

Set 10: Section 4.2, Expectation and Variance

We explore *expectation* in more detail.

Proposition: For a discrete rv X with pmf $p_X(x)$

$$E[g_1(x) + \cdots + g_k(x)] = E[g_1(x)] + \cdots + E[g_k(x)]$$

Definition: The *variance* of a discrete rv X with pmf $p_X(x)$ is

$$\sigma^2 \equiv \sigma_X^2 \equiv \text{Var}(X) \equiv E\{[X - E(X)]^2\}$$

- we call σ or σ_X the *standard deviation* of X
- σ and σ^2 are measures of spread of $p_X(x)$
- contrast sample quantities (\bar{x}, s) with popln quantities (μ, σ)

Example:

Computation Formula for Variance:

$$\sigma^2 = \text{Var}(X) = E(X^2) - (\mu)^2$$

Example:

Laws of Variance: (a, b are constants)

1. $\text{Var}(b) = 0$
2. $\text{Var}(X + b) = \text{Var}(X)$
3. $\text{Var}(aX) = a^2\text{Var}(X)$

Example: Consider the experiment consisting of three flips of a coin. Let $X \equiv$ the number of heads. Obtain $\text{Var}(X)$.

Example: Let X be the average January temperature in degrees Celsius where $E(X) = 5^\circ C$ and $\text{Var}(X) = 3^\circ C^2$. Find the expected value and the variance of Y where Y is the average January temperature in degrees Fahrenheit.

Problem: Calculate σ and $E(3X + 4X^2)$ corresponding to the rv X with pmf $p_X(x)$ where

x	4	8	10
$p_X(x)$	0.2	0.7	0.1

Example: In a game of chance, I bet x dollars. With probability p , I win y dollars. What should x be for this to be a fair game?