Song Jihu UPLIFT

# DAILY BASEBALL HITTING REPORT

16 MAY 2024 - 10 RIGHT-HAND SWINGS ANALYZED

### KINEMATIC SEQUENCE

### 20%

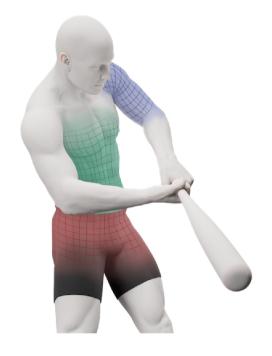
of your swings' kinematic sequence was in the correct order.

Kinematic sequence is a measure of how you transfer energy up from the ground to the ball.

Your most common sequence:

Pelvis - Arm - Trunk

Ideal sequence is **Pelvis - Trunk - Arm** 



### **Average Peak Velocities**

| Pelvis       | Trunk        | Arm           |
|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| 662°/s       | 796°/s       | 896°/s        |
| Pro range is | Pro range is | Pro range is  |
| 500 - 600°/s | 575 - 700°/s | 800 - 1000°/s |

### **Speed Gain**

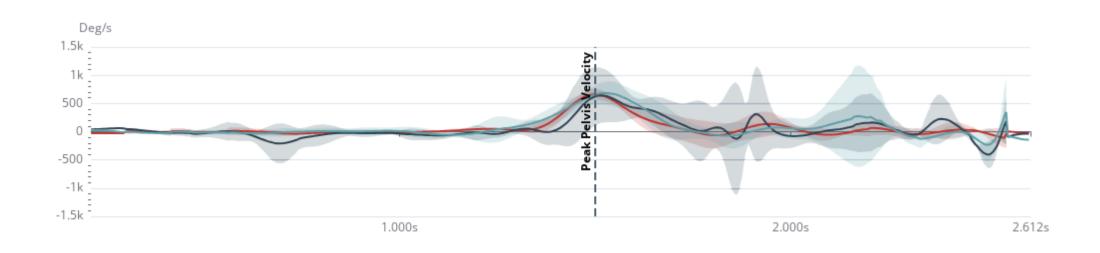
Average speed-up from Pelvis to Torso was

1.2x

Pro range is

1.05x - 1.25x

### **Velocities Over Time**

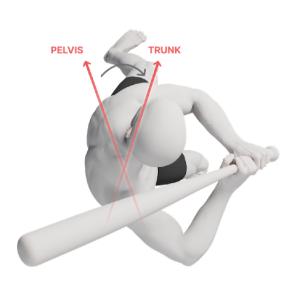


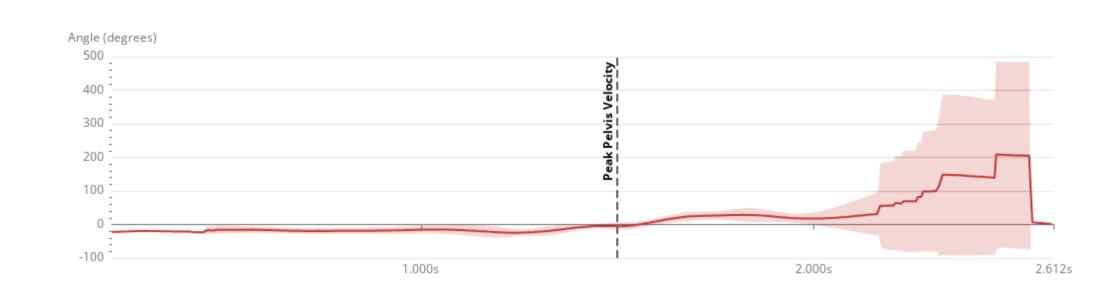
X-Factor, also known as "stretch", is a measure of the rotation of the trunk with respect to the pelvis.

Averaged across all swings, your max X-Factor prior to ball contact was

18°

#### X-Factor Over Time





#### LOAD

### 0%

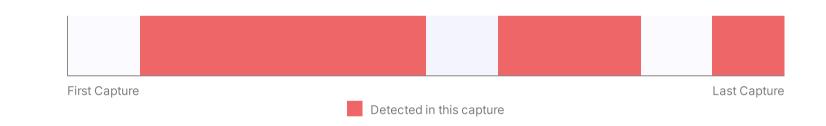
of your swings avoided the below inefficiencies during the load phase.

This phase represents the start of your movement when the hitter starts to gather energy.

#### Sway

You exhibited Sway (shifting away from the mound during loading) in 70% of your swings.

Allowing your hips to move towards the mound during your swing can improve your ability to make contact with the ball.



#### Knee Dominant Loading

You exhibited knee dominant movement strategies in 20% of your swings.

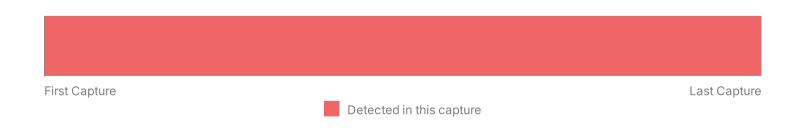
Loading your hips more can help you rotate faster during your swing relative to using a knee dominant strategy.



### Lateral Pelvis Tilt during Load

Your hips did not remain level in 100% of your swings.

Keeping your hips level throughout the swing can improve transfer of energy from the ground-up.



### 0%

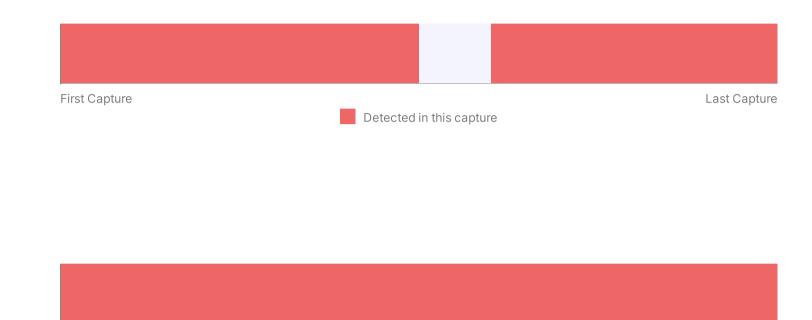
of your swings avoided the below inefficiencies during launch.

Launch is the start of your swing through ball contact. Moving primarily in the transverse plane without energy leaks in the sagittal or frontal plane can improve your rotational velocity.

#### **Vertical Pelvis Motion**

Your hips came up in 90% of your swings

Keeping your hips low during the swing can improve transfer of energy from the ground-up.



Detected in this capture

Last Capture

#### **Drifting Forward**

You drifted forward (pelvis continued to move toward the pitcher through ball contact) in 100% of your swings.

Drifting forward at ball contact results in energy leaks that inhibit your ability to effectively transfer energy from the ground-up.

## TRUNK POSITION THROUGH SWING

This position is dependent on ball location and pitch type. Compare these positions between Launch and Ball Contact. Elite hitters maintain angles (front and side bend) from Launch to Ball Contact.

First Capture

