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# Coded By Parsa Yousefi Nejad
# Second Project: River Crossing Problem
# Version 4: Iterative_DLS() replaced Recursive DLS_Search() and some minor changes were made
# Add more Comments
```

```
# Importing Necessary libraries
```

```
from os import system, name # For Clear() method
from copy import copy      # To shallow copy of an object
from time import sleep     # For implementing pause mechanism in ShowPath()
```

```
# Show: Shows one state Graphically
```

```
def Show(state):
```

```
    # List of Character names to display
```

```
    listOfChars = ["POLICE", "THIEF", "FATHER", "MOTHER",
                  "DAUGHTER_1", "DAUGHTER_2", "SON_1", "SON_2",]
```

```
    # Shore graphic representation
```

```
    shore = ("\x1b[0;32;42m'+''\x1b[0m') * 10
```

```
    # Plain text with Character and Boat representation
```

```
    plainText = '\033[2m'+ "❖" + '\x1b[0m'+ " {} " + '\x1b[4;35;43m'+ "I" + '\x1b[0m'+ '\x1b[1;33;34m'+ \
    "~~~~~" + '\x1b[0m'+ '\x1b[4;35;43m'+ \
    "I" + '\x1b[0m'+ " {} " + ('\033[2m'+ "❖" + '\x1b[0m')
```

```
    #Displaying the graphical representation of the state
```

```
    print(('\033[2m'+ "*" + '\x1b[0m') * 44)
```

```
    print(plainText.format(shore, shore))
```

```
for i in range(0, 8):
```

```
    characterName = listOfChars[i] + \
```

```
        ('\x1b[1;32;42m'+ "I" + '\x1b[0m') * (10 - len(listOfChars[i]))
```

```
    if state[i] == 0:
```

```
        print(plainText.format(
            '\x1b[7;35;46m'+characterName+'\x1b[0m', shore))
```

```
    else:
```

```
        print(plainText.format(
            shore, '\x1b[7;35;46m'+characterName+'\x1b[0m'))
```

```
    if i == 3:
```

```
        # Displaying boat on the right side of the river
```

```
        if state[8]:
```

```
            print('\033[2m'+ "❖" + '\x1b[0m', shore, '\x1b[4;35;43m'+ "I" + '\x1b[0m', '\x1b[1;33;34m'+ "~~~~~" +
                '\x1b[0m', '\x1b[1;34;41m'+ "🚤" + '\x1b[0m', '\x1b[4;35;43m'+ "I" + '\x1b[0m', shore, '\033[2m'+ "❖" + '\x1b[0m')
```

```
        else:
```

```
            #Displaying boat on the left side of the river
```

```
            print('\033[2m'+ "❖" + '\x1b[0m', shore, '\x1b[4;35;43m'+ "I" + '\x1b[0m', '\x1b[1;34;41m'+ "🚤" + '\x1b[0m',
                '\x1b[1;33;34m'+ "~~~~~" + '\x1b[0m', '\x1b[4;35;43m'+ "I" + '\x1b[0m', shore, '\033[2m'+ "❖" + '\x1b[0m')
```

```
    print(plainText.format(shore, shore))
```

```
    print(('\033[2m'+ "*" + '\x1b[0m') * 44)
```

```
# ShowPath: Shows Multiple States in order
```

```
def ShowPath(List_States):
```

```
    # Check if there are any state to show
```

```
    if List_States == None:
```

```

    print("\x1B[41;2;35mThere is Nothing To Show\x033[0m")
    exit(-1)
counter = 1
previousState = List_States[0]
# Displaying each state in the list of states with a delay
for state in List_States[1:]:
    if counter != 1:
        sleep(0.3)
    Clear()
    print(f"\x033[3;46;35mChild State {counter}\x033[0m")
    Show(state)
    TellMove(previousState, state)
    counter += 1
    previousState = state

# Clear: Clears The Terminal output
def Clear():
    if name == 'nt':
        system('cls')
    else:
        system('Clear')

# Assigning values to problem members
POLICE = 0; THIEF = 1; FATHER = 2; MOTHER = 3; DAUGHTER_1 = 4; DAUGHTER_2 = 5; SON_1 = 6; SON_2 = 7;
BOAT_Direction = 8

# Checks whether a state is valid
def IsValid(state):
    # checking conflicts with Daughters
    return ((state[DAUGHTER_1] == state[MOTHER] or state[DAUGHTER_1] != state[FATHER]) and (
        state[DAUGHTER_2] == state[MOTHER] or state[DAUGHTER_2] != state[FATHER])) and ((

    # checking conflicts with Sons
    state[SON_1] == state[FATHER] or state[SON_1] != state[MOTHER]) and (
        state[SON_2] == state[FATHER] or state[SON_2] != state[MOTHER])) and (

    # checking conflicts with Thief
    state[POLICE] == state[THIEF] or (state[THIEF] != state[FATHER] and
        state[THIEF] != state[MOTHER] and state[THIEF] != state[DAUGHTER_1] and
        state[THIEF] != state[DAUGHTER_2] and state[THIEF] != state[SON_1] and
        state[THIEF] != state[SON_2]))

# checks if the state is the Goal
def IsGoal(state):
    return state == [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]

# it generates all states from a valid state and filters all invalid ones
def GenerateAllValidStates(state):

    if not IsValid(state):
        print("\n'+ "\x1B[41;1;35mSorry I can't Generate States for an Invalid State\x033[0m")
        exit(-1)
    # creating a new empty list of valid states
    validStates = []

```

```

# for each character in the below list , do:
for currentCharacter in [POLICE, THIEF, FATHER, MOTHER, DAUGHTER_1, DAUGHTER_2, SON_1, SON_2]:
    #for each parent in the below list do:
    for parent in [FATHER, MOTHER, POLICE]:
        # if all three of currentCharacter and parent and boat_Direction Directions were on the same side of the river:
        if state[currentCharacter] == state[parent] == state[BOAT_Direction]:

            # making a shallow copy of the state and assigning it to the new variable
            new_State = copy(state)

            if new_State[currentCharacter]: # making a new state by moving all those characters to right side of the river
                new_State[currentCharacter] = new_State[parent] = new_State[BOAT_Direction] = 0
            else:                          # making a new state by moving all those characters to left side of the river
                new_State[currentCharacter] = new_State[parent] = new_State[BOAT_Direction] = 1
            # Checks whether the state is valid and not duplicated
            if IsValid(new_State) and new_State not in validStates:
                validStates.append(new_State)

    return validStates

# Describes State Changes in Context
def TellMove(state, new_state):
    peopleList = ['POLICE', 'THIEF', 'FATHER', 'MOTHER', 'DAUGHTER_1', 'DAUGHTER_2', 'SON_1', 'SON_2',
'BOAT_Direction']

    diff = list()
    for item1, item2 in zip(state, new_state):
        item = item1 - item2
        diff.append(item)

    Direction = 'RIGHT' if diff[8] == -1 else 'LEFT'

    movedPeople = list()
    for i in range(8):
        if diff[i] == -1 or diff[i] == 1:
            movedPeople.append(i)
    if len(movedPeople) == 1:

        print("\n" + f"\033[4;43;35m{peopleList[movedPeople[0]]}\033[0m" +
            ' moved to the ' f"\033[3;44;30m{Direction}\033[0m")
    else:
        print("\n" + f"\033[4;43;35m{peopleList[movedPeople[0]]}\033[0m" and ' +
            f"\033[4;43;35m{peopleList[movedPeople[1]]}\033[0m" + ' moved to the ' f"\033[3;44;30m{Direction}\033[0m")

# Non Recursive Depth-Limited-Search with viewAllStatesFlag feature
def Iterative_DLS(state, DEPTH_LIMIT, viewAllStatesFlag):
    # if state is not valid then exit()
    if not IsValid(state):
        print(
            '\n'+"\x1B[41;1;35mSorry I cannot Find a Soution for an Invalid State\033[0m")
        exit(-1)

    #tuple of currentState, currentStateDepth
    unExpandedNodes = [(state, 0)]

```

```
expandedNodesList = []
```

```
# while unExpandedNodes list is not empty , do the below code segment
```

```
while unExpandedNodes is not None:
```

```
    # Pops up the last node from unExpanded nodes list, and return state and depth of that node  
    # into two separate variables
```

```
    stateOfLastUnexpandedNode,depthOfLastUnexpandedNode= unExpandedNodes.pop()
```

```
# checks if current popped up state is goal or not
```

```
if IsGoal(stateOfLastUnexpandedNode):
```

```
    expandedNodesList.append((stateOfLastUnexpandedNode, depthOfLastUnexpandedNode))
```

```
    # viewAllStatesFlag status, allow us to choose whether to show all ordered States or not
```

```
    if viewAllStatesFlag:
```

```
        allCheckedStatesList = []
```

```
        for eachNode in expandedNodesList:
```

```
            allCheckedStatesList.append(eachNode[0])
```

```
        return allCheckedStatesList
```

```
    else:
```

```
        # if we dont want to view all states, we have to return just the true answer state
```

```
        trueAnswerStatesList = FilterFinalAnswerStates(expandedNodesList)
```

```
        return trueAnswerStatesList
```

```
# checks wheter current depth Reached to the DEPTH_LIMIT
```

```
if depthOfLastUnexpandedNode < DEPTH_LIMIT:
```

```
    # initializing a empty list for expanded States of Nodes
```

```
    expandedStatesList = []
```

```
    for i in expandedNodesList:
```

```
        expandedStatesList.append(i[0])
```

```
# the current unexpanded node doesn't exist in expandedStates List, then do
```

```
if stateOfLastUnexpandedNode not in expandedStatesList:
```

```
    # adds the current tuple of state and depth to expanded Nodes list
```

```
    expandedNodesList.append((stateOfLastUnexpandedNode, depthOfLastUnexpandedNode))
```

```
    # then it Generates all children of that state
```

```
    generatedChildrenNodesList = GenerateAllValidStates(stateOfLastUnexpandedNode)
```

```
    # increasing the depth of children nodes, by one
```

```
    depthOfLastUnexpandedNode += 1
```

```
    depthOfChildrenNodes = [depthOfLastUnexpandedNode]*(len(generatedChildrenNodesList))
```

```
    # creating a pair of children states and there depths and assigning it to the new tuple variable
```

```
    tupleOfChildrenAndDepthsList = tuple(zip(generatedChildrenNodesList, depthOfChildrenNodes))
```

```
    # Adding a new children Nodes list to the unExpanded Nodes list
```

```
    unExpandedNodes.extend(tupleOfChildrenAndDepthsList)
```

```
# Filter Final True Answer States from the list of states
```

```
def FilterFinalAnswerStates(finalNodes):
```

```
    lastDepth = (finalNodes[-1])[1]
```

```
    finalNodes.reverse()
```

```
    filteredStates = []
```

```
    # the node is tuple of currentState, currentStateDepth
```

```
    # combination of for and if expressions to select the first most innerDepth nodes
```

```
    # this segment of code finds true parents and ancestors for the Goal Node
```

```
    for node in finalNodes:
```

```

    if node[1] < lastDepth:
        filteredStates.append(node[0]) #appends state
        lastDepth = node[1]           #changes lastDepth value with currentStateDepth
# at the end we have to reverse the result list and appending the goal node to the end of it
filteredStates.reverse()
filteredStates.append((finalNodes[0])[0])
return filteredStates

# main part of the Code, Calling Iterative_DLS on begin state=[0..0]
# //////////////////////////////////MAIN////////////////////////////////////

viewAllStatesFlag = False
startState = [0]*9
# calling DLS on initial State
finalStates = Iterative_DLS(startState, 20, viewAllStatesFlag)
# printing searched result using ShowPath function in terminal
ShowPath(finalStates)
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```