# Java 8 Upgrade Course

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Functional Programming and more...

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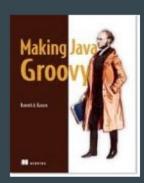
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Groovy Podcast: <a href="http://nofluffjuststuff.com/groovypodcast">http://nofluffjuststuff.com/groovypodcast</a>

### Videos (available on Safari)

O'Reilly video courses: See <a href="http://shop.oreilly.com">http://shop.oreilly.com</a> for details

**Groovy Programming Fundamentals** 

Practical Groovy Programming

**Mastering Groovy Programming** 

**Learning Android** 

Practical Android

Gradle Fundamentals

Gradle for Android

Spring Framework Essentials

Advanced Java Development

### Modern Java Recipes

Materials and examples are from the upcoming book

Source code:

https://github.com/kousen/java8\_upgrade

https://github.com/kousen/java 8 recipes

Materials:

http://www.kousenit.com/java8/



### The Basics

- Streams
- Lambda Expressions
- Method References

### Lambda Expressions

Java 8 lambda expressions

Assigned to Single Abstract Method interfaces

Parameter types inferred from context

### **Functional Programming**

Lambda, Method References, and Streams

LambdaDemo.java

MapFilterReduce.java

PrimeChecker.java

StreamsDemo.java

#### **Functional Interface**

Interface with a Single Abstract Method

Runnable

Lambdas can only be assigned to

functional interfaces

#### **Functional Interface**

See java.util.function package

@FunctionalInterface

Not required, but useful

#### **Functional Interfaces**

```
Consumer \rightarrow single arg, no result
    void accept(T t)
Predicate \rightarrow returns boolean
    boolean test(T t)
Supplier \rightarrow no arg, returns single result
    T get()
Function \rightarrow single arg, returns result
    R apply(T t)
```

#### **Functional Interfaces**

Primitive variations

#### Consumer

IntConsumer, LongConsumer,

DoubleConsumer,

BiConsumer<T,U>

#### **Functional Interfaces**

BiFunction  $\rightarrow$  binary function from T and U to R

R apply(T, U)

UnaryOperator extends Function (T and R same type)

BinaryOperator extends BiFunction (T, U, and R same type)

### **Exceptions**

Only checked exceptions declared

in the abstract method can be thrown

Either

Catch others in body of lambda

Define wrapper method that handles exceptions

#### **Method References**

Method references use :: notation

```
System.out::println
    x → System.out.println(x)
Math::max
    (x,y) → Math.max(x,y)
String::compareToIgnoreCase
    (x,y) → x.compareToIgnoreCase(y)
```

### **Constructor References**

Can call constructors

ArrayList::new

Person[]::new

### **Default methods**

Default methods in interfaces

Use keyword default

#### **Default methods**

What if there is a conflict?

Class vs Interface → Class always wins

Interface vs Interface  $\rightarrow$ 

Child overrides parent

Otherwise compiler error

### Static methods in interfaces

Can add static methods to interfaces

See Comparator.comparing

#### Streams

A sequence of elements

Does not store the elements

Does not change the source

Operations are lazy when possible

Closed when terminal expression reached

### Streams

A stream carries values

from a source

through a pipeline

### **Pipelines**

Okay, so what's a pipeline?

A source

Zero or more **intermediate** operations

A **terminal** operation

### **Reduction Operations**

Reduction operations

Terminal operations that produce

one value from a stream

average, sum, max, min, count, ...

### Streams

```
Easy to parallelize

Replace stream() with

parallelStream()
```

### **Creating Streams**

Creating streams

```
Collection.stream()
Stream.of(T... values)
Stream.generate(Supplier<T> s)
Stream.iterate(T seed, UnaryOperator<T> f)
Stream.emptyStream()
```

## Transforming Streams

Process data from one stream into another

```
filter(Predicate<T> p)
```

map(Function<T,R> mapper)

### Transforming Streams

There's also flatMap:

Stream<R> flatMap(Function<T, Stream<R>> mapper)

Map from single element to multiple elements

Remove internal structure

#### **Substreams**

```
limit(n) returns a new stream
ends after n elements
```

```
Stream.generate(Math::random)
    .limit(100)
```

#### Collectors

Collector interface

"Mutable reduction operation that accumulates elements into a mutable result container, optionally transforming the accumulated result after all input elements have been processed"

Collectors class

Convenient methods for converting into lists, sets, maps

### **Using Collectors**

```
Stream.of( ... )
    .collect( Collectors.toList() ) \rightarrow creates an ArrayList
    .collect( Collectors.toSet() ) \rightarrow creates a HashSet
    .collect( Collectors.toCollection( Supplier ))
         \rightarrow creates the supplier (LinkedList::new, TreeSet::new, etc)
    .collect( Collectors.toMap( Function, Function ))
         \rightarrow creates a map; first function is keys, second is values
```

### **Optional**

Alternative to returning object or null

```
Optional<T> value isPresent() \rightarrow boolean get() \rightarrow return \ the \ value
```

Goal is to return a default if value is null

### **Optional**

```
ifPresent() accepts a function
    optional.ifPresent( ... do something ...)
orElse() provides an alternative
    optional.orElse(... default ...)
    optional.orElseGet(Supplier<? extends T> other)
    optional.orElseThrow(Supplier<? extends X> exSupplier)
```

#### **Deferred** execution

Logging

```
log.info("x = " + x + ", y = " + y);
String formed even if not info level
```

$$log.info(() -> "x = " + x + ", y = " + y);$$

Only runs if at info level

Arg is a Supplier<String>

#### Date and Time API

```
java.util.Date is a disaster
```

java.util.Calendar isn't much better

Now we have java.time

#### LocalDate

A date without time zone info

contains year, month, day of month

LocalDate.of(2017, Month.FEBRUARY, 2)

months actually count from 1 now

### LocalTime

LocalTime is just LocalDate for times

hh:mm:ss

LocalDateTime is both, but then you

might need time zones

#### **ZonedDateTime**

Database of timezones from IANA

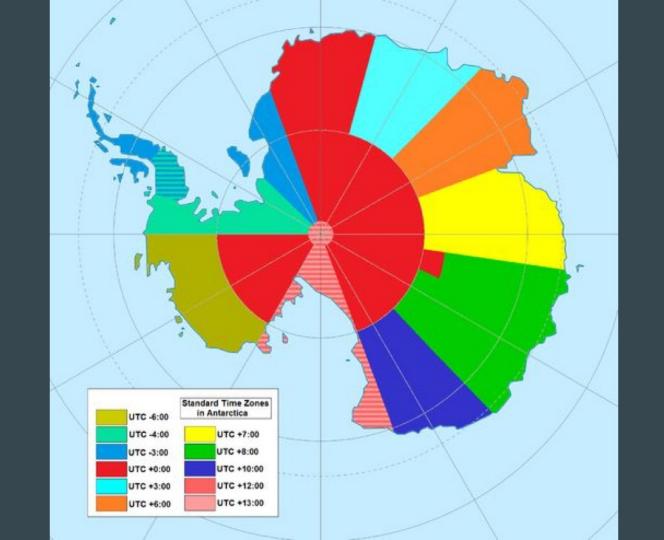
https://www.iana.org/time-zones

```
Set<String> ZoneId.getAvailableZoneIds()
ZoneId.of("... tz name ...")
```

#### **ZonedDateTime**

```
LocalDateTime → ZonedDateTime
    local.atZone(zoneId)

Instant → ZonedDateTime
    instant.atZone(ZoneId.of("UTC"))
```



#### **Dates and Times**

Java 8 Date-Time: java.time package

AntarcticaTimeZones.java

### Summary

- Functional programming
  - Streams with map / filter / reduce
  - Lambda expressions
  - Method references
  - Concurrent, parallel streams
- Optional type
- Collectors and Comparators
  - Conversion from stream back to collections
  - Enable sorting, partitioning, and grouping
- Date/Time API
  - Good reason to upgrade