



**Analytics & Business Intelligence**

**Module Code: COM517**

**Portfolio: Critical Report for Weekly Tasks &  
Personal Learning Records**

**Assessment Number: AE1 (Resit)**

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# **Introduction**

This report explains what I learned each week in the Analytics and Business Intelligence module. Each week we did a different task, and I describe what the task was, how I did it, and what I learned from it. The aim of this report is to show how my understanding improved as the module went on.

During the term, we looked at topics like organisation theories, numbers and patterns, types of data, data science jobs, and how to use simple tools for analysing and showing data. By doing the weekly tasks, I began to see how data is used in real life and why it is important in business. These activities also helped me build confidence when working with information and creating basic charts or reports.

Overall, this report shows my learning journey through the module and how the tasks helped me understand the main ideas of analytics and business intelligence.

## **WEEK 1 – Organisation Theories and Concepts**

### **Topic Overview**

In Week 1, we learned about different organisation theories and how they explain the way businesses and other organisations work. Some of the ideas included things like hierarchy, structure, communication, and how tasks are shared between people. These theories help us understand why organisations are designed in certain ways and how they manage people and processes.

### **What the Task Asked Me to Do**

The task for this week asked me to look at a few organisation theories and explain how they could be used in real situations. I needed to think about what each theory focuses on and match it to an example of an organisation or workplace.

### **How I Completed the Task**

To complete the work, I read through the notes and slides on SOL and made short summaries of each theory. Then I thought about real-life places I know, such as schools, shops, or companies, and chose examples where a specific theory made sense. This helped me connect the ideas to something familiar.

### **What I Learned**

From this week, I learned that organisations do not all work the same way. Each theory has strengths depending on what the organisation needs, such as clear rules, teamwork, or flexibility.

Understanding these ideas helped me see how structure affects decision-making and communication.

### **Real-World Link**

This is useful in real life because almost every workplace uses some form of organisational structure. Knowing these theories helps explain why some companies run smoothly while others struggle with communication or management.

## **WEEK 2 – Numbers, Patterns and Word Problems**

In Week 2, we focused on numbers, sequences and word problems, and how patterns can help us understand information. The task asked me to solve different number problems, including spotting patterns in sequences and working through word problems step by step. To complete the work, I looked at examples from the lesson and tried to identify the rule behind each sequence, such as adding, multiplying or using the previous numbers to find the next one. For the word problems, I broke the question down and chose the operation that made the most sense. This week helped me build more confidence with problem-solving because I learned that patterns can be used to make predictions and explain changes. It also showed me that taking my time to understand the question makes word problems easier. I realised that these skills are useful in real life, especially in areas like budgeting, finance, planning and business forecasting.

## **WEEK 3 – Organisational Data and Consumption**

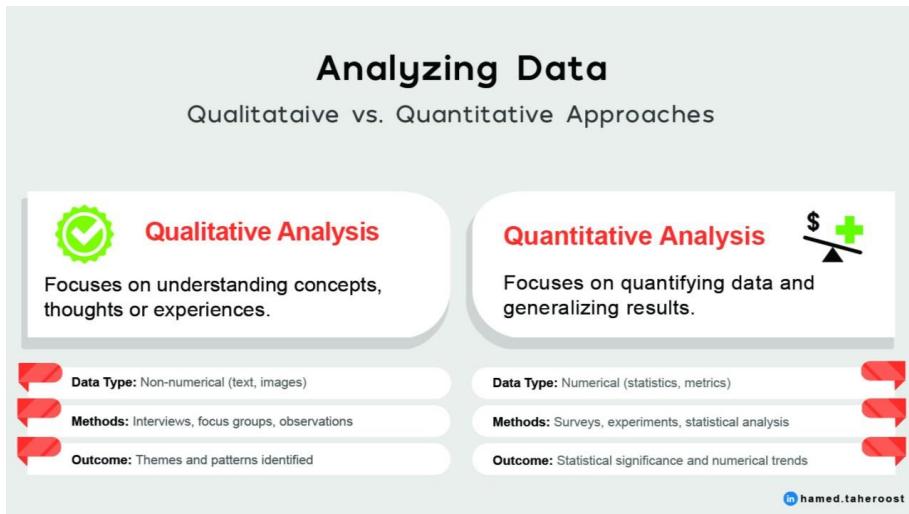
In Week 3, we learned about organisational data and how different types of information are used inside businesses. The task asked me to look at examples of data such as customer records, sales figures and staff details, and explain how organisations use this information. I used the notes on SOL to understand the different categories of data and the data pyramid. Completing the task helped me see how companies rely on data for planning, reporting and making decisions. I also learned why good data management is important for keeping information accurate and useful.

## **WEEK 4 – Data Science and the Data Scientist Role**

In Week 4, we explored what data science is and what data scientists do. The task asked me to research the skills needed for a data scientist job and find examples of job roles. I looked at job listings online and noted common skills such as Python, statistics, communication and data analysis. I also looked at typical salary ranges to understand how important the role is. This week helped me understand that data scientists work with large amounts of data to find patterns and support business decisions. It also showed me that the role requires both technical skills and the ability to explain results clearly.

## **WEEK 5 – Data Handling: Qualitative and Quantitative Data**

In Week 5, we focused on understanding different types of data, especially qualitative and quantitative data, and how they are used in data analysis. The task required me to work with a dataset and identify whether each column contained categorical, numerical, discrete or continuous data. To complete this task, I opened the dataset in Excel and carefully went through each column to identify what type of information it represented, such as customer details, gender, age, products bought, units sold and satisfaction scores. I then added a data type classification to show whether each variable was qualitative or quantitative. After that, I carried out basic statistical calculations, including finding the total number of units sold and the average age and satisfaction score. This helped me understand how raw data can be summarised into useful information. From this week, I learned that identifying the correct type of data is very important because it affects how data should be analysed and which charts can be used later. The dataset and statistical results from this task are shown in **Appendix E**.



[LINK](#)

## **WEEK 6 – Analytical and Visualisation Tools**

In Week 6, we focused on using analytical and visualisation tools to present data in a clear and simple way. The task asked me to create a visual chart using a dataset and a suitable tool. To complete this task, I used Excel and pasted the sales data into a table. I then selected the month and sales columns and created a line chart to show how sales changed over time. After creating the chart, I added a title and checked that the labels were clear. This task helped me understand how charts turn numbers into visual information that is easier to understand. I also learned that line charts are useful for showing trends over a period, such as increases or decreases in sales. The chart created for this task is shown in **Appendix F**.

## **WEEK 7 – Working with Different Types of Data**

In Week 7, we worked with different types of data, including demographic, financial and geographical data. The task asked me to use a dataset and understand what each column and value meant in real life. To complete this task, I pasted the dataset into Excel and carefully looked at each column, such as city, population, average income and region. This helped me understand the meaning behind the data before analysing it. I also added a notes column to describe each area in a simple way, such as whether it had a high population or medium income. This week helped me realise that understanding what data represents is very important, because analysing data without knowing its meaning can lead to wrong conclusions. I also learned how different types of data are used in real organisations, for example population data for planning, income data for budgeting and location data for mapping. The dataset and my interpretation of the data are shown in **Appendix G**.

## **WEEK 8 – Data Visualisation: Charts and Reports**

In Week 8, we focused on creating charts and reports to present data in a clear and easy-to-understand way. The task asked me to use a dataset and create a suitable chart to show the results. To complete this task, I pasted the product sales data into Excel and selected the relevant columns. I then created a bar chart to compare the sales of different products. After creating the chart, I added a clear title and checked that the labels were easy to read. This helped me understand how charts turn numbers into visual information that is easier to understand than raw data. I also learned that bar charts are very useful for comparing different categories, such as product sales. This week showed me how visual reports support decision-making in real businesses. The chart created for this task is shown in Appendix H.

## **CONCLUSION**

Overall, this module helped me understand the basic ideas of analytics and business intelligence in a clear and practical way. Each weekly task supported my learning step by step, starting from organisation theories and number patterns, and moving towards working with real data, using tools, and creating charts. I learned how to identify different types of data, carry out simple analysis, and present information using visual tools like Excel charts.

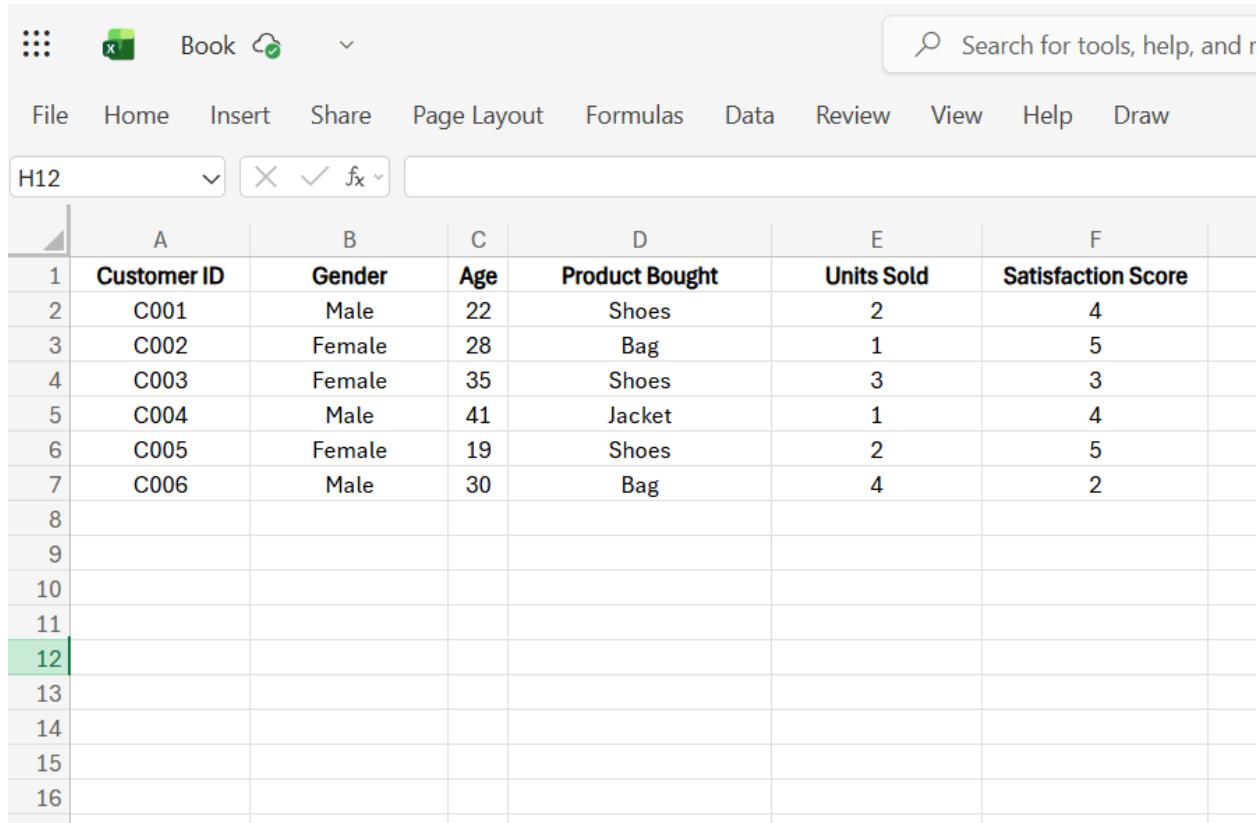
The practical tasks helped me understand how data is used in real organisations for planning, reporting and decision-making. I also gained confidence in interpreting datasets, creating charts and explaining what the results mean. This Personal Learning Record shows my progress throughout the module and how my skills and understanding developed over time. The knowledge gained from this module will be useful for my future studies and for any career that involves working with data or making decisions based on information.

## **REFERENCE**

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- Microsoft (2024) *Create charts in Excel*. Available at: Microsoft Support (Accessed: 10 December 2025).
- Tableau (2024) *Data visualisation basics*. Available at: Tableau Official Website (Accessed: 10 December 2025).
- Solent University (2025) *Analytics and Business Intelligence (COM517) Module Materials*. Solent Online Learning (Accessed: 10 December 2025).

# Appendix

## WEEK – 05



A screenshot of a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet. The ribbon menu at the top includes File, Home, Insert, Share, Page Layout, Formulas, Data, Review, View, Help, and Draw. The search bar on the right says "Search for tools, help, and resources". The formula bar shows "H12". The table below has columns A through F and rows 1 through 16. Row 1 contains the headers: Customer ID, Gender, Age, Product Bought, Units Sold, and Satisfaction Score. Rows 2 through 7 contain data points. Row 12 is highlighted with a green background.

	A	B	C	D	E	F
1	Customer ID	Gender	Age	Product Bought	Units Sold	Satisfaction Score
2	C001	Male	22	Shoes	2	4
3	C002	Female	28	Bag	1	5
4	C003	Female	35	Shoes	3	3
5	C004	Male	41	Jacket	1	4
6	C005	Female	19	Shoes	2	5
7	C006	Male	30	Bag	4	2
8						
9						
10						
11						
12						
13						
14						
15						
16						
--						

12	Column Name	Data Type
13	CustomerID	Qualitative (Categorical)
14	Gender	Qualitative (Categorical)
15	Age	Quantitative
16	ProductBought	Qualitative (Categorical)
17	UnitsSold	Quantitative (Discrete)
18	SatisfactionScore	Quantitative (Discrete)
19		
20		

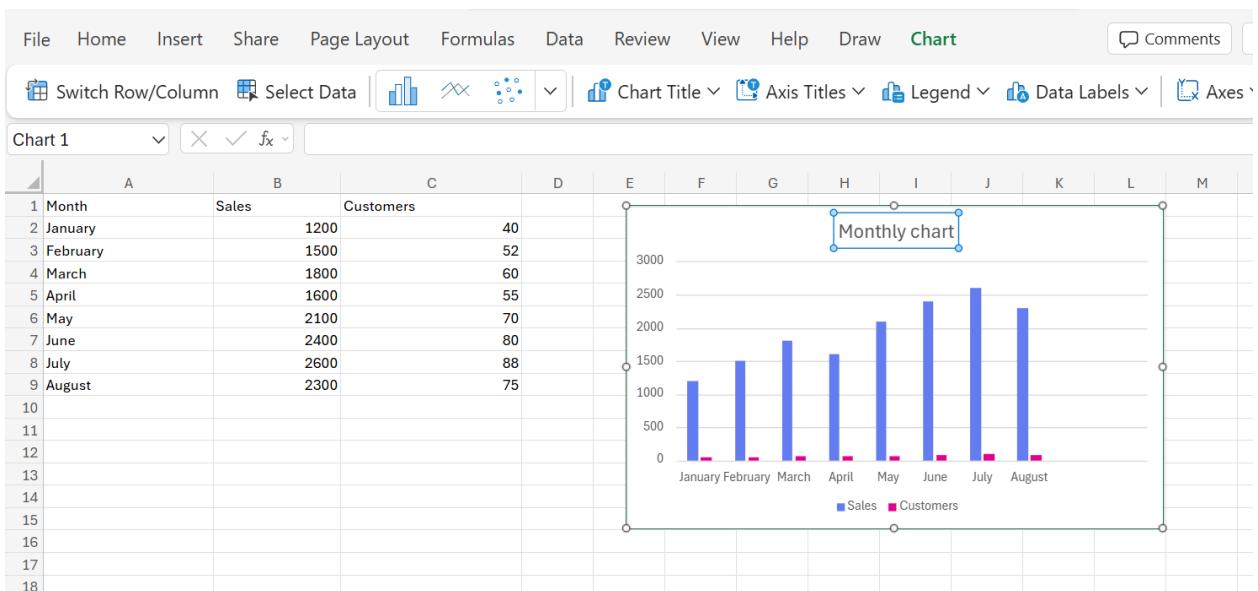
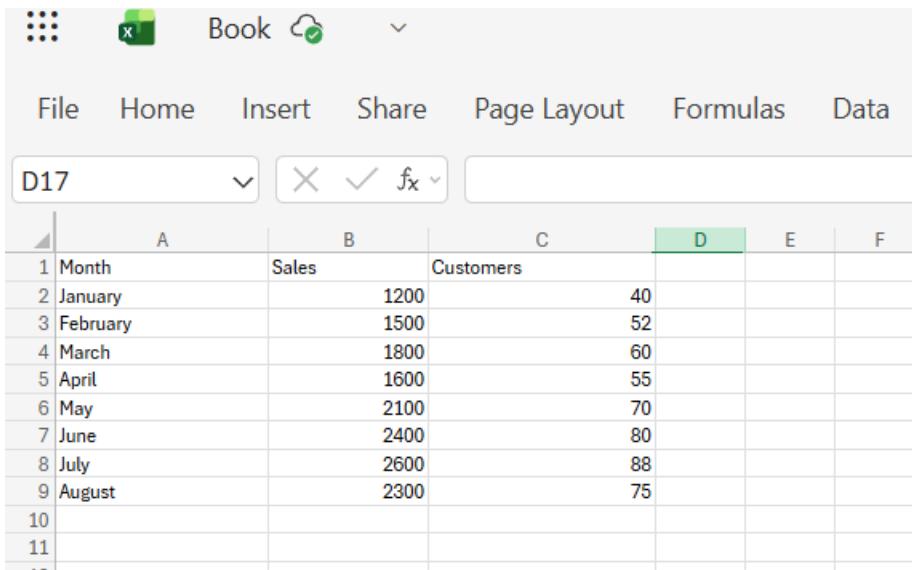
File Home Insert Share Page Layout Formulas Data Review View Help Draw

E15 ▾ X ✓ f<sub>x</sub> ▾

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
1	Customer ID	Gender	Age	Product Bought	Units Sold	Satisfaction Score	
2	C001	Male	22	Shoes	2	4	
3	C002	Female	28	Bag	1	5	
4	C003	Female	35	Shoes	3	3	
5	C004	Male	41	Jacket	1	4	
6	C005	Female	19	Shoes	2	5	
7	C006	Male	30	Bag	4	2	
8							
9							
10		Average Age	29.16666667				
11							
12							
13							

## Appendix E

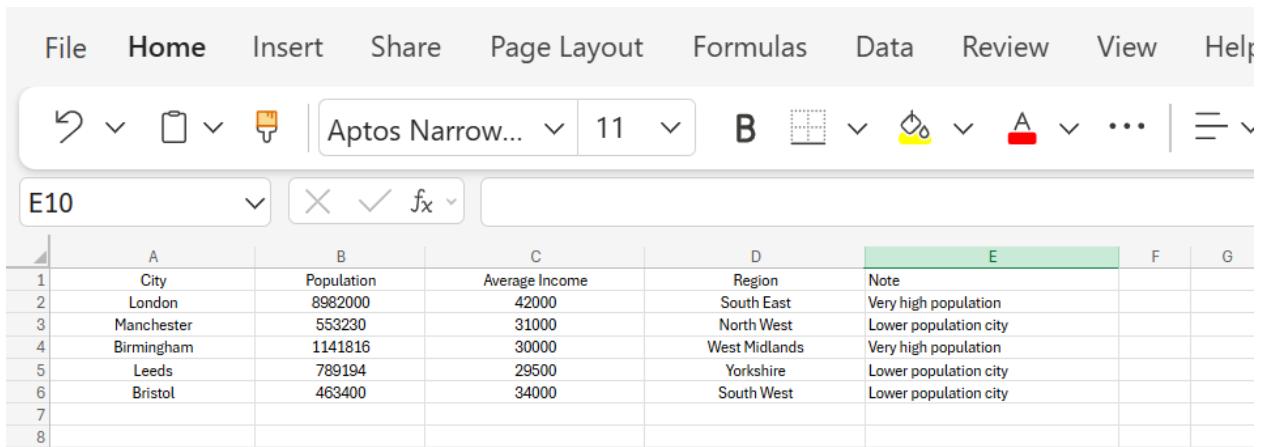
# **WEEK – 06**



A	B	C	D	E	F	G
Customer ID	Gender	Age	Product Bought	Units Sold	Satisfaction Score	Total Score
C001	Male	22	Shoes	2	4	10
C002	Female	28	Bag	1	5	15
C003	Female	35	Shoes	3	3	18
C004	Male	41	Jacket	1	4	12
C005	Female	19	Shoes	2	5	17
C006	Male	30	Bag	4	2	14
				Average Satisfaction Score	3.8333333333	90

## Appendix F

## WEEK – 07

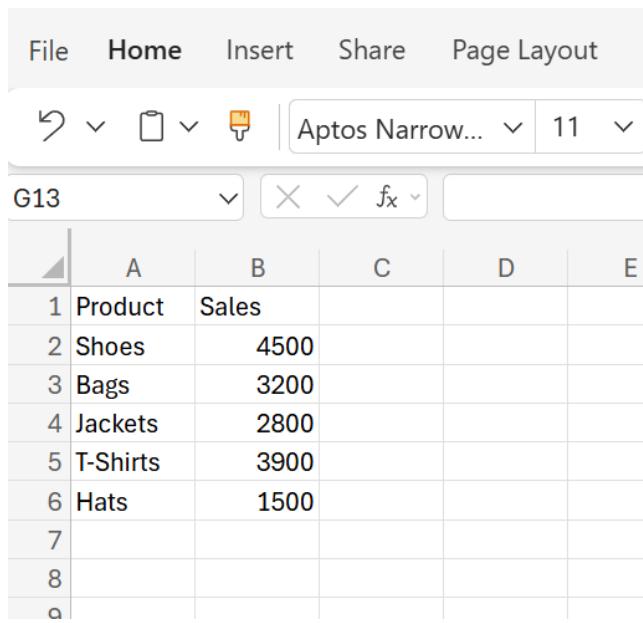


A screenshot of a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet. The ribbon menu at the top includes File, Home, Insert, Share, Page Layout, Formulas, Data, Review, View, and Help. The Home tab is selected. The toolbar below the ribbon contains icons for Undo, Redo, Cut, Copy, Paste, Font Style (Aptos Narrow), Font Size (11), Bold (B), Italic (I), Underline (U), Alignment, and Cell Style. The active cell is E10. The table below has columns labeled A, B, C, D, E, F, and G. The data is as follows:

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
1	City	Population	Average Income	Region	Note		
2	London	8982000	42000	South East	Very high population		
3	Manchester	553230	31000	North West	Lower population city		
4	Birmingham	1141816	30000	West Midlands	Very high population		
5	Leeds	789194	29500	Yorkshire	Lower population city		
6	Bristol	463400	34000	South West	Lower population city		
7							
8							

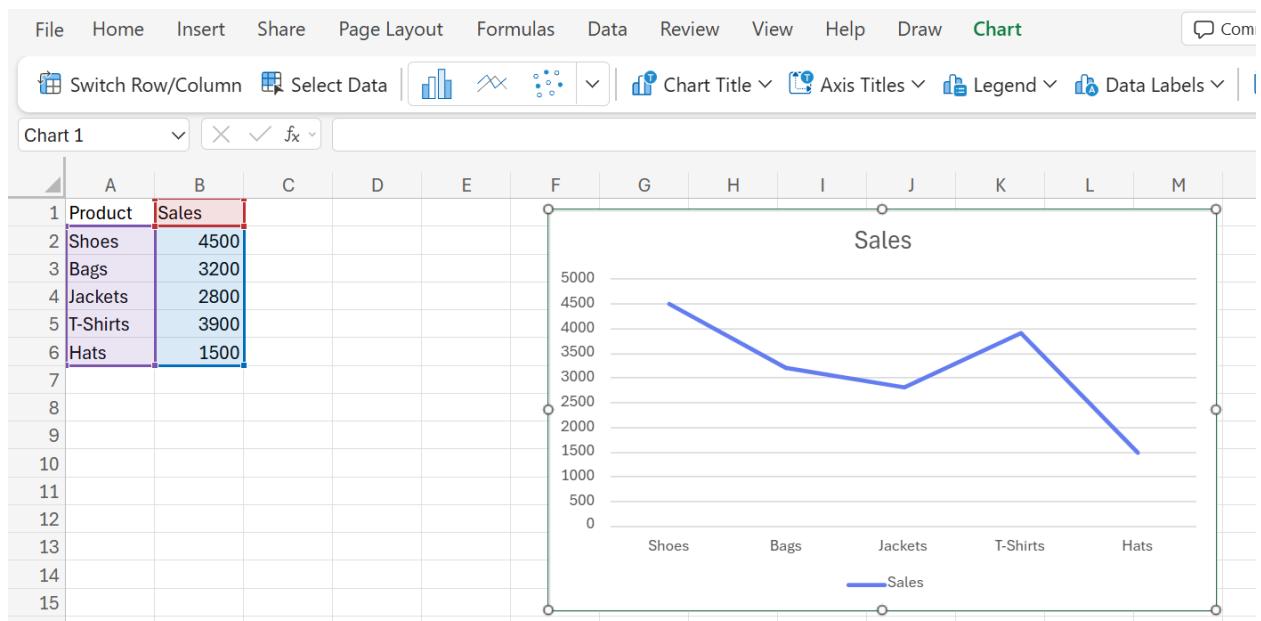
## Appendix G

# WEEK – 08



A screenshot of a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet titled "Aptos Narrow...". The ribbon menu at the top includes File, Home, Insert, Share, and Page Layout. The Home tab is selected. The toolbar below shows icons for Undo, Redo, Cut, Copy, Paste, and Font Size (11). The formula bar shows "G13". The main area displays a table with columns A through E and rows 1 through 8. The table has a header row with "Product" in A1 and "Sales" in B1. Data rows follow, with "Shoes" in A2 and "4500" in B2, "Bags" in A3 and "3200" in B3, "Jackets" in A4 and "2800" in B4, "T-Shirts" in A5 and "3900" in B5, and "Hats" in A6 and "1500" in B6. Rows 7 and 8 are blank.

	A	B	C	D	E
1	Product	Sales			
2	Shoes	4500			
3	Bags	3200			
4	Jackets	2800			
5	T-Shirts	3900			
6	Hats	1500			
7					
8					
a					



## Appendix H

## GIT PROJECT MANAGE

The screenshot shows a GitHub repository page for "COM517\_PersonalLearningRecord". The repository is public and was created by parmar10preeti-ctrl. It has 2 issues, 0 pull requests, 1 project, and 0 forks. The repository has 6 commits and no releases or packages. The README file is present.

**Code** | Issues 2 | Pull requests | Actions | Projects 1 | Wiki | Security | Insights | Settings

**COM517\_PersonalLearningRecord** (Public)

main · 1 Branch · 0 Tags

Add files via upload · 84a0e41 · 1 hour ago · 6 Commits

- COM517\_PersonalLearningRecord\_Priti Parmar... · Add files via upload · last week
- week 02.docx · Add files via upload · last week
- week 3.pdf · Add files via upload · 1 hour ago
- week 4-6.docx · Add files via upload · 1 hour ago

README

No description, website, or topics provided

Activity · 0 stars · 0 watching · 0 forks

Releases · No releases published · Create a new release

Packages · No packages published

## LINK

Δ @parmar10preeti-ctrl's weekly project

Add status update Insights 🔍

View 1 | View 2 | View 3 | + New view

Filter by keyword or by field

**Todo** 2 This item hasn't been started

COM517\_PersonalLearningRecord #15 Week 7 – Working With Different Types of Data

COM517\_PersonalLearningRecord #16 Week 08 - Final submission

**In Progress** 1 This is actively being worked on

COM517\_PersonalLearningRecord #14 Week 6 – Analytical and Visualisation Tools

**Done** 13 This has been completed

COM517\_PersonalLearningRecord #4 WEEK 1 – Organisation Theories and Concepts

COM517\_PersonalLearningRecord #1 making cover page for project

COM517\_PersonalLearningRecord #5 Write Introduction

COM517\_PersonalLearningRecord #6 What I Learned

COM517\_PersonalLearningRecord #2

+ Add item

+ Add item

<https://github.com/users/parmar10preeti-ctrl/projects/1/views/3>

11°C

The Burn up chart shows the progress of your project items over time, showing how much work has been completed and how much is left to do. Use this chart to view progress, spot trends, and identify bottlenecks to help move the project forward.



## LINK