

CMS Innovation Center Models ACOs Should Know

New and Forthcoming Models								
	Description	Participants	Overlap with ACOs	Announced	Model Start Date	Length of Demonstration		
Direct Contracting	The Direct Contracting model is comprised of two voluntary, risk-sharing payment arrangements that include risk-adjusted monthly payments and partial and full capitation options with shared savings/losses of 50% and 100%. CMS also issued a related request for information on a Geographic Population-Based Payment option, a third option which is still under development. CMS also creates opportunities for new entities and entities serving high-needs patients to participate.		Like with the Next Generation ACO Model on which Direct Contracting builds, DCEs may not dually participate in Direct Contracting and MSSP or other shared savings arrangements once the peformance period begins in 2021. However, CMS will allow dual participation during the 2020 Implementation Period. Next Gen ACOs will be allowed to finish that model until it sunsets at the end of 2020 before joining Direct Contracting. Tilks in DCEs are also barred from participating in Primary Care First.	Nov. 25, 2019	The first performance period for the initial cohort will start on April 1, 2021.	Five years		
Primary Care First	Primary Care First Model (PCF) is based on the principles of the Comprehensive Primary Care Plus (CPC+) model. PCF participation will be voluntary and offered in 26 regions, 18 of which are existing CPC+ regions. This is a regionally-based, multi-payer model designed to bolster primary care. Participants will receive a population-based payment along with a flat primary care visit fee. The model provides a performance-based adjustment with a maximum upside potential of 50% of primary care revenue with downside risk of up to 10% of primary care revenue. There is also a Seriously III Population Option for qualifying practices.		CMS will allow practices to simultaneously participate in MSSP and CPC+. Payment will be treated as non-claims-based expenditures in MSSP and will be included when comparing ACO spending to the benchmark in the shared savings or losses calculation.	Oct. 24, 2019	The initial performance period will start on Jan. 1 2021. The Serious Illness Population option will start on April 1, 2021.	Five years		
ind-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD) Treatment Cho	ESRD Treatment Choices Model seeks to encourage greater use of home dialysis and kidney transplants for Medicare	ESRD facilities and clinicians who bill the Monthly Capitation Payment for managing ESRD beneficiaries	Under the proposed program, payments made under the ETC Model would be counted as expenditures under the MSSP and other shared savings initiatives. CMS will allow ETC Model providers to participate in other Medicare valuebased care programs.	Jul. 10, 2019	Unclear	It was first proposd to last 5-1/ years.		
Voluntary kidney models	Four voluntary models are designed to help beneficiaries with stages 4 and 5 of chronic kidney disease, beneficiaries with ESRD receiving maintenance dialysis, and transplant patients. Kidney Care First (KCF) offers capitated payments for aligned beneficiaries and a bonus for kidney transplant patients paid over three years provided the transplant remains successful. Comprehensive Kidney Care Contracting (CKCC) offers three levels of progressively higher risk, from shared-savings only to 100% risk for total cost of care.	Dialysis facilities, nephrologists, and ACO-like providers that manage beneficiaries with ESRD	MSSP practices may dually particiapte in MSSP and KCF, but practices must have a letter signed by the ACO acknowledging that the nephrologist or practice is simultaneously participating. Dual participation is not allowed in ACO programs and CKCC.	Oct. 24, 2019	The first performance period for the initial cohort will start on April 1, 2021.	Three years with the option for one or two additional years at CMS's discretion		

Emergency Triage, Treat, and Transport (ET3) Model	The voluntary model will test payments for transporting patients to alternative destinations like urgent care clinics or primary care offices or treat patients on-site using either telehealth or a qualified health care practitioner. Ambulance providers must enter into agreements with alternative sites before being a option for patient transports. The model aims to encourage more appropriate use of emergency services.	Ambulance service providers	The ET3 model could potentially help ACOs avert costly and unnecessary patient visits to the hospital emergency department. CMS will count payments for services rendered under the ET3 model as expenditures during ACOs' applicable benchmark and performance years.		Fall of 2020	Five years
International Pricing Index (IPI) Model	CMS issued an advanced notice of proposed rulemaking in October 2018 that would test new ways to pay for Medicare Part B drugs. CMS would tie what it pays for select single-source drugs to a price indexed off that drug's international price, allow providers to buy drugs from third-party vendors who have more leverage to negotiate with drug manufacturers, and pay providers a set add-on payment that differs from the current policy of 6 percent of a drug's average sales price.	Physician practices and hospital outpatient departments that furnish drugs included in the model and operate in selected areas. The model would be mandatory in roughly have the country.	NAACOS in response to CMS's Advanced Notice of Proposed Rulemaking sought clarity on how the IPI model would interact with ACOs, specifically those that span large geographic areas and operate both within and outside of regions selected to participate in the model.	Oct. 25, 2018	Unclear	Five years
Radiation Oncology Model	In July 2019, CMS issued a proposed rule that would test prospective, episode-based payments for 90 days of radiation therapy treatment used to treat one of 17 cancer types. Payments will be divided into professional (physician services) and technical (equipment, costs of services, etc.,) and include withholds for incomplete episodes (2%), quality (2% for PC), and beneficiary experience (1%) that can be earned back based on performance.		Payments made under the Radiation Oncology Model would be counted as expenditures under the MSSP and other shared savings initiatives. CMS will allow Radiation Oncology Model providers to participate in other Medicare value-based care programs.	Jul. 10, 2019	Unclear	Five years
Medicare Advantage Value-Based Insurance Design Model	The model tests the impact of allowing Medicare Advantage plans greater flexibility in benefit design has on spending. Starting in 2020, interventions include lower cost-sharing for certain socio-economic status or condition, additional incentives, telehealth, and wellness planning.	Medicare Advantage plans	The model gives Medicare Advantage plans some flexibilities ACOs are offered through waivers and tests other benefits, like wellness planning, that could make it more attractive for seniors to sign up for Medicare Advantage plans.	Major program updates announced Jan. 18, 2019	Started in 2017. Expanding to all 50 states in 2020.	Ends after 2024
Part D Payment Modernization Model	The model tests the impact of a revised Part D program design and incentive alignment on overall Part D prescription drug spending and beneficiary out-of-pocket costs.	Standalone Part D plans and Medicare Advantage- Prescription Drug Plans	While not responsible for Part D spending, ACOs do feel the impact of patients' medication management.	Jan. 18, 2019	Anticipated start date of January 2020	Five years
Integrated Care for Kids (InCK) Model	The model will offer states and local providers support to address prevention, early identification, and treatment of major health concerns like behavioral and physical health through care integration across child providers. States will work with CMS and the "lead organization" to design and implement one or more child-focused APMs in Medicaid (and CHIP, if applicable). States with existing APMs may instead alter as necessary to meet the model's criteria.	State Medicaid agencies and a local entity called a "lead organization." Either a state Medicaid agency or a lead organization will be the awardee of a cooperative agreement.	The model allows states to leverage existing APMs in Medicaid, including ACOs and other care coordination efforts.	Aug. 23, 2018	Delay first quarterly progress report and associated deliverables to July 30, 2020.	Seven years
		1	Older Models			
Next Generation ACO Model	Based off the Pioneer ACO Model, the Next Generation ACO Model provides higher degrees of risk and reward compared	The program is scheduled to end at the end of 2020. While the Direct Contracting Model is designed to take Next Gen's place, NAACOS has asked that the Next Gen program be certified as a permanent part of Medicare.	Participants Roughly 40 ACOs serving approximately 2 million beneficiaries	Overlap with ACOs	Start Date Jan. 1, 2016	Dec. 31, 2021
ACO Investment Model	The model pre-pays shared savings to encourage MSSP ACO formation in rural and underserved areas.	Currently, there are no plans to open another application cycle and add more ACOs to this model.	45 ACOs serving just under 500,000 beneficiaries	N/A	Apr-15	Since participants operate under MSSP contracts and vary in start date, the model ends when participants' MSSP contracts expire.

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BPCI Advanced	A voluntary bundled payment program testing 29 inpatient	A second application cycle	More than 700 acute care hospitals and nearly 600	ACOs may simultaneously	Oct. 1, 2018	Dec. 31, 2023
	and 3 outpatient clinical episodes offering a single,	opened in the spring of 2019 for	physician group practices	participate in both the		
	retrospective bundle payment with a 90-day duration. Builds	a January 2020 start date.		BPCI Advanced and ACO		
	off of previous CMMI bundled payment programs.			models. Starting in Model		
				Year 3 (Jan. 1, 2020)		
				assigned patients in		
				MSSP, including those in		
				Tracks 1, 2, 3, and 1+ as		
				well as Basic and		
				Enhanced, are not		
				removed from BPCI		
				Advanced. In Model Years		
				1 and 2, Track 3 patients		
				were removed from BPCI		
				Advanced. Also, BPCI		
				Advanced patients		
				assigned to the Next		
				Generation ACO Model,		
				Vermont All-Payer ACO		
				Model, and the		
				Comprehensive ESRD		
		1		Care Initiative are		1
				removed from the ACOs'		
				populations.		
				populations.		
Comprehensive Care for Joint Replacement Model	A bundled payment program for hip and knee replacements	In 2016 and 2017, the model	Approximately 465 inpatient hospitals	CMS will exclude CJR	1-Apr-1	6 31-Ma
	with episodes covering inpatient stays and ends 90 days post-			episodes for beneficiaries		1
	discharge.	67 geographic areas.		from MSSP and Next Gen		
		Participation become voluntary		ACOs using prospective		
		for rural, low-volume and 33 of		assignment. CMS instead		
		the 67 areas in which it was		will implement an online		
		mandatory.		system to allow CJR		
		,		participant hospitals to		
				identify beneficiaries who		
				are aligned with such		
				ACOs and would be		
				excluded		
				from the CJR model.		
Comprehensive Primary Care Plus	Provides a non-visit-based, care management fee paid per-	Available in 18 regions	Nearly 3,000 primary care practices currently participating	Care Management Fees	Jan. 1, 2017	Dec. 31, 2022
	beneficiary-per month, a Performance-Based Incentive			and Performance-Based		
	Payment, and traditional Medicare Physician Fee Schedule			Incentive Payments		
	payments.	1		awarded to CPC+		1
	payments.			practices are counted as		
				ACO expenditures. MSSP		
				ACOs are eligible to apply		
				and participate in CPC+,		
		1		while ACO Investment		1
		1		Model and Next		1
				Gen ACOs are ineligible.		
		1				1
		1				1
		1				
Comprehensive ESRD Care Model	An ACO-like model where dialysis clinics, nephrologists and	Currently, there are no plans to	Roughly three dozen ESRD Seamless Care Organizations	Providers billing under	Oct. 1, 2015	31-Ma
Comprehensive ESKD Care Model					UCL. 1, 2015	31-Ma
	other providers come together to improve care for Medicare	open another application cycle.	participating	the same TIN cannot		1
	beneficiaries with end-stage renal disease through better care	1		participate in both MSSP		1
	coordination.			and the Comprehensive		
		1				1
		1				1
	coordinadUII.			ESRD Model.		

Oncology Care Model	Model offering payments for episodes of care related to	Currently, there are no plans to	Roughly 175 practices and 11 payers serving more than 1	Participants may also	1-Jul-16		30-Jun-22	
		open another application cycle.	million patients	operate in MSSP and	174110			
				Next Generation ACO				
				models, but CMS will				
				ensure that shared				
				savings and performance-				
				based payments are not				
				made for the same				
				savings for the same				
				beneficiary.				
Independence at Home Demonstration	A model to test the effectiveness of delivering primary care	The Bipartisan Budget Act of	13 independent practices and 1 consortium	Practices cannot also	1-Jun-12	Dec. 31, 2020		
	services at the homes of patients with multiple chronic	2018 authorized two-year		participate in an MSSP or				
	conditions.	extension of the model.		Next Gen ACO.				
Transforming Clinical Practice Initiative	\$685 million to support organizations and provide technical	Currently, there are no plans to	Nearly 40 national and regional collaborative healthcare	Participation for practices	Sept. 29, 2015	Sept. 28, 2019		
	assistance to help equip more than 140,000 clinicians with	open another application cycle.	transformation networks	who have at least 20% of				
	tools and support needed to improve quality of care, increase			payments for clinical				
	patients' access to information, and spend dollars more			services covered by the				
	wisely.			model coming through				
				MSSP and CPC+ will need				
				to be evaluated on a				
				clinician-by-clinician				
				basis.				
Accountable Health Communities Model	Designed to address health-related social needs through	Currently, there are no plans to	31 organizations participating	The model could	1-May-17	5	30-Apr-22	
1	enhanced clinical-community linkages.	open another application cycle.		potentially help ACOs				
				meet patients' social				
				needs.				
For additional questions or concerns, please contact advocacy@naacos.com.								
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