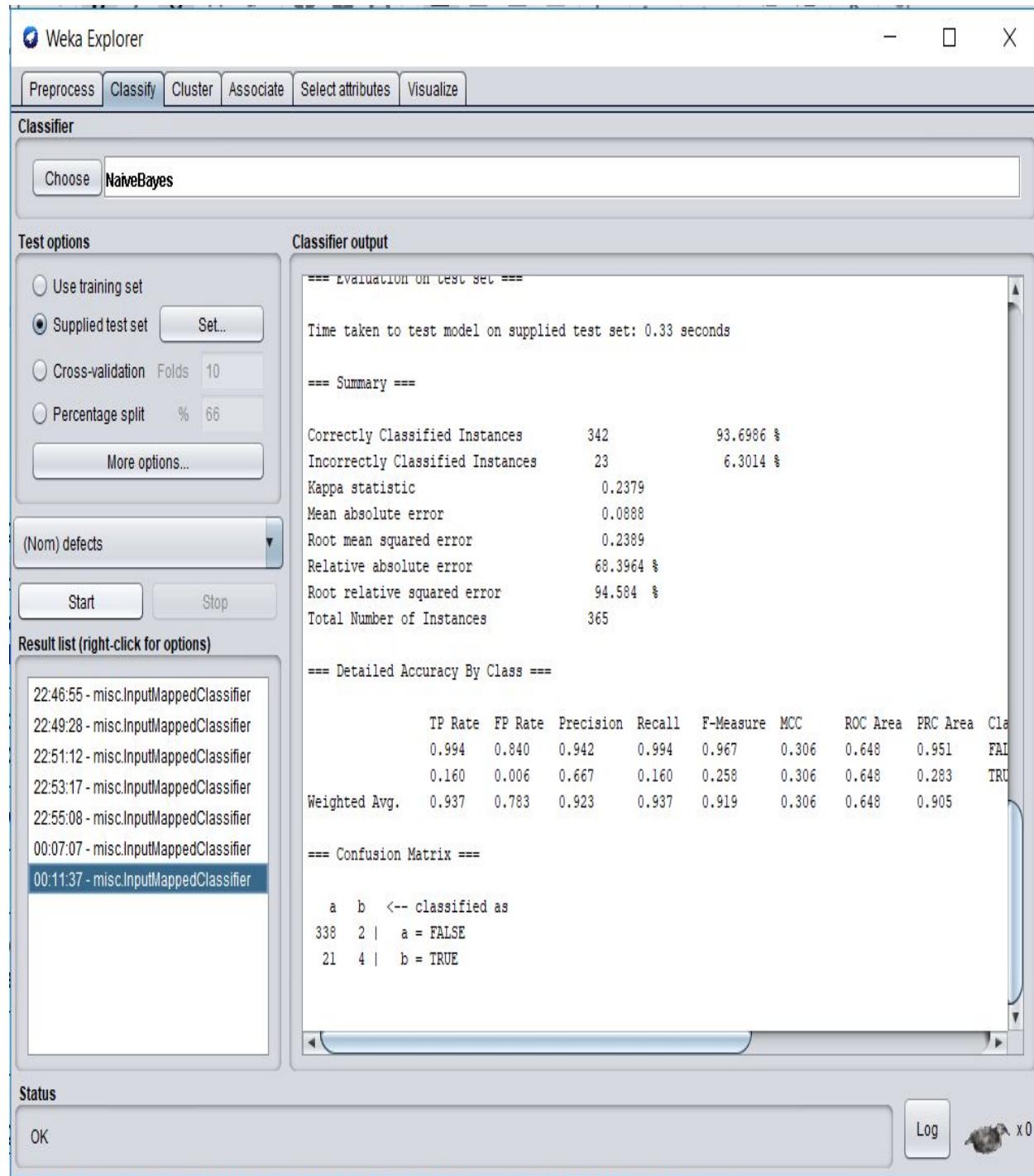
==== Detailed Accuracy By Class ====  
TP Rate FP Rate Precision Recall F-Measure MCC ROC Area PRC Area Class  
0.997 0.880 0.939 0.997 0.967 0.284 0.652 0.951 FALSE  
0.120 0.003 0.750 0.120 0.207 0.284 0.652 0.306 TRUE  
Weighted Avg. 0.937 0.820 0.926 0.937 0.915 0.284 0.652 0.907

==== Confusion Matrix ====  
a b <- classified as  
339 1 | a = FALSE  
22 3 | b = TRUE

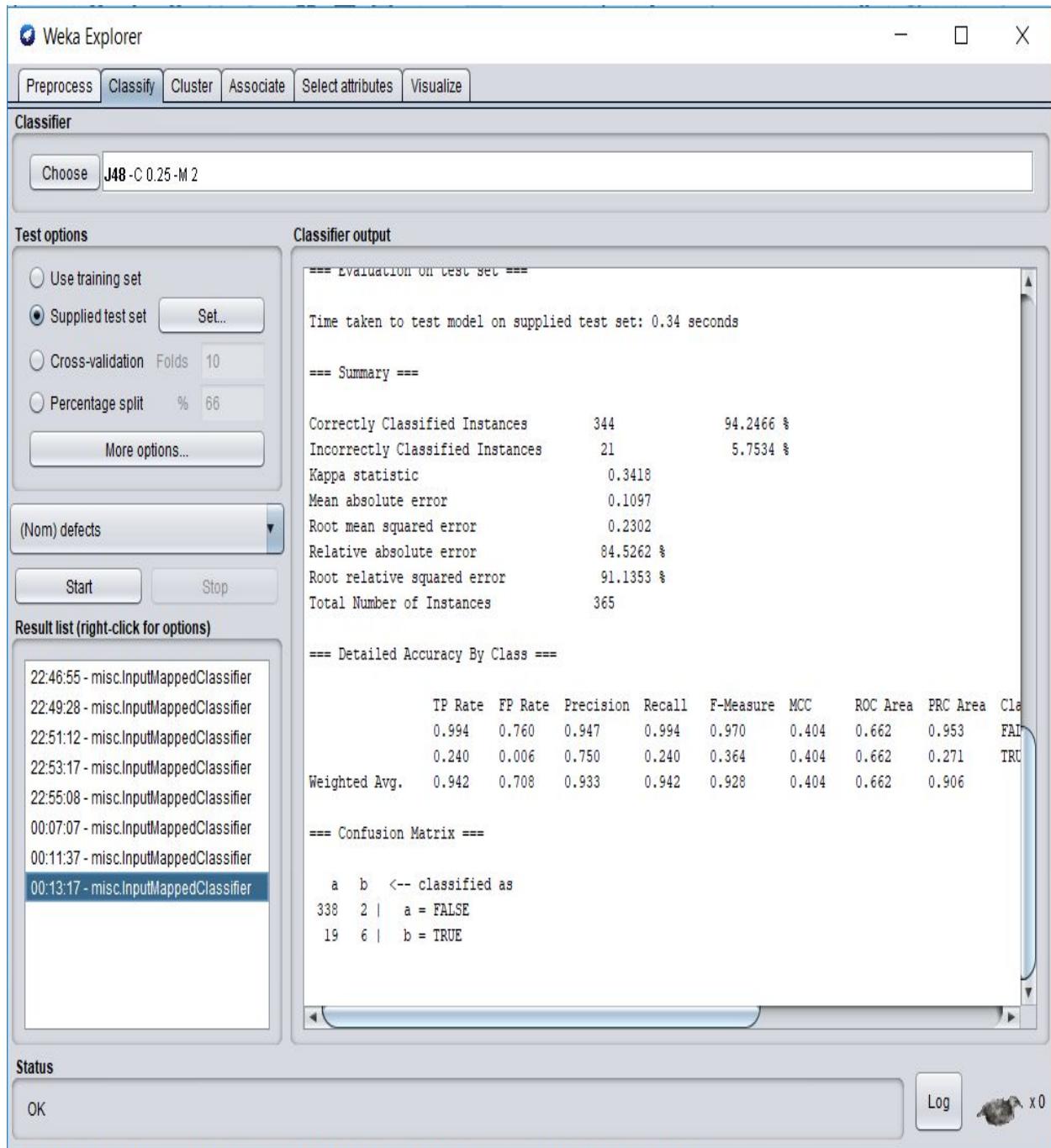
Status

OK Log x 0

## Naive Bayes



## J48



## Random Forest

Weka Explorer

Preprocess Classify Cluster Associate Select attributes Visualize

Classifier

Choose RandomForest -P 100 -I 100 -num-slots 1 -K 0 -M 1.0 -V 0.001 -S 1

**Test options**

Use training set  
 Supplied test set Set...  
 Cross-validation Folds 10  
 Percentage split % 66  
More options...

(Nom) defects

Start Stop

**Result list (right-click for options)**

- 22:46:55 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 22:49:28 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 22:51:12 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 22:53:17 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 22:55:08 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 00:07:07 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 00:11:37 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 00:13:17 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 00:14:47 - misc.InputMappedClassifier

**Classifier output**

```
==== Evaluation on test set ====
Time taken to test model on supplied test set: 0.41 seconds

==== Summary ====
Correctly Classified Instances      344          94.2466 %
Incorrectly Classified Instances   21           5.7534 %
Kappa statistic                   0.3756
Mean absolute error               0.1066
Root mean squared error          0.2262
Relative absolute error           82.153 %
Root relative squared error     89.5632 %
Total Number of Instances        365

==== Detailed Accuracy By Class ====

          TP Rate  FP Rate  Precision  Recall  F-Measure  MCC  ROC Area  PRC Area  Class
          0.991    0.720    0.949    0.991    0.970    0.420  0.666    0.953    FAI
          0.280    0.009    0.700    0.280    0.400    0.420  0.666    0.319    TRU
Weighted Avg.  0.942    0.671    0.932    0.942    0.931    0.420  0.666    0.910

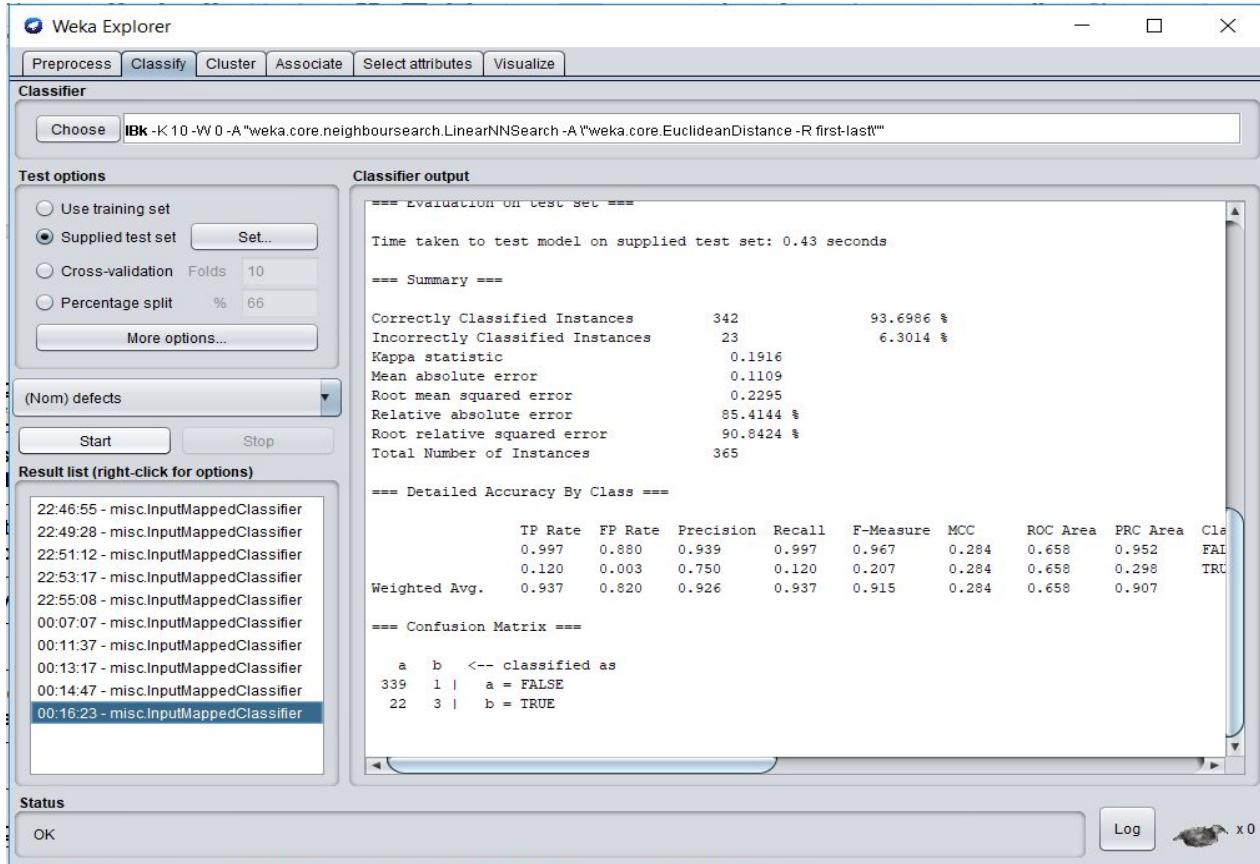
==== Confusion Matrix ====

      a   b   <- classified as
337  3 |  a = FALSE
 18  7 |  b = TRUE
```

Status

OK Log x0

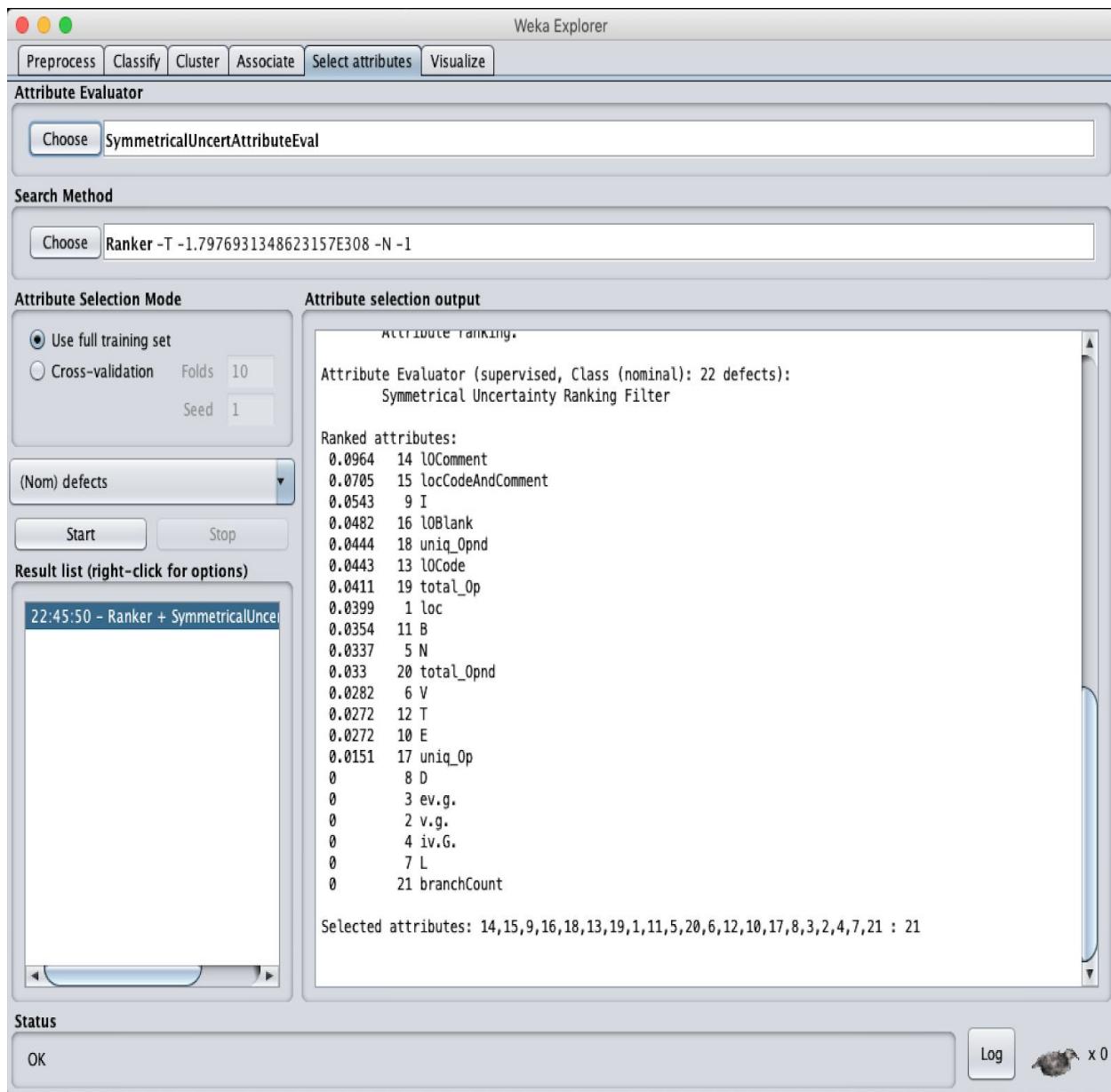
## Instance-based KNN (K = 10)



Classification Model	TP Rate	FP Rate	Precision	Recall	F-Measure	ROC Area	Accuracy
<b>Multilayer Perceptron</b>	0.937	0.820	0.926	0.937	0.915	0.652	93.69
<b>Naive Bayes</b>	0.937	0.783	0.923	0.937	0.919	0.648	93.69
<b>J48</b>	0.942	0.708	0.933	0.942	0.928	0.662	94.25
<b>Random Forest</b>	0.942	0.671	0.932	0.942	0.931	0.666	94.25
<b>IBK (K=10)</b>	0.937	0.820	0.926	0.937	0.915	0.658	93.69

Note:- Highlighted model gives the best results for this Attribute selection Algorithm

## SymmetricalUncertAttributeEval



Attributes selected: loComment, locCodeandComment, I, loBlank, Uniq\_opnd

## Multilayer Perceptron

Weka Explorer

Preprocess Classify Cluster Associate Select attributes Visualize

Classifier

Choose MultilayerPerceptron -L 0.3 -M 0.2 -N 500 -V 0 -S 0 -E 20 -H a

**Test options**

Use training set  
 Supplied test set Set...  
 Cross-validation Folds 10  
 Percentage split % 66  
More options...

(Nom) defects

Start Stop

**Result list (right-click for options)**

22:50:31 - misc.InputMappedClassifier

**Classifier output**

(nominal) defects --> 22 (nominal) defects

Time taken to build model: 0.28 seconds

== Evaluation on test set ==

Time taken to test model on supplied test set: 0.31 seconds

== Summary ==

Correctly Classified Instances	341	93.4247 %
Incorrectly Classified Instances	24	6.5753 %
Kappa statistic	0.1813	
Mean absolute error	0.0912	
Root mean squared error	0.2328	
Relative absolute error	70.2664 %	
Root relative squared error	92.1606 %	
Total Number of Instances	365	

== Detailed Accuracy By Class ==

	TP Rate	FP Rate	Precision	Recall	F-Measure	MCC	ROC Area	PRC Area	Class
0.994	0.880	0.939	0.994	0.966	0.248	0.676	0.955		FALSE
0.120	0.006	0.600	0.120	0.200	0.248	0.676	0.344		TRUE
Weighted Avg.	0.934	0.820	0.916	0.934	0.913	0.248	0.676	0.913	

== Confusion Matrix ==

a	b	<- classified as
338	2	a = FALSE
22	3	b = TRUE

Status

OK Log x 0

## Naïve Bayes

Weka Explorer

Preprocess Classify Cluster Associate Select attributes Visualize

Classifier

Choose NaiveBayes

**Test options**

Use training set  
 Supplied test set Set...  
 Cross-validation Folds 10  
 Percentage split % 66

**Classifier output**

```
numerical, unq_opns (nominal) defects > 10 (numerical, unq_opns)
--> 22 (nominal) defects

Time taken to build model: 0 seconds

== Evaluation on test set ==

Train on a percentage of the data and test on the remainder del on supplied test set: 0.33 seconds
```

(Nom) defects

Start Stop

**Result list (right-click for options)**

- 22:50:31 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 22:50:55 - misc.InputMappedClassifier

**Status**

OK Log x 0

Correctly Classified Instances 339 92.8767 %  
Incorrectly Classified Instances 26 7.1233 %  
Kappa statistic 0.3446  
Mean absolute error 0.0836  
Root mean squared error 0.2504  
Relative absolute error 64.4122 %  
Root relative squared error 99.1299 %  
Total Number of Instances 365

**Summary**

	TP Rate	FP Rate	Precision	Recall	F-Measure	MCC	ROC Area	PRC Area	Class
0.974	0.680	0.951	0.974	0.962	0.352	0.694	0.957		FALSE
0.320	0.026	0.471	0.320	0.381	0.352	0.694	0.275		TRUE
Weighted Avg.	0.929	0.635	0.918	0.929	0.922	0.352	0.694	0.911	

**Detailed Accuracy By Class**

	TP Rate	FP Rate	Precision	Recall	F-Measure	MCC	ROC Area	PRC Area	Class
0.974	0.680	0.951	0.974	0.962	0.352	0.694	0.957		FALSE
0.320	0.026	0.471	0.320	0.381	0.352	0.694	0.275		TRUE
Weighted Avg.	0.929	0.635	0.918	0.929	0.922	0.352	0.694	0.911	

**Confusion Matrix**

	a	b	classified as
331	9	17	a = FALSE
17	8	8	b = TRUE

## J48

Weka Explorer

Preprocess Classify Cluster Associate Select attributes Visualize

Classifier

Choose J48 -C 0.25 -M 2

**Test options**

Use training set  
 Supplied test set Set...  
 Cross-validation Folds 10  
 Percentage split % 66  
More options...

(Nom) defects

Start Stop

**Result list (right-click for options)**

22:50:31 - misc.InputMappedClassifier  
22:50:55 - misc.InputMappedClassifier  
22:51:14 - misc.InputMappedClassifier

**Classifier output**

Time taken to build model: 0 seconds

== Evaluation on test set ==

Time taken to test model on supplied test set: 0.3 seconds

== Summary ==

	Correctly Classified Instances	340	93.1507 %
Incorrectly Classified Instances	25	6.8493 %	
Kappa statistic	0.1716		
Mean absolute error	0.1169		
Root mean squared error	0.2482		
Relative absolute error	90.0302 %		
Root relative squared error	98.2441 %		
Total Number of Instances	365		

== Detailed Accuracy By Class ==

	TP Rate	FP Rate	Precision	Recall	F-Measure	MCC	ROC Area	PRC Area	Class
0.991	0.880	0.939	0.991	0.964	0.221	0.600	0.947		FALSE
0.120	0.009	0.500	0.120	0.194	0.221	0.600	0.165		TRUE
Weighted Avg.	0.932	0.820	0.909	0.932	0.911	0.221	0.600	0.893	

== Confusion Matrix ==

	a	b	<-- classified as
337	3	3	a = FALSE
22	3	3	b = TRUE

Status

OK Log x 0

## Random Forest

Weka Explorer

Preprocess Classify Cluster Associate Select attributes Visualize

**Classifier**

Choose IBk -K 10 -W 0 -A "weka.core.neighboursearch.LinearNNSearch -A \"weka.core.EuclideanDistance -R first-last\""

**Test options**

Use training set  
 Supplied test set Set...  
 Cross-validation Folds 10  
 Percentage split % 66  
More options...

(Nom) defects

Start Stop

**Result list (right-click for options)**

- 22:50:31 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 22:50:55 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 22:51:14 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 22:51:32 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 22:52:54 - misc.InputMappedClassifier

**Classifier output**

```
> 10 (nominal) defects --> 22 (nominal) defects

Time taken to build model: 0 seconds

== Evaluation on test set ==

Time taken to test model on supplied test set: 0.19 seconds

== Summary ==

Correctly Classified Instances      344          94.2466 %
Incorrectly Classified Instances   21           5.7534 %
Kappa statistic                   0.2619
Mean absolute error               0.1094
Root mean squared error           0.2358
Relative absolute error           84.2621 %
Root relative squared error      93.3434 %
Total Number of Instances        365

== Detailed Accuracy By Class ==

          TP Rate  FP Rate  Precision  Recall  F-Measure  MCC  ROC Area  PRC Area  Class
          1.000    0.840    0.942    1.000    0.970    0.388    0.662    0.951    FALSE
          0.160    0.000    1.000    0.160    0.276    0.388    0.662    0.314    TRUE
Weighted Avg.    0.942    0.782    0.946    0.942    0.922    0.388    0.662    0.907

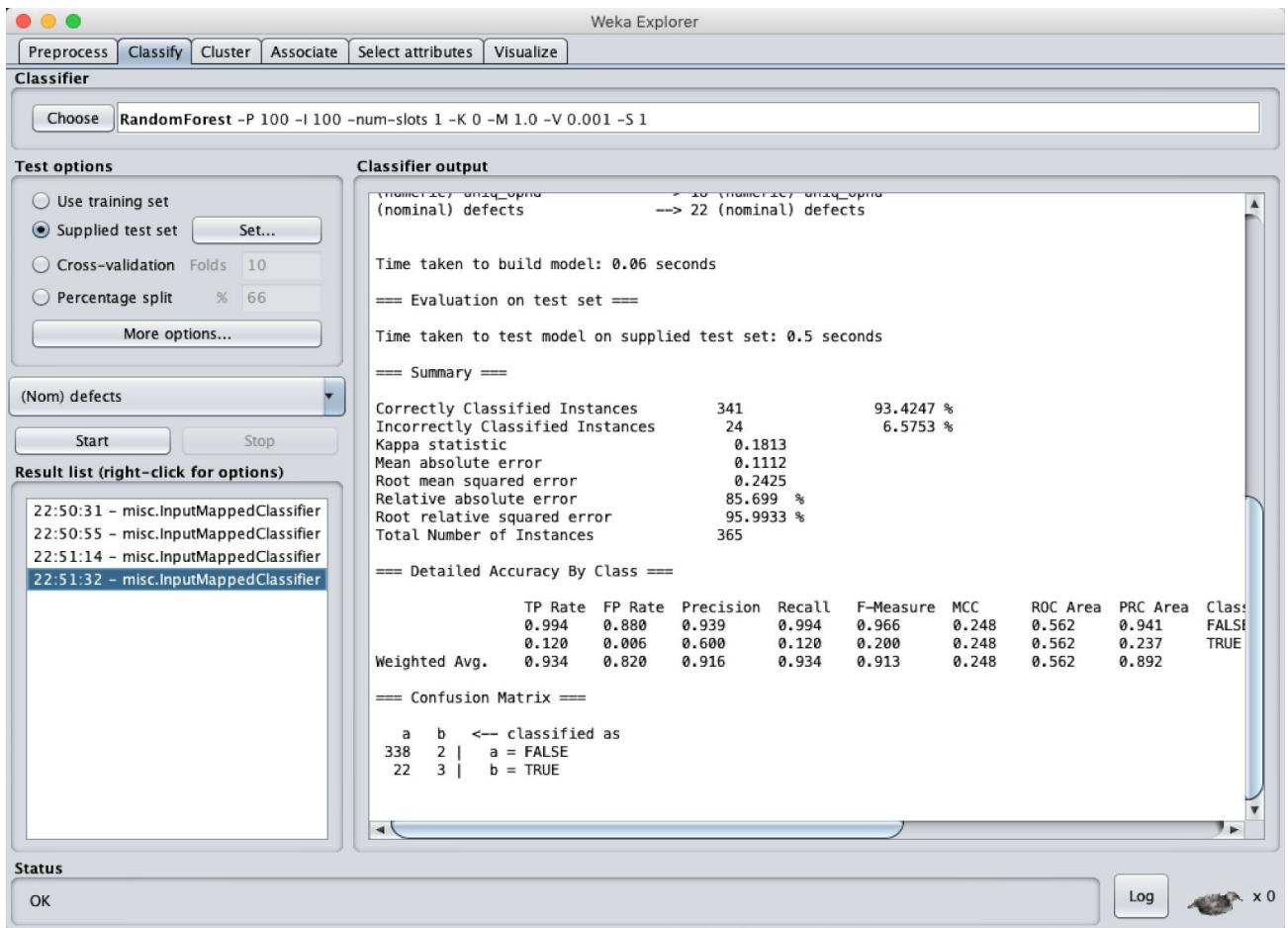
== Confusion Matrix ==

  a   b  <- classified as
340  0 |  a = FALSE
 21  4 |  b = TRUE
```

**Status**

OK Log x 0

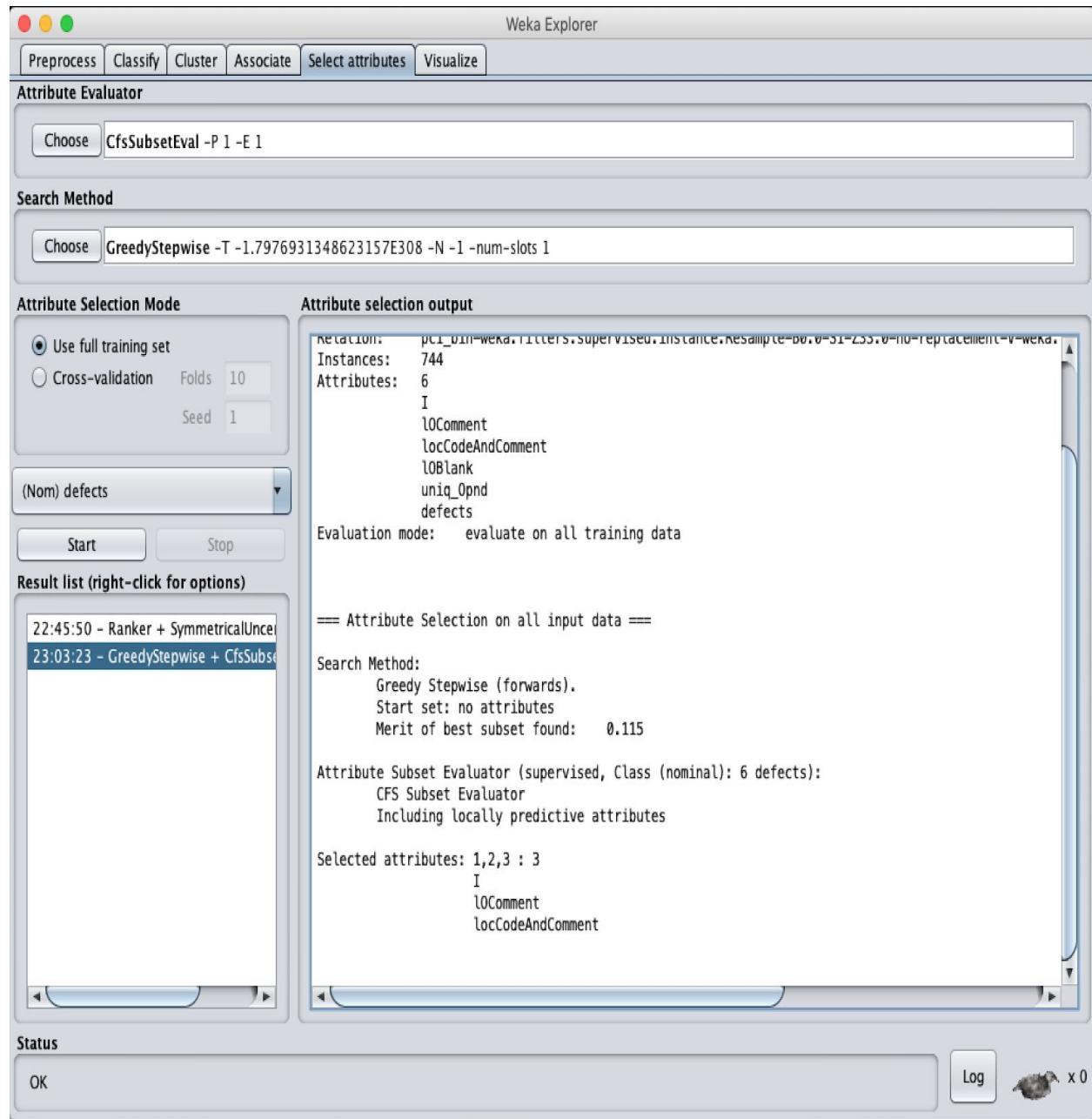
## Instance-based KNN (K = 10)



Classification Model	TP Rate	FP Rate	Precision	Recall	F-Measure	ROC Area	Accuracy
<b>Multilayer Perceptron</b>	0.934	0.820	0.916	0.934	0.913	0.676	93.43
<b>Naive Bayes</b>	0.929	0.635	0.918	0.929	0.922	0.694	92.87
<b>J48</b>	0.932	0.820	0.909	0.932	0.911	0.600	93.15
<b>Random Forest</b>	0.934	0.820	0.916	0.934	0.913	0.562	93.42
<b>IBK (K=10)</b>	<b>0.942</b>	<b>0.782</b>	<b>0.946</b>	<b>0.942</b>	<b>0.922</b>	<b>0.662</b>	<b>94.25</b>

Note:- Highlighted model gives the best results for this Attribute selection Algorithm

## CfsSubsetEval



Attributes selected: lOComment, locCodeandComment, I

## Multilayer Perceptron

Weka Explorer

Preprocess Classify Cluster Associate Select attributes Visualize

Classifier

Choose MultilayerPerceptron -L 0.3 -M 0.2 -N 500 -V 0 -S 0 -E 20 -H a

Test options

Use training set  
 Supplied test set Set...  
 Cross-validation Folds 10  
 Percentage split % 66  
More options...

(Nom) defects

Start Stop

Result list (right-click for options)

Stops a running classification  
22:50:31 - misc.InputMappedClassifier  
22:50:55 - misc.InputMappedClassifier  
22:51:14 - misc.InputMappedClassifier  
22:51:32 - misc.InputMappedClassifier  
22:52:54 - misc.InputMappedClassifier  
23:05:06 - misc.InputMappedClassifier

Classifier output

```
(nominal) defects      -> 22 (nominal) defects
Time taken to build model: 0.21 seconds
== Evaluation on test set ==
Time taken to test model on supplied test set: 0.14 seconds
== Summary ==
Correctly Classified Instances      342      93.6986 %
Incorrectly Classified Instances    23       6.3014 %
Kappa statistic                   0.2379
Mean absolute error               0.0949
Root mean squared error           0.2356
Root relative squared error       73.1164 %
Total Number of Instances         365
== Detailed Accuracy By Class ==
          TP Rate  FP Rate  Precision  Recall   F-Measure  MCC     ROC Area  PRC Area  Class
          0.994   0.840   0.942   0.994   0.967    0.306   0.676   0.955   FALSE
          0.160   0.006   0.667   0.160   0.258    0.306   0.676   0.304   TRUE
Weighted Avg.   0.937   0.783   0.923   0.937   0.919    0.306   0.676   0.910
== Confusion Matrix ==
      a   b  <- classified as
338  2 |  a = FALSE
 21  4 |  b = TRUE
```

Status

OK Log x 0

## Naïve Bayes

Weka Explorer

Preprocess Classify Cluster Associate Select attributes Visualize

Classifier

Choose NaiveBayes

**Test options**

Use training set  
 Supplied test set Set...  
 Cross-validation Folds 10  
 Percentage split % 66  
More options...

(Nom) defects

Start Stop

**Result list (right-click for options)**

- 22:50:31 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 22:50:55 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 22:51:14 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 22:51:32 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 22:52:54 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 23:05:06 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 23:05:28 - misc.InputMappedClassifier

**Classifier output**

```
(nominal) defects --> 22 (nominal) defects
```

Time taken to build model: 0 seconds

== Evaluation on test set ==

Time taken to test model on supplied test set: 0.16 seconds

== Summary ==

	Correctly Classified Instances	341	93.4247 %
Incorrectly Classified Instances	24	6.5753 %	
Kappa statistic	0.2268		
Mean absolute error	0.0986		
Root mean squared error	0.2418		
Relative absolute error	75.9494 %		
Root relative squared error	95.7364 %		
Total Number of Instances	365		

== Detailed Accuracy By Class ==

	TP Rate	FP Rate	Precision	Recall	F-Measure	MCC	ROC Area	PRC Area	Class:
0.991	0.840	0.941	0.991	0.966	0.278	0.664	0.953	0.953	FALSE
0.160	0.009	0.571	0.160	0.250	0.278	0.664	0.295	0.295	TRUE
Weighted Avg.	0.934	0.783	0.916	0.934	0.917	0.278	0.664	0.908	

== Confusion Matrix ==

	a	b	<- classified as
337	3	1	a = FALSE
21	4	1	b = TRUE

Status

OK Log x 0

## J48

Weka Explorer

Preprocess Classify Cluster Associate Select attributes Visualize

**Classifier**

Choose J48 - C 0.25 - M 2

**Test options**

Use training set  
 Supplied test set Set...  
 Cross-validation Folds 10  
 Percentage split % 66  
More options...

(Nom) defects

Start Stop

**Result list (right-click for options)**

- 22:50:31 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 22:50:55 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 22:51:14 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 22:51:32 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 22:52:54 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 23:05:06 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 23:05:28 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 23:05:45 - misc.InputMappedClassifier

**Classifier output**

```
(nominal) defects --> 22 (nominal) defects
```

Time taken to build model: 0 seconds

== Evaluation on test set ==

Time taken to test model on supplied test set: 0.17 seconds

== Summary ==

	Correctly Classified Instances	340	93.1507 %
Incorrectly Classified Instances	25	6.8493 %	
Kappa statistic	0		
Mean absolute error	0.1288		
Root mean squared error	0.2526		
Relative absolute error	99.2334 %		
Root relative squared error	99.9964 %		
Total Number of Instances	365		

== Detailed Accuracy By Class ==

	TP Rate	FP Rate	Precision	Recall	F-Measure	MCC	ROC Area	PRC Area	Class
1.000	1.000	0.932	1.000	0.965	?	0.500	0.932	0.068	FALSE
0.000	0.000	?	0.000	?	?	0.500	0.068	0.872	TRUE
Weighted Avg.	0.932	0.932	?	0.932	?	?	0.500	0.872	

== Confusion Matrix ==

	a	b	<- classified as
340	0		a = FALSE
25	0		b = TRUE

Status

OK Log x 0

## Random Forest

Weka Explorer

Preprocess Classify Cluster Associate Select attributes Visualize

**Classifier**

Choose RandomForest -P 100 -I 100 -num-slots 1 -K 0 -M 1.0 -V 0.001 -S 1

**Test options**

Use training set  
 Supplied test set Set...  
 Cross-validation Folds 10  
 Percentage split % 66  
More options...

(Nom) defects

Start Stop

**Result list (right-click for options)**

- 22:50:31 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 22:50:55 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 22:51:14 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 22:51:32 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 22:52:54 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 23:05:06 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 23:05:28 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 23:05:45 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 23:05:58 - misc.InputMappedClassifier

**Classifier output**

```
(nominal) defects --> 22 (nominal) defects
```

Time taken to build model: 0.04 seconds

== Evaluation on test set ==

Time taken to test model on supplied test set: 0.19 seconds

== Summary ==

	Correctly Classified Instances	341	93.4247 %
Incorrectly Classified Instances	24	6.5753 %	
Kappa statistic	0.2268		
Mean absolute error	0.1115		
Root mean squared error	0.2398		
Relative absolute error	85.8636 %		
Root relative squared error	94.9405 %		
Total Number of Instances	365		

== Detailed Accuracy By Class ==

	TP Rate	FP Rate	Precision	Recall	F-Measure	MCC	ROC Area	PRC Area	Class
0.991	0.840	0.941	0.991	0.966	0.278	0.659	0.951		FALSE
0.160	0.009	0.571	0.160	0.250	0.278	0.659	0.240		TRUE
Weighted Avg.	0.934	0.783	0.916	0.934	0.917	0.278	0.659	0.902	

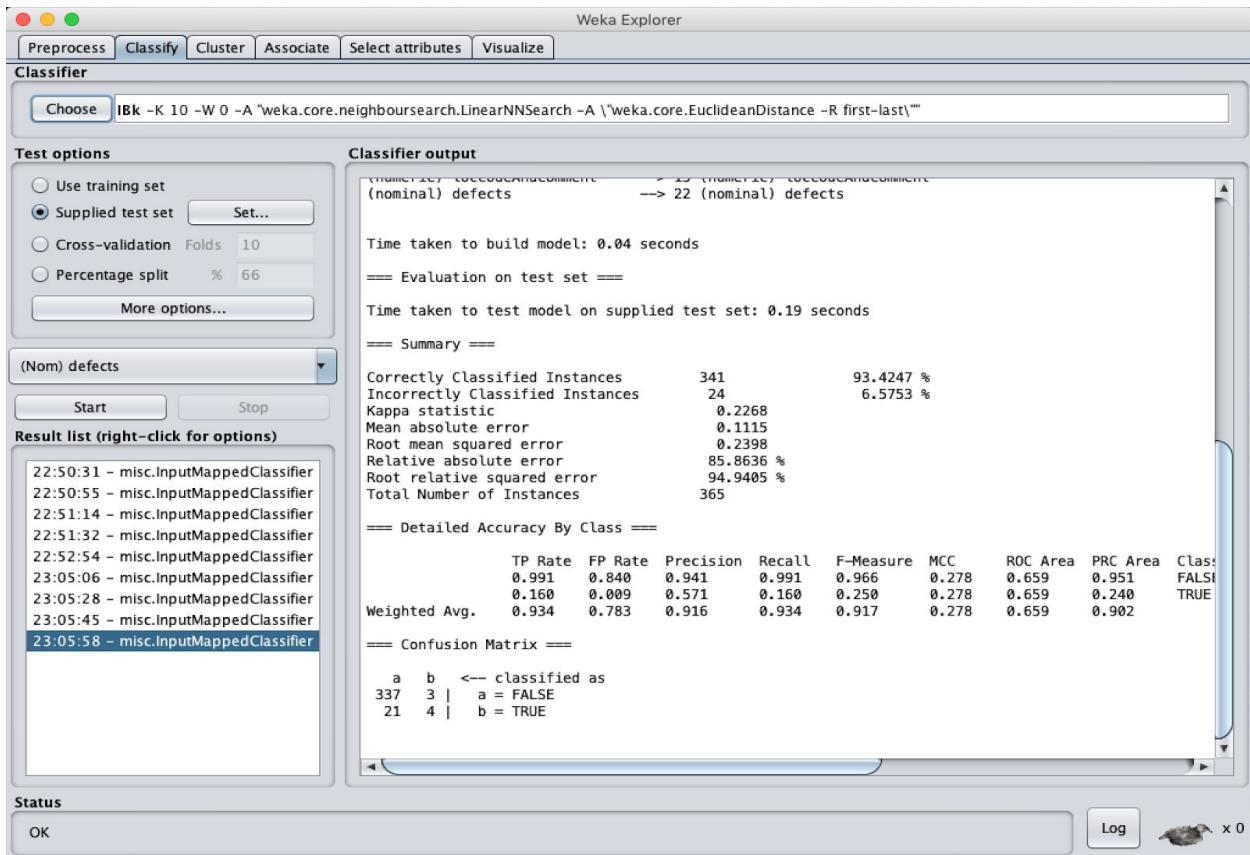
== Confusion Matrix ==

a	b	<- classified as
337	3	a = FALSE
21	4	b = TRUE

**Status**

OK Log x 0

## Instance-Based KNN (K = 10)



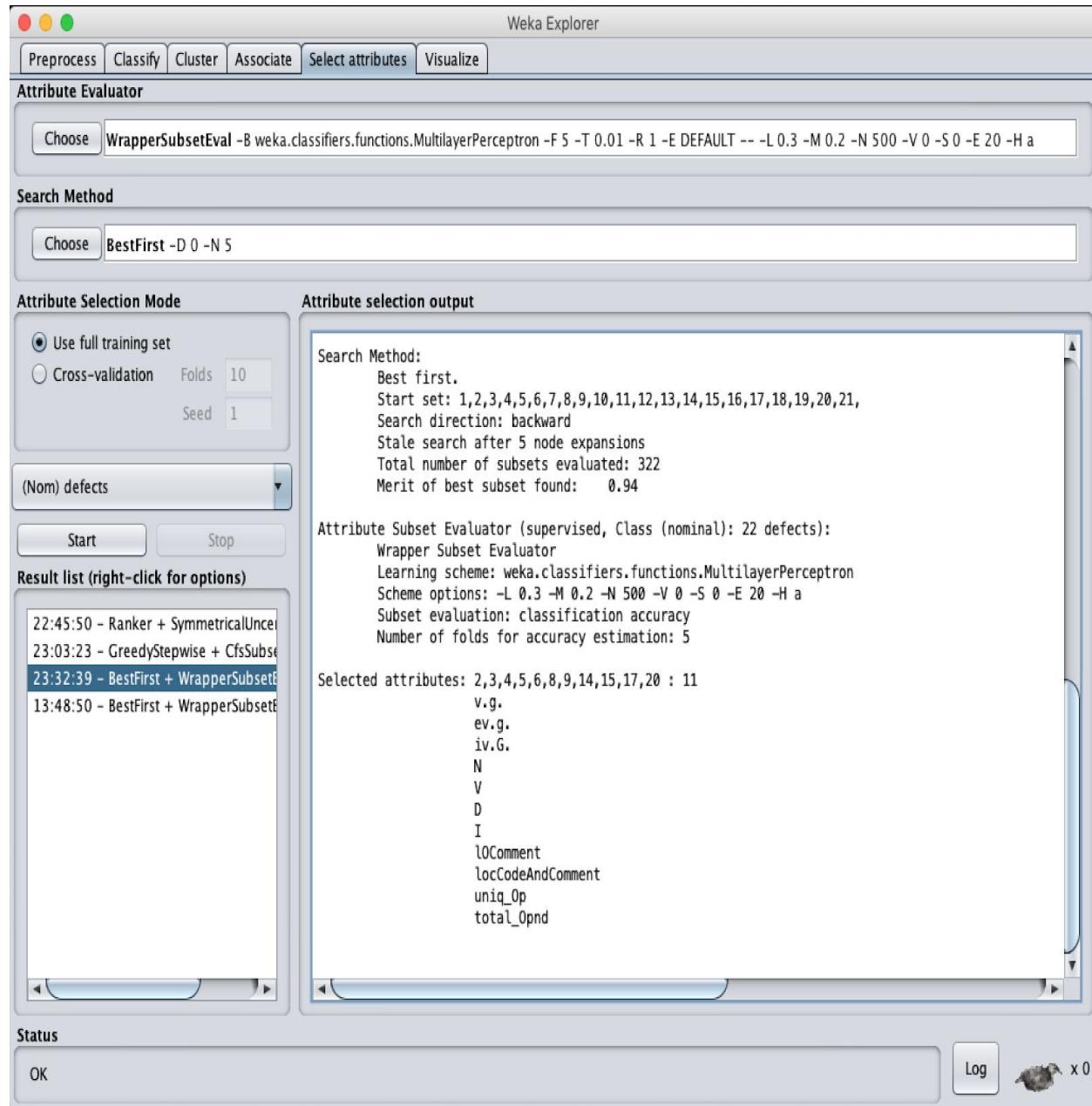
Classification Model	TP Rate	FP Rate	Precision	Recall	F-Measure	ROC Area	Accuracy
Multilayer Perceptron	0.937	0.783	0.923	0.937	0.919	0.671	93.69
Naive Bayes	0.934	0.783	0.916	0.934	0.917	0.664	93.43
J48	0.932	0.932	ud	0.932	ud	0.500	93.15
Random Forest	0.934	0.783	0.916	0.934	0.917	0.659	93.43
IBK (K=10)	0.934	0.783	0.916	0.934	0.917	0.659	93.43

The value of Precision and F-Measure is undefined (ud) since the value of TP and FP for J48 classifier is 0.

Note:- Highlighted model gives the best results for this Attribute selection Algorithm

## WraperSubsetEval

### Multilayer Perceptron



Attributes Selected: v.g., ev.g., iv.G., N, V, D, I, locComment, locCodeAndComment, unique\_Op and total\_Opnd.

## Multilayer Perceptron Classifier

Weka Explorer

Preprocess Classify Cluster Associate Select attributes Visualize

Classifier

Choose MultilayerPerceptron -L 0.3 -M 0.2 -N 500 -V 0 -S 0 -E 20 -H a

**Test options**

Use training set  
 Supplied test set Set...  
 Cross-validation Folds 10  
 Percentage split % 66  
More options...

(Nom) defects

Start Stop

**Result list (right-click for options)**

- 23:05:58 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 23:25:17 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 23:25:47 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 23:26:01 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 23:26:48 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 23:27:05 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 13:27:38 - bayes.NaiveBayes
- 13:29:13 - bayes.NaiveBayes from file '1.model'
- 13:29:31 - bayes.NaiveBayes
- 13:31:01 - bayes.NaiveBayes from file '1.model'
- 13:31:05 - bayes.NaiveBayes
- 14:24:47 - bayes.NaiveBayes
- 14:25:50 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 13:54:36 - functions.MultilayerPerceptron
- 13:56:09 - misc.InputMappedClassifier

**Classifier output**

```
total_omega      > 20 (nominal) defects
(nominal) defects          --> 22 (nominal) defects

Time taken to build model: 0.62 seconds

== Evaluation on test set ==

Time taken to test model on supplied test set: 0.29 seconds

== Summary ==

Correctly Classified Instances      344           94.2466 %
Incorrectly Classified Instances   21            5.7534 %
Kappa statistic                   0.3041
Mean absolute error               0.0843
Root mean squared error           0.2323
Relative absolute error           64.9498 %
Root relative squared error      91.977 %
Total Number of Instances         365

== Detailed Accuracy By Class ==

      TP Rate  FP Rate  Precision  Recall  F-Measure  MCC  ROC Area  PRC A
      0.997   0.800    0.944     0.997   0.970    0.391  0.654   0.958
      0.200   0.003    0.833     0.200   0.323    0.391  0.654   0.326
Weighted Avg.       0.942   0.745    0.937     0.942   0.926    0.391  0.654   0.914

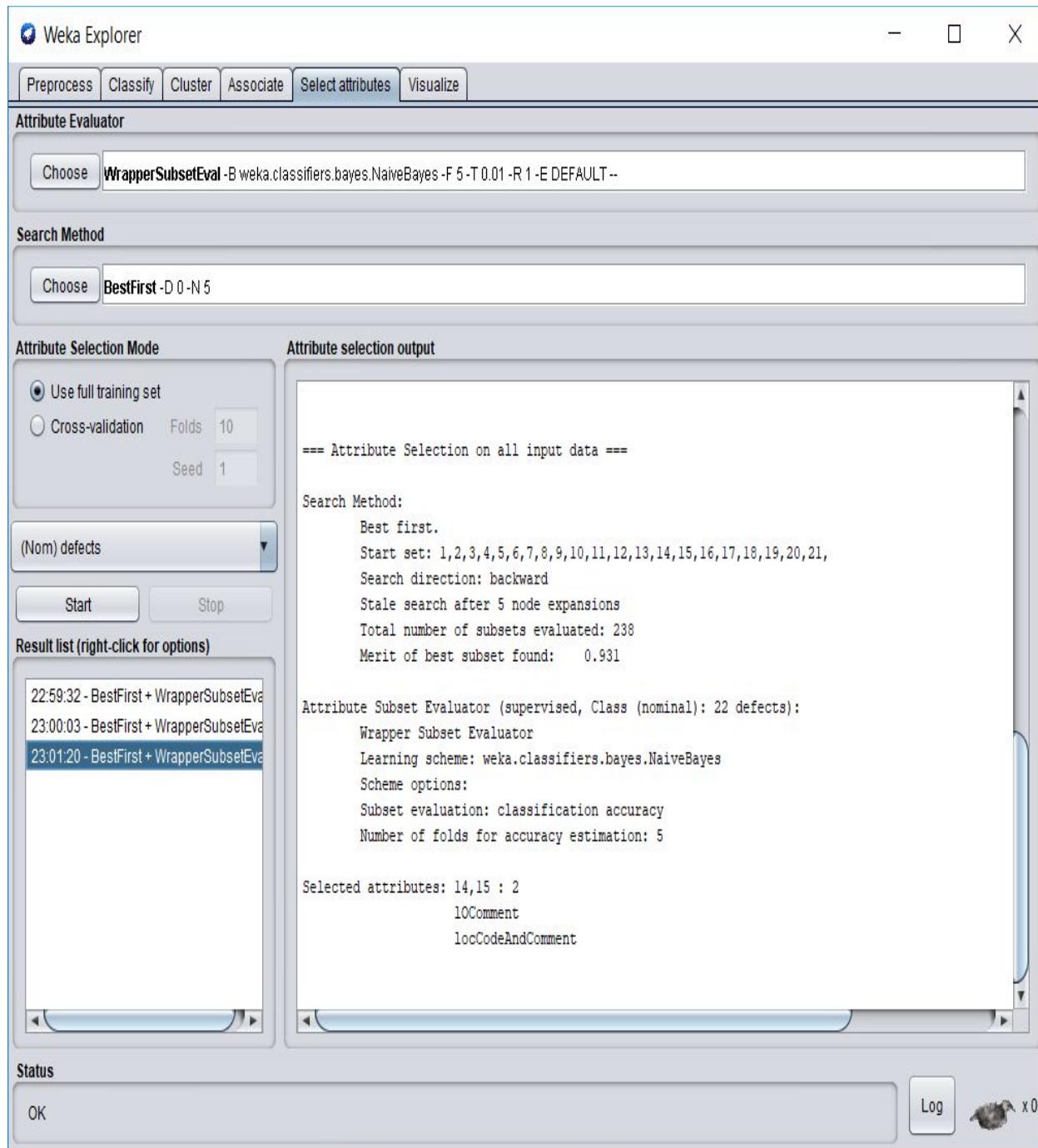
== Confusion Matrix ==

  a   b  <- classified as
339  1 |  a = FALSE
  20  5 |  b = TRUE
```

Status

OK Log x 1

## Naïve Bayes



Attributes Selected: IOComment and locCodeAndComment

## Naïve Bayes Classifier

Weka Explorer

Preprocess Classify Cluster Associate Select attributes Visualize

Classifier

Choose NaiveBayes

Test options

Use training set  
 Supplied test set Set...  
 Cross-validation Folds 10  
 Percentage split % 66  
More options...

(Nom) defects

Start Stop

Result list (right-click for options)

23:03:12 - misc.InputMappedClassifier

Classifier output

```
==== EVALUATION ON TEST SET ====
Time taken to test model on supplied test set: 1.59 seconds

==== Summary ====
Correctly Classified Instances      343          93.9726 %
Incorrectly Classified Instances    22           6.0274 %
Kappa statistic                      0.2495
Mean absolute error                  0.0982
Root mean squared error              0.2334
Relative absolute error              75.6127 %
Root relative squared error         92.3983 %
Total Number of Instances            365
```

```
==== Detailed Accuracy By Class ====

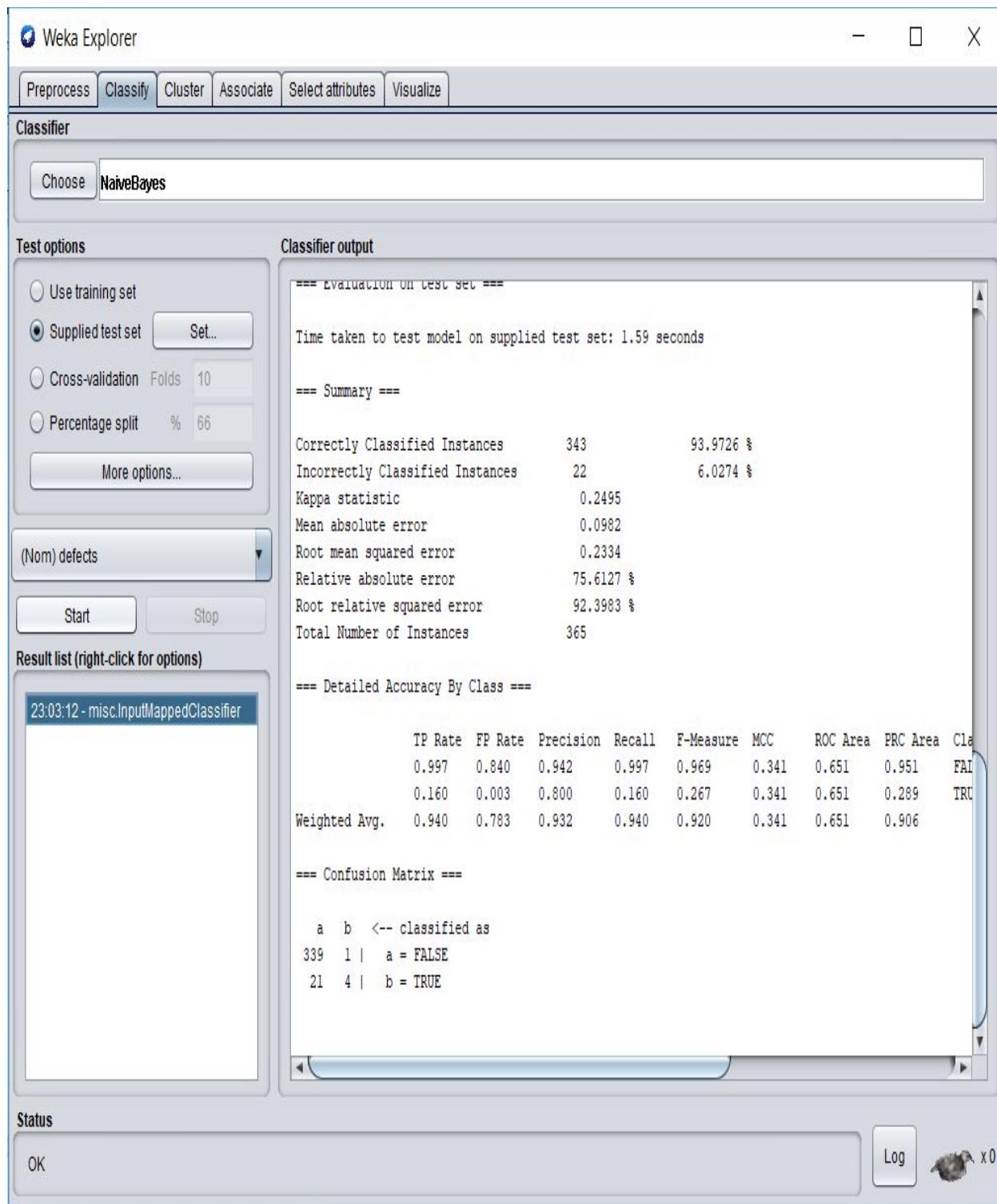
TP Rate   FP Rate   Precision   Recall   F-Measure   MCC   ROC Area   PRC Area   Class
0.997     0.840     0.942       0.997    0.969      0.341   0.651      0.951     FAIL
0.160     0.003     0.800       0.160    0.267      0.341   0.651      0.289     TRU
Weighted Avg. 0.940     0.783     0.932       0.940    0.920      0.341   0.651      0.906
```

```
==== Confusion Matrix ====

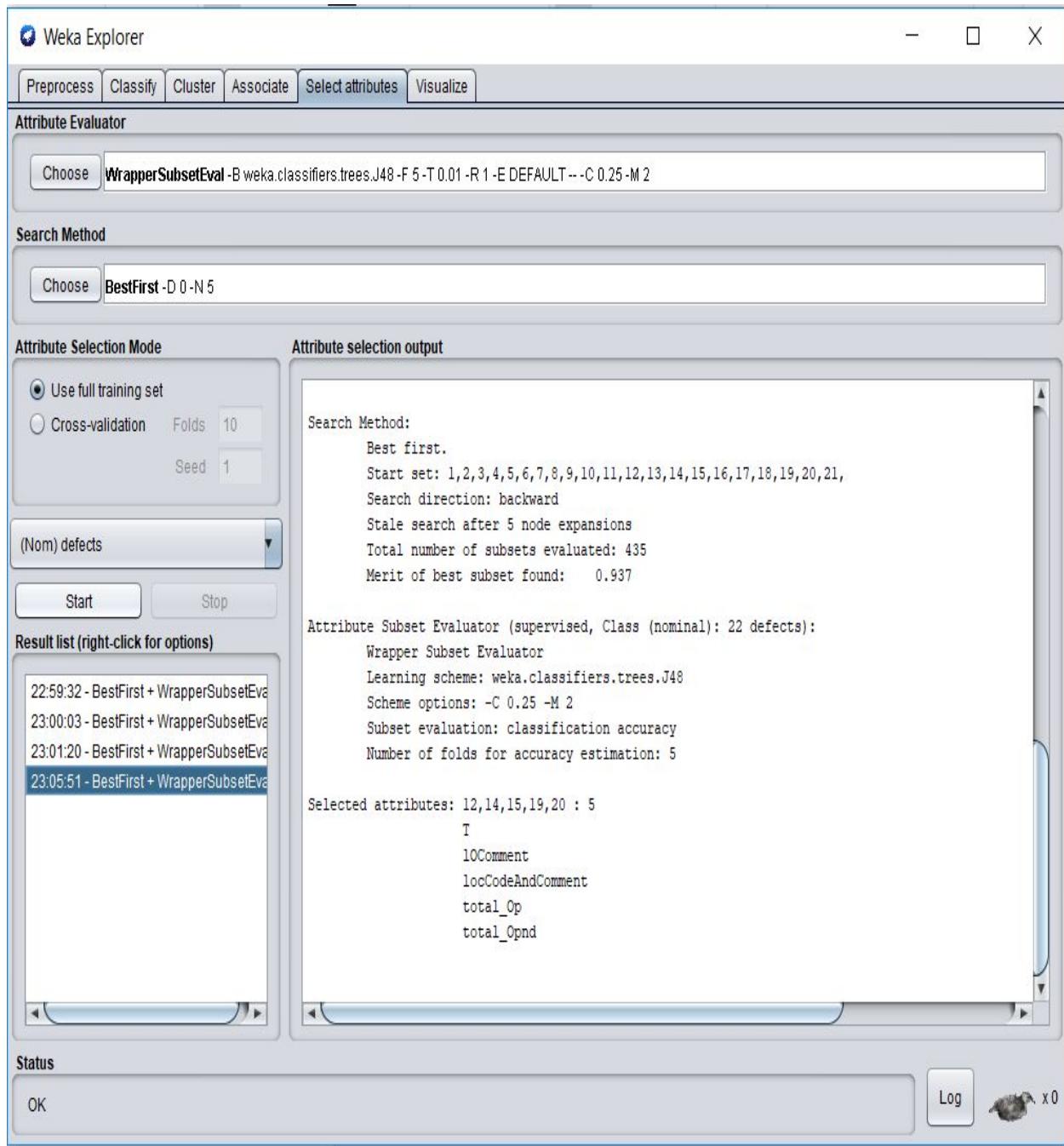
a   b   <-- classified as
339  1 |  a = FALSE
21   4 |  b = TRUE
```

Status

OK Log x0



## J48



Attributes Selected: IOComment, locCodeAndComment, total\_Op, total\_Opnd

## J48 Classifier

Weka Explorer

Classifier

Choose J48 -C 0.25 -M 2

Test options

Use training set  
 Supplied test set Set...  
 Cross-validation Folds 10  
 Percentage split % 66  
More options...

(Nom) defects

Start Stop

Result list (right-click for options)

- 23:03:12 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 23:07:50 - misc.InputMappedClassifier

Status

OK Log x0

Classifier output

```
==== EVALUATION ON TEST SET ====
Time taken to test model on supplied test set: 1.19 seconds

==== Summary ====
Correctly Classified Instances      343          93.9726 %
Incorrectly Classified Instances   22           6.0274 %
Kappa statistic                   0.2913
Mean absolute error               0.1111
Root mean squared error          0.2369
Relative absolute error           85.5943 %
Root relative squared error     93.7888 %
Total Number of Instances        365

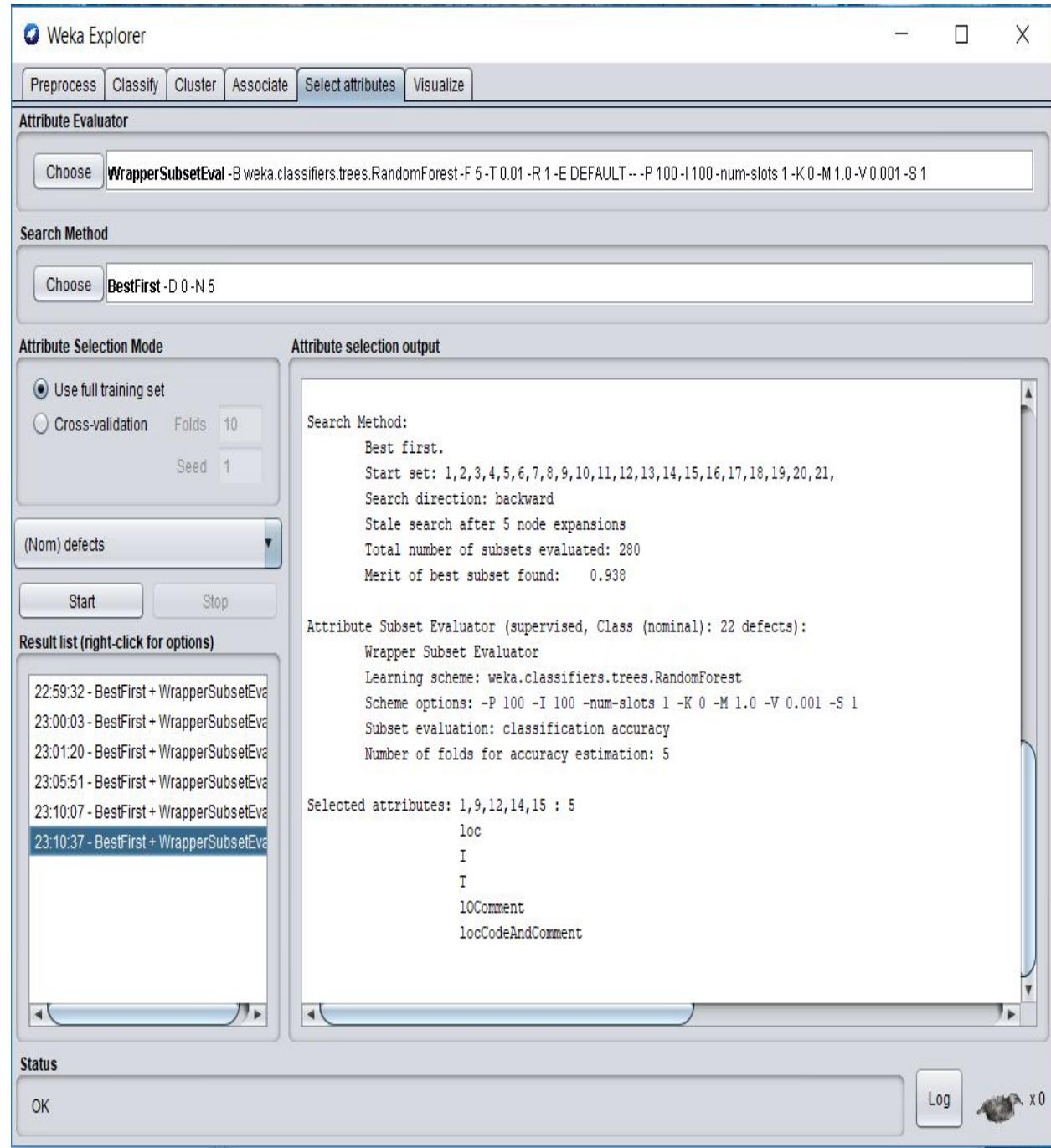
==== Detailed Accuracy By Class ====

TP Rate  FP Rate  Precision  Recall  F-Measure  MCC  ROC Area  PRC Area  Class
0.994   0.800    0.944    0.994   0.968    0.358  0.652   0.951   FAIL
0.200   0.006    0.714    0.200   0.313    0.358  0.652   0.245   TRUE
Weighted Avg.  0.940   0.746    0.928    0.940   0.924    0.358  0.652   0.903

==== Confusion Matrix ====

a  b  <-- classified as
338  2 |  a = FALSE
 20  5 |  b = TRUE
```

## Random Forest



Attributes Selected: IOComment, locCodeAndComment, loc, I and T

## Random Forest Classifier

Weka Explorer

Preprocess Classify Cluster Associate Select attributes Visualize

Classifier

Choose RandomForest -P 100 -I 100 -num-slots 1 -K 0 -M 1.0 -V 0.001 -S 1

Test options

Use training set  
 Supplied test set Set...  
 Cross-validation Folds 10  
 Percentage split % 66  
More options...

(Nom) defects

Start Stop

Result list (right-click for options)

- 23:03:12 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 23:07:50 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 23:23:51 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 23:23:55 - misc.InputMappedClassifier

Classifier output

```
==> Evaluation on test set ==>

Time taken to test model on supplied test set: 0.52 seconds

==> Summary ==>

Correctly Classified Instances      343          93.9726 %
Incorrectly Classified Instances    22           6.0274 %
Kappa statistic                      0.2913
Mean absolute error                  0.1129
Root mean squared error              0.2424
Relative absolute error              86.9755 %
Root relative squared error         95.9589 %
Total Number of Instances            365

==> Detailed Accuracy By Class ==>

          TP Rate  FP Rate  Precision  Recall   F-Measure  MCC    ROC Area  PRC Area  Class
          0.994   0.800    0.944     0.994    0.968    0.358   0.634    0.949    FAI
          0.200   0.006    0.714     0.200    0.313    0.358   0.634    0.212    TRU
Weighted Avg.   0.940   0.746    0.928     0.940    0.924    0.358   0.634    0.898

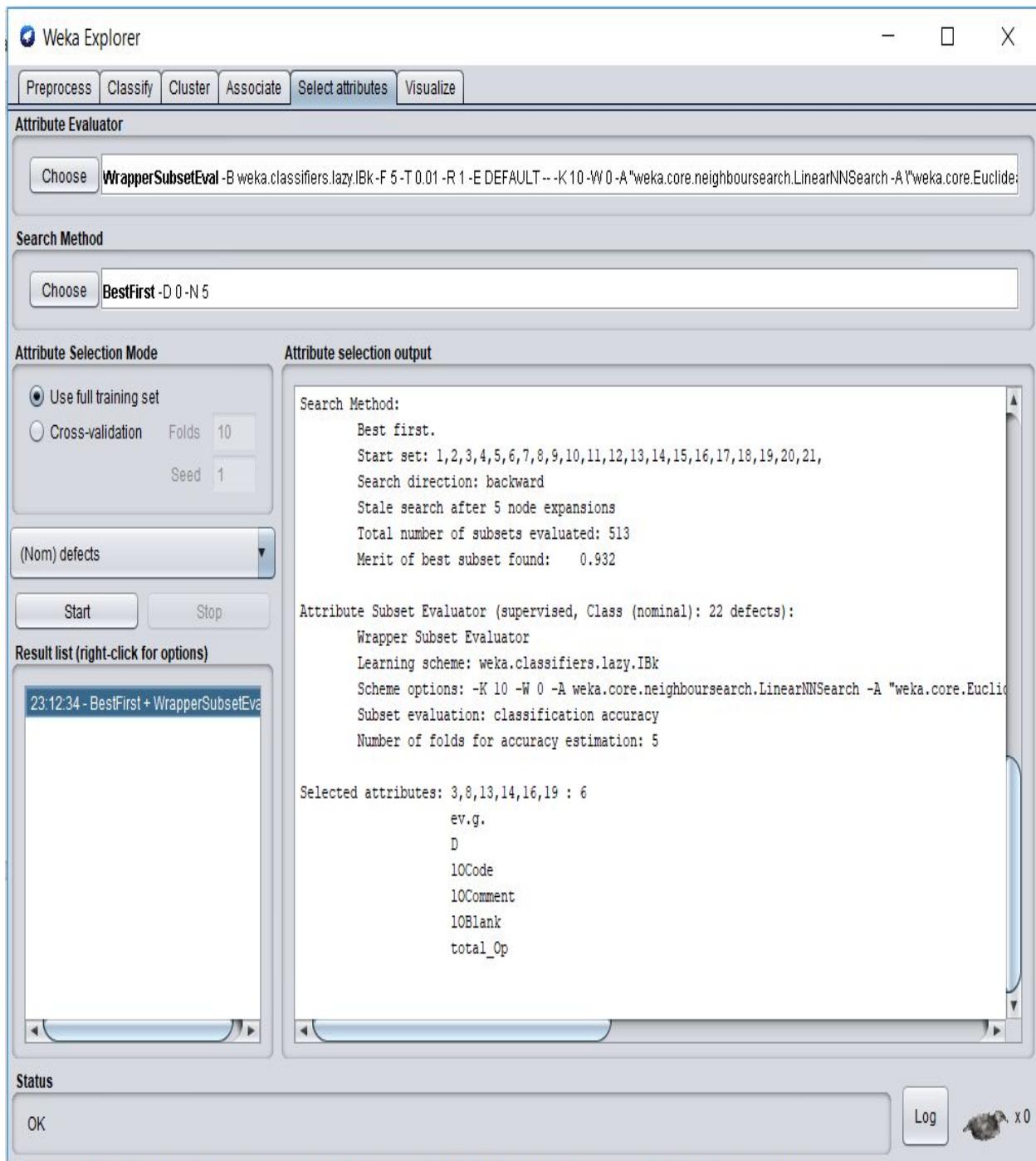
==> Confusion Matrix ==>

      a   b  <- classified as
338  2 |  a = FALSE
 20  5 |  b = TRUE
```

Status

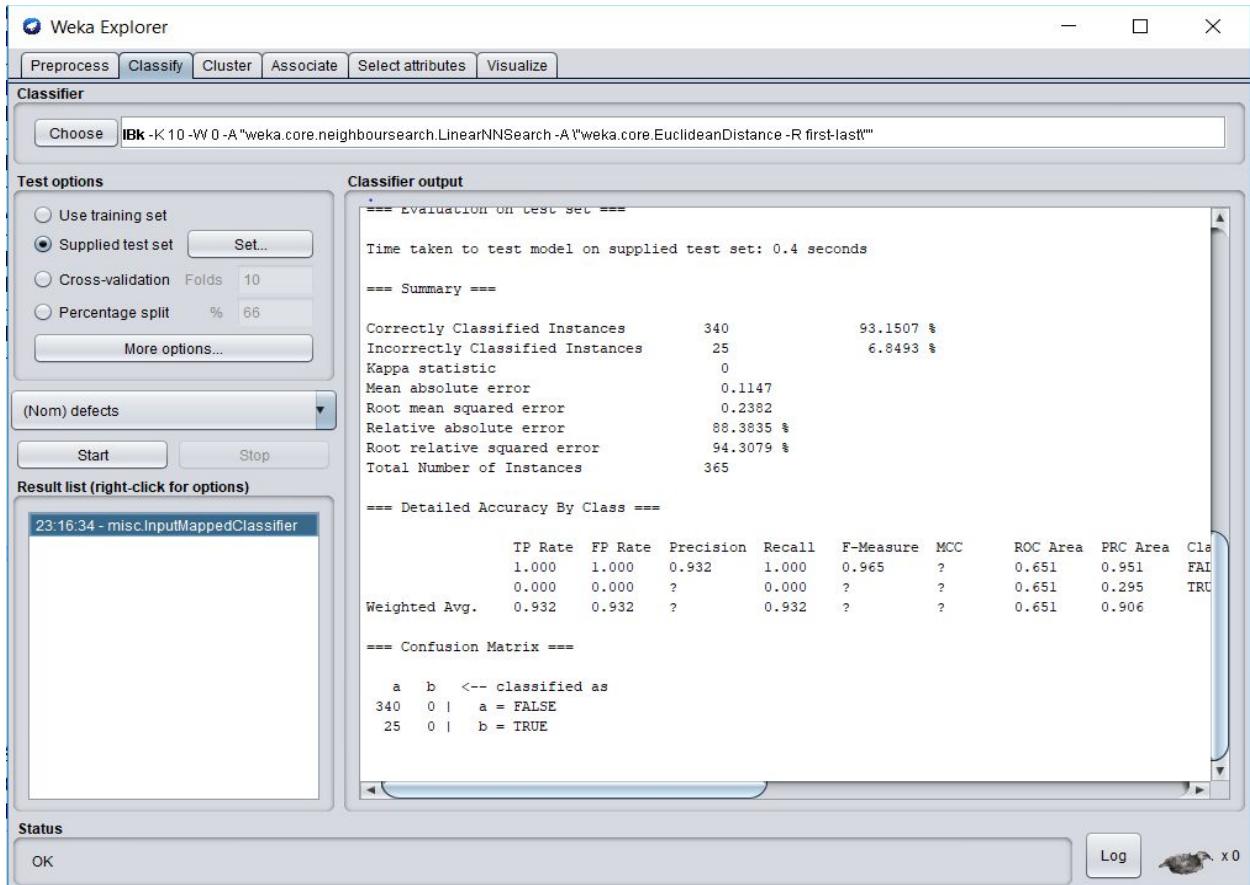
OK Log x0

## Instance-Based KNN (K = 10)



Attributes Selected: ev.g., D, IOCode, IOComment, IOBlank and total\_Op

## Instance-Based KNN (K = 10) Classifier



Classification Model	TP Rate	FP Rate	Precision	Recall	F-Measure	ROC Area	Accuracy
<b>Multilayer Perceptron</b>	0.942	0.745	0.937	0.942	0.926	0.654	94.25
<b>Naive Bayes</b>	0.94	0.783	0.932	0.94	0.92	0.651	93.97
<b>J48</b>	0.94	0.746	0.928	0.94	0.924	0.652	93.97
<b>Random Forest</b>	0.94	0.746	0.928	0.94	0.924	0.634	93.97
<b>IBK (K=10)</b>	0.932	0.932	ud	0.932	ud	0.651	93.15

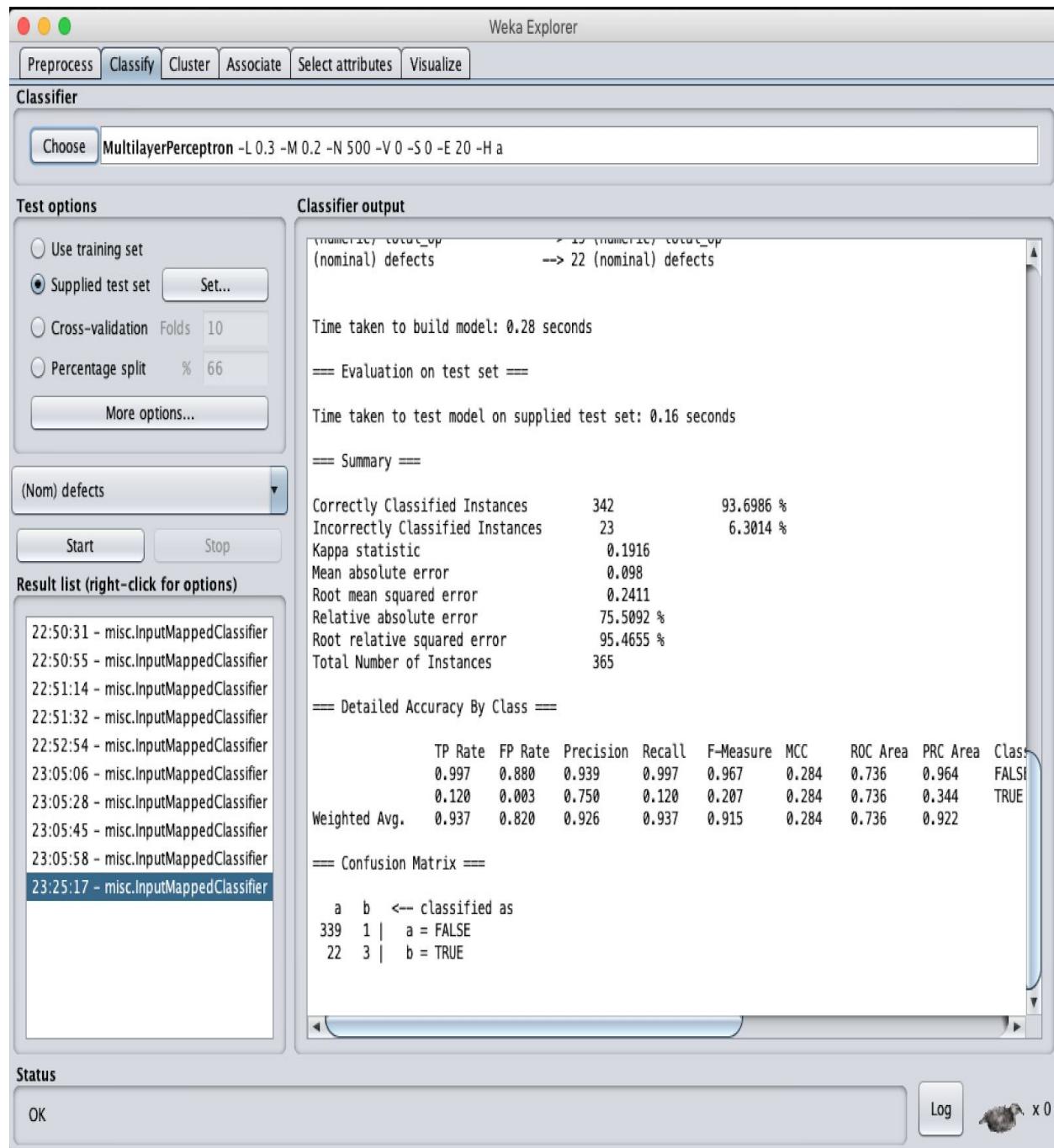
The value of Precision and F-Measure is undefined (ud) since the value of TP and FP for IBK classifier is 0.

Note:- Highlighted model gives the best results for this Attribute selection Algorithm.

## AttributeSelectedByJudgement

Attributes selected: I, IOComment, locCodeandComent, Unique\_Op, Total\_Op

## Multilayer Perceptron



## Naïve Bayes

Weka Explorer

Preprocess Classify Cluster Associate Select attributes Visualize

Classifier

Choose NaiveBayes

**Test options**

Use training set  
 Supplied test set Set...  
 Cross-validation Folds 10  
 Percentage split % 66  
More options...

(Nom) defects

Start Stop

Result list (right-click Starts the classification)

- 22:50:31 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 22:50:55 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 22:51:14 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 22:51:32 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 22:52:54 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 23:05:06 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 23:05:28 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 23:05:45 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 23:05:58 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 23:25:17 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 23:25:47 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 23:26:01 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 23:26:48 - misc.InputMappedClassifier

**Classifier output**

```
(nominal) defects --> 22 (nominal) defects
```

Time taken to build model: 0 seconds

== Evaluation on test set ==

Time taken to test model on supplied test set: 0.18 seconds

== Summary ==

	Correctly Classified Instances	335	91.7808 %
Incorrectly Classified Instances	30	8.2192 %	
Kappa statistic	0.3043		
Mean absolute error	0.0943		
Root mean squared error	0.2618		
Relative absolute error	72.6272 %		
Root relative squared error	103.6288 %		
Total Number of Instances	365		

== Detailed Accuracy By Class ==

	TP Rate	FP Rate	Precision	Recall	F-Measure	MCC	ROC Area	PRC Area	Class
0.962	0.680	0.951	0.962	0.956	0.306	0.724	0.962	0.962	FALSE
0.320	0.038	0.381	0.320	0.348	0.306	0.724	0.293	0.293	TRUE
Weighted Avg.	0.918	0.636	0.912	0.918	0.914	0.306	0.724	0.916	

== Confusion Matrix ==

	a	b	<- classified as
327	13	17	a = FALSE
17	8	8	b = TRUE

Status

OK Log x 0

## J48

Weka Explorer

Preprocess Classify Cluster Associate Select attributes Visualize

Classifier

Choose J48 -C 0.25 -M 2

**Test options**

Use training set  
 Supplied test set Set...  
 Cross-validation Folds 10  
 Percentage split % 66  
More options...

(Nom) defects

Start Select the attribute to use as the class

**Result list (right-click for options)**

- 22:50:31 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 22:50:55 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 22:51:14 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 22:51:32 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 22:52:54 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 23:05:06 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 23:05:28 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 23:05:45 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 23:05:58 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 23:25:17 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 23:25:47 - misc.InputMappedClassifier

**Classifier output**

```
(nominal) defects          > 22 (nominal) defects
--> 22 (nominal) defects

Time taken to build model: 0 seconds

== Evaluation on test set ==

Time taken to test model on supplied test set: 0.17 seconds

== Summary ==

Correctly Classified Instances      340      93.1507 %
Misclassified Instances           25       6.8493 %
Accuracy                           0.1716
Mean absolute error                0.1162
Root mean squared error            0.2526
Relative absolute error             89.5132 %
Root relative squared error        100.0034 %
Total Number of Instances          365

== Detailed Accuracy By Class ==

      TP Rate  FP Rate  Precision  Recall   F-Measure  MCC    ROC Area  PRC Area  Class
      0.991   0.880    0.939     0.991    0.964     0.221   0.559    0.944    FALSE
      0.120   0.009    0.500     0.120    0.194     0.221   0.559    0.134    TRUE
Weighted Avg.   0.932   0.820    0.909     0.932    0.911     0.221   0.559    0.888

== Confusion Matrix ==

  a   b  <- classified as
337  3 |  a = FALSE
 22  3 |  b = TRUE
```

Status

OK Log x 0

## Random Forest

Weka Explorer

Preprocess Classify Cluster Associate Select attributes Visualize

Classifier

Choose RandomForest -P 100 -I 100 -num-slots 1 -K 0 -M 1.0 -V 0.001 -S 1

**Test options**

Use training set  
 Supplied test set [Set...](#)  
 Cross-validation Folds 10  
 Percentage split % 66  
[More options...](#)

(Nom) defects

Start Stop

**Result list (right-click for options)**

- 22:50:31 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 22:50:55 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 22:51:14 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 22:51:32 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 22:52:54 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 23:05:06 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 23:05:28 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 23:05:45 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 23:05:58 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 23:25:17 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 23:25:47 - misc.InputMappedClassifier
- 23:26:01 - misc.InputMappedClassifier

**Classifier output**

```
(numerical) defect > 10 (numerical) defect
(nominal) defects --> 22 (nominal) defects

Time taken to build model: 0.06 seconds

== Evaluation on test set ==

Time taken to test model on supplied test set: 0.18 seconds

== Summary ==

Correctly Classified Instances      341          93.4247 %
Incorrectly Classified Instances   24           6.5753 %
Kappa statistic                   0.2268
Mean absolute error               0.1119
Root mean squared error          0.2398
Relative absolute error          86.1974 %
Root relative squared error     94.9157 %
Total Number of Instances        365

== Detailed Accuracy By Class ==

      TP Rate  FP Rate  Precision  Recall  F-Measure  MCC  ROC Area  PRC Area  Class
          0.991   0.840    0.941    0.991    0.966    0.278   0.645    0.952    FALSE
          0.160   0.009    0.571    0.160    0.250    0.278   0.645    0.267    TRUE
Weighted Avg.    0.934   0.783    0.916    0.934    0.917    0.278   0.645    0.905

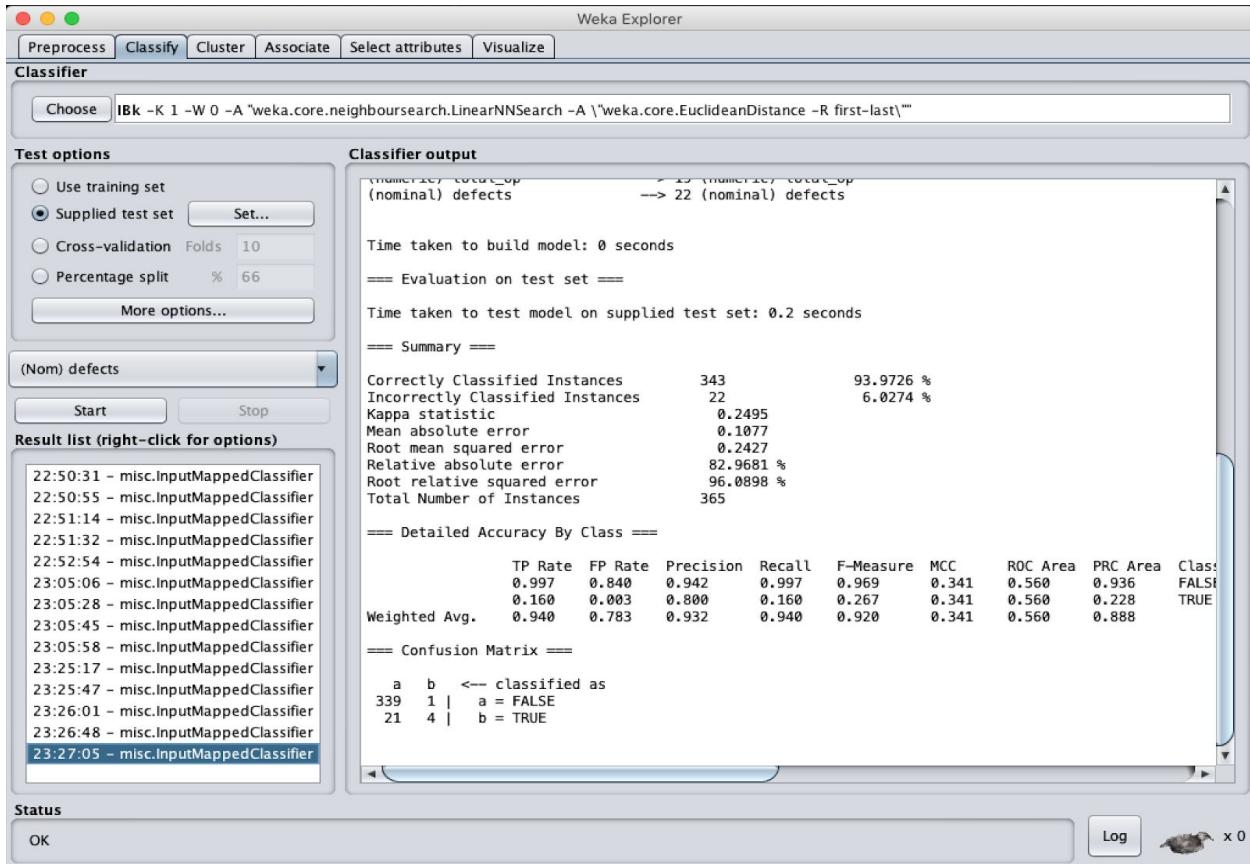
== Confusion Matrix ==

  a   b  <- classified as
337  3 |  a = FALSE
  21  4 |  b = TRUE
```

Status

OK Log x 0

## Instance-Based KNN (K = 10)



Classification Model	TP Rate	FP Rate	Precision	Recall	F-Measure	ROC Area	Accuracy
<b>Multilayer Perceptron</b>	0.937	0.82	0.926	0.937	0.915	0.736	93.69
<b>Naive Bayes</b>	0.918	0.636	0.912	0.918	0.914	0.724	91.79
<b>J48</b>	0.932	0.820	0.909	0.932	0.911	0.559	93.15
<b>Random Forest</b>	0.934	0.783	0.916	0.934	0.917	0.645	93.43
<b>IBK (K=10)</b>	0.940	0.783	0.932	0.940	0.920	0.560	93.97

Note:- Highlighted model gives the best results for this Attribute selection Algorithm.

## Best Model and Justification

**Table of all the best models for each attribute selection algorithm**

Attribute Selection Algorithm	Classifier Algorithm	TP	FP	Precision	Recall	F	ROC Area	Accuracy
Gain Ratio	Random Forest	0.942	0.671	0.932	0.942	0.931	0.666	94.25
SymetricalUncertSubsetAttributeEval	IBK (K=10)	0.942	0.782	0.946	0.942	0.922	0.662	94.25
CfsSubsetEval	Multilayer Perceptron	0.937	0.783	0.923	0.937	0.919	0.671	93.69
WrapperSubsetEval	Multilayer Perceptron	0.942	0.745	0.937	0.942	0.926	0.654	94.25
AttributeSelectedByJudgement	Random Forest	0.934	0.783	0.916	0.934	0.917	0.645	93.43

As seen in the above table 3 models have the same accuracy of 94.25%.

- IBK(k=10) using SymetricalUncertAttributeEval as attribute selection algorithm.
- Multilayer Perceptron using WrapperSubsetEval as attribute selection algorithm.
- Random Forest using InfoGain Ratio as attribute selection algorithm.

Of all the 5 models we can consider **Random Forest using InfoGain Ratio** to be the **best model** since it has the least FP rate and the highest ROC area.

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## Conclusion

From this project we mainly understood the following:

- Gain Ratio is a better attribute selection algorithm when compared to Information Gain while building Decision Tree classification models.
- We also learned that Neural Network algorithms can be used as classifiers since they have a high classification accuracy.
- The Instance Base KNN Algorithm has a high accuracy for this particular dataset however, it requires a lot of trial and error to determine the optimal value of K.
- After consideration of all the above factors and different performance measures we conclude that the Random Forest Classification algorithm coupled with the Gain Ratio Attribute Selection Algorithm gives us the best classification model for this particular dataset.

## Work done by each team member

Kevin Rodrigues: Binning of data, Building and Testing of Models, Documentation.

Paritosh Shirodkar: Splitting of data into training and testing set, Building and Testing of Models, Documentation.

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## References

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- <http://blog.citizen.net/blog/2012/11/10/random-forests-ensembles-and-performance-metrics>
- [http://sciencewise.info/resource/lbk\\_algorithm/lbk\\_algorithm\\_by\\_Wikipedia](http://sciencewise.info/resource/lbk_algorithm/lbk_algorithm_by_Wikipedia)
- <http://www.ques10.com/p/166/write-short-note-on-bayesian-classification/>

## Additional Material

All the resources used for this project including the original dataset, R-Script used for binning the dataset, training, and test set after splitting, research papers referred, etc can be found on our GitHub repositories:

<https://github.com/paritoshshirodkar/PC1-Software-Defect-Classification>

<https://github.com/kevinrodrigues13/PC1-Software-Defect-Classification>