Computer vision Sheet02 theory answer

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Q1

$$f(x) \times g(x) = \int f(t)g(x-t)dt$$

$$t = -\infty$$

$$F(\omega)G(\omega) = \int f(x)e^{-2\pi j \omega x}dx \cdot \int g(x)e^{-2\pi j \omega x}dx$$

$$\pi = -\infty$$

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$$f(x) = \int f(x)e^{-2\pi j \omega x}dx \cdot \int g(x)e^{-2\pi j \omega x}dx$$

$$\pi = -\infty$$

$$= \int f(x)f(x)g(x-t)dt dx$$

$$= \int \int f(x)g(x-t)e^{-i\omega x}dx dt$$

$$= \int \int f(x)(\int g(x)e^{-i\omega x}(x-t)dx dt$$

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$$= \int \int f(x)(\int g(x)e^{-i\omega x}(x-t)dx dt$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(t) \cdot e^{-i\omega t} \left(\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} g(u) \cdot e^{-i\omega u} du \right) dt$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(t) \cdot e^{-i\omega t} G(\omega) dt$$

$$= G(\omega) \cdot \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(t) \cdot e^{-i\omega t}$$

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You can see the outputs of Q3 and Q5 codes in the "output" directory.